



Designation: ~~D4145 – 10~~ D4145 – 10 (Reapproved 2018)

## Standard Test Method for Coating Flexibility of Prepainted Sheet<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4145; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

### 1. Scope

1.1 This test method describes a procedure for determining the flexibility and adhesion of organic coatings (paints) on metallic substrates that are deformed by bending when the sheet is fabricated into building panels or other products.

1.2 The metal substrate must be capable of passing this test without fracturing and with no excessive grain development.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.5 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

### 2. Terminology

2.1 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

2.1.1 *T-bend, n*—a description of the severity of a bend in terms of the gauge or thickness ( $t$ ) of the sheet to which the coating has been applied; *as used in this test method*, the T-bend rating is the minimum number of thicknesses of metal around which the coated sheet is bent (Fig. 1), or if bent around a die, the number of thicknesses of metal equivalent to the diameter of the die to achieve no fracture or removal of the coating.

### 3. Summary of Test Method

3.1 Prepainted panels are bent 180° around progressively more thicknesses of metal or larger diameter dies, the end point being when failures no longer occur. The panels may be examined with or without low magnification (5 to 10 $\times$ ) after each bend in order to determine if the coating fractured (cracked). If loss of adhesion or pickoff is to be determined, this examination shall occur after performing a tape pull-off test.

### 4. Significance and Use

4.1 Organic coatings on precoated sheet are subjected to stresses when fabricated into products by roll forming, brake bending, or other deformation processes. These stresses can exceed the flexibility or adhesive strength of the coating, resulting in fracture of the coating which exposes the substrate, or in the loss of adhesion of the coating to the substrate. This test is a means of evaluating the ability of a coating system to withstand the stresses of fabrication.

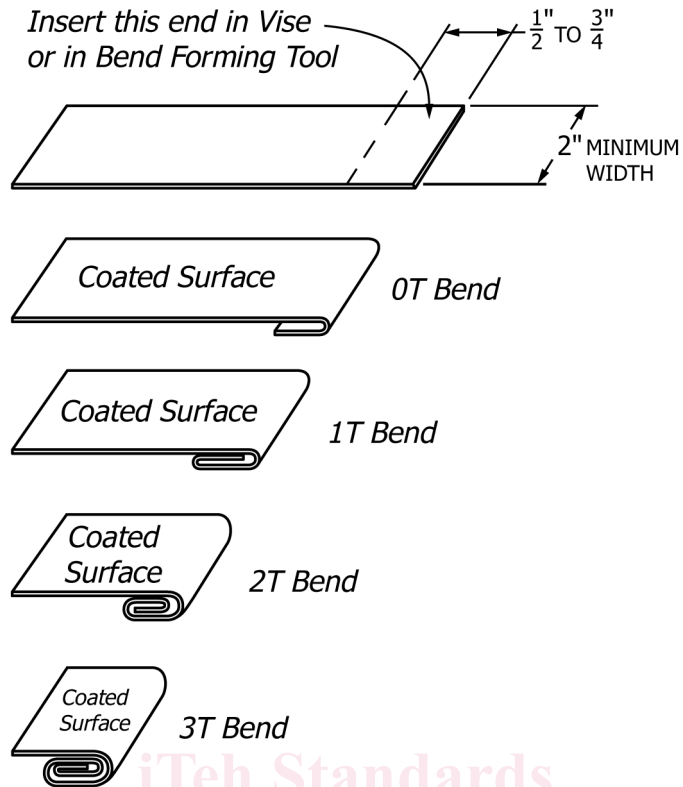
4.2 The bend direction, whether the axis of bend is transverse to or along the rolling direction of the metal, and the temperature of the specimen when it is bent can affect the results of this test and should be agreed upon between the supplier and the user.

### 5. Apparatus

5.1 A means of holding one end of the specimen rigidly while making the bend is needed. Damage to the coating while making the bend must be avoided. Various bending tools such as a vise with smooth jaws or with smooth inserts, a bend forming tool (Fig. 2), a brake press (Fig. 3) or a combination of tools have been found to be satisfactory.

<sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D01 on Paint and Related Coatings, Materials, and Applications and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D01.53 on Coil Coated Metal.

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NOTE 1—The above bends are expanded for clarity. They are actually flat against themselves in the test.

FIG. 1 T-Bend Test in Which the Coated Specimen is Bent Around Itself

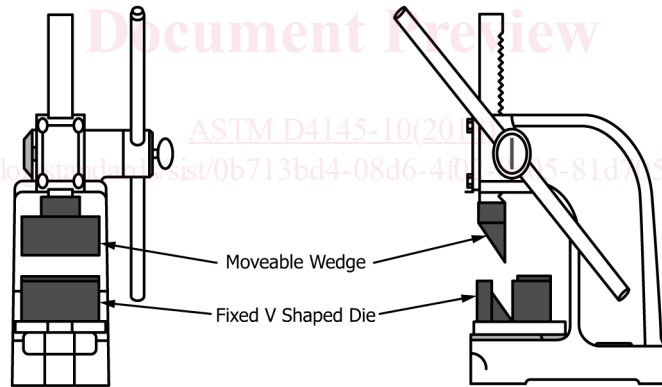


FIG. 2 Bend Forming Tool for Performing T-Bends



FIG. 3 Brake Press

5.2 If the metal is not bent around itself as in Fig. 1, a series of bending dies with smoothly rounded ends may be used as guides around which the specimen is bent (Fig. 4).

5.3 Bend Forming Tool.