

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



Optical fibre cables –
Part 6-20: Indoor-outdoor cables – Family specification for flame retardant outdoor cables

Câbles à fibres optiques –
Partie 6-20: Câbles intérieurs/extérieurs – Spécification de famille pour les câbles extérieurs retardateurs de flamme



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INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

COMMISSION
ELECTROTECHNIQUE
INTERNATIONALE

ICS 33.180.10

ISBN 978-2-8322-8908-2

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OPTICAL FIBRE CABLES –

**Part 6-20: Indoor-outdoor cables –
Family specification for flame retardant outdoor cables**

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International Standard IEC 60794-6-20 has been prepared by subcommittee SC 86A: Fibres and cables, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
86A/2037/FDIS	86A/2051/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60794 series, published under the general title *Optical fibre cables*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

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OPTICAL FIBRE CABLES –

Part 6-20: Indoor-outdoor cables – Family specification for flame retardant outdoor cables

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60794 is a family specification covering optical fibre outdoor cables which are flame retardant and thus also applicable to indoor environments. These cables generally possess the characteristics associated with outdoor cable designs having similar thermal and mechanical robustness that makes them suitable for use in the outside plant, while simultaneously exhibiting the fire performance required in indoor premises. A typical application is for example the extension of a "shorter length" of an outdoor cable into the building.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60332-1 (all parts), *Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions – Part 1: Test for vertical flame propagation for a single insulated wire or cable*

IEC 60332-3 (all parts), *Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions – Part 3: Test for vertical flame spread of vertically-mounted bunched wires or cables*

IEC 60754-2, *Test on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables – Part 2: Determination of acidity (by pH measurement) and conductivity*

IEC 60793-2-10:2019, *Optical fibres – Part 2-10: Product specifications – Sectional specification for category A1 multimode fibres*

IEC 60793-2-50:2018, *Optical fibres – Part 2-50: Product specifications – Sectional specification for class B single-mode fibres*

IEC 60794-1-1, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-1: Generic specification – General*

IEC 60794-1-21, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-21: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Mechanical test methods*

IEC 60794-1-22:2017, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-22: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Environmental test methods*

IEC 60794-1-23, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-23: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Cable element test methods*

IEC 60794-1-24, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-24: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Electrical test methods*

IEC 60794-1-31:2018, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-31: Generic specification – Optical cable elements – Optical fibre ribbon*

IEC 60794-1-215, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-215: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Environmental test methods – Cable external freezing test, Method F15*

IEC 60794-3:2014, *Optical fibre cables – Part 3: Outdoor cables – Sectional specification*

IEC 60794-3-10:2015, *Optical fibre cables – Part 3-10: Outdoor cables – Family specification for duct, directly buried and lashed aerial optical telecommunication cables*

IEC 60794-4:2018, *Optical fibre cables – Part 4: Sectional specification – Aerial optical cables along electrical power lines*

IEC 60794-5:2014, *Optical fibre cables – Part 5: Sectional specification – Microduct cabling for installation by blowing*

IEC 60811-202, *Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 202: General tests – Measurement of thickness of non-metallic sheath*

IEC 60811-203, *Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 203: General tests – Measurement of overall dimensions*

IEC 60811-406, *Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 406: Miscellaneous tests – Resistance to stress cracking of polyethylene and polypropylene compounds*

IEC 61034 (all parts), *Measurement of smoke density of cables burning under defined conditions*

ISO 4892-2:2013, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps*

IEC 60794-6-20:2020
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a0f86448-6ed3-438c-bd67-9f5f89793b1e/iec-60794-6-20-2020>

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60794-1-1 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

4 General specifications

4.1 Optical fibres

The optical fibre shall conform to the requirements of IEC 60793-2-10 or IEC 60793-2-50. The fibre type shall be agreed between the customer and supplier. The cabled fibre shall conform to IEC 60794-3.

4.2 Cable elements

The cable elements shall conform to IEC 60794-3, IEC 60794-4, IEC 60794-5.

5 Specifications for flame retardant outdoor cables – Construction

The cable design can be derived from a typical outdoor cable design according to the product specifications described in IEC 60794-3. The specific demand related to flame retardancy will require the appropriate selection of the jacket material in combination with other material and/or design considerations. See Annex A for examples of flame retardant outdoor cables.

6 Details of family specifications and test conditions for flame retardant outdoor cables

6.1 Applicable tests

Compliance with the specification shall be verified by carrying out tests selected from Table 1. It is not intended that all tests in Table 1 be carried out in all cases. The tests to be applied and the frequency of testing shall be agreed between the customer and supplier.

Table 1 – Tests applicable for mechanical and environmental performance of flame retardant outdoor cables

Characteristics	Detail specifications	Test methods	Remarks
Mechanical tests			Typically required of most cable designs
Tensile performance	See 6.2.2	IEC 60794-1-21, method E1	
Abrasion	See 6.2.3	IEC 60794-1-21, method E2A, method E2B	Method E2A for sheath abrasion Method E2B, method 2, for cable marking abrasion
Crush	See 6.2.4	IEC 60794-1-21, method E3A	
Impact	See 6.2.5	IEC 60794-1-21, method E4	
Repeated bending	See 6.2.6	IEC 60794-1-21, method E6	
Torsion	See 6.2.7	IEC 60794-1-21, method E7	
Bend	See 6.2.8	IEC 60794-1-21, method E11	Default method E11A
Bending under tension	See 6.2.9	IEC 60794-1-21, method E18A, procedure 1	Diameter of mandrel should be 40 x cable diameter. Load T_M as defined in 6.2.2.
Kink	See 6.2.10	IEC 60794-1-21, method E10	Cable kink
Rip cord functional	See 6.2.11	IEC 60794-1-21, method E25	
Environmental tests			
Temperature cycling	See 6.3.1	IEC 60794-1-22, method F1	
Water penetration	See 6.3.2	IEC 60794-1-22, method F5	F5B and F5C
Ageing	See 6.3.3	IEC 60794-1-22, method F9	

Characteristics	Detail specifications	Test methods	Remarks
UV resistance	See 6.3.4	IEC 60794-1-22, method F14 (method ISO 4892-2)	Some jacket materials are exempt from this test – see 6.3.4
Cable external freezing	See 6.3.6	IEC 60794-1-215, method F15A or F15B	
Environmental stress cracking	See 6.3.5	IEC 60811-406	Highly filled thermoplastics (e.g. FRNC materials) are sensitive to stress cracking. The test was developed for PE and PP and thus shall be adapted.
Compound flow	See 6.3.7	IEC 60794-1-22, method F16	
Bleeding and evaporation	See 6.3.8	IEC 60794-1-23, method G9	
Material compatibility	See 6.3.9	IEC 60794-1-219 should be applied.	
Cable element tests			
Ribbon strippability	See 6.4.1	IEC 60794-1-23 method G10B	If ribbons are used
Ribbon tear (separability)	See 6.4.2	IEC 60794-1-23, method G5	If ribbons are used
Ribbon dimensions and geometry	See 6.4.3	IEC 60794-1-23, method G2	If ribbons are used
Ribbon torsion	See 6.4.4	IEC 60794-1-23, method G6	If ribbons are used
Ribbon residual twist	See 6.4.5	IEC 60794-1-23, method G8	If ribbons are used
Tube kinking	See 6.4.6	IEC 60794-1-23, method G7	If buffer tubes are used
Bend for optical cable elements	See 6.4.7	IEC 60794-1-23, method G1	
Stripping force stability of cabled optical fibres	See 6.4.8	IEC 60794-1-23, method G10A	
Other tests			
Fire performance	See 6.5.1	IEC 60332-1 (all parts) IEC 60332-3 (all parts) IEC 61034 (all parts) IEC 60754-2	Regional legal requirements shall be fulfilled. For more details, see IEC TR 62222.
Electrical continuity	See 6.5.2	IEC 60794-1-24, method H3	For cables with metallic elements
Thickness of non-metallic sheath	See 6.5.3	IEC 60811-202	
Overall dimensions	See 6.5.4	IEC 60811-203	

6.2 Mechanical tests

6.2.1 General

The general optical criteria in mechanical tests is no change in attenuation, as described in IEC 60794-1-1.

In some environmental and installation tests, some increase is accepted.

The number of fibres tested shall be representative of the cable design according to fibre sampling indicated in IEC 60794-1-1. Different sampling can be agreed between customer and supplier.

The minimum acceptance criteria for the different designs of cables shall be indicated in the product specification.

Test methods are defined in the generic specification IEC 60794-1-21, IEC 60794-1-22 and IEC 60794-1-23. Fire retardant outdoor cables are generally designed according to IEC 60794-3 with the addition of design characteristics to render them fire retardant to meet the applicable fire requirements.

6.2.2 Tensile performance

a) Family specifications

While the cable is under short-term tensile load (T_M , rated tensile load),

- the axial fibre strain shall be < 60 % of the fibre proof strain, and
- the attenuation shall be measured and recorded. Any required change in attenuation shall be agreed between customer and supplier.

While the cable is under the long-term tensile load (TL, residual load),

- The axial fibre strain shall be:
 - < 20 % of fibre proof test, for fibre proof tested to ≤ 1 % strain (e.g., 0,69 GPa, 0,2 % absolute strain), and
 - < 17 % of fibre proof test, for fibre proof tested to greater than 1 % to 2 % strain (e.g., 0,69 GPa to 1,38 GPa, 0,34 % absolute strain for 2 % proof tested fibre)

NOTE For fibres proof tested at levels above 1 % strain, the safe long-term load will not scale linearly with proof strain, so a lower percentage of the proof strain is applicable. There is no agreement for strain limits for proof tests above 2 % strain.

- The change in attenuation shall be:

single-mode fibre: no change;

multimode fibre: $\leq 0,2$ dB.

Under visual examination without magnification, there shall be no damage to the sheath or to the cable elements after the test.

b) Test conditions

Method: IEC 60794-1-21, method E1

Length under tension: > 50m

Tensile load on cable: Long-term (T_L), short-term (T_M)

$$T_M \geq 1,5 \times W$$

Other loads may be applied in accordance with particular user conditions, e.g. 2 700 N.

$$T_L = 0,3 \times T_M$$

Diameter of test pulleys: Typically 1 m but not less than the minimum loaded bending diameter specified for the cable

6.2.3 Abrasion

a) Family specifications

Sheath abrasion: There shall be no perforation of the sheath after performing the needle test according to method E2A of IEC 60794-1-21.

Cable marking abrasion: The print shall be legible after the test performed according to method E2B of IEC 60794-1-21 (felt test).

b) Test conditions

Method:	IEC 60794-1-21, method E2A
Load:	2 N
Number of cycles:	50
Method	IEC 60794-1-21, method E2B, method 2
Load:	4 N
Number of cycles:	3

Other loads and number of cycles may be agreed between customer and supplier.

6.2.4 Crush

a) Family specifications

Under the short term load, the attenuation change shall not exceed:

- 0,15 dB for single-mode fibres,
- 0,30 dB for multimode fibres.

At the end of the long term loading, before releasing the load, there shall be no change in attenuation from the initial value(s).

Under visual examination, there shall be no damage to the sheath or to the cable elements.

The imprint of the plate on the sheath is not considered mechanical damage.

b) Test conditions

Method: IEC 60794-1-21, method E3A

	Unarmoured	armoured
Short-term load (plate-plate):	1,5 kN	2,2 kN
Long-term load (plate-plate):	0,75 kN	1,1 kN

6.2.5 Impact

a) Family specifications

Under visual examination without magnification, there shall be no damage to the sheath or to the cable elements. The imprint of the striking surface on the sheath is not considered mechanical damage.

There shall be no permanent change in attenuation after the test.

b) Test conditions

Method:	IEC 60794-1-21, method E4
Number of impacts:	One in 3 different places spaced not less than 500 mm apart
Impact energy:	10 J (unarmoured cable), 20 J (armoured cable). Depending on the cable design, other energies could be selected in agreement between customer and manufacturer.

Striking surface curvature radius: min. radius 300 mm (flat hammer)

6.2.6 Repeated bending

a) Family specifications

Under visual examination without magnification, there shall be no damage to the sheath and to the cable elements.

b) Test conditions

Method: IEC 60794-1-21, method E6

Number of cycles: 25 or different number of cycles may be applied in accordance with the particular user conditions

Load: Adequate to assure uniform contact with the mandrel

Bending radius: 20 d