



Designation: D5032 – 19

Standard Practice for Maintaining Constant Relative Humidity by Means of Aqueous Glycerin Solutions¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D5032; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

1. Scope

1.1 This practice describes a method for obtaining constant relative humidity ranging from 30 to 98 % at temperatures ranging from 0 to 70°C in relatively small containers by means of an aqueous glycerin solution.

1.2 This practice is applicable for closed systems such as environmental conditioning containers.

1.3 This practice is not recommended for the generation of continuous (flowing) streams of constant humidity unless precautionary criteria are followed to ensure source stability.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.5 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing

D6054 Practice for Conditioning Electrical Insulating Materials for Testing (Withdrawn 2012)³

E104 Practice for Maintaining Constant Relative Humidity by Means of Aqueous Solutions

2.2 Other Documents:

DIN50008 Constant Climates over Aqueous Solutions⁴

Part 1: Saturated Salt and Glycerol Solutions

Part 2: Sulfuric Acid Solutions (1981)

3. Summary of Practice

3.1 Controlled relative humidity environments are generated using mixtures of glycerin and water.

3.2 Practice **E104** contains methods for maintaining constant relative humidity environments using aqueous saturated salt solutions or various strength sulfuric acid-water systems.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Controlled relative humidity environments are important for conditioning materials for shelf-life studies or for investigating the change in physical or dielectric properties after exposure.

4.2 The use of aqueous-glycerin solutions reduces the possibility of contamination of the materials or corrosion of electrode systems which would be more likely to result from saturated salt or acid water solutions.

4.3 Applicable material specifications shall state the exposure conditions, including time, temperature and relative humidity that a material is to be subjected to before subsequent testing. Typical conditions are given in Practice **D618** or **D6054**.

5. Apparatus

5.1 *Container*, airtight, of a material not acted upon by copper sulfate (or with the glycerin solution contained in a tray made of a material not acted upon by copper sulfate).

5.2 *Refract meter*, covering the range of 1.33 to 1.47 (sodium) with an accuracy of 0.0003.

6. Glycerin Solution

6.1 Use a good industrial grade of glycerin (“high gravity” and “dynamite” grades have been found to be satisfactory) in

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee **D09** on Electrical and Electronic Insulating Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee **D09.12** on Electrical Tests.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard’s Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁴ Available from *Deutsches Institut für Normung*, 4-10 Burggrabenstrasse Postfach 1107, D-1000 Berlin, Germany. Also available from American National Standards Institute, 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036..