



Designation: F137 – 08 (Reapproved 2018)

Standard Test Method for Flexibility of Resilient Flooring Materials with Cylindrical Mandrel Apparatus¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F137; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the determination of the flexibility of resilient flooring materials by means of cylindrical mandrel apparatus. It is especially applicable to sheet goods and some tiles.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

- E691 Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method
- F141 Terminology Relating to Resilient Floor Coverings

3. Terminology

3.1 For definitions, refer to Terminology F141.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F06 on Resilient Floor Coverings and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F06.20 on Test Methods - Products Construction/Materials.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Flexibility is that property of a material which allows it to be deformed by bending or rolling without cracking, breaking, or other permanent defects, using whatever force is necessary to bend or roll it. Flexibility is an important characteristic of flooring in that it provides for ease of handling in rolling, cutting, and fitting.

5. Apparatus

5.1 *Flexibility Test Equipment*, consisting of mandrels, that is, cylindrical rods with circular cross sections having outside diameters of 0.25 in. (6.4 mm) and 0.50 to 5 in. (12.7 to 127 mm) increasing in increments of 0.5 in. (12.7 mm). The contacting faces of the rods shall be a minimum of 2.5 in. (63.5 mm) in length.

5.2 *Stand or Other Device*, to firmly support the mandrel in a horizontal position during the test.

5.3 *Conditioning Area*, capable of maintaining $73.4 \pm 1.8^\circ\text{F}$ ($23 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$) and $50 \pm 5\%$ relative humidity.

5.4 *Die, Knife, or Similar Instrument* to prepare test specimens with uniform smooth edges.

6. Test Specimen

6.1 The test specimens shall consist of a portion of the material 2 ± 0.05 in. (50 ± 1.27 mm) wide and at least 9 in. (225 mm) long.

6.2 Use a die, knife, or other similar instrument to prepare the specimen and to produce uniform smooth edges. Do not test specimens with nicked or fractured edges.

7. Conditioning

7.1 Condition the test specimens for at least 24 h at $73.4 \pm 1.8^\circ\text{F}$ ($23 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$) and $50 \pm 5\%$ relative humidity, and test in the same environment. Alternatively, testing may be performed at room temperature in an uncontrolled environment if carried out within 5 min.

7.2 Specimens shall be conditioned on a flat surface. If necessary, they can be weighted to remove all curvature.