Designation: C645 - 18

Standard Specification for Nonstructural Steel Framing Members¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C645; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers nonstructural steel framing members in interior construction assemblies.
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.3 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Sections 9 and 10, of this specification: This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents /catalog/standards/sist/6

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A1003/A1003M Specification for Steel Sheet, Carbon, Metallic- and Nonmetallic-Coated for Cold-Formed Framing Members

C11 Terminology Relating to Gypsum and Related Building Materials and Systems

C475/C475M Specification for Joint Compound and Joint Tape for Finishing Gypsum Board

C754 Specification for Installation of Steel Framing Mem-

bers to Receive Screw-Attached Gypsum Panel Products C1002 Specification for Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Steel Studs C1396/C1396M Specification for Gypsum Board

2.2 AISI Standards:³

S100 North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members, 2007 edition

S220 North American Standard for Cold-Formed Steel Framing—Nonstructural Members, 2015 Edition

2.3 ICC-ES Document⁴

ICC-ES-AC86 Acceptance Criteria for Cold-formed Steel Framing Members—Interior Nonload-bearing Wall Assemblies—Approved May 2012

3. Terminology

- 3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions shall be in accordance with Terminology C11.
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 *members, n*—in screw application of gypsum board, studs, runners (track), hat furring channels, main beams, and cross furring members of grid suspension systems or other items manufactured in accordance with this specification.
- 3.2.2 nonstructural wall stud, n—a member in a steel framed wall system which is limited to a lateral (transverse) load of not more than 10 lb/ft² (480 Pa), a superimposed vertical load, exclusive of sheathing materials, of not more than 100 lbf/ft (1460 N/m), or a superimposed vertical load of not more than 200 lbs (890 N).

4. Materials and Manufacture

- 4.1 Members shall be manufactured from steel meeting the requirements of Specification A1003/A1003M.
- 4.2 Members shall have a protective coating in accordance with AISI S220, Section A5.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C11 on Gypsum and Related Building Materials and Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C11.02 on Specifications and Test Methods for Accessories and Related Products.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI), 1140 Connecticut Ave., NW, Suite 705, Washington, DC 20036, http://www.steel.org.

⁴ Available from ICC Evaluation Services, Inc., 5360 Workman Mill Road, Whittier, CA 90601, www.icc-es.org.



4.3 Members shall be manufactured from steel having a minimum thickness, individual measurement of 0.0179 in. (0.455 mm), before application of protective coating.

5. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

5.1 Studs and rigid furring channels shall have a configuration and steel thickness such that the system in which they are used will carry the design transverse loads without exceeding either the allowable stress of the steel or the allowable design deflection. Main beams and cross furring of grid suspension systems shall be limited to a deflection of L/240. The manufacturer shall supply sufficient data for calculating design performance.

Note 1—Allowable deflection varies depending on the cladding used and architectural requirements. Detailed requirements shall be specified in application specifications.

- 5.1.1 Members, except main beams of grid suspension systems, shall be sufficiently rigid to permit penetration of the screw.
- 5.1.2 Minimum width of face to which gypsum board is screw-attached shall be not less than $1\frac{1}{4}$ in. (32 mm).
- 5.1.3 Minimum lip dimension shall be $\frac{3}{16}$ in. (5 mm). (See Fig. 1.)

- 5.2 Members shall comply with the manufacturing tolerances as listed in AISI S220. Section A6.4.
- 5.3 *Rigid Furring Channels*—Minimum depth shall be $\frac{7}{8}$ in. (22 mm). Minimum width of furring attachment flanges (see Fig. 2) shall be $\frac{1}{2}$ in. (12.7 mm).
- 5.4 Grid suspension systems include main beams and cross furring members which mechanically interlock to form a modular supporting network. Length tolerance for grid suspension members shall be $\pm 1/16$ in. (1.59 mm).
- 5.5 Runners (track) shall be formed in a U-shaped configuration, having web depth compatible with those of the studs of the same nominal size. The runners (track) shall be designed such that when the studs are placed in both the top and bottom runners (track), they are held by friction. Minimum height of flanges shall be 1 in. (25 mm).

6. Edges

6.1 Members shall be manufactured in such a fashion as to minimize burrs and sharp edges.

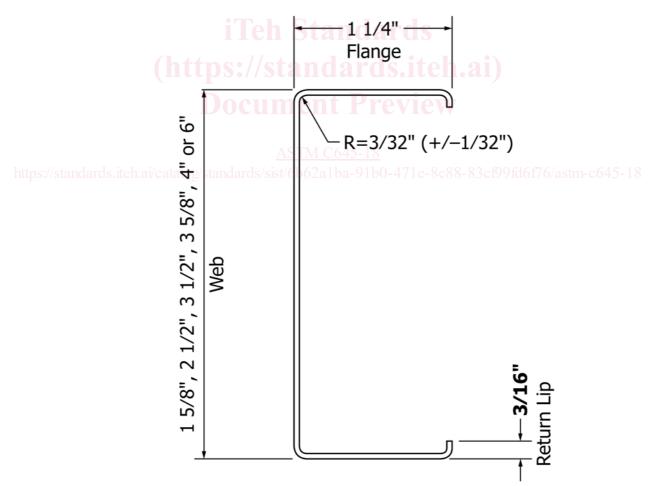


FIG. 1 Minimum Drywall Stud Cross Section