



## Designation: ~~C1478M–08a~~ (Reapproved 2013) ~~C1478M – 18~~

# Standard Specification for Storm Drain Resilient Connectors Between Reinforced Concrete Storm Sewer Structures, Pipes, and Laterals (Metric)<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C1478M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers the minimum performance and material requirements for resilient connectors used for connections between precast reinforced concrete storm sewer structures conforming to Specification ~~C478~~ and pipes, and between precast reinforced concrete pipe and laterals for storm drainage systems.

1.1.1 These connectors are designed to prevent soil migration between the pipe and storm sewer structure, and between the pipe and lateral.

1.2 This specification is the SI companion to C1478.

NOTE 1—This specification covers the design, material, and performance of the resilient connection only. Connections covered by this specification are adequate for hydrostatic pressures up to 41 kPa (4.3 m) without leakage when tested in accordance with Section 7. Infiltration quantities for an installed system are dependent upon many factors other than the connections between storm sewer structures and pipe, and allowable quantities must be covered by other specifications and suitable testing of the installed pipeline and system.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate ~~safety~~ safety, health, and ~~health~~ environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory ~~requirements~~ limitations prior to use.* For a specific warning statement, see 7.2.4.

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*<sup>2</sup>

~~A493~~ Specification for Stainless Steel Wire and Wire Rods for Cold Heading and Cold Forging

~~A666~~ Specification for Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar

~~C478~~ Specification for Circular Precast Reinforced Concrete Manhole Sections

~~C822~~ Terminology Relating to Concrete Pipe and Related Products

~~C913~~ Specification for Precast Concrete Water and Wastewater Structures

~~D395~~ Test Methods for Rubber Property—Compression Set

~~D412~~ Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers—Tension

~~D471~~ Test Method for Rubber Property—Effect of Liquids

~~D543~~ Practices for Evaluating the Resistance of Plastics to Chemical Reagents

~~D573~~ Test Method for Rubber—Deterioration in an Air Oven

~~F624~~~~D624~~ Guide for Evaluation of Thermoplastic Polyurethane Solids and Solutions for Biomedical Applications Test Method for Tear Strength of Conventional Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers

~~D883~~ Terminology Relating to Plastics

~~D1149~~ Test Methods for Rubber Deterioration—Cracking in an Ozone Controlled Environment

~~D1566~~ Terminology Relating to Rubber

~~D2137~~ Test Methods for Rubber Property—Brittleness Point of Flexible Polymers and Coated Fabrics

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C13 on Concrete Pipe and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C13.06 on Manholes and Specials. Current edition approved July 1, 2013; Sept. 1, 2018. Published July 2013; October 2018. Originally approved in 2003. Last previous edition approved in 2008; 2013 as ~~C1478M–08a~~ C1478M–08a(2013). DOI: 10.1520/C1478M-08AR13; 10.1520/C1478M-18.

<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

**D2240 Test Method for Rubber Property—Durometer Hardness**

NOTE 2—For more information about wastewater structures, see Specification C913.

**3. Terminology**
**3.1 Definitions:**

3.1.1 Terms relating to plastics and rubber shall be as defined in Terminologies D883 and D1566, respectively.

3.1.2 Terms relating to precast concrete pipe, manholes, and related products shall be as defined in Terminology C822.

**3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:**

3.2.1 *connector*—the entire assembly, including resilient seals and metallic or nonmetallic mechanical devices, if any, used therein.

3.2.2 *lateral*—the small diameter pipe connected to the main line pipe.

3.2.3 *pipe*—the inlet or outlet pipe connected to the manhole.

3.2.4 *pipe stub*—a short section of pipe installed in the structure as an inlet or outlet pipe, for future connection.

**4. Materials and Manufacture**

4.1 All materials shall conform to the following requirements:

4.1.1 Resilient materials for connectors and filler rings shall be manufactured from natural or synthetic rubber and shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1. If a splice is used in the manufacture of the seal, its strength shall be such that the seal shall withstand a 180° bend with no visible separation.

4.2 *Mechanical Devices*—Expansion rings, tension bands, and take-up devices used for mechanically compressing the resilient portion of the connector against the pipe or storm sewer structure; shall be made from a material or materials in combination that will ensure durability, strength, resistance to corrosion, and have properties that will ensure continued resistance to leakage. All metallic mechanical devices, including castings and bolt assemblies used to mechanically deform resilient materials, shall be constructed of corrosion resistant materials meeting the physical properties and chemical composition requirements of Specifications A493 and A666, Type 302 through Type 316.

NOTE 3—Experience has shown that successful performance of this product depends on the type of bedding and backfill and the care in the field installation of the manhole storm sewer structure and connecting pipes. The owner is cautioned to require inspection at the construction site.

**5. Principles of Design**

5.1 The design of the connector shall be such that positive seal is accomplished at two locations: (1) between the connector and the storm sewer structure wall and (2) between the connector and the pipe. The seal between the connector and the storm sewer structure wall shall be made by either mechanical means, compression of the resilient material between the outside surface of the pipe and the pipe opening in the storm sewer structure wall, or by casting the connector integrally with the storm sewer structure wall. The seal between the connector and the pipe shall be made by mechanical means or by compression of the resilient material against the outside of the pipe. Resilient filler rings are not prohibited from being used between the pipe and the connector

**TABLE 1 Resilient Material Tests**

Test	Test Requirements <sup>A</sup>	ASTM Test Method
Chemical resistance:		D543, at 22°C for 48 h
1 N sulfuric acid	no weight loss	
1 N hydrochloric acid	no weight loss	
Tensile strength	8 MPa, min	D412
Tensile strength	8.3 MPa, min	D412
Elongation at break	350 %, min	
Hardness <sup>B</sup>	± 5 from the connector manufacturer's specified hardness	D2240 (Shore A Durometer)
Accelerated oven-aging	decrease of 15 %, max, of original tensile strength decrease of 20 %, max, of elongation	D573, 70 ± 1°C for 7 days
Compression set	decrease of 25 %, max, of original deflection	D395, Method B, at 70°C for 22 h
Water absorption	increase of 10 %, max, of original by weight	D471, immerse 19 by 25-mm specimen in distilled water —at 70°C for 48 h
Water absorption	increase of 10 %, max, of original by weight	D471, immerse 25 by 50-mm specimen in distilled water —at 70°C for 48 h
Ozone resistance	rating 0	D1149
Low-temperature brittle point	no fracture at -40°C	D2137
Tear resistance	34 kN/m	F624, Die B
Tear resistance	35 kN/m	D624, Die B

<sup>A</sup> Specimens shall be prepared from connector specimens and shall not be prepared from laboratory slabs or by direct molding.

<sup>B</sup> The connector manufacturer shall select the hardness appropriate for each component of the connector. Thereafter, the hardness shall comply within the tolerances in Table 1.