

Edition 2.0 2019-04

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 5-23: Application layer service definition – Type 23 elements (Standards.iteh.ai)

IEC 61158-5-23:2019 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a820113d-4d66-4508-b07c-35c092e136a6/iec-61158-5-23-2019





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## CONTENTS

	FUREWURD					
IN	INTRODUCTION					
1	Scop	e	8			
	1.1	General	8			
	1.2	Specifications	9			
	1.3	Conformance	9			
2	Norm	ative references	9			
3	Term	s, definitions, symbols, abbreviated terms and conventions	. 10			
	3.1	Referenced terms and definitions				
	3.1.1	ISO/IEC 7498-1 terms				
	3.1.2					
	3.1.3	ISO/IEC 9545 terms				
	3.1.4	ISO/IEC 8824-1 terms				
	3.1.5					
	3.2	Additional Type 23 terms and definitions				
	3.3	Symbols and abbreviated terms				
	3.4	Conventions				
	3.4.1					
	3.4.2	General conventions  Conventions for class definitions  DPREVEW	. 15			
	3.4.3					
4	Conc	ept	. 17			
5		type ASE <u>IEC 61158-5-23:2019</u>				
Ū	E 1	https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a820113d-4d66-4508-b07c-	47			
	5.2	Fixed length types. 35c092e136a6/iec-61158-5-23-2019	12			
	5.2.1	Bitstring types				
	5.2.2					
6	-	nunication model specification				
Ū	6.1 Communication model					
	6.1.1	General				
	6.1.2	Cyclic model n:n				
	6.1.3	Cyclic model 1:n				
	6.1.4	Transient model				
		ASE				
	6.2.1	Overview type C				
	6.2.2	••				
	6.2.3	71				
	6.2.4	Cyclic data ASE type F				
	6.2.5	Acyclic data ASE type C				
	6.2.6	Acyclic data ASE type F				
	6.2.7	•				
	6.2.8	Synchronization ASE				
	6.2.9	·				
		AR type C				
	6.3.1	Overview				
	6.3.2					
	6.3.3					
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-			

6.3.4	Acyclic transmission type C	68
6.3.5	Common parameter dist	70
6.4 AR	type F	75
6.4.1	Overview	
6.4.2	Channel control	
6.4.3	Cyclic transmission type F	
6.4.4	Acyclic transmission type F	
6.4.5	Parameter dist	
6.4.6	Synchronous trigger	
6.4.7	Measurement transmission	
Bibliography		94
Figure 1 – Cyc	clic model (n:n type distributed shared memory, unconfirmed push model)	24
Figure 2 – Cyc	clic model (1:n type distributed shared memory, unconfirmed push model)	24
Figure 3 – Tra	nsient model (Client server model)	24
Figure 4 – Tra	nsient model (Push model)	25
Figure 5 – Str	ucture of ASE type C of FAL type 23	25
Figure 6 – Str	ucture of ASE type F of FAL Type 23	25
Figure 7 – Str	ucture of AR type C	62
Figure 8 – Str	ucture of Artype FTANDARD PREVIEW	75
. iguro o our	(standards.iteh.ai)	
Table 1 – Ld s	service parameters	27
Table 2 – Set	service parameters IEC 61158-5-23:2019	27
Table 3 – Res	service parameters IEC 61158-5-23:2019 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a820113d-4d66-4508-b07c- et service parameters	27
Table 4 – Rea	d service parameters	28
Table 5 – Writ	e service parameters	28
Table 6 – Ld s	service parameters	29
Table 7 – Set	service parameters	30
	et service parameters	30
	d service parameters	
	ite service parameters	
	service parameters	
	t service parameters	
	eset service parameters	
	ad service parameters	
	ite service parameters	
	et memory access info service parameters	
	n service parameters	
Table 18 – Sto	op service parameters	40
Table 19 – Re	ad memory service parameters	41
Table 20 – Wr	ite memory service parameters	42
Table 21 – Ge	et memory access info service parameters	44
Table 22 – Ru	ın service parameters	45
	on service parameters	46

Table 24 – Read memory service parameters	47
Table 25 – Write memory service parameters	48
Table 26 – Vendor command service parameters	49
Table 27 – Distribute node info service parameters	50
Table 28 – Get statistics service parameters	51
Table 29 – Get node info detail service parameters	53
Table 30 – AC data service parameters	55
Table 31 – AC data ND service parameters	56
Table 32 – Get attribute service parameters	57
Table 33 – Set attribute service parameters	58
Table 34 – Synchronization trigger service parameters	59
Table 35 – Start measurement service parameters	60
Table 36 – Get offset service parameters	61
Table 37 – Control cyclic service parameters	66
Table 38 – CT Update service parameters	67
Table 39 – AC Send service parameters	68
Table 40 – AC Param send service parameters	70
Table 41 – CPD Set service parameters  Table 42 – Control cyclic service parameters	74
Table 42 – Control cyclic service parameters	82
Table 43 – CT Update service parameters and sitch ai	
Table 44 – AC Send service parameters	84
Table 45 – AC Send ND service parameters	86
Table 46 – Synchronous trigger internal service parameters 19	90
Table 47 – Measure send service parameters	91
Table 48 – MeasureAck send service parameters	92
Table 49 – Offset send service parameters	92
Table 50 – Update send service parameters	93

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# INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

# Part 5-23: Application layer service definition – Type 23 elements

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NOTE Combinations of protocol types are specified in IEC 61784-1 and IEC 61784-2.

International Standard IEC 61158-5-23 has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Industrial networks, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2014. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

addition of an attribute for Master ID (see 3.2.10, 6.4.3, 6.4.4 and 6.4.5).

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
65C/947/FDIS	65C/950/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all the parts of the IEC 61158 series, published under the general title Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or andards.iteh.ai)
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a820113d-4d66-4508-b07c-35c092e136a6/iec-61158-5-23-2019

#### INTRODUCTION

This document is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the "three-layer" fieldbus reference model described in IEC 61158-1.

The application service is provided by the application protocol making use of the services available from the data-link or other immediately lower layer. This document defines the application service characteristics that fieldbus applications and/or system management may exploit.

Throughout the set of fieldbus standards, the term "service" refers to the abstract capability provided by one layer of the OSI Basic Reference Model to the layer immediately above. Thus, the application layer service defined in this document is a conceptual architectural service, independent of administrative and implementation divisions.

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# INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

# Part 5-23: Application layer service definition – Type 23 elements

#### 1 Scope

#### 1.1 General

The Fieldbus Application Layer (FAL) provides user programs with a means to access the fieldbus communication environment. In this respect, the FAL can be viewed as a "window between corresponding application programs".

This part of IEC 61158 provides common elements for basic time-critical and non-time-critical messaging communications between application programs in an automation environment and material specific to Type 12 fieldbus. The term "time-critical" is used to represent the presence of a time-window, within which one or more specified actions are required to be completed with some defined level of certainty. Failure to complete specified actions within the time window risks failure of the applications requesting the actions, with attendant risk to equipment, plant and possibly human life. DARD PREVIEW

This International Standard defines in an abstract way the externally visible service provided by the different Types of the fieldbus Application Layer in terms of

- a) an abstract model for defining application resources (objects) capable of being manipulated by users via the use of the FAL service
- b) the primitive actions and events of the service;
- c) the parameters associated with each primitive action and event, and the form which they take; and
- d) the interrelationship between these actions and events, and their valid sequences.

The purpose of this document is to define the services provided to

- a) the FAL user at the boundary between the user and the Application Layer of the Fieldbus Reference Model, and
- b) Systems Management at the boundary between the Application Layer and Systems Management of the Fieldbus Reference Model.

This document specifies the structure and services of the IEC Fieldbus Application Layer, in conformance with the OSI Basic Reference Model (ISO/IEC 7498-1) and the OSI Application Layer Structure (ISO/IEC 9545).

FAL services and protocols are provided by FAL application-entities (AE) contained within the application processes. The FAL AE is composed of a set of object-oriented Application Service Elements (ASEs) and a Layer Management Entity (LME) that manages the AE. The ASEs provide communication services that operate on a set of related application process object (APO) classes. One of the FAL ASEs is a management ASE that provides a common set of services for the management of the instances of FAL classes.

Although these services specify, from the perspective of applications, how request and responses are issued and delivered, they do not include a specification of what the requesting and responding applications are to do with them. That is, the behavioral aspects of the applications are not specified; only a definition of what requests and responses they can

send/receive is specified. This permits greater flexibility to the FAL users in standardizing such object behavior. In addition to these services, some supporting services are also defined in this document to provide access to the FAL to control certain aspects of its operation.

#### 1.2 Specifications

The principal objective of this document is to specify the characteristics of conceptual application layer services suitable for time-critical communications, and thus supplement the OSI Basic Reference Model in guiding the development of application layer protocols for time-critical communications.

A secondary objective is to provide migration paths from previously-existing industrial communications protocols. It is this latter objective which gives rise to the diversity of services standardized as the various Types of IEC 61158, and the corresponding protocols standardized in subparts of IEC 61158-6.

This specification may be used as the basis for formal Application Programming-Interfaces. Nevertheless, it is not a formal programming interface, and any such interface will need to address implementation issues not covered by this specification, including

- a) the sizes and octet ordering of various multi-octet service parameters, and
- b) the correlation of paired request and confirm, or indication and response, primitives.

#### 1.3 Conformance

This document does not specify individual implementations or products, nor does it constrain the implementations of application layer entities within industrial automation systems.

There is no conformance of equipment to this application layer service definition standard. Instead, conformance is achieved through implementation of conforming application layer protocols that fulfill any given Type of application layer services as defined in this document.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE All parts of the IEC 61158 series, as well as IEC 61784-1 and IEC 61784-2 are maintained simultaneously. Cross-references to these documents within the text therefore refer to the editions as dated in this list of normative references.

IEC 61158-1:2019, Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 1: Overview and guidance for the IEC 61158 and IEC 61784 series

IEC 61158-6 (all parts), Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 6: Application layer protocol specification

 $ISO/IEC\ 646$ , Information technology —  $ISO\ 7-bit\ coded\ character\ set\ for\ information\ interchange$ 

ISO/IEC 7498-1, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model

ISO/IEC 8822, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Presentation service definition

**- 10 -**

ISO/IEC 8824-1, Information technology - Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation

ISO/IEC 9545, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Application Layer structure

ISO/IEC 10731, Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic Reference Model - Conventions for the definition of OSI services

#### Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviated terms and conventions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

#### 3.1 Referenced terms and definitions

#### 3.1.1 ISO/IEC 7498-1 terms

FANDARD PREVIEW For the purposes of this document, the following terms given in ISO/IEC 7498-1 apply:

a) application entity

b) application process

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- c) application protocol/data uniteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a820113d-4d66-4508-b07c-
- 35c092e136a6/iec-61158-5-23-2019 d) application service element
- e) application entity invocation
- f) application process invocation
- g) application transaction
- h) real open system i) transfer syntax

#### ISO/IEC 8822 terms 3.1.2

For the purposes of this document, the following terms given in ISO/IEC 8822 apply:

- a) abstract syntax
- b) presentation context

#### ISO/IEC 9545 terms 3.1.3

For the purposes of this document, the following terms given in ISO/IEC 9545 apply:

- a) application-association
- b) application-context
- c) application context name
- d) application-entity-invocation
- e) application-entity-type
- f) application-process-invocation
- g) application-process-type

- h) application-service-element
- i) application control service element

#### 3.1.4 ISO/IEC 8824-1 terms

For the purposes of this document, the following terms given in ISO/IEC 8824-1 apply:

- a) object identifier
- b) type

#### 3.1.5 IEC 61158-1 terms

For the purposes of this document, the following terms given in IEC 61158-1 apply:

- a) DLL mapping protocol machine
- b) fieldbus application layer
- c) FAL service protocol machine
- d) protocol data unit

#### 3.2 Additional Type 23 terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 3.2.1

## cyclic transmission iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

transmission that is performed periodically used for the link device update (standards.iten.ai)

#### 3.2.2

#### intelligent device station

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node capable of performing dinbit data and word data cyclic dransmission and transient transmission with the master station, and transient transmission with slave stations, excluding remote I/O stations and having client functions and server functions during transient transmission

#### 3.2.3

#### link bit

link relay bit data that are shared by all the nodes through the cyclic transmission and is used as one bit unit shared memory of the n:n type

#### 3.2.4

#### link device

link bit, link word, link x and link y or RX, RY, RWr, and RWw

#### 3.2.5

#### link word

link register two octet unit data that are shared by all the nodes through the cyclic transmission and is used as two octet unit shared memory of the n:n type

#### 3.2.6

#### link x

link input received bit data that are transmitted from each node through the cyclic transmission and is used as an input shared memory of the 1:n type

#### 3.2.7

#### link y

link output bit data that are sent to each node through the cyclic transmission and is used as an output shared memory of the 1:n type

#### 3.2.8

#### local station

node capable of performing n:n bit data and word data cyclic transmission and transient transmission with the master station and other local stations, and transient transmission with slave stations, excluding remote I/O stations and having server functions and client functions during transient transmission

#### 3.2.9

#### management node

node in which parameters are set

#### 3.2.10

#### master ID

ID that represents the node number of the master station

#### 3.2.11

#### master station

node that has control information (parameters) and manages cyclic transmission

#### 3.2.12

#### node

element that forms a network and performs data transmission, reception, and transfer

#### 3.2.13

## node-to-node test iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

physical layer test between two nodes (Standards.iteh.ai)

#### 3.2.14

#### normal node

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node other than a management inode atalog/standards/sist/a820113d-4d66-4508-b07c-35c092e136a6/iec-61158-5-23-2019

#### 3.2.15

#### remote device station

node capable of performing 1:n bit data and word data cyclic transmission and transient transmission with the master station, and transient transmission with slave stations, excluding remote I/O stations and having server functions during transient transmission

#### 3.2.16

#### remote I/O station

node capable of performing 1:n bit data cyclic transmission with the master station

#### 3.2.17

#### reserve node

node that is not yet connected, but counted in the total node number of the network not performing cyclic transmission, but always regarded as normal from applications

#### 3.2.18

#### RX

remote input as viewed from the master station with bit data that are periodically updated by cyclic transmission, salve to master, or in local station as viewed from the master station is RY of the local station

#### 3.2.19

remote output as viewed from the master station with bit data that are periodically updated by cyclic transmission, master to salve, or in local station as viewed from the master station is RX of the local station

#### 3.2.20

#### **RWr**

remote register (input) as viewed from the master station with word data that are periodically updated by cyclic transmission, slave to master, or in local station as viewed from the master station is RWw of the local station

#### 3.2.21

#### **RWw**

remote register (output) as viewed from the master station with word data that are periodically updated by cyclic transmission, master to slave, or in local station as viewed from the master station is RWr of the local station

#### 3.2.22

#### slave station

node other than the master station

#### 3.2.23

#### station

node of a network

#### 3.2.24

#### synchronization manager

single node in a master station role per network that manages synchronization, distributing synchronization timing to other nodes

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#### transient transmission

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transmission that is performed upon each request

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#### 3.2.26 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a820113d-4d66-4508-b07c-

transient transmission client function 36a6/iec-61158-5-23-2019

function that issues a transient request

#### 3.2.27

#### transient transmission server function

function that receives a transient request and issues a response

#### 3.2.28

#### transmission control manager

single node in a master station role per network that performs token passing management

#### 3.2.29

#### word

unit representing data, 16 bits in length

#### 3.3 Symbols and abbreviated terms

AE Application Entity
AL Application Layer
AP Application Process

APDU Application Protocol Data Unit
APO Application Process Object
AR Application Relationship

AREP Application Relationship Endpoint
ASE Application Service Element
ASN.1 Abstract Syntax Notation 1