



Designation: F3010 – 18

Standard Practice for Two-Component Resin Based Membrane-Forming Moisture Mitigation Systems for Use Under Resilient Floor Coverings¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F3010; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This practice covers the properties, application, and performance of a two-component resin based membrane-forming moisture mitigation system to high moisture concrete substrates prior to the installation of resilient flooring.

1.2 This practice includes recommendations for the preparation of the concrete surface to receive a two-component resin based membrane-forming moisture mitigation system.

1.3 This practice does not supersede written instructions of the two-component resin based membrane-forming moisture mitigation system manufacturer, the resilient flooring manufacturer, underlayment manufacturer, the adhesive manufacturer, or other components of the finish flooring system, or combinations thereof. Users of this practice shall review manufacturer's technical data sheets and installation instructions for compatibility of system components.

1.4 The following membrane-forming or non membrane-forming moisture mitigation systems are not included in the scope of this practice:

1.4.1 Moisture mitigation systems that chemically react with any constituent of the concrete to form a gel or crystalline substance within the concrete.

1.4.2 Penetrating, water- or solvent-based compounds that do not form a continuous membrane on the concrete surface.

1.4.3 Water-based membrane-forming moisture mitigation systems are not included in the scope of this document.

1.5 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.6 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate*

safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

1.7 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

[C109/C109M Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars \(Using 2-in. or \[50-mm\] Cube Specimens\)](#)

[C1583 Test Method for Tensile Strength of Concrete Surfaces and the Bond Strength or Tensile Strength of Concrete Repair and Overlay Materials by Direct Tension \(Pull-off Method\)](#)

[D7234 Test Method for Pull-Off Adhesion Strength of Coatings on Concrete Using Portable Pull-Off Adhesion Testers](#)

[E96 Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials](#)

[F141 Terminology Relating to Resilient Floor Coverings](#)

[F1869 Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride](#)

[F2170 Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes](#)

[F2420 Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity on the Surface of Concrete Floor Slabs Using Relative Humidity Probe Measurement and Insulated Hood \(Withdrawn 2014\)³](#)

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F06 on Resilient Floor Coverings and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F06.40 on Practices.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

2.2 *Resilient Floor Covering Institute (RFCI) Standards:*⁴
**Recommended Work Practices for the Removal of Resilient
 Floor Coverings**

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 For definitions of terms used in this practice, see Terminology **F141**.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Moisture permeating from concrete substrates can detrimentally affect the performance of resilient floor covering systems. All resilient flooring and adhesive manufacturers have a maximum acceptable level of moisture in which their products can perform satisfactorily. If pre-installation moisture tests indicate that the moisture level is unacceptable for the specified floor covering to be installed, one option is to apply a topical treatment to the concrete substrate surface to mitigate the moisture condition. Experience has shown that certain types of membrane-forming moisture mitigation systems have more desirable properties and successful performance than others. Requirements for membrane-forming moisture mitigation systems to be used, and other related details, are generally included as part of the project plans, or specification details, and may vary from the minimum recommendations set forth in this practice.

4.2 This practice is intended for use after it has been determined that a floor moisture condition exceeds the resilient floor covering or adhesive manufacturer's requirements, or both, as tested according to Test Methods **F1869**, **F2170**, and **F2420**.

4.3 Membrane-forming moisture mitigation systems are not intended for use over gypsum-based substrates or other moisture sensitive substrates.

5. Product Requirements

5.1 The membrane-forming moisture mitigation system shall be a two-component resin based product.

5.2 Membrane-forming moisture mitigation systems to be qualified under this practice shall have a vapor permeance no greater than 0.10 grains/h/ft²/in. Hg, (perm) when tested in accordance with Test Method **E96** Procedure B (water method at 73.4 °F (23 °C)) when applied at the recommended thickness designated by its manufacturer. The relative humidity of the test chamber used to perform the **E96** Procedure B test shall be 50 ± 2 %.

5.3 The membrane moisture control systems shall not contribute to unacceptable indentations in some types of resilient flooring under some conditions of use. Refer to membrane-forming moisture mitigation systems manufacturer's recommendations and floor covering manufacturer's specifications.

⁴ Available from Resilient Floor Covering Institute, 115 Broad Street, Suite 201, La Grange, GA 30240.

6. Material Acceptance

6.1 Membrane-forming moisture mitigation systems shall be delivered in their original factory packaging.

6.2 Membrane-forming moisture mitigation systems shall be used before any specified expiration date.

7. Material Conditioning

7.1 The membrane-forming moisture mitigation system shall be kept in a temperature controlled environment on site and protected from the weather at least 48 h prior to use. The temperature shall not be below 65°F (18°C) or above 85°F (29.4°C).

8. General Guidelines

8.1 Concrete substrate surfaces intended to receive membrane-forming moisture mitigation systems shall be clean, smooth, and structurally sound. They shall be free of dust, solvent, paint, wax, oil, grease, residual adhesive, adhesive removers, film-forming curing compounds, silicate penetrating curing compounds, sealing, hardening, or parting compounds, salts, efflorescence, laitance, mold, mildew, and other foreign materials that affect the adhesion of the membrane-forming moisture mitigation system to concrete.

8.2 Consult membrane-forming moisture mitigation system manufacturers for appropriate temperature and humidity range for the products to be installed and the geographic area where the job site is located. Unless instructed otherwise by the membrane-forming moisture mitigation system manufacturer, the concrete substrate, the installation area and materials shall be maintained at 65°F (18.3°C) to 85°F (29.4°C) and 40 % to 60 % relative humidity for 48 h before, during and for 48 h after completion of the installation. If a system other than the permanent HVAC source is utilized, it must provide adequate control of both temperature and humidity to recommended or specific levels for the appropriate time duration.

8.3 Membrane-forming moisture mitigation systems must include manufacturer's instructions for treatment of isolation and expansion (moving) joints as well as nonmoving contraction joints and cracks.

8.4 Concrete substrates shall be smooth to prevent irregularities in the membrane-forming moisture mitigation system application thickness. Roughness or other defects that may inhibit the ability to achieve the recommended profile shall be ground flat prior to performing recommended surface preparation method as instructed by the membrane-forming moisture mitigation system manufacturer.

9. Pre-Installation Testing

9.1 Conduct moisture testing of the concrete according to Test Methods **F1869**, **F2170**, or **F2420** as required by the moisture mitigation system manufacturer. If required, perform other types of tests as specified by the flooring manufacturer and the moisture mitigation system manufacturer. Follow moisture mitigation system manufacturer's instructions based on test results where applicable.

9.2 Following mechanical preparation of the concrete surface, test the tensile strength of the concrete surface