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Designation: A813/A813M - 14 A813/A813M - 14 (Reapproved 2019)

# Standard Specification for Single- or Double-Welded Austenitic Stainless Steel Pipe<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A813/A813M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope\*Scope

1.1 This specification covers two classes of fit-up and alignment quality straight-seam single- or double-welded austenitic steel pipe intended for high-temperature and general corrosive service.

NOTE 1—When the impact test criterion for a low-temperature service would be 15 ft·lbf [20 J] energy absorption or 15 mils [0.38 mm] lateral expansion, some of the austenitic stainless steel grades covered by this specification are accepted by certain pressure vessel or piping codes without the necessity of making the actual test. For example, Grades 304, 304L, and 347 are accepted by the ASME Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII Division 1, and by the Chemical Plant and Refinery Piping Code, ANSI B31.3 for service at temperatures as low as -425 °F [-250 °C] without qualification by impact tests. Other AISI stainless steel grades are usually accepted for service temperatures as low as -325 °F [-200 °C] without impact testing. Impact testing may, under certain circumstances, be required. For example, materials with chromium or nickel content outside the AISI ranges, and for material with carbon content exceeding 0.10 %, are required to be impact tested under the rules of ASME Section VIII Division 1 when service temperatures are lower than -50 °F [-45 °C]

1.2 Grades TP304H, TP304N, TP316H, TP316N, TP321H, TP347H, and TP348H are modifications of Grades TP304, TP316, TP321, TP347, and TP348, and are intended for high-temperature service.

1.3 Two classes of pipe are covered as follows:

1.3.1 Class SW-Pipe, single-welded with no addition of filler metal and

1.3.2 Class DW—Pipe, double-welded with no addition of filler metal.

1.4 Optional supplementary requirements are provided for pipe where a greater degree of testing is desired. These supplementary requirements call for additional tests to be made and, when desired, one or more of these may be specified in the order.

1.5 Table 1 lists the dimensions of welded stainless steel pipe as shown in ANSI B36.19. Pipe having other dimensions may be furnished provided such pipe complies with all other requirements of this specification.

1.6 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard. The inch-pound units shall apply unless the "M" designation of this specification is specified in the order.

<u>1.7 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.</u>

# 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

A262 Practices for Detecting Susceptibility to Intergranular Attack in Austenitic Stainless Steels

A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A480/A480M Specification for General Requirements for Flat-Rolled Stainless and Heat-Resisting Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products

A999/A999M Specification for General Requirements for Alloy and Stainless Steel Pipe

E213 Practice for Ultrasonic Testing of Metal Pipe and Tubing

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.10 on Stainless and Alloy Steel Tubular Products.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

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#### TABLE 1 Dimensions of Welded and Seamless Stainless Steel Pipe<sup>A</sup>

NOTE 1-Table 1 is based on Table number 1 of the American National Standard for Stainless Steel Pipe (ANSI B36.19-1965).

NOTE 2—The decimal thickness listed for the respective pipe sizes represents their nominal or average wall dimensions.

NPS Desig- — nator	Outside E	Diameter	Nominal Wall Thickness								
	in.		Schedule 5S <sup>B</sup>		Schedule	10S <sup>B</sup>	Schedu	le 40S	Schedule 80S		
		mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	
1/8	0.405	10.29			0.049 <sup>C</sup>	1.24	0.068	1.73	0.095	2.41	
1/4	0.540	13.72			0.065 <sup>C</sup>	1.65	0.088	2.24	0.119	3.02	
3/8	0.675	17.15			0.065 <sup>C</sup>	1.65	0.091	2.31	0.126	3.20	
1/2	0.840	21.34	0.065 <sup>C</sup>	1.65	0.083 <sup>C</sup>	2.11	0.109	2.77	0.147	3.73	
3/4	1.050	26.67	0.065 <sup>C</sup>	1.65	0.083 <sup>C</sup>	2.11	0.113	2.87	0.154	3.91	
1.0	1.315	33.40	0.065 <sup>C</sup>	1.65	0.109 <sup>C</sup>	2.77	0.133	3.38	0.179	4.55	
<b>1</b> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	1.660	42.16	0.065 <sup>C</sup>	1.65	0.109 <sup>C</sup>	2.77	0.140	3.56	0.191	4.85	
<b>1</b> 1/2	1.900	48.26	0.065 <sup>C</sup>	1.65	0.109 <sup>C</sup>	2.77	0.145	3.68	0.200	5.08	
2	2.375	60.33	0.065 <sup>C</sup>	1.65	0.109 <sup>C</sup>	2.77	0.154	3.91	0.218	5.54	
21/2	2.875	73.03	0.083	2.11	0.120 <sup>C</sup>	3.05	0.203	5.16	0.276	7.01	
3	3.500	88.90	0.083	2.11	0.120 <sup>C</sup>	3.05	0.216	5.49	0.300	7.62	
31/2	4.000	101.60	0.083	2.11	0.120 <sup>C</sup>	3.05	0.226	5.74	0.318	8.08	
4	4.500	114.30	0.083	2.11	0.120 <sup>C</sup>	3.05	0.237	6.02	0.337	8.56	
5	5.563	141.30	0.109 <sup>C</sup>	2.77	0.134 <sup>C</sup>	3.40	0.258	6.55	0.375	9.52	
6	6.625	168.28	0.109	2.77	0.134 <sup>C</sup>	3.40	0.280	7.11	0.432	10.97	
8	8.625	219.08	0.109 <sup>C</sup>	2.77	0.148 <sup>C</sup>	3.76	0.322	8.18	0.500	12.70	
10	10.750	273.05	0.134 <sup><i>C</i></sup>	3.40	0.165 <sup>C</sup>	4.19	0.365	9.27	0.500 <sup>C</sup>	12.70 <sup>C</sup>	
12	12.750	323.85	0.156 <sup>C</sup>	3.96	0.180 <sup>C</sup>	4.57	0.375 <sup>C</sup>	9.52 <sup>C</sup>	0.500 <sup>C</sup>	12.70 <sup>C</sup>	
14	14.000	355.60	0.156 <sup>C</sup>	3.96	0.188	4.78					
16	16.000	406.40	0.165 <sup>C</sup>	4.19	0.188	4.78					
18	18.000	457.20	0.165 <sup>C</sup>	4.19	0.188	4.78					
20	20.000	508.00	0.188 <sup>C</sup>	4.78	0.218 <sup>C</sup>	5.54					
22	22.000	558.80	0.188 <sup>C</sup>	4.78	0.218 <sup>C</sup>	5.54					
24	24.000	609.60	0.218 <sup>C</sup>	5.54	0.250	6.35					
30	30.000	762.00	0.250	6.35	0.312	7.92	· · · ·				

<sup>A</sup>For pipe sizes not listed, the dimensions and tolerances shall be by agreement between the purchaser and producer.

<sup>B</sup>Schedules 5S and 10S wall thicknesses do not permit threading in accordance with the American National Standard for Pipe Threads (ANSI B1.20.1).

<sup>c</sup>These do not conform to the American National Standard for Welded and Seamless Wrought Steel Pipe (ANSI B36.10-1979).

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E381 Method of Macroetch Testing Steel Bars, Billets, Blooms, and Forgings

E426 Practice for Electromagnetic (Eddy Current) Examination of Seamless and Welded Tubular Products, Titanium, Austenitic Stainless Steel and Similar Alloys

E527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System (UNS)

https 2.2 ANSI Standards:<sup>3</sup> atalog/standards/astm/fdd946f8-6b23-4ff1-8976-cfdc8f4b0137/astm-a813-a813m-142019 B1.20.1 Pipe Threads, General Purpose

**B31.3** Chemical Plant and Refinery Piping Code

B36.10 Welded and Seamless Wrought Steel Pipe

**B36.19** Stainless Steel Pipe

2.3 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code:

Section VIII Division 1, Pressure Vessels<sup>4</sup>

2.4 Other Standard:

SAE J1086 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys (UNS)<sup>5</sup>

SNT-TC-1A Personnel Qualification and Certification in Nondestructive Testing<sup>6</sup>

## 3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for material under this specification should include the following as required, to describe the desired material adequately:

3.1.1 Quantity (feet, centimetres, or number of lengths),

3.1.2 Name of material (austenitic steel pipe),

3.1.3 Class (1.3). If not specified by the purchaser, the producer shall have the option to furnish either single-welded (SW) or double-welded (DW) pipe,

3.1.4 Grade (Table 2),

<sup>4</sup> Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Two Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, http:// www.asme.org.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Available from Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, http://www.sae.org.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Available from American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT), P.O. Box 28518, 1711 Arlingate Ln., Columbus, OH 43228-0518, http://www.asnt.org.

**TABLE 2 Chemical Requirements** 

		Composition, %															
Grade	UNS Desig- nation <sup>A</sup>	Carbon, max <sup>B</sup>	Manga- nese, max <sup>B</sup>	Phos- phorus, max	Sulfur, max	Silicon	Nickel	Chromium	Molyb- denum	Titanium	Colum- bium	Tanta- lum, max	Nitrogen <sup>C</sup>	Vanadium	Copper	Cerium	Cobalt
TP201 <sup>D</sup>	S20100	0.15	5.5–7.5	0.060	0.030	1.00	3.5–5.5	16.0–18.0					0.25				
TP201LN <sup>D</sup>	S20153	0.03	6.4–7.5	0.045	0.015	0.75	4.0–5.0	16.0–17.5					0.10-0.25		1.00		
TP304	S30400	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	8.0–11.0	18.0–20.0									
TP304H	S30409	0.04-0.10	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	8.0–11.0	18.0–20.0									
TP304L	S30403	0.030 <sup>E</sup>	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	8.0–12.0	18.0–20.0									
TP304N	S30451	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	8.0–11.0	18.0–20.0					0.10-0.16				
TP304LN	S30453	0.030	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	8.0–11.0	18.0–20.0					0.10-0.16				
TP309Cb	S30940	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	12.0–16.0	22.0–24.0			10 × C						
											min, 1.10 max						
TP309S	S30908	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	12.0-15.0	22 0-24 0									
TP310Cb	S31040	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	19.0-22.0				10 × C						
11 31005	001040	0.00	2.00	0.043	0.000	1.00 max	13.0-22.0	24.0-20.0			min,						
											1.10 max						
TP310S	S31008	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	19 0-22 0	24.0-26.0									
TP316	S31600	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	10.0-14.0		2.00-3.00								
TP316H	S31609	0.04-0.10	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max		16.0-18.0	2.00-3.00	ord							
TP316L	S31603	0.030 <sup>E</sup>	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max		16.0-18.0	2.00-3.00	laru							
TP316N	S31651	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max		16.0-18.0	2.00-3.00				0.10-0.16				
TP316LN	S31653	0.030 <sup>E</sup>	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	10.0-13.0		2.00-3.00		tal		0.10-0.16				
TP317	S31700	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030		11.0-15.0		3.0-4.0	U.S.I	leil.						
TP317L	S31703	0.030	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	11.0-15.0	18.0-20.0	3.0-4.0								
	S31727	0.030	1.00	0.030	0.030				3.8-4.5				0.15-0.21		2.8-4.0		
	S32053	0.030	1.00	0.030	0.010	1.00 max	24.0-26.0	22.0-24.0	5.0-6.0	revi	e.w		0.17-0.22				
TP321	S32100	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	9.00-12.0	17.0-19.0		F							
TP321H	S32109	0.04-0.10	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	9.00-12.0	17.0-19.0		G							
TP347	S34700	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	9.00-12.0	17.0-19.0			н						
TP347H	S34709	0.04-0.10	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	9.00-12.0	17.0-19.0	(A813M	-14(2019	9) /						
TP348	S34800	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	9.00-12.0	17.0-19.0	tolan/sto	ndarda/a	H	0.10					0.20 max
TP348H	S34809	0.04-0.10	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	9.00-12.0	17.0-19.0	talog/sta	liuai us/a	sum/rac	0.10					0.20 max
TPXM-10	S21900	0.08	8.0–10.0	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	5.5-7.5	19.0-21.5	£4b0137/	astm-a8	13-a81		0.15-0.40				
TPXM-11	S21903	0.04	8.0–10.0	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	5.5-7.5	19.0-21.5	42010				0.15-0.40				
TPXM-15	S38100	0.08	2.00	0.030	0.030	1.50-2.50	17.5–18.5	17.0–19.0	42019								
TPXM-19	S20910	0.06	4.0-6.0	0.045	0.030	1.00 max	11.5–13.5	20.5–23.5	1.50-3.00		0.10-0.30		0.20-0.40	0.10-0.30			
TPXM-29	S24000	0.08	11.5–14.5	0.060	0.030	1.00 max	2.3–3.7	17.0–19.0					0.20-0.40				
	S31254	0.020	1.00	0.030	0.010	0.80 max	17.5–18.5	19.5–20.5	6.0–6.5				0.18-0.22		0.50-1.00		
	S30815	0.05-0.10	0.80	0.040	0.030	1.40-2.00	10.0-12.0	20.0–22.0					0.14-0.20			0.03-0.08	
	N08367	0.030	2.00	0.040	0.030	1.00 max	23.5–25.5	20.0-22.0	6.0–7.0				0.18-0.25		0.75 max		
	S31266 <sup>J</sup>	0.030	2.00-4.00	0.035	0.020	1.00 max	21.0–24.0	23.0–25.0	5.2-6.2				0.35-0.60		1.00-2.50		

<sup>A</sup>New designation established in accordance with ASTM E527 and SAE J1086 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys (UNS). <sup>B</sup>Maximum, unless otherwise indicated.

<sup>C</sup>The method of analysis for nitrogen shall be a matter of agreement between the purchaser and manufacturer.

<sup>p</sup>TP 201 and TP 201LN may work harden significantly due to martensite formation during deformation. Caution should be used if these grades are ordered in the HT-0 condition.

<sup>E</sup>For small diameter or thin walls or both, where many drawing passes are required, a carbon maximum of 0.040 % is necessary in grades TP304L and TP316L. Small outside diameter tubes are defined as those less than 0.500 in. [12.7 mm] in outside diameter and light wall tubes as those less than 0.049 in. [1.2 mm] in average wall thickness (0.044 in. [1 mm] in minimum wall thickness).

<sup>P</sup>The titanium content shall be not less than five times the carbon content and not more than 0.70 %.

<sup>G</sup>The titanium content shall be not less than four times the carbon content and not more than 0.70 %.

"The columbium plus tantalum content shall be not less than ten times the carbon content and not more than 1.0 %.

The columbium plus tantalum content shall be not less than eight times the carbon content and not more than 1.10 %.

<sup>J</sup>For S31266, W = 1.50–2.50.

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3.1.5 Size (NPS or outside diameter and schedule number or average wall thickness),

3.1.6 Length (specific or random), (Section 9),

3.1.7 End finish (section on Ends of Specification A999/A999M),

3.1.8 Optional requirements (hydrostatic or nondestructive electric test, Section 13,) (Supplementary Requirements S1 to S6),

3.1.9 Test report required (Section on Certification of Specification A999/A999M),

3.1.10 Specification number, and

3.1.11 Special requirements or exceptions to the specification.

# 4. Materials and Manufacture

# 4.1 Manufacture:

4.1.1 The pipe shall be made by a machine-welding or an automatic-welding process, welding from one or both sides and producing full penetration welds with no addition of filler metal in the welding operation.

4.1.2 Weld repairs, with the addition of compatible filler metal, may be made to the weld joint in accordance with the requirements of the section on Repair by Welding of Specification A999/A999M.

4.1.3 The pipe shall be pickled free of scale. When bright annealing is used, pickling is not necessary.

4.2 Heat Treatment:

4.2.1 Except as provided in 4.2.6 and 4.2.7, all pipe shall be furnished in the heat-treated condition, except pipe sizes over NPS 6 may be furnished in the unheat-treated condition when specified in the order. When the pipe is furnished without final heat treatment, each pipe shall be marked HT-O and when a material test report for such pipe is furnished to the purchaser, the report shall indicate that the pipe has not been heat-treated. The heat-treatment procedure, except for H grades, N08367, and S31254, shall consist of heating the pipe to a minimum temperature of 1900 °F [1040 °C] and quenching in water or rapidly cooling by other means.

4.2.2 All H grades shall be furnished in the solution-treated condition. If cold working is involved in processing, the minimum solution treating temperature for Grades TP321H, TP347H, and TP348H shall be 2000 °F [1100 °C] and for Grades TP304H and TP316H, 1900 °F [1040 °C]. If the H Grade is hot rolled, the minimum solution treating temperatures for Grades TP321H, TP347H, and TP348H shall be <del>1925 °F 1925 °F [1050 °C]</del>, and for Grades TP304H and TP316H, <del>1900 °F [1040 °C].</del><u>1900 °F [1040 °C]</u>.

4.2.3 The heat-treatment procedure for S31254 shall consist of heating the pipe to a minimum temperature of 2100 °F  $\frac{1150}{C}$  [1150 °C] and quenching in water or rapidly cooling by other means.

4.2.4 S31727 and S32053 shall be heat treated 1975 to 2155 °F 2155 °F [1080 to 1180 °C] 1180 °C] followed by quenching in water or rapidly cooling by other means.

4.2.5 UNS N08367 should be solution annealed from 2025 °F [1107 °C] 2025 °F [1107 °C] minimum followed by rapid quenching.

4.2.6 Except for H Grades and S31254, pipe sizes over NPS 6 may be furnished in the unheat-treated condition when specified in the order.

4.2.7 H Grades and S31254 in pipe sizes NPS 6 may be furnished in the unheat-treated condition when specified in the order, provided the heat treatment of 4.2.2 or 4.2.3, as applicable, is applied by the purchaser.

4.2.8 When the pipe is furnished without final heat treatment, each pipe shall be marked HT-O and when a material test report for such pipe is furnished to the purchaser, the report shall indicate that the pipe has not been heat-treated.

#### 5. Chemical Composition

5.1 The steel shall conform to the chemical composition in Table 2.

5.2 When specified on the purchase order, a product analysis shall be supplied from one tube or coil of steel per heat. The product analysis tolerance of Specification A480/A480M shall apply.

#### 6. Product Analysis

6.1 At the request of the purchaser, an analysis of one length of flat-rolled stock from each heat, or one pipe from each lot shall be made by the manufacturer. A lot of pipe shall consist of the following number of lengths of the same size and wall thickness from any one heat of steel.

NPS Number	Lengths of Pipe in Lot
Under 2	400 or fraction thereof
2 to 5 inclusive	200 or fraction thereof
6 and over	100 or fraction thereof

6.2 The results of these analyses shall be reported to the purchaser or his representative, and shall conform to the requirements specified in Section 5.

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6.3 If the analysis of one of the tests specified in 6.1 does not conform to the requirements specified in Section 5, an analysis of each length of flat-rolled stock from each heat or pipe from the same heat or lot may be made, and all pipe conforming to the requirements shall be accepted.

6.4 For referee purposes, Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A751 shall be used.

# 7. Tensile Requirements

7.1 The tensile properties of the material shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 3.

## 8. Permissible Variations in Dimensions

8.1 Permissible variations in dimensions shall not exceed the following at any point in each length of pipe.

8.1.1 *Specified Diameter*—The outside diameter shall be based on circumferential measurement and shall not exceed the tolerances stated as follows:

8.1.1.1 For sizes up to and including NPS 11/4,  $\pm 0.010$  in. [ $\pm 0.25$  mm],

8.1.1.2 For sizes NPS  $1\frac{1}{2}$  up to and including NPS 6,  $\pm 0.020$  in. [ $\pm 0.5$  mm],

8.1.1.3 For sizes NPS 8 up to and including NPS 18,  $\pm 0.030$  in. [ $\pm 0.75$  mm],

8.1.1.4 For sizes NPS 20 up to and including NPS 24,  $\pm 0.040$  in. [ $\pm 1$  mm], and

8.1.1.5 For sizes NPS 30,  $\pm 0.050$  in. [ $\pm 1.25$  mm].

8.1.1.6 Outside diameter tolerances closer than shown above may be obtained by agreement between the pipe manufacturer and purchaser.

8.1.2 *Out-of-Roundness*—The difference between the major and the minor outside diameter shall not be more than 1.5 % of the specified outside diameter.

8.1.3 *Alignment (Camber)*—Using a 10-ft [3.0-m] straightedge placed so that both ends are in contact with the pipe, the camber shall not be more than  $\frac{3}{16}$  in. [4.8 mm].

		Tensile	Yield	
ILLOS	UNS	Strength,	Strength,	
Grade	Designation	min	min	
	anman	ksi [MPa]	ksi [MPa]	
TP201	S20100	75 [515]	38 [260]	
TP201LN	S20153	95 [665]	45 [310]	
TP304L	S30403	70 [485]	25 [170]	
TP316L	STN S31603	70 [485]	010) 25 [170]	
TP304	S30400	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP304H rds/as	S30409	662375 [515]	8976- <b>30</b> [205] 4b0137/astm-a813-a813m-1420	
TP309Cb	S30940	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP309S	S30908	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP310Cb	S31040	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP310S	S31008	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP316 TP316H	S31600	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP3166 TP317	S31609 S31700	75 [515] 75 [515]	30 [205] 30 [205]	
TP317L	S31700	75 [515]	30 [205]	
	S31703	80 [550]	36 [245]	
	S32053	93 [640]	43 [295]	
TP321	S32100	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP321H	S32109	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP347	S34700	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP347H	S34709	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP348	S34800	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP348H	S34809	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TPXM-10	S21900	90 [620]	50 [345]	
TPXM-11	S21903	90 [620]	50 [345]	
TPXM-15	S38100	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TPXM-29	S24000	100 [690]	55 [380]	
TPXM-19	S20910	100 [690]	55 [380]	
TP304N	S30451	80 [550]	35 [240]	
TP316N	S31651	80 [550]	35 [240]	
TP304LN	S30453	75 [515]	30 [205]	
TP316LN	S31653	75 [515]	30 [205]	
	S31254	94 [650]	44 [300]	
	S30815	87 [600]	45 [310]	
	N08367			
	$t \leq 0.187$	100 [690]	45 [310]	
	t > 0.187	95 [655]	45 [310]	
	S31266	109 [750]	61 [420]	

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8.1.4 *Thickness*—The wall thickness at any point in the pipe excluding the weld, shall not be more than 12 % under or over the nominal thickness for wall thickness less than 0.188 in. [4.8 mm] 0.188 in. [4.8 mm] and not more than 0.030 in. [0.8 mm] 0.030 in. [0.8 mm] under or over the nominal thickness for wall thickness of the nominal thickness of the nominal thickness is permitted on each of the inside and outside surfaces of the pipe.

#### 9. Lengths

9.1 Pipe lengths shall be in accordance with the following regular practice:

9.1.1 Unless otherwise agreed upon, all sizes up to and including NPS 8 are available in a length up to 24 ft (Note 2) with the permissible range of 15 to 24 ft (Note 2). Short lengths are acceptable and the number and minimum length shall be agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

NOTE 2—The value(s) applies when the inch-pound designation of this specification is the basis of purchase. When the "M" designation of this specification is the basis of purchase, the corresponding metric value(s) shall be agreed upon between the manufacturer and purchaser.

9.1.2 If definite cut lengths are desired, the lengths required shall be specified in the order. No pipe shall be under the specified length and not more than  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. [6 mm] over that specified.

## 10. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

10.1 The finished pipes shall be free of injurious imperfections and shall have a workmanlike finish. Minor imperfections may be removed by grinding, provided the wall thicknesses are not decreased to less than that permitted in Section 8.

#### 11. Examination of Double-Welded Pipe

11.1 Both ends of each double-welded (Class DW) pipe shall be visually examined to determine that complete fusion was attained between the two welds. In lieu of examining the ends of the pipe, this examination may be performed on cropped ends removed from both ends of each double welded pipe.

#### 12. Mechanical Tests Required

12.1 *Transverse or Longitudinal Tension Test*—One tension test shall be made on a specimen for lots of not more than 100 pipes. Tension tests shall be made on specimens from two tubes for lots of more than 100 pipes. Pipe size greater than NPS 6 shall be tested using the transverse tension test with the weld centered in the gauge length of the test specimen. Test specimens shall be taken from the pipe or test plates of the same material as the pipe, the test plates being attached to the end of the cylinder and welded as prolongation of the pipe longitudinal weld seam.

NOTE 3—The term lot, for mechanical tests, applies to all pipe of the same nominal size and wall thickness (or schedule) which is produced from the same heat of steel and subjected to the same finishing treatment: (1) in a continuous heat-treatment furnace, or (2) in a batch-type heat-treatment furnace, equipped with recording pyrometers and automatically controlled within a 50 °F [30 °C] range, the larger of: (*a*) each 200 ft [60 m] or fraction thereof or (*b*) that pipe heat treated in the same batch furnace charge.

12.2 *Flattening Test*—For material heat treated in a batch-type furnace, flattening tests shall be made on 5 % of the pipe from each heat-treated lot. For material heat treated by the continuous process, this test shall be made on a sufficient number of pipe to constitute 5 % of the lot, but in no case less than two lengths of pipe.

12.2.1 For pipe where the diameter equals or exceeds NPS 10, a transverse-guided face bend test of the weld may be conducted instead of a flattening test in accordance with the method outlined in the steel tubular product supplement of Test Methods and Definitions A370. The ductility of the weld shall be considered acceptable when there is no evidence of cracks in the weld or between the weld and the base metal after bending. Test specimens from 5 % of the lot shall be taken from the pipe or test plates of the same material as the pipe, the test plates being attached to the end of the cylinder and welded as a prolongation of the pipe longitudinal seam.

# 13. Hydrostatic or Nondestructive Electric Test

13.1 Each pipe shall be subjected to the nondestructive electric test or the hydrostatic test. The type of test to be used shall be at the option of the manufacturer, unless otherwise specified in the purchase order.

13.2 The hydrostatic test shall be in accordance with Specification A999/A999M.

13.3 *Nondestructive Examination*—Each pipe shall be examined with a nondestructive test in accordance with Practice E213, or E426. Unless specifically called out by the purchaser, the selection of the nondestructive electric test will be at the option of the manufacturer. The range of pipe sizes that may be examined by each method shall be subject to the limitations in the scope of the respective practices.

13.3.1 The following information is for the benefit of the user of this specification:

13.3.1.1 The reference standards defined in 13.9.1 - 13.9.4 are convenient standards for calibration of nondestructive testing equipment. The dimensions of these standards should not be construed as the minimum size imperfection detectable by such equipment.