



Edition 2.0 2020-05

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE

Test method for the mechanical strength of cores made of magnetic oxides

Méthode d'essai pour la résistance mécanique des noyaux en oxydes magnétiques

IEC 61631:2020 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ac7775cd-da83-4ae7-b18aec19c1f6e24f/iec-61631-2020





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Test method for the mechanical strength of cores made of magnetic oxides (standards.iteh.ai) Méthode d'essai pour la résistance mécanique des noyaux en oxydes magnétiques

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ac7775cd-da83-4ae7-b18aec19c1f6e24f/iec-61631-2020

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## TEST METHOD FOR THE MECHANICAL STRENGTH OF CORES MADE OF MAGNETIC OXIDES

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International Standard IEC 61631 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 51: Magnetic components, ferrite and magnetic powder materials.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2001. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) the phrase: "This document is also applicable to the mechanical strength measurement of magnetic powder cores" has been added in the scope;
- b) IEC 61246 has been replaced by IEC 63093-8; EN 1002-2 has been replaced by ISO 7500-1; ISO 4677-1 and ISO 4677-2 have been withdrawn;
- c) dimensions *D* and *F* in Figure A.1 and Table A.1 have been changed to be consistent with Figure 1 of IEC 63093-8:2018;
- d) addition of the content of ring-cores test;
- e) addition of Annex B;

- f) the location of the jig is amended in Figure 3;
- g) in Figure 5, the roller bars are moved to the edge of the I-core, aligned with the core.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
51/1312/CDV	51/1333/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
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#### INTRODUCTION

The method specified in this document is intended to be used for obtaining agreements between parties for material development, quality checking, characterization and data acquisition purposes. The method places closely defined restrictions on the arrangement of the test-piece and the function of the test apparatus, including the test-jigs, in order to minimize the errors that can arise as a consequence of the test method.

All other factors are stated in the test report for comparison of the behavior of the magnetic oxide cores. It is not possible to rigorously standardize particular surface finishes, since it is difficult to control all the mechanical factors. But the state of the surface in the report should be mentioned, as surface defects can have a large effect on mechanical strength in certain types of tests (see Clause 6). The extrapolation of mechanical strength data to other geometries, multi-axial stressing, other rates of stressing or other environmental conditions, should be viewed with caution. The origin of a fracture in a mechanical test piece can be a valuable guide to the nature and position of strength-limiting defects (such as pores, large grains and impurity concentration).

The results of strength tests are influenced by a combination of the following factors: the microstructure of the material, the surface finishing procedure applied to the test cores, the size and shape of the test cores, the mechanical parameters of the testing apparatus, the rate of load application and the relative humidity of the ambient atmosphere. Because of the ceramic nature of magnetic oxide cores, a considerable range of results is usually obtained from a number of nominally identical test cores. Thus test results are interpreted with caution.

# (standards.iteh.ai)

IEC 61631:2020 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ac7775cd-da83-4ae7-b18aec19c1f6e24f/iec-61631-2020

## TEST METHOD FOR THE MECHANICAL STRENGTH OF CORES MADE OF MAGNETIC OXIDES

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies a test method for the mechanical strength of cores made of magnetic oxides. This test method is suitable for most of the E-cores, ETD-cores, I-cores and ring-cores but other core types such as U-cores could be tested according to a derived method agreed by the parties concerned. This document is also applicable to the mechanical strength measurement of magnetic powder cores.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7500-2, Metallic materials – Verification of static uniaxial testing machines – Part 2: Tension creep testing machines – Verification of the applied force

# 3 Terms and definitions (standards.iteh.ai)

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ac7775cd-da83-4ae7-b18a-

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

#### 3.1

#### mechanical strength

maximum recorded force at the instant of fracture of a magnetic oxide core when it is loaded with the bending stress

### 4 Apparatus

#### 4.1 Test core support and loading wedge

Test cores shall be supported on free moving roller bars or on a flat support depending on their size (see 6.2). The loading wedge, the roller bars and the stretch bar or the flat support shall be made of hardened steel with a hardness of 40 HRC (HRC is Rockwell hardness) to 60 HRC. The loading wedge and the roller bars shall have a radius of 2 mm. The radius of the contact part of the stretching rod head and the measured core is 2 mm. The loading wedge and the stretch bar shall be connected to a device for measuring and recording the load applied.

#### 4.2 Testing device

The testing device shall be a mechanical testing machine capable of applying a force to the loading wedge high enough to break the test core. The machine shall be capable of applying the force at a constant loading rate. The machine shall be equipped with a device for recording the peak load applied to the test core. The accuracy of the machine shall be 1 % of the indicated load. The force calibration of the machine shall be checked in accordance with ISO 7500-2.

#### 4.3 Humidity measuring device

A humidity measuring device, such as, but not limited to, an aspirated psychrometer or whirling psychrometer that is capable of measuring relative humidity to an accuracy of  $\pm 2$  % shall be used.

### 5 Test cores

#### 5.1 General

The test cores shall be selected as agreed between the parties concerned. They may be machined to the specified dimensions, because any machined surface plays an important role in the mechanical strength (see the Introduction).

## 5.2 Number of test cores

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

For material development, characterization or quality checking, the minimum number of test cores shall be five pieces. For **statistical evaluation of strength** data (for example, Weibull parameters), the minimum number shall be thirty.

#### IEC 61631:2020

For comparison of data/for different/materials/aitis/important that the number of specimens is high enough to obtain results with sufficient statistical confidence. Since the confidence limits, in general, depend on the number of test results and their dispersion, the number of test specimens should be decided on the basis of statistical considerations.

#### 5.3 Precautions

The prepared test cores should be handled with care to avoid introduction of additional damage. Test cores should be kept separately at all times, and should be wrapped individually for transport.

### 6 Testing

#### 6.1 Test conditions

The test shall be carried out at an ambient temperature between 15 °C and 35 °C. The temperature shall not vary by more than 3 °C during the course of a test series. The relative humidity shall be between 45 % and 85 % and shall not vary by more than 10 % during the course of a test series.

#### 6.2 Test procedures

#### 6.2.1 General

The test core shall be arranged in the test apparatus in accordance with 6.2.2.2, 6.2.2.3, 6.2.2.4, 6.2.2.5, 6.2.3, 6.2.4.2.2, 6.2.4.2.3 or 6.2.4.2.4 as applicable (see Figure 1 to Figure 8). For standard dimensions of E-cores and their support for strength test see Annex A.

The E test and W test can be used for material-related purposes, while the M test and T test can be used for process-related purposes. The test of I-cores is only recommended for flatshaped test cores such as antenna rods. The test method of stretching, shearing and pressure is only applicable to ring-cores. A preloading force of 5 N to 25 N shall be applied because the upper and lower faces of the test cores are never absolutely parallel. The test force shall then be applied at a loading rate of between 5 mm/min and 20 mm/min until the test core fractures. The load at the instant of fracture shall be recorded. The fractured fragments shall be identified and preserved for later fractographic examination.

### 6.2.2 Test of E-cores

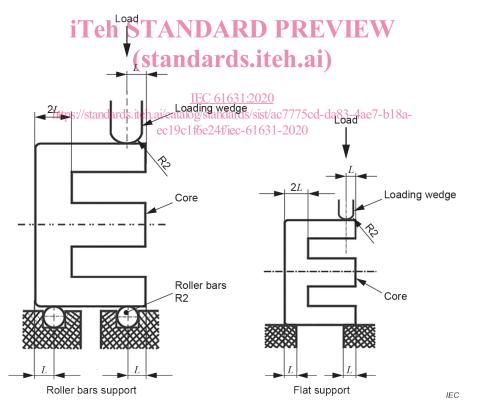
#### 6.2.2.1 Dimensions

The specifications and dimensions of E-cores are according to IEC 63093-8.

#### 6.2.2.2 E test

For test core sizes equal to or larger than E13, the test core shall be placed on roller bars as shown in Figure 1. For test core sizes less than E13, the test core shall be placed on a flat support as shown in Figure 1. The load shall be applied through the loading wedge, and the load at the instant of fracture recorded.

Dimensions in millimeters



#### Figure 1 – E test

## 6.2.2.3 W test

For test core sizes equal to or larger than E13, the test core shall be placed on roller bars as shown in Figure 2. For test core sizes less than E13, the test core shall be placed on a flat support as shown in Figure 2. The load shall be applied through the loading wedge, and the load at the instant of fracture recorded.

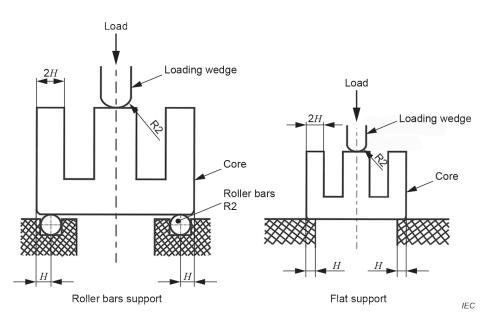


Figure 2 – W test

# 6.2.2.4 T test iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

The test core shall be placed as shown in Figure 3. For test core sizes equal to or larger than E32, the load shall be applied to the core legs from the roller bars as shown in Figure 3. For test core sizes less than E32, the load shall be applied through jigs, which shall be agreed between the parties concerned, and the load at the instant of fracture recorded.

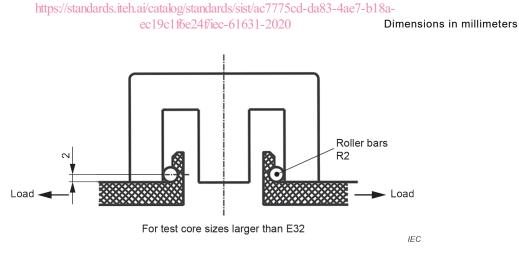


Figure 3 – T test

#### 6.2.2.5 M test

For test core sizes equal to or larger than E13, the test core shall be placed on roller bars as shown in Figure 4. For test core sizes less than E13, the test core shall be placed on a flat support as shown in Figure 4. The load shall be applied through the loading wedge, and the load at the instant of fracture recorded.

Dimensions in millimeters

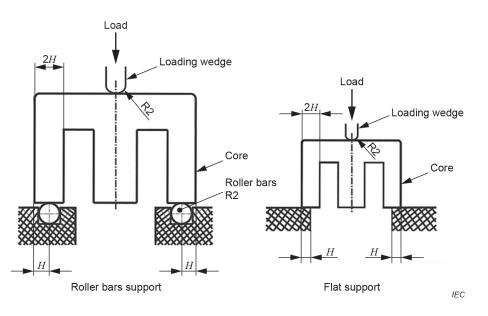


Figure 4 – M test

## 6.2.3 Test of I-cores

For test core sizes equal to or larger than 113, the test core shall be placed on roller bars as shown in Figure 5. For test core sizes less than 113, the test core shall be placed on a flat support as shown in Figure 5. The load shall be applied through the loading wedge, and the load at the instant of fracture recorded.

IEC 61631:2020 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ac7775cd-da83-4ae7-b18d Dimensions in millimeters ec19c1f6e24f/iec-61631-2020

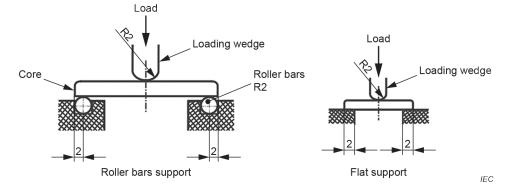


Figure 5 – I test

#### 6.2.4 Test of ring-cores

## 6.2.4.1 Dimensions

The specifications and dimensions of ring-cores are according to IEC 63093-12. For standard dimensions of ring-cores and methods for strength test see Annex B.