

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications –
Part 5-25: Application layer service definition – Type 25 elements**

**Réseaux de communication industriels – Spécifications des bus de terrain –
Partie 5-25: Définition des services de la couche application – Éléments
de type 25**





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INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
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COMMISSION
ELECTROTECHNIQUE
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ICS 25.040.40; 35.100.70; 35.110

ISBN 978-2-8322-9143-6

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 FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –**
**Part 5-25: Application layer service definition –
 Type 25 elements**
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The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
65C/947/FDIS	65C/950/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61158 series, published under the general title *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

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INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 61158 is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the “three-layer” fieldbus reference model described in IEC 61158-1.

The application service is provided by the application protocol making use of the services available from the data-link or other immediately lower layer. This document defines the application service characteristics that fieldbus applications and/or system management may exploit.

Throughout the set of fieldbus standards, the term “service” refers to the abstract capability provided by one layer of the OSI Basic Reference Model to the layer immediately above. Thus, the application layer service defined in this document is a conceptual architectural service, independent of administrative and implementation divisions.

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INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 5-25: Application layer service definition – Type 25 elements

1 Scope

1.1 Overview

The fieldbus Application Layer (FAL) provides user programs with a means to access the fieldbus communication environment. In this respect, the FAL can be viewed as a “window between corresponding application programs.”

This International Standard provides common elements for basic time-critical and non-time-critical messaging communications between application programs in an automation environment and material specific to Type 25 fieldbus. The term “time-critical” is used to represent the presence of a time-window, within which one or more specified actions are required to be completed with some defined level of certainty. Failure to complete specified actions within the time window risks failure of the applications requesting the actions, with attendant risk to equipment, plant and possibly human life.

This document defines in an abstract way the externally visible service provided by the different Types of the fieldbus Application Layer in terms of

- a) an abstract model for defining application resources (objects) capable of being manipulated by users via the use of the FAL service;
- b) the primitive actions and events of the service;
- c) the parameters associated with each primitive action and event, and the form which they take; and
- d) the interrelationship between these actions and events, and their valid sequences.

The purpose of this document is to define the services provided to

- a) the FAL user at the boundary between the user and the Application Layer of the Fieldbus Reference Model, and
- b) Systems Management at the boundary between the Application Layer and Systems Management of the Fieldbus Reference Model.

This document specifies the structure and services of the IEC fieldbus Application Layer, in conformance with the OSI Basic Reference Model (ISO/IEC 7498-1) and the OSI Application Layer Structure (ISO/IEC 9545).

FAL services and protocols are provided by FAL application-entities (AE) contained within the application processes. The FAL AE is composed of a set of object-oriented Application Service Elements (ASEs) and a Layer Management Entity (LME) that manages the AE. The ASEs provide communication services that operate on a set of related application process object (APO) classes. One of the FAL ASEs is a management ASE that provides a common set of services for the management of the instances of FAL classes.

Although these services specify, from the perspective of applications, how request and responses are issued and delivered, they do not include a specification of what the requesting and responding applications are to do with them. That is, the behavioral aspects of the applications are not specified; only a definition of what requests and responses they

can send/receive is specified. This permits greater flexibility to the FAL users in standardizing such object behavior. In addition to these services, some supporting services are also defined in this document to provide access to the FAL to control certain aspects of its operation.

1.2 Specification

The principal objective of this document is to specify the characteristics of conceptual application layer services suitable for time-critical communications, and thus supplement the OSI Basic Reference Model in guiding the development of application layer protocols for time-critical communications.

A secondary objective is to provide migration paths from previously-existing industrial communications protocols. It is this latter objective which gives rise to the diversity of services standardized as the various Types of IEC 61158, and the corresponding protocols standardized in subparts of IEC 61158-6.

This specification may be used as the basis for formal Application Programming-Interfaces. Nevertheless, it is not a formal programming interface, and any such interface will need to address implementation issues not covered by this specification, including

- a) the sizes and octet ordering of various multi-octet service parameters, and
- b) the correlation of paired request and confirm, or indication and response, primitives.

1.3 Conformance **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

This document does not specify individual implementations or products, nor does it constrain the implementations of application layer entities within industrial automation systems.

There is no conformance of equipment to this application layer service definition standard. Instead, conformance is achieved through implementation of conforming application layer protocols that fulfill any given Type of application layer services as defined in this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE All parts of the IEC 61158 series, as well as IEC 61784-1 and IEC 61784-2 are maintained simultaneously. Cross-references to these documents within the text therefore refer to the editions as dated in this list of normative references.

IEC 61158-3-25:2019, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 3-25: Data-link layer service definition – Type 25 elements*

IEC 61158-6-25:2019, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 6-25: Application layer protocol specification – Type 25 elements*

ISO/IEC 7498-1, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model*

ISO/IEC 8822, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Presentation service definition*

ISO/IEC 9545, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Application Layer structure*

ISO/IEC 8824-1, *Information technology – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation*

ISO/IEC 10731, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Conventions for the definition of OSI services*

3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1 Referenced terms and definitions

3.1.1 ISO/IEC 7498-1 terms

For the purposes of this document, the following terms given in ISO/IEC 7498-1 apply:

- application entity;
- application process;
- application protocol data unit;
- application service element;
- application entity invocation;
- application process invocation;
- application transaction;
- real open system;
- transfer syntax.

3.1.2 ISO/IEC 8822 terms

For the purposes of this document, the following terms given in ISO/IEC 8822 apply:

- abstract syntax;
- presentation context.

3.1.3 ISO/IEC 9545 terms

For the purposes of this document, the following terms given in ISO/IEC 9545 apply:

- application-association;
- application-context;
- application context name;
- application-entity-invocation;
- application-entity-type;
- application-process-invocation;
- application-process-type;
- application-service-element;
- application control service element.

3.1.4 ISO/IEC 8824-1 terms

For the purposes of this document, the following terms given in ISO/IEC 8824-1 apply:

- a) object identifier;
- b) type.

3.2 Additional Type 25 terms and definitions

3.2.1

ADP message

message conveyed by an autonomous decentralized system protocol

3.2.2

alive-message

message reporting own node state, periodically transmitted

3.2.3

block

basic unit of data transferred in a cyclic communication, each having a size of 64 bytes

3.2.4

category N_f

category of an autonomous decentralized system protocol in type N with a full specification

3.2.5

category N_l

category of an autonomous decentralized system protocol in type N with a light weight specifications

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3.2.6

control communication

acyclic data communication for high time-critical applications in type S network

3.2.7

cyclic communication

periodic data communication for real-time communication

3.2.8

cyclic transfer memory

memory which is allocated to each node in the data field, which each node transmits periodically for the purpose of logical sharing of this memory area

3.2.9

data field

logical place through which specific data passes, corresponding to real networks

3.2.10

domain

administrative set consisting of multiple data fields

3.2.11

duplex LAN

two different network-paths between end nodes

3.2.12

equipment

physical hardware connected to the network

EXAMPLE Station, device, and server.

3.2.13

information communication

acyclic data communication for low time-critical application in type S network

3.2.14

logical node, node

equipment in data fields where an autonomous decentralized system's function is installed

3.2.15

message mode

identifier that indicates the uses of a message

EXAMPLE Online message or a test message.

3.2.16

multicast group

group of nodes belonging to a data field to determine whether to receive the same data from another node

3.2.17

node list

bit array structure of specifying a node to receive a request data

3.2.18

node mode

identifier that indicates the usage of a node

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EXAMPLE Online node or a test node.

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3.2.19

primary local area network

local area network (LAN) used in normal state in a duplex LAN system

3.2.20

priority control

transmission order control for the packets arrived from networks, according to the virtual local area network (VLAN)

3.2.21

ring control communication

control for the type S ring network using ring control (RCL) frames

3.2.22

remote control

control for other nodes connected to a network

3.2.23

secondary local area network

local area network (LAN) for backup of a primary LAN in a duplex LAN system

3.2.24

transaction code

information to identify the characteristics of the message within a protocol data unit

3.3 Symbols and abbreviations

ADP	Autonomous Decentralized Protocol
ADS-net	Autonomous Decentralized System - network
AE	Application Entity
AL	Application Layer
AP	Application Process
APDU	Application Protocol Data Unit
APO	Application Process Object
AR	Application Relationship
AREP	Application Relationship Endpoint
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
ASE	Application Service Element
ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation 1
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DF	Data Field
DFN	Data Field Number
DLL	Data-link Layer
DMN	DoMain Number
DMPM	DLL Mapping Protocol Machine
FAL	Fieldbus Application Layer
FSPM	FAL Service Protocol Machine
GMT	Greenwich Mean Time
IP	Internet Protocol
IPv4	Internet Protocol version 4
IPv6	Internet Protocol version 6
LAN	Local area network
LCA	Loop condition alert (type S frame type)
LCC	Loop condition check (type S frame type)
LCN	Loop condition notify (type S frame type)
LLD	Logical link down
LLU	Logical link up
LNA	Loop notify answer (type S frame type)
LNN	Logical Node Number
LSB	Least Significant Bit
MGN	Multicast Group Number
MSB	Most Significant Bit
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PLD	Physical link down
QoS	Quality-of-service
RCL	Ring control
RHE	Rapid hello (type S frame type)
RT	Real time
SCR	Station condition report (type S frame type)
TCD	Transaction CoDe
TMID	Transfer Memory Identifier