IEC 60947-6-2

Edition 3.0 2020-12

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear –
Part 6-2: Multiple function equipment – Control and protective switching devices (or equipment) (CPS)

Appareillage à basse tension –
Partie 6-2: Matériels à fonctions multiples – Appareils (ou matériel) de connexion de commande de protection (ACP)

IEC 60947-6-2:2020-12(en-fr)

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INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

COMMISSION
ELECTROTECHNIQUE
INTERNATIONALE

ICS 29.120.40; 29.130.20

ISBN 978-2-8322-9161-0

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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LOW-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

Part 6-2: Multiple function equipment – Control and protective switching devices (or equipment) (CPS)

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60947-6-2 has been prepared by subcommittee 121A: Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear, of IEC technical committee 121: Switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies for low-voltage.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2002 and its Amendment 1:2007. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- editorial changes according to ISO/IEC directives Part 2,
- alignments with IEC 60947-1:2020:
  - markings ("s", "sol", "r" or "f");
  - constructional requirements including material requirements;
  - requirements for screwless terminals;

  - measurement method of the pole impedance;
  - EMC requirement and testing;
  - procedure to determine data for electromechanical CPS's used in functional safety applications;
- harmonisation with IEC 60947-2:2016:
  - operation tests of under-voltage relays and shunt releases;
  - CPS for IT systems (Annex G);
  - coordination with other short-circuit protective devices;
- alignments with IEC 60947-4-1:2018:
  - test at the rated conditional short-circuit current I_q of protected switching devices;
  - short-circuit tests harmonisation with North America;
  - reliability data for functional safety applications (new Annex K);
  - safety aspects related to electronic circuits and protective impedance (new Annex N);
  - introduction of provisions covering the impact of higher locked rotor current to achieve high efficiency class;
  - mention of dedicated wiring accessories;
  - definitions and measurement method of the power consumption of the control circuit during holding and pick-up operations;
  - load monitoring indicators (new Annex M).

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
121A/384/FDIS	121A/392/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 60947 series, under the general title *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear*, can be found on the IEC website.

This document shall be read in conjunction with IEC 60947-1, *Low voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 1: General rules*.

The provisions of the general rules are applicable to this part of IEC 60947-6, where specifically called for. General rules clauses and subclauses thus applicable as well as tables, figures and annexes are identified by reference to IEC 60947-1, for example, 1.2.3, Table 4, or Annex A of IEC 60947-1:2020.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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LOW-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

Part 6-2: Multiple function equipment – Control and protective switching devices (or equipment) (CPS)

1 Scope

This document applies to control and protective switching devices (or equipment) (CPS), the main contacts of which are intended to be connected to circuits of rated voltage not exceeding 1 000 V AC or 1 500 V DC.

It covers control and protective switching device (CPS):

– which provides protective and control functions for circuits and motors;
– where its control function is operated exclusively otherwise than by hand;
– which provides continuity of service after over-current conditions; and
– which can have additional functions, such as isolation or communication.

This document does not apply to:

– auxiliary contacts, covered by IEC 60947-5-1;
– CPS used downstream to frequency drive[1];

NOTE Additional requirements for CPS used downstream to frequency drive are under consideration for the next maintenance cycle.

– the use of the product with additional measure within explosive atmospheres, covered by IEC 60079 (all parts);
– embedded software design rules, covered by IEC TR 63201;
– cyber security aspects, covered by IEC TS 63208.

The object of this document is to state:

– the characteristics of CPS's;
– the conditions with which CPS's are complying with reference to their operation and behaviour, their dielectric properties, the degree of protection provided by their enclosure where applicable, its construction including safety measures against electric shock, fire hazard and mechanical hazard;
– the tests intended to verify that these conditions have been met, and the methods to be adopted for these tests;
– the information to be marked on or given with the CPS's.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

[1] For this subject, the manufacturer is responsible to take additional safety measures.

IEC 60034-1:2017, *Rotating electrical machines – Part 1: Rating and performance*

IEC 60085:2007, *Electrical insulation – Thermal evaluation and designation*

IEC 60417, *Graphical symbols for use on equipment* (available at http://www.graphical-symbols.info/equipment)

IEC 60617, *Graphical symbols for diagrams* (available at http://std.iec.ch/iec60617)

IEC 60715:2017, *Dimensions of low-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Standardized mounting on rails for mechanical support of switchgear, controlgear and accessories*

IEC 60730-1, *Automatic electrical controls – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 60947-1:2020, *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 1: General rules*

IEC 60947-2:2016, *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 2: Circuit-breakers*
IEC 60947-2:2016/AMD1:2019

IEC 60947-5-1:2016, *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 5-1: Control circuit devices and switching elements – Electromechanical control circuit devices*

IEC 61000-6-2, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-2: Generic standards – Immunity standard for industrial environments*

IEC 61051-2, *Varistors for use in electronic equipment – Part 2: Sectional specification for surge suppression varistors*

CISPR 11:2015, *Industrial, scientific and medical equipment – Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement*
CISPR 11:2015/AMD1:2016
CISPR 11:2015/AMD2:2019

CISPR 32, *Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment – Emission requirements*

ISO 3864-2, *Graphical symbols – Safety colours and safety signs – Part 2: Design principles for product safety labels*

3 Terms and definitions

3.1 General

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions of Clause 3 of IEC 60947-1:2020, as well as the following terms, definitions, symbol and abbreviations apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.2 Terms and definitions related to the equipment

3.2.1
control and protective switching device
CPS
mechanical switching device with a control function operated otherwise than by hand capable of:

– making, carrying and breaking currents under normal conditions;
– making, carrying for a specified time in overload condition;
– breaking currents under specified abnormal operating condition such as those of short-circuits;
– continuity of service,

with or without local manual operating means

Note 1 to entry The term "with a control function operated otherwise than by hand" means that the device is intended to be controlled and kept in working position from one or more external controls.

Note 2 to entry: A CPS can consist of a single device but is always rated as a unit. Coordination can be either inherent or obtained by correct selection of releases in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

3.2.2
direct-on-line CPS
CPS which connects the line voltage across the motor terminals in one step

3.2.3
reversing CPS
CPS for starting a motor, intended to cause a motor to reverse the direction of rotation by reversing the motor primary connections when the motor is not running

Note 1 to entry An application where reversing the motor primary connections while the motor is running is called plugging.

3.2.4
electronically controlled electromagnet
electromagnet in which the coil is controlled by a circuit with active electronic elements

[SOURCE IEC 60947-4-1:2018, 3.3.8]

3.2.5
dedicated wiring accessory
prefabricated connection wiring system specifically intended for identified switchgear or controlgear

Note 1 to entry A dedicated wiring accessory can be integrated in the switchgear or controlgear or delivered separately.

Note 2 to entry A typical dedicated wiring accessory is for example a connection link.

3.2.6
phase-loss sensitive relay or release
<motor protection> multipole relay or release for motor protection which operates in case of loss of phase in accordance with specified requirements

3.2.7
under-current relay or release
relay or release which operates automatically when the current through it is reduced below a predetermined value

3.2.8
under-voltage relay or release
relay or release which operates automatically when the voltage applied to it is reduced below a predetermined value

3.2.9
stall relay or release
electronic overload relay or release which operates when the current has not decreased below a predetermined value for a specific period of time during start-up or when the relay or the release receives the input indicating there is no rotation of the motor after a predetermined time in accordance with specified requirements

Note 1 to entry Explanation of stall: rotor locked during start.

Note 2 to entry With appropriate adjustment of the current and starting time settings, such relay or release can be used to detect starts requiring longer than specified times.

3.2.10
jam relay or release
electronic overload relay or release which operates in the case of overload and also when the current has increased above a predetermined value for a specific period of time during operation in accordance with specified requirements

Note 1 to entry A jam is a high overload occurring after the completion of starting which causes the current to reach the locked rotor current value of the motor being controlled.

3.2.11
inhibit time
time-delay period during which the tripping function of the relay is inhibited (may be adjustable)

3.3 Terms and definitions concerning characteristic quantities

3.3.1
continuity of service
<of a control and protective switching device> capability to return into service after occurrence of an over-current fault in the circuit under control at all current up to the rated service short-circuit breaking capacity I_{CS} of the control and protective switching device

3.3.2
holding power
power needed to maintain the operation of the electromagnet

[SOURCE: IEC 60947-4-1:2018, 3.3.9, modified – Without “(of a contactor)”.]

3.3.3
pick-up power
power needed to operate the device from the de-energized state

[SOURCE: IEC 60947-4-1:2018, 3.3.10, modified – Deletion of “(of a contactor)” in the term and of "to the energized state" in the definition.]

3.3.4
O
<operation> breaking operation by the device under short-circuit current

3.3.5
CO
<operation> making operation under short-circuit current followed, after the appropriate opening time, by a breaking operation