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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Materials for printed boards and other interconnecting structures – Part 2-46: Reinforced base materials clad and unclad – Non-halogenated epoxide non-woven/woven E-glass reinforced laminate sheets of thermal conductivity 1,5 W/(m•K) and defined flammability (vertical burning test), copper-clad for lead-free assembly/standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e1720219-4a25-4a43-97c8-a62d56899a8d/iec-61249-2-46-2018

Matériaux pour circuits imprimés et autres structures d'interconnexion – Partie 2-46: Matériaux de base renforcés, plaqués et non plaqués – Feuilles stratifiées renforcées en verre de type E tissé/non tissé époxyde non halogéné, de conductivité thermique 1,5 W/(m•K) et d'inflammabilité définie (essai de combustion verticale), plaquées cuivre pour les assemblages sans plomb





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IEC Central Office Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11

3, rue de Varembé info@iec.ch CH-1211 Geneva 20 www.iec.ch

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CONTENTS

FC	DREWO	RD	4
1	Scop	e	6
2	Norm	ative references	6
3	Term	s and definitions	6
4	Mate	rials and construction	6
	4.1	General	6
	4.2	Resin system	
	4.3	Metal foil	
	4.4	Reinforcement	7
5	Elect	rical properties	7
6	Non-	electrical properties of the copper-clad laminate	7
	6.1	Appearance of the copper-clad sheet	7
	6.1.1		
	6.1.2	Indentations (pits and dents)	8
	6.1.3	Wrinkles	8
	6.1.4	Scratches	8
	6.1.5		
	6.2	Appearance of the unclad face	9
	6.3	Laminate thickness	9
	6.4	Bow and twist (standards.iteh.ai)	
	6.5	Properties related to the copper foil bond	
	6.6	Punching and machining IEC 61249-2-46:2018	11
	6.7	Dimensional stability iteh ai/catalog/standards/sist/e1720219-4a25-4a43-97c8- sheet sizes a62d56899a8d/iec-61249-2-46-2018	11
	6.8		
	6.8.1 6.8.2	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	6.9	Cut panels	
	6.9.1	Cut panel sizes	
	6.9.2	·	
	6.9.3	·	
	6.10	Thermal conductivity	
7	Non-	electrical properties of the base material after complete removal of the	
		er foil	13
	7.1	Appearance of the dielectric base material	13
	7.2	Flexural strength	13
	7.3	Flammability	13
	7.4	Water absorption	
	7.5	Measling	
	7.6	Glass transition temperature and cure factor	
	7.7	Decomposition temperature	
	7.8	Time to delamination (TMA)	
_	7.9	Halogen content	
8		ty assurance	
	8.1	Quality system	
	8.2	Responsibility for inspection	
	8.3	Qualification inspection	16

8.4	Quality conformance inspection	16
8.5	Certificate of conformance	16
8.6	Safety data sheet	
9 Pac	kaging and marking	16
10 Orde	ering information	17
Annex A	(informative) Engineering information	18
A.1	General	18
A.2	Chemical properties	18
A.3	Electrical properties	
A.4	Flammability properties	
A.5	Mechanical properties	
A.6	Physical properties	
A.7	Thermal properties	
	(informative) Common laminate constructions	
	(informative) Guideline for qualification and conformance inspection	
Bibliogra	phy	22
Table 1 -	- Electrical properties	7
Table 2 -	- Size of indentations	8
Table 3 -	- Nominal thickness and tolerance of metal-clad laminate	9
Table 4 -	- Bow and twist requirements ndards.iteh.ai	10
Table 5 -	- Pull-off and peel strength requirements	10
Table 6 -	- Dimensional stability <u>IEC 61249-2-462018</u>	11
Table 7 -	- Dimensional stability <u>IEC 61249-2-46:2018</u> - https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e1720219-4a25-4a43-97c8 Size tolerances for cut panels ab2050899a8d/iec-61249-2-46-2018	12
Table 8 -	- Rectangularity of cut panels	12
Table 9 -	- Thermal conductivity	12
Table 10	- Flexural strength requirements	13
	- Flammability requirements	
Table 12	– Water absorption requirements	14
	– Measling requirements	14
	Glass transition temperature and cure factor requirements	
	Decomposition temperature requirements	
	Time to delamination requirements	
	- Halogen content	
	1 – Qualification and conformance inspection	

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

MATERIALS FOR PRINTED BOARDS AND OTHER INTERCONNECTING STRUCTURES –

Part 2-46: Reinforced base materials clad and unclad – Non-halogenated epoxide non-woven/woven E-glass reinforced laminate sheets of thermal conductivity 1,5 W/(m•K) and defined flammability (vertical burning test), copper-clad for lead-free assembly

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International Standard IEC 61249-2-46 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 91: Electronics assembly technology.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
91/1448/CDV	91/1484/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61249 series, under the general title *Materials for printed boards* and other interconnecting structures, can be found on the IEC website.

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iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>IEC 61249-2-46:2018</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e1720219-4a25-4a43-97c8-a62d56899a8d/iec-61249-2-46-2018

MATERIALS FOR PRINTED BOARDS AND OTHER INTERCONNECTING STRUCTURES –

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1 Scope

This part of IEC 61249 gives requirements for properties of non-halogenated epoxide non-woven reinforced core/woven E-glass reinforced surface laminate sheets of thermal conductivity and defined flammability (vertical burning test), copper-clad for lead-free assembly in thicknesses of 0,60 mm up to 1,70 mm. The flammability rating is achieved through the use of non-halogenated fire retardants reacted as part of the epoxide polymeric structure. The glass transition temperature is defined to be 105 °C minimum. Thermal Conductivity is defined to be $(1,5 \pm 0,2)$ W/(m•K).

2 Normative references

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IFC 61249-2-46:2018

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e1720219-4a25-4a43-97c8-

IEC 61189-2:2006, Test methods 5 for a electrical - materials, printed boards and other interconnection structures and assemblies – Part 2: Test methods for materials for interconnection structures

IEC 61249-5-1, Materials for interconnection structures – Part 5: Sectional specification set for conductive foils and films with and without coatings – Section 1: Copper foils (for the manufacture of copper-clad base materials)

IEC/PAS 61249-6-3, Specification for finished fabric woven from "E" glass for printed boards

ISO 11014, Safety data sheet for chemical products – Content and order of sections

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

4 Materials and construction

4.1 General

The sheet consists of an insulating base with metal foil bonded to one side or both.

4.2 Resin system

Non-halogenated epoxide, filled, resulting in a laminate with a glass transition temperature of 105 °C minimum.

Contrast agents may be added to enhance processing such as automated optical inspection (AOI).

Its flame resistance is defined in terms of the flammability requirements of 7.3.

4.3 Metal foil

Copper as specified in IEC 61249-5-1, copper foil (for the manufacture of copper-clad materials). The preferred foils are electrodeposited of defined ductility.

4.4 Reinforcement

Woven E-glass as specified in IEC/PAS 61249-6-3, woven E-glass fabric (for the manufacture of prepreg and copper-clad material) as the surface sheet on each side of a core reinforcement comprised of non-woven E-glass mat.

5 Electrical properties

The electrical property requirements are shown in Table 12 F. V.

Table 11- Electrical properties

Property https://standards.ii	IEC Test_method 2018 eh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e1720219	Requirements 4a25-4a43-97c8-
Surface resistance after damp heat while in the humidity chamber	a62d56899a8d/ 2E04 1249-2-46-2015	} ≥5 000 MΩ
Surface resistance after damp heat and recovery (optional)	2E04	≥40 000 MΩ
Volume resistivity after damp heat while in the humidity chamber	2E04	≥5 000 MΩm
Volume resistivity after damp heat and recovery (optional)	2E04	≥10 000 MΩm
Relative permittivity after damp heat and recovery (1 MHz)	2E10	≤6,1
Dissipation factor after damp heat and recovery (1 MHz)	2E10	≤0,040
Arc resistance	2E14	≥60 s
Dielectric breakdown	2E15	≥40 kV
Surface resistance at 125 °C	2E04	≥1 000 MΩ
Volume resistivity at 125 °C	2E04	≥1 00 MΩm

6 Non-electrical properties of the copper-clad laminate

6.1 Appearance of the copper-clad sheet

6.1.1 General

The copper-clad face shall be substantially free from defects that can have an impact on the material's fitness for use for the intended purpose.

For the defects given in 6.1.2 to 6.1.6, the requirements given shall apply when inspection is made in accordance with IEC 61189-2, method 2M18.

6.1.2 Indentations (pits and dents)

The size of an indentation, usually the length, shall be determined and given a point value to be used as a measure of the quality as indicated in Table 2.

Table 2 - Size of indentations

Size mm	Point value for each indentation
0,13 to 0,25	1
0,26 to 0,50	2
0,51 to 0,75	4
0,76 to 1,00	7
Over 1,00	30

The total point count for any 300 mm × 300 mm area shall be calculated to determine the class of the material.

- Class A 29 maximum 17 maximum STANDARD PREVIEW
- Class B
- (standards.iteh.ai) Class C 5 maximum
- Class D
- IEC 61249-2-46:2018
- To be agreed upon by user and supplier 720219-4a25-4a43-97c8-Class X

The required class of material shall be specified in the purchase order. Class A applies unless otherwise specified.

6.1.3 Wrinkles

There shall be no wrinkles in the copper surface.

The inspection area shall exclude a 13 mm border from the edge of the panel or sheet.

6.1.4 **Scratches**

Scratches deeper than 10 μm or 20 % of the nominal thickness of the foil thickness, whichever is lower, are not permitted.

Scratches with a depth of less than 5 % of the nominal thickness of the foil shall not be counted unless this depth is 10 µm or more.

Scratches with a depth of between 5 % and 20 % of the nominal thickness of the foil are permitted to a total length of 100 mm for a 300 mm × 300 mm area.

The inspection area shall exclude a 13 mm border from the edge of the panel or sheet.

6.1.5 Raised areas

Raised areas are usually impressions in the press plates used during manufacture but may also be caused by blisters or inclusions of foreign particles under the foil.

Raised areas caused by blisters or inclusions are not permitted.

Raised areas being impressions of defects in press plates are permitted to the following extent:

Class A and X material maximum height 15 μm and maximum length 15 mm;

- Class B and C material maximum height 8 μm and maximum length 15 mm;

Class D material maximum height 5 μm and maximum length 15 mm.

6.2 Appearance of the unclad face

The unclad face of single side clad sheet shall have the natural appearance resulting from the curing process. Small irregularities in colour are permitted. The gloss of the unclad face shall be that given by the press plate, release film, or release foil used. Variations of gloss due to the impact of the pressure of gases released during the curing are permitted.

6.3 Laminate thickness

If the copper-clad laminate is tested in accordance with test method 2D01 of IEC 61189-2, the thickness shall not depart from the nominal thickness by more than the appropriate value shown in Table 3. The fine tolerances shall apply unless the other tolerances are ordered.

Table 3 - Nominal thickness and tolerance of metal-clad laminate

Property	Test method IEC 61189-2	Nominal thickness including metal foil	including metal foil ± mm		irement
		(standards.iteh.ai)	Coarse	Fine	Extra fine
Thickness	2D01	≥0,60 <0,80	0,08	0,06	0,05
	https://standard	<u>IEC 61249-2-46:2018</u> ≥0.80 <1.00 s.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e1720219-4	0,17 la25-4a43-9	0,10 7 <mark>c8</mark> -	0,08
	1	a62d5689%18 00 c≤ 1.172 49-2-46-2018	0,19	0,13	0,08

The thickness and tolerances do not apply to the outer 25 mm of the trimmed master sheet or the outer 13 mm of the cut-to-size panel as manufactured and delivered by the supplier. At no point shall the thickness vary from the nominal by a value greater than 125 % of the specified tolerance.

6.4 Bow and twist

When the copper-clad laminate is tested in accordance with test method 2M01 of IEC 61189-2, the bow and twist shall not exceed the values given in Table 4.

Table 4 - Bow and twist requirements

Property	Test method	Nominal thickness	Panel dimension	Requirements %	
		mm	longest side mm	Copper foil on one side	Copper foil on both sides
Bow and twist	2M01		≤350	≤2,5	≤2,0
		≥0,6 ≤1,3	>350 ≤500	≤2,3	≤1,8
			>500	≤2,0	≤1,5
			≤350	≤2,0	≤1,5
		>1,3 ≤1,7	>350 ≤500	≤1,8	≤1,3
			>500	≤1,5	≤1,0

The requirements for bow and twist apply only to one sided copper-clad laminates with maximum foil thickness of 105 μ m (915 g/m²) and double sided copper-clad laminates with maximum foil thickness difference of 70 μ m (610 g/m²).

Requirements for laminates with copper foil configurations beyond these limits should be subject to agreement between purchaser and supplier.

6.5 Properties related to the copper foil bond

Pull-off and peel strength requirements are shown in Table 5. These requirements apply to copper foil with a normal profile depth. DARD PREVIEW

Table 5 - Pull-off and peel strength requirements

Property https:	Test method IEC 61189-2	IEC 61249-2-46:2018	Requirement 20219-4a25-4a43-97c8-		
Pull-off strength	2M05 a62d5	6899a8d/iec-61249-2-46-2018 ≥25 N			
		Tł	nickness of the copper f	oil	
		18 µm	≥35 µm	≥70 µm	
		(152 g/m²)	(305 g/m ²)	(610 g/m ²)	
Peel strength after heat shock 288 °C, 20 s	2M14	≥0,8 N/mm	≥1,0 N/mm	≥1,2 N/mm	
S110CK 200 C, 20 S		No	blistering or delaminat	ion	
Peel strength after dry heat 125 °C	2M15	Under consideration	Under consideration	Under consideration	
neat 125 C		No blistering or delamination			
Peel strength after exposure to solvent vapour. Solvents as	2M06	≥0,8 N/mm	≥1,0 N/mm	≥1,2 N/mm	
agreed upon between purchaser and supplier		No blistering or delamination			
Peel strength after	2M16	Under consideration	Under consideration	Under consideration	
simulated plating		No blistering or delamination			
Peel strength at high temperature	2M17	≥0,6 N/mm	≥0,7 N/mm	≥0,9 N/mm	
Temperature 125 °C (optional)					
Blistering after 288 °C, 20 s heat shock	2C05	No blistering or delamination			

In case of difficulty due to breakage of the foil or reading range of the force measuring device, the measurement of peel strength at high temperature may be carried out using conductor widths of more than 3 mm.

6.6 Punching and machining

The laminate shall, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, be capable of being punched, sheared or drilled. Delamination at the edges due to the shearing process is permissible, provided that the depth of delamination is not larger than the thickness of the base material. Delamination at the edges of drilled holes due to the drilling process is not permissible. Drilled holes shall be capable of being through-plated with no interference from any exudations into the hole.

A suitable test method for evaluating punching is 2M19 of IEC 61189-2. Requirements for punching force and pull-out force are matters for agreement between user and supplier.

6.7 Dimensional stability

When specimens are tested in accordance with IEC 61189-2, 2X02 the observed tolerance shall be as specified in Table 6. The nominal dimensional stability value shall be as agreed upon between user and vendor. The tolerance range around the agreed upon nominal range shall be range B unless otherwise specified on the purchase order.

Test method Requirement **Property** Class IEC 61189-2 µm/m Dimensional stability 2X02 Α ±600 iTeh STAND В ±400 ±200 (standa As agreed upon between Χ user and supplier

Table 6 - Dimensional stability

IEC 61249-2-46:2018

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e1720219-4a25-4a43-97c8-

The choice of the glass fabrics and cellulose papers in the construction of the laminate has a significant impact on dimensional stability. Examples of typical constructions used in printed board applications can be found in Annex B. Annex B is not a construction requirement table but is presented for engineering information only.

6.8 Sheet sizes

6.8.1 Typical sheet sizes

Sheet sizes are matters of agreement between purchaser and supplier. However, the recommended sizes are listed below:

- 915 mm × 1 220 mm;
- 1 020 mm × 1 220 mm;
- 1 070 mm × 1 220 mm;
- 1 065 mm × 1 155 mm;
- 1 065 mm × 1 280 mm;
- 1 000 mm × 1 000 mm;
- 1 000 mm × 1 200 mm.

6.8.2 Tolerances for sheet sizes

The size of the sheet delivered by the supplier shall not deviate by more than $^{+25}_{-0}$ mm from the ordered size.

6.9 Cut panels

6.9.1 Cut panel sizes

Cut panel sizes shall be, when delivered, in accordance with the purchaser's specification.

6.9.2 Size tolerances for cut panels

For panels cut to size according to the purchaser's specification, the tolerances for length and width shall apply as shown in Table 7. Tolerances indicated as "normal" shall be in effect unless otherwise specified in the purchasing specification.

Table 7 - Size tolerances for cut panels

Panel size	Tolerance requirement ± mm			
mm	Normal	Close		
≤300	2,0	0,5		
>300 ≤600	2,0	0,8		
>600	2,0	1,6		
NOTE The specified tolerances include all deviations caused by cutting the panels.				

6.9.3 Rectangularity of cut panels PREVIEW

For panels cut to size according to the purchaser's specification, the requirements for rectangularity shall apply as shown in Table 8. Tolerance indicated as "normal" shall be in effect unless otherwise specified in the purchasing specification.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e1720219-4a25-4a43-97c8-

Table 8 - Rectangularity of cut panels

Property	Test method IEC 61189-2	Requirement mm/m		
	IEC 61109-2	Normal	Close	
Rectangularity of cut panels	2M23	≤3	≤2	

6.10 Thermal conductivity

The thermal conductivity shall meet the requirement in Table 9.

Table 9 - Thermal conductivity

Property	Test method	Nominal Value	Tolerance	
		W/(m•K)	W/(m•K)	
Thermal conductivity	2XXX ^a	1,5	±0,20	
^a Under consideration (steady-				

7 Non-electrical properties of the base material after complete removal of the copper foil

7.1 Appearance of the dielectric base material

The etched specimens shall be inspected to verify that no surface or subsurface imperfections of the dielectric material exceed those shown below. The panels shall be inspected using an optical aid apparatus which provides a minimum magnification of 4×.

Referee inspection shall be conducted at 10× magnification. Lighting conditions of inspection shall be appropriate to the material under inspection or as agreed upon between user and supplier.

Surface and subsurface imperfections (such as weave texture, resin starvation, voids, foreign inclusions) shall be acceptable provided that the imperfections meet the following:

- · the reinforcement fibres are not cut or exposed;
- · the foreign inclusions are not conductive;
- metallic inclusions are not acceptable;
- the imperfections do not propagate as a result of thermal stress;
- the foreign inclusions are translucent;
- opaque foreign fibres are less than 15 mm in length and average no more than 1,0 per 300 mm × 300 mm area;
- opaque foreign inclusions other than fibres shall not exceed 0,50 mm. Opaque foreign inclusions less than 0,15 mm shall not be counted. Opaque foreign inclusions between 0,50 mm and 0,15 mm shall average no more than two spots per 300 mm × 300 mm area;
- voids (sealed voids or surface void) have a longest dimension less than 0,075 mm and there shall not be more than three voids in a 3,5 mm diameter circle.

7.2 Flexural strength

When the laminate is tested in accordance with test method 2M20 of IEC 61189-2, the flexural strength shall be as shown in Table 10.

Test method **Property** Requirements IEC 61189-2 Flexural strength 2M20 Length direction ≥250 N/mm² Cross direction ≥150 N/mm² (applicable to sheets ≥0,80 mm -1,70 mm in thickness) Flexural strength at elevated temperature Length direction Not specified (applicable to sheets ≥0,80 mm -1,70 mm in thickness)

Table 10 - Flexural strength requirements

7.3 Flammability

When the laminate is tested in accordance with test method 2C06 of IEC 61189-2, the flammability shall be as shown in Table 11.