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# **INTERNATIONAL STANDARD**

# NORME **INTERNATIONALE**

Surface mounting technology ANDARD PREVIEW Part 3: Standard method for the specification of components for through-hole (standards.iteh.ai) reflow (THR) soldering

Technique du montage en surface standards/sist/3ct94790-de2d-4296-9d69-Partie 3: Méthode normalisée relative à la spécification des composants pour le brasage par refusion à trous traversants (THR, Through Hole Reflow)





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Edition 2.0 2021-02

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Surface mounting technology ANDARD PREVIEW Part 3: Standard method for the specification of components for through-hole reflow (THR) soldering

IEC 61760-3:2021

Technique du montage en surface standards/sist/3cf94790-de2d-4296-9d69-Partie 3: Méthode normaliséé rélative à da spécification des composants pour le brasage par refusion à trous traversants (THR, Through Hole Reflow)

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

#### SURFACE MOUNTING TECHNOLOGY –

## Part 3: Standard method for the specification of components for through-hole reflow (THR) soldering

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IEC 61760-3 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 91: Electronics assembly technology. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2010. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) change position tolerance requirement (0,4 mm maximum to between 0,2 mm and 0,4 mm);
- b) introduce through-hole vacant method as a solder paste supply method.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
91/1684/FDIS	91/1702/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61760 series, published under the general title Surface mounting technology, can be found on the IEC website.

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### SURFACE MOUNTING TECHNOLOGY -

## Part 3: Standard method for the specification of components for through-hole reflow (THR) soldering

#### 1 Scope

2

This part of IEC 61760 gives a reference set of requirements, process conditions and related test conditions to be used when compiling specifications of electronic components that are intended for usage in through-hole reflow soldering technology.

The object of this document is to ensure that components with leads intended for through-hole reflow and surface mounting components can be subjected to the same placement and mounting processes. Hereto, this document defines test and requirements that need to be part of any component generic, sectional or detail specification, when through-hole reflow soldering is intended.

Furthermore, this document provides component users and manufacturers with a reference set of typical process conditions used in through-hole reflow soldering technology.

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The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the dition of the dition of the dition and amendments) applies. 76792b8a4010/iec-61760-3-2021

IEC 60068 (all parts), Environmental testing

IEC 60068-2-20:2008, Environmental testing – Part 2-20: Tests – Test T: Test methods for solderability and resistance to soldering heat of devices with leads

IEC 60068-2-21, Environmental testing – Part 2-21: Tests – Test U: Robustness of terminations and integral mounting devices

IEC 60068-2-45:1980, Basic environmental testing procedures – Part 2-45: Tests – Test XA and guidance: Immersion in cleaning solvents IEC 60068-2-45:1980/AMD1:1993

IEC 60068-2-58, Environmental testing – Part 2-58: Tests – Test Td: Test methods for solderability, resistance to dissolution of metallization and to soldering heat of surface mounting devices (SMD)

IEC 60068-2-77<sup>1</sup>, Environmental testing – Part 2-77: Tests – Test 77: Body strength and impact shock

IEC 60194-1, Printed boards design, manufacture and assembly – Vocabulary – Part 1: Common usage in printed board and electronic assembly technologies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> To be integrated into the seventh edition of IEC 60068-2-21. Stage at the time of publication: IEC/AFDIS 60068-2-21:2021.

IEC 60286 (all parts), Packaging of components for automatic handling

IEC 60286-3, Packaging of components for automatic handling – Part 3: Packaging of surface mount components on continuous tapes

IEC 60286-4, Packaging of components for automatic handling – Part 4: Stick magazines for electronic components encapsulated in packages of different forms

IEC 60286-5, Packaging of components for automatic handling – Part 5: Matrix trays

IEC 60749-20, Semiconductor devices – Mechanical and climatic test methods – Part 20: Resistance of plastic encapsulated SMDs to the combined effect of moisture and soldering heat

IEC 61188-6-4, Printed boards and printed board assemblies – Design and use – Part 6-4: Land pattern design – Generic requirements for dimensional drawings of surface mounted components (SMD) from the viewpoint of land pattern design

IEC 61191-3, Printed board assemblies – Part 3: Sectional specification – Requirements for through-hole mount soldered assemblies

IEC 61760-1:2020, Surface mounting technology – Part 1: Standard method for the specification of surface mounting components (SMDs)

IEC 61760-2, Surface mounting technology - Part 2: Transportation and storage conditions of surface mounting devices (SMD) – Application guide

IEC 61760-4:2015, Surface mounting technology – Part 4: Classification, packaging, labelling and handling of moisture sensitive devices 61760-3:2021

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IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020, Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Non-hermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices

IPC-A-610G, Acceptability of Electronic Assemblies

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60194-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

#### 3.1

#### through-hole reflow

#### THR

reflow soldering process for electronic component terminals inserted into the through-hole of the circuit board

#### 3.2

## THR components through-hole reflow components

electronic components with leads which are intended to be subject to through-hole reflow soldering

#### 3.3

#### vacuum nozzle

pipette

type of tooling for component to pick-up and place the component with vacuum

#### 3.4

**chuck** gripper type of tooling for component transfer

#### 3.5

chucking

gripping motion of the *chuck* (3.4) to hold the components

#### 3.6

#### pick-up area

component surface area for vacuum suction or chucking to transfer within pick and place machine

#### 3.7

#### cavity of packaging

depression area to place component in taping or tray

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#### 3.8 stand-off

### (standards itch ai)

protrusion(s) from the component body which are used to make a space between the component body and the seating plane

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Note 1 to entry: Stand-off-p/reventscheckcom/ponent/touching/the/solder-paste2d-4296-9d69-

76792b8a4010/iec-61760-3-2021

#### 3.9

#### clearance

space to avoid contact between component body and solder paste and to ensure sufficient heat transfer to soldering regions

#### 3.10

#### auxiliary terminal

protrusion which has no electrical function inserted into a circuit board

#### 3.11

#### stencil

stencil foil

thin sheet of material containing openings to reflect a specific pattern, designed to transfer solder paste like material to a circuit board for the purpose of component attachment

[SOURCE: IEC 60194-1:2021, 3.19.187, modified – The words " paste-like material " have been replaced by "solder paste like material" and "substrate" has been replaced by "circuit board".]

#### 3.12

#### A side

circuit board surface to which THR components (3.2) are to be mounted

#### 3.13

**B side** reverse surface of A side (3.12)

#### 3.14

#### solder wicking

capillary movement of solder between metal surfaces, such as strands of wire

[SOURCE: IEC 60194-1:2021, 3.19.125]

#### 4 Requirements to component design and component specifications

#### 4.1 General requirement

The component specification for THR components (hereinafter, referred to as component specification) shall specify the requirements specified in 4.2 through 4.9 and Clause 6.

#### 4.2 Packaging

Packaging for THR components shall be in accordance with IEC 60286-3, IEC 60286-4 and IEC 60286-5.

The component specification shall specify the following:

- Protection of THR components during transportation and storage;
- Moisture absorption control; if needed, follow the moisture sensitivity level (MSL) according to IEC 61760-4, IEC 60749-20 or IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 (see 6.7);
- Polarity or pin 1 indication (see Figure 1), ARD PREV
- Orientation of the component in the packaging (see Figure 2).



Figure 1 – Example of a component with marked specific orientation put in tape and tray



Figure 2 – Example of components in a tape

#### 4.3 Labelling of component packaging

Labelling of the component packaging should comply with IEC 62090.

NOTE The following items are particularly important.rds.iteh.ai)

- item identification (e.g. customer part number or manufacturer part number or both);
- quantity; <u>IEC 61760-3:2021</u>
- traceability identification/(engl.batchehumbenlog/serialanumber)cf94790-de2d-4296-9d69-

#### 4.4 Component marking

The marking on the component shall be specified in the component specification.

#### 4.5 Storage and transportation

Component specification shall refer to storage and transportation conditions of IEC 61760-2.

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#### 4.6 Component outline and design

#### 4.6.1 Drawing and specification

Drawings, including bottom-view, top-view and side-view drawings, of the component showing all dimensions and tolerances of its body and terminals shall be part of the component specification. The drawing shall include reference to the positioning of the component body and terminals on the mounting land pattern. If conductive surfaces are not planar, their three-dimensional geometry shall be clearly specified with the relevant tolerances.

In any 2D drawing or 3D data, conductive parts/surfaces and insulating parts/surfaces shall be clearly distinguished, at least for bottom and sides of components, as well as for movable parts. This requirement applies both to the disassembled and the assembled condition for parts requiring a final assembly step after mounting on a substrate (e.g. if a connector contains spring-loaded retainers, which change their position/angle upon mating). The locations and dimensions of conductive parts/surfaces shall be specified even if they are not intended for establishing a contact with the mounting surface, e.g. punched or sawn surfaces consisting of unplated leadframe resulting from component singulation for molded semiconductor packages.

Component drawing and component specification shall specify in particular the following information:

- Dimensions and tolerances according to 4.6.4, 4.6.5.1 and 4.6.5.2;
- Dimensional drawings of footprint design. The generic requirements for dimensional drawings of SMDs from viewpoint of land-pattern design as specified in IEC 61188-6-4 shall be adopted for surface-mount devices;
- Locations of metal parts which contact to the circuit board surface.

The manufacturer of a THR component shall consider that the design and material selection can lead to a possible expansion or deformation of the component in the reflow process. The manufacturer shall provide an appropriate recommendation for mounting including a footprint recommendation.

#### 4.6.2 Requirement of pick-up area

#### 4.6.2.1 General requirement

Design of the component shall be in such a way, that it is possible to hold the component by vacuum nozzle or mechanical chuck and transfer it to the exact placement position on the circuit board. It shall be possible to create a vacuum or mechanical force strong enough to hold the component in its position under the vacuum nozzle or chuck. During the total transfer process, which may include optical inspection, the component shall remain exactly in its position under the vacuum nozzle or chuck, until the component is placed.

The centre of the suction area shall match the centre of gravity (major requirement) and the geometrical centre (minor requirement) dards.iteh.ai)

NOTE Assembly manufacturer considers mounting by vacuum nozzle first. If a vacuum nozzle is not available, then chuck will be selected.

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#### 4.6.2.2 Vacuum nozzle mounting2b8a4010/iec-61760-3-2021

Vacuum nozzle mounting shall be in accordance with IEC 61760-1.

In the case of mounting or inserting the component by using vacuum nozzle, the following matters shall be considered and, when necessary, clarified between the manufacturer and the user of the component:

- The pick-up area shall be on top of the component;
- The pick-up area shall be appropriately secured depending on the mass of the component;

NOTE See 4.6.8 for the relation between area of vacuum nozzles and mass of components.

- If a suitable pick-up area is not ensured, then sticky tape or caps (see Figure 3) shall be used:
- Sticky tape or caps shall not fall off during and after reflow soldering;
- The centre of the pick-up area should match the component centre of gravity. Unless the component dose not tilt, the geometrical centre may be used.



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#### Key

- 1 vacuum nozzle
- 2 pick-up area
- 3 component body
- 4 sticky tape

#### Figure 3 – Pick-up area

#### 4.6.2.3 Chuck mounting

In the case of mounting or inserting the component using a chuck, an agreement between manufacturer and user is necessary considering the following matters:

- There shall be enough gap between the component and the cavity of packaging (see Figure 4);
- Components shall have flat surface on sides for chucking (see Figure 5);
- Components shall have flat surface on top which make the component fixed while chucking (see Figure 6);
- It is desirable to reduce rattling between the component and the cavity-76792b8a4010/iec-61760-3-2021



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Chuck jaws are shown in hatched.

Figure 4 – Chuck jaw



Component side flat surface are shown hatched.

Figure 5 – Component side flat surface



Component top flat surface is shown hatched.

#### Figure 6 – Component top flat surface

#### 4.6.3 Component tilt

The components shall be self-sustaining when the component is inserted into a circuit board and the component body comes into contact with the circuit board. The components should not be designed to incline taking into account the centre of the gravity of the components. If a component tilt is not avoidable due to the component structure, a retention mechanism to prevent the tilting should be considered.

#### 4.6.4 Bottom surface requirements

Sufficient clearances shall be considered to avoid contact between component body and solder paste and to ensure sufficient heat transfer to soldering regions (see Figure 7).

To ensure sufficient clearances, the components shall have a stand-off height of 0,5 mm or more and should not contact with the circuit board except for terminals and stand-off (see Figure 8).