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Standard Specification for Steel Line Pipe, Black, Plain-End, Seamless¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A1024/A1024M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope-Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers seamless, black, plain-end steel pipe for use in the conveyance of fluids under pressure. Pipe in sizes NPS 1 to 26, inclusive, as given in ASME B36.10M is included. Pipe having other dimensions, in this size range, may be furnished provided such pipe complies with all other requirements of this specification.
- 1.2 It is intended that the pipe be capable of being circumferentially welded in the field when welding procedures in accordance with the requirements of the applicable pipeline construction code are used.
- 1.3 The values stated in either inch-pound units or in SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system is to be used independently of the other.
- 1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

iTeh Standards

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A450/A450M Specification for General Requirements for Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Tubes

A530/A530M Specification for General Requirements for Specialized Carbon and Alloy Steel Pipe

A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products

A941 Terminology Relating to Steel, Stainless Steel, Related Alloys, and Ferroalloys

2.2 API Standard:

API RP 5L3 Recommended Practice for Conducting Drop-Weight Tear Tests on Line Pipe³

2.3 ASME Standard:

ASME B36.10M Welded and Seamless Wrought Steel Pipe⁴

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions—For terminology used in this specification, refer to Terminology A941.
- 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 lot, n—a quantity of pipe of the same ordered diameter, heat, wall thickness, and grade as given in Table 1.
- 3.2.2 *seamless pipe*, *n*—a tubular product made without a welded seam; it is manufactured usually by hot working the material, and if necessary, by subsequently cold-finishing the hot worked tubular product to produce the desired shape, dimensions, and properties.
- 3.2.3 *specified outside diameter (OD), n*—the outside diameter specified in the purchase order or the outside diameter listed in ASME B36.10M for the nominal pipe size specified in the purchase order.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.09 on Carbon Steel Tubular Products.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American Petroleum Institute (API), 1220 L. St., NW, Washington, DC 20005-4070, http://api-ec.api.org.

⁴ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Three Two Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, http://www.asme.org.

TABLE 1 Lot Size and Sample Size for Mechanical and Toughness Testing

| Pipe Size | Lot Size | Sample Size |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------|
| <nps 2<="" td=""><td>50 tons or fraction thereof</td><td>1</td></nps> | 50 tons or fraction thereof | 1 |
| NPS 2 through NPS 5 | 400 lengths | 1 |
| NPS 6 through NPS 12 | 200 lengths | 1 |
| >NPS 12 | 100 lengths | 1 |

4. General Requirements

4.1 Pipe furnished under this specification shall conform to the applicable requirements of Specification A530/A530M unless otherwise provided herein.

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Information items to be considered, if appropriate, for inclusion in the purchase order are as follows:
- 5.1.1 Specification designation and year of issue,
- 5.1.2 Quantity (feet or metres),
- 5.1.3 Grade (see Table 2 and 8.1.5),
- 5.1.4 Size (either nominal (NPS) or outside diameter and wall thickness),
- 5.1.5 Nominal length (see 14.3),
- 5.1.6 End finish (plain-end beveled or special, see 15.1),
- 5.1.7 Impact test temperature (see 8.2.5),
- 5.1.8 Heat treatment condition (see 6.1),
- 5.1.9 Carbon equivalent for over 0.800 in. [20.3 mm] wall thicknesses (see 7.4),
- 5.1.10 Reduced under thickness variation (see Table 5),
- 5.1.11 Special requirements,
- 5.1.12 Supplementary requirements, and
- 5.1.13 Bar coding (see 18.3).

6. Manufacture

6.1 Pipe shall be manufactured by the seamless process. Unless a specific heat treatment condition is specified in the purchase order, pipe shall be furnished in the as-rolled, normalized, normalized and tempered, or quenched and tempered condition.

7. Chemical Composition

- 7.1 The steel for any grade, by heat and product analyses, shall contain no more than 0.24 % carbon, 0.015 % sulfur, and 0.025 % phosphorus.
 - 7.2 The steel shall contain no more than 0.0007 % boron, by heat analysis.
- 7.3 For pipe with a specified wall thickness less than or equal to 0.800 in. [20.3 mm], the carbon equivalent (CE) shall not exceed 0.43 %, calculated from the product analysis using the following equation:

| CE = C + F | [Mn/6+Si/24+Cu/15+Ni/20+(Cr+Mo+V+Cb)/5] | (1) |
|------------|---|-----|
| CE = C + F | [Mn/6+Si/24+Cu/15+Ni/20+(Cr+Mo+V+Nb)/5] | (1) |

where:

F =a compliance factor that is dependent on the carbon content as shown below:

| Carbon | _ | Carbon | E |
|------------|------|------------|------|
| Content, % | Γ | Content, % | Г |
| <0.06 | 0.53 | 0.15 | 0.88 |

TABLE 2 Tensile Requirements

| Grade | Yield Strength, Min. | | ,g, | | Tensile Strength, Min. | |
|-------|-------------------------|-----|--------|-----|---------------------------|-----|
| | psi | MPa | psi | MPa | psi | MPa |
| 35 | 35 000 | 240 | 65 000 | 450 | 60 000 | 415 |
| 50 | 50 000 | 345 | 77 000 | 530 | 70 000 | 485 |
| 60 | 60 000 | 415 | 80 000 | 550 | 75 000 | 515 |
| 70 | 70 000 | 485 | 87 000 | 600 | 80 000 | 550 |
| 80 | 80 000 | 550 | 97 000 | 670 | 90 000 | 620 |

^A See 8.1.1.

TABLE 3 Hydrostatic Test Pressure

| NPS Designator | Specified OD in. [mm] | Specified Wall Thickness in. [mm] | Test Pressure, Min. psi [kPa] |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| 1 | 1.315 [33.4] | 0.133 [3.4] 0.179 [4.6] 0.250 [6.4] 0.358 [9.1] | 700 [4800] 850 [5900] 950 [6600] 1000 [6900] |
| 11/4 | 1.660 [42.2] | 0.140 [3.6] 0.191 [4.9] 0.250 [6.4] 0.382 [9.7] | 1300 [9000] 1900 [13 100] 2000 [13 800] 2300 [15 900] |
| 1½ | 1.900 [48.3] | 0.145 [3.7] 0.200 [5.1] 0.281 [7.1] 0.400 [10.2] | 1300 [9000] 1900 [13 100] 2000 [13 800] 2300 [15 900] |

TABLE 4 Acceptance Limits

| Type of Notch | Acceptance Limit Signal, % |
|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Parallel Sided Notch | 100 |
| Drilled Hole | 100 |

TABLE 5 Permissible Variations in Wall Thickness

| NPS Designator | Permissible Variations from Specified Wall Thickness, ^A % | | |
|------------------|--|-------|--|
| | Over | Under | |
| 1 to 21/2, incl. | 20.0 | 10.0 | |
| 3 and larger | 15.0 | 10.0 | |

^A If a reduced under thickness variation is specified in the purchase order, it is permissible for the over thickness variation to be increased, provided that the applicable total tolerance range in percent is not increased.

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| 0.06 | 0.54 | 0.16 | 0.92 |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 0.07 | 0.56 | 0.17 | 0.94 |
| 0.08 | 0.58 | 0.18 | 0.96 |
| 0.09 | 0.62 WI ATUZ4/ATUZ4WI-18 | 0.19 | 0.97 |
| https://standard0.10eh.ai/catalog/standards | s/sis0.6614a695f-4c4a-45f9-b01 | 1_0.203h69d1daf7/astm-a1024 | 4_0.98\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ |
| 0.11 | 0.70 | 0.21 | 0.99 |
| 0.12 | 0.75 | >0.21 | 1.00 |
| 0.13 | 0.80 | | |
| 0.14 | 0.85 | | |

Note 1—Element 41 has been identified as columbium or niobium. A01 considers them interchangeable and both acceptable. Subcommittee A01.09 has chosen to use niobium.

- 7.4 For pipe with a specified wall thickness greater than 0.800 in. [20.3 mm], the carbon equivalent (CE) shall be as specified in the purchase order.
- 7.5 A heat analysis shall be made for each heat of steel furnished under this specification. All pipe shall be marked with either a heat number or heat code in accordance with 18.1 and 18.2.
 - 7.6 Product analyses shall be made on at least two samples from each heat of steel.
- 7.7 All analyses shall be in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A751, and shall include all elements required in the carbon equivalent equation of 7.3, in addition to titanium, phosphorus, sulfur, and boron, except that the product analysis for boron is not required. Titanium is reported for information only and is not a cause for rejection.
- 7.8 If one or both of the product analyses representing a heat fail to conform to the specified requirements, the heat shall be rejected, or analyses shall be made on double the original number of test samples that failed, each of which shall conform to the specified requirements.

8. Mechanical Properties

- 8.1 Tension Test:
- 8.1.1 The material shall conform to the tensile requirements given in Table 2 and 8.1.6. The yield strength maxima apply only to pipe NPS 8 and larger.
 - 8.1.2 The yield strength corresponding to a total extension under load of 0.5 % of the gage length shall be determined.

- 8.1.3 Transverse tension tests shall be performed on pipe NPS 8 and larger, or longitudinal, subject to approval by purchaser. Transverse test specimens shall be either strip test specimens or round bar test specimens, at the option of the manufacturer. All transverse strip test specimens shall be approximately 1½ in. [38 mm] wide in the gage length and each shall represent the full wall thickness of the pipe from which the test specimen was cut.
- 8.1.4 Longitudinal tension tests shall be performed on pipe smaller than NPS 8. Longitudinal test specimens shall be either strip test specimens, full-size test specimens, or round bar test specimens, at the option of the manufacturer.
- 8.1.5 Grades intermediate to those given in Table 2 shall be furnished if so specified in the purchase order. For intermediate grades, the difference between the specified maximum yield strength and the specified minimum yield strength and the difference between the specified minimum tensile strength and the specified minimum yield strength shall be as given in Table 2 for the next higher listed grade.
 - 8.1.6 For each grade, the minimum elongation in 2 in. [50 mm] shall be as determined by the following equation:

$$e = C \left(A^{0.2} / U^{0.9} \right) \tag{2}$$

where:

e = minimum elongation in percent, rounded to the nearest percent,

 $C = constant = 625\ 000\ [1940],$

A = the lesser of 0.75 in. [485 mm²] and the cross-sectional area of the tension test specimen in in. [mm²], based upon the specified outside diameter of the pipe or the nominal width of the tension test specimen and the specified wall thickness, rounded to the nearest 0.01 in. [1 mm²],

U =specified minimum tensile strength, psi [MPa].

8.2 Impact Test:

- 8.2.1 Except as allowed by 8.2.2, pipe shall be Charpy V-notch tested in accordance with Test Methods and Definitions A370. For pipe smaller than NPS 5, such test specimens shall be taken longitudinal to the pipe axis. For pipe NPS 5 and larger, the test specimens shall be taken transverse to the pipe axis.
- 8.2.2 The basic test specimen is full size Charpy V-notch. Where full size test specimens, either conventional or containing the original OD surface, cannot be obtained due to a combination of specified outside diameter and specified wall thickness, two-thirds size or half-size test specimens shall be used. Where combinations of specified outside diameter and specified wall thickness do not permit half-size test specimens to be obtained, there is no requirement for impact testing. In all cases, the largest possible test specimen size shall be used, except where such a test specimen size will result in absorbed energy values greater than 80 % of the testing machine capacity.
- 8.2.3 When subsize test specimens are used, the requirements for absorbed energy shall be the adjusted values obtained by the following relationships, with the calculated values rounded to the nearest foot pound-force [joule]:

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d For 2/3 size: $N = R \times 0.67$ b011-103b69d1daf2/astm-a1024-a1024m-1₍₃₎

For 1/2 size: $N = R \times 0.50$

where:

N = adjusted value, ft-lbf [J], and

R = value required by 8.2.4.

- 8.2.4 For pipe NPS 5 through NPS 26, the absorbed energy requirement for full size test specimens shall be 20 ft·lbf [27 J]. For pipe smaller than NPS 5, the absorbed energy requirement for full size test specimens shall be 30 ft·lbf [40 J].
 - 8.2.5 Charpy impact testing shall be performed at 32°F [0°C], unless a lower test temperature is specified in the purchase order.

9. Hydrostatic Test

- 9.1 Each length of pipe shall be subjected to the hydrostatic test without leakage through the wall.
- 9.2 Each length of pipe NPS 2 or larger shall be tested, by the manufacturer, to a minimum hydrostatic pressure calculated from the following relationship:

Inch – Pound Units:
$$P = 2(St/D) \times C$$
 (4)

SI Units: $P = 2000 (St/D) \times C$

where:

S = specified minimum yield strength, psi [MPa],

t = specified wall thickness, in. [mm],

D = specified outside diameter, in. [mm],