



Designation: B541 – 01 (Reapproved 2018)

Standard Specification for Gold Electrical Contact Alloy¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B541; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers a gold-rich, age-hardenable alloy in rod, wire, and strip form applicable to electrical contacts.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.3 The following precautionary statement pertains to the test method portion only, Section 7, of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to become familiar with all hazards including those identified in the appropriate Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for this product/material as provided by the manufacturer, to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices, and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

B476 Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Precious Metal Electrical Contact Materials

E8/E8M Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials

E384 Test Method for Microindentation Hardness of Materials

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B02 on Nonferrous Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B02.05 on Precious Metals and Electrical Contact Materials.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

3. Materials and Manufacture

3.1 Raw materials shall be of such quality and purity that the finished product will have the properties and characteristics prescribed in this specification.

3.2 The material shall be finished by such operations (cold working, annealing, turning, grinding, age hardening, etc.) as are required to produce the prescribed properties.

4. Chemical Composition

4.1 Material produced under this specification shall meet the requirements of **Table 1** for chemical composition.

5. Condition

5.1 This specification covers the conditions and forms listed in **Table 2**.

6. Mechanical Properties

6.1 Mechanical properties shall conform to **Table 3** and **Table 4** as appropriate.

6.2 The contract or order may specify ultimate tensile strength, elongation, microhardness (Knoop or Vickers), hardness (Rockwell or Rockwell Superficial), or a combination of these mechanical properties as temper criterion. If the contract or order does not specify a temper criterion, then the criterion for temper designation will be ultimate tensile strength and elongation.

6.3 Mechanical properties of flattened wire, less than 0.012 in. (0.30 mm) thick shall conform to **6.1 (Table 5)**.

7. Test Methods

7.1 Test methods are in accordance with Specification **B476**.

7.2 All tension tests are in accordance with Test Methods **E8/E8M** and tensile specimens are full cross-section size when practical.

7.3 Hardness is in accordance with Test Method **E384**. Test material 0.005 in. (0.13 mm) in thickness (diameter) and larger using a 100-gf indenter load. Test material less than 0.005 in. in thickness (diameter) using a 50-gf indenter load. Make a minimum of five hardness indentions on each specimen. Make all indentions so that the long axis of the Knoop indenter is parallel to the rolling or drawing direction of the material.