



Edition 3.0 2021-02

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages from 1 kV ($U_m = 1,2 \text{ kV}$) up to 30 kV ($U_m = 36 \text{ kV}$) – Part 1: Cables for rated voltages of 1 kV ($U_m = 1,2 \text{ kV}$) and 3 kV ($U_m = 3,6 \text{ kV}$)

<u>IEC 60502-1:2021</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0cf9cad0-4d8f-481b-924ced57831b808e/iec-60502-1-2021





THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED Copyright © 2021 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Central Office 3, rue de Varembé CH-1211 Geneva 20 Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11 info@iec.ch www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigendum or an amendment might have been published.

IEC publications search - webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee, ...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and once a month by email.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore iec ch/csc If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: sales@iec.ch. IEC 60502-1:2021

IEC online collection - oc.iec.ch

Discover our powerful search engine and read freely all the publications previews. With a subscription you will always have access to up to date content tailored to your needs.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary on electrotechnology, containing more than 22 000 terminological entries in English and French, with equivalent terms in 18 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary



https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0cf9cad0-4d8f-481b-924c

ed57831b808e/iec-60502-1-2021





Edition 3.0 2021-02

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages from 1 kV ($U_m = 1,2 \text{ kV}$) up to 30 kV ($U_m = 36 \text{ kV}$) - Part 1: Cables for rated voltages of 1 kV ($U_m = 1,2 \text{ kV}$) and 3 kV ($U_m = 3,6 \text{ kV}$)

> <u>IEC 60502-1:2021</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0cf9cad0-4d8f-481b-924ced57831b808e/iec-60502-1-2021

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 29.060.20

ISBN 978-2-8322-9315-7

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

FOF	REWORD	4
1	Scope	6
2	Normative references	6
3	Terms and definitions	8
4	Voltage designations and materials	9
5	Conductors	12
6	Insulation	12
7	Assembly of multicore cables, inner coverings and fillers	14
8	Metal layers for single-core and multicore cables	16
9	Metal screen	16
10	Concentric conductor	17
11	Metal sheath	17
12	Metal armour	17
13	Oversheath	21
14	Test conditions	22
15	Routine tests	22
16	Sample tests	24
17	Type tests, electrical	27
18	Type tests, non-electrical	29
19	Electrical tests after installation	35
Ann	ex A (normative) Fictitious calculation method for determination of dimensions of ective coverings	45
Ann	ex B (normative) Rounding of numbers	10
Ann	ex C (normative) Determination of hardness of HEPR insulation	
Bibl	iography	
2101		
Fiau	ure C.1 – Test on surfaces of large radius of curvature	53
Fiau	ure C.2 – Test on surfaces of small radius of curvature	
Tab	le 1 – Recommended rated AC voltages <i>U</i> 0	10
Tab	le 2 – Insulating compounds	11
Tab	le 3 – Maximum conductor temperatures for different types of insulating compound	11
Tab type	le 4 – Sheathing compounds and maximum conductor temperatures for different es of sheathing compound	12
Tab	le 5 – Nominal thickness of PVC/A insulation	13
Tab	le 6 – Nominal thickness of cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE) insulation	13
Tab	le 7 – Nominal thickness of ethylene propylene rubber (EPR) and hard ethylene	14
Tah	le 8 – Thickness of extruded inner covering	15
Tah	le 9 – Nominal diameter of round armour wires	
Tab	le 10 – Nominal thickness of armour tapes	20
Tah	le 11 – Routine test voltages	

Table 12 – Number of samples for sample tests	24
Table 13 – Electrical type test requirements for insulating compounds	36
Table 14 – Non-electrical type tests (see Tables 15 to 23)	37
Table 15 – Test requirements for mechanical characteristics of insulating compounds (before and after ageing)	38
Table 16 – Test requirements for particular characteristics of PVC insulating compounds	39
Table 17 – Test requirements for particular characteristics of various cross-linked insulating compounds	40
Table 18 – Test requirements for mechanical characteristics of sheathing compounds (before and after ageing)	41
Table 19 – Test requirements for particular characteristics of PVC sheathing compounds	42
Table 20 – Test requirements for particular characteristics of thermoplastic PE sheathing compounds	43
Table 21 – Test requirements for particular characteristics of halogen free sheathing compounds	43
Table 22 – Test requirements for particular characteristics of elastomeric sheathing compounds	44
Table 23 – Test methods and requirements for halogen free compounds	44
Table A.1 – Fictitious diameter of conductor A.R.D. P.R.E.V.I.E.W.	46
Table A.2 – Assembly coefficient k for laid-up cores	47
Table A.3 – Increase of diameter for concentric conductors and metal screens	48
Table A.4 – Increase of diameter for additionalobedding https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0cf9cad0-4d8f-481b-924c- ed57831b808e/iec-60502-1-2021	50

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

POWER CABLES WITH EXTRUDED INSULATION AND THEIR ACCESSORIES FOR RATED VOLTAGES FROM 1 kV (U_m = 1,2 kV) UP TO 30 kV (U_m = 36 kV) –

Part 1: Cables for rated voltages of 1 kV ($U_m = 1,2 \text{ kV}$) and 3 kV ($U_m = 3,6 \text{ kV}$)

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity <u>EG National</u> Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC 60502-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 20: Electric cables. It is an International Standard.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2004 and Amendment 1:2009. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) references to IEC 60811 (all parts) have been updated and mechanical testing requirements specific to halogen free low-smoke oversheath of material type ST₈ have been considered;
- b) the use of the types of sheathing material to be used is now clearly defined;
- c) the applicability of cables for use in DC systems is now included in the scope;

d) items which were earlier marked as "under consideration" were studied either for an appropriate solution if found available, or for removal for the time being.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
20/1938/FDIS	20/1949/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60502 series, published under the general title *Power cables with* extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages from 1 kV ($U_m = 1,2 kV$) up to 30 kV ($U_m = 36 kV$) can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be .all

reconfirmed,

IEC 60502-1:2021

- withdrawn, https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0cf9cad0-4d8f-481b-924c-
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

POWER CABLES WITH EXTRUDED INSULATION AND THEIR ACCESSORIES FOR RATED VOLTAGES FROM 1 kV (U_m = 1,2 kV) UP TO 30 kV (U_m = 36 kV) –

Part 1: Cables for rated voltages of 1 kV ($U_m = 1,2 \text{ kV}$) and 3 kV ($U_m = 3,6 \text{ kV}$)

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60502 specifies the construction, dimensions and test requirements of power cables with extruded solid insulation for rated AC voltages of 1 kV ($U_m = 1,2$ kV) and 3 kV ($U_m = 3,6$ kV) for fixed installations such as distribution networks or industrial installations.

Cables of rated AC voltage 1 kV ($U_m = 1,2 \text{ kV}$) designed and tested in accordance with this document can also be used, if declared by the manufacturer, in DC distribution systems having their nominal voltage $\leq 750 \text{ V DC}$ (with a maximum of 900 V DC) between a live conductor and neutral/earth, or $\leq 1500 \text{ V DC}$ (with a maximum 1 800 V DC) between two live conductors. Applicable core identification for DC systems are considered in accordance with local installation regulations.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

NOTE 1 Recommendations for preferred core colours for line conductors in DC systems are given in IEC 60445. However, local installation regulations for DC systems can already contain specific identification requirements.

This document includes cables which exhibit properties of reduced flame spread, low levels of smoke emission and halogen-free gas emission when exposed to fire.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0ct9cad0-4d8f-481b-924

Cables for special installation and service conditions are not included, for example cables for overhead networks, the mining industry, nuclear power plants (in and around the containment area), submarine use or shipboard application, or cables directly connected to photovoltaic systems.

NOTE 2 Cables for photovoltaic systems are covered by IEC 62930.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60060-1, High-voltage test techniques – Part 1: General definitions and test requirements

IEC 60183, Guidance for the selection of high-voltage A.C. cable systems

IEC 60228, Conductors of insulated cables

IEC 60230, Impulse tests on cables and their accessories

IEC 60332-1-2, Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions – Part 1-2: Test for vertical flame propagation for a single insulated wire or cable – Procedure for 1 kW pre-mixed flame

IEC 60332-3-24, Tests on electric and optical cables under fire conditions – Part 3-24: Test for vertical flame spread of vertically-mounted bunched wires or cables – Category C

IEC 60684-2, Flexible insulating sleeving – Part 2: Methods of test

IEC 60724, Short-circuit temperature limits of electric cables with rated voltages of 1 kV ($U_m = 1,2 \text{ kV}$) and 3 kV ($U_m = 3,6 \text{ kV}$)

IEC 60754-1, Test on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables – Part 1: Determination of the halogen acid gas content

IEC 60754-2, Test on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables – Part 2: Determination of acidity (by pH measurement) and conductivity

IEC 60811-201, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 201: General tests – Measurement of insulation thickness

IEC 60811-202, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 202: General tests – Measurement of thickness of non-metallic sheath

IEC 60811-203, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 203: General tests – Measurement of overall dimensions

IEC 60811-401, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 401: Miscellaneous tests – Thermal ageing methods – Ageing in an air oven

IEC 60811-402, Electric and optical fibre cables <u>-2</u> Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 402: Miscellaneous tests <u>-</u> Water absorption tests <u>-</u> Part 402: Miscellaneous tests <u>-</u> Water absorption tests <u>-</u> Part 402: Miscellaneous tests <u>-</u> Water absorption tests <u>-</u> Part 402: Miscellaneous tests <u>-</u> Water absorption tests <u>-</u> Part 402: Miscellaneous tests <u>-</u> Water absorption tests <u>-</u> Part 402: Miscellaneous tests <u>-</u> Part 402: Mis

ed57831b808e/iec-60502-1-2021

IEC 60811-403, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 403: Miscellaneous tests – Ozone resistance test on cross-linked compounds

IEC 60811-404, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 404: Miscellaneous tests – Mineral oil immersion tests for sheaths

IEC 60811-409, *Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 409: Miscellaneous tests – Loss of mass test for thermoplastic insulations and sheaths*

IEC 60811-501, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 501: Mechanical tests – Tests for determining the mechanical properties of insulating and sheathing compounds

IEC 60811-502, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 502: Mechanical tests – Shrinkage test for insulations

IEC 60811-503, *Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 503: Mechanical tests – Shrinkage test for sheaths*

IEC 60811-504, *Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 504: Mechanical tests – Bending tests at low temperature for insulations and sheaths*

IEC 60811-505, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 505: Mechanical tests – Elongation at low temperature for insulations and sheaths

IEC 60811-506, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 506: Mechanical tests – Impact test at low temperature for insulations and sheaths

IEC 60811-507, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 507: Mechanical tests – Hot set test for cross-linked materials

IEC 60811-508, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 508: Mechanical tests – Pressure test at high temperature for insulation and sheaths

IEC 60811-509, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 509: Mechanical tests – Test for resistance of insulations and sheaths to cracking (heat shock test)

IEC 60811-605, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 605: Physical tests – Measurement of carbon black and/or mineral filler in polyethylene compounds

IEC 60811-606, *Electric and optical fibre cables* –*Test methods for non-metallic materials* – *Part 606: Physical tests* – *Methods for determining the density*

IEC 61034-2, Measurement of smoke density of cables burning under defined conditions – Part 2: Test procedure and requirements

IEC 62230, Electric cables – Spark-test method

(standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 48-2:2018, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic – Determination of hardness – Part 2: Hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD 60502-1:2021

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0cf9cad0-4d8f-481b-924c-

3 Terms and definitions ed57831b808e/iec-60502-1-2021

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1 Definitions of dimensional values (thicknesses, cross-sections, etc.)

3.1.1

nominal value

value by which a quantity is designated and which is often used in tables

Note 1 to entry: Usually, in this document, nominal values give rise to values to be checked by measurements taking into account specified tolerances.

3.1.2

approximate value

value which is neither guaranteed nor checked but is used, for example, for the calculation of other dimensional values

3.1.3

median value

when several test results have been obtained and ordered in an increasing (or decreasing) succession, middle value if the number of available values is odd, and mean of the two middle values if the number is even

3.1.4

fictitious value

value calculated in accordance with the "fictitious method" described in Annex A

3.2 Definitions relating to tests

3.2.1

routine test

test made by the manufacturer on each manufactured length of cable to check that each length meets the specified requirements

3.2.2

sample test

test made by the manufacturer on samples of completed cable or components taken from a completed cable, at a specified frequency, so as to verify that the finished product meets the specified requirements

3.2.3 iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

type test

test made before supplying, on a general commercial basis, a type of cable covered by this document, in order to demonstrate satisfactory performance characteristics to meet the intended application

IEC 60502-1:2021

Note 1 to entry: Type tests are of such a nature that, after they have been made, they need not be repeated, unless changes are made in the cable materials or design or manufacturing process which might change the performance characteristics.

3.2.4

electrical test after installation

test made to demonstrate the integrity of the cable and its accessories as installed

Voltage designations and materials 4

4.1 **Rated voltages**

4.1.1 **Rated AC voltages**

The rated AC voltages $U_0/U(U_m)$ of the cables considered in this document are 0,6/1 (1,2) kV and 1,8/3 (3,6) kV.

NOTE 1 The voltages given above are the correct designations although in some countries other designations are used, e.g. 1,7/3 kV or 1,9/3,3 kV instead of 1,8/3 kV.

For the voltage designation of cables U_0/U (U_m), the definitions in IEC 60183 apply i.e.:

- U_0 is the rated RMS power frequency voltage between conductor and earth or metal screen for which the cable is designed;
- U is the rated RMS power frequency voltage between conductors for which the cable is designed:
- $U_{\rm m}$ is the maximum RMS power frequency voltage between conductors for which the cable is designed.

NOTE 2 $U_{\rm m}$ is the highest voltage that can be sustained under normal operating conditions at any time and at any point in a system and excludes temporary voltage variations due to fault conditions and sudden disconnection of large loads.

The rated voltage of the cable for a given application shall be suitable for the operating conditions in the system in which the cable is used. To facilitate the selection of the cable, systems are divided into three categories according to the duration of time the system can be operated under earth fault conditions (see IEC 60183):

- Category A: this category comprises those systems in which any phase conductor that comes in contact with earth or an earth conductor is disconnected from the system within 1 min.
- Category B: this category comprises those systems which, under fault conditions, are operated for a short time with one phase earthed. This period, in accordance with IEC 60183, should, in general, not exceed 1 h. For cables covered by this document, a longer period, not exceeding 8 h on any occasion, can be tolerated. The total duration of earth faults in any year should not exceed 125 h.
- Category C: this category comprises all systems which do not fall into category A or B.

NOTE 3 In a system where an earth fault is not automatically and promptly isolated, the extra stresses on the insulation of cables during the earth fault reduce the life of the cables to a certain degree. If the system is expected to be operated fairly often with a permanent earth fault, it can be advisable to classify the system in Category C.

The values of U₀ recommended for cables to be used in three-phase systems are listed in Table 1. (standards.iteh.ai)

https://standards.itch. Highest system voltage _{ec} (U _m) kV	ai/catalog/standards/sist/0cf9cad0-4d8f-481b-924c- 57831b808e/iec-60502= <u>4-2021</u> age (U ₀) kV		
	Categories A and B	Category C	
1,2	0,6	0,6	
3,6	1,8	3,6 ^a	
^a This category is cov IEC 60502-2.	ered by 3,6/6 (7,2) kV ca	bles in accordance with	

Table 1 – Recommended rated AC voltages U_0

4.1.2 Rated DC voltages

Under consideration.

4.2 Insulating compounds

The types of insulating compound covered by this document are listed in Table 2, together with their abbreviated designations.

	Insulating compound	Abbreviated designation
a)	Thermoplastic	
	Polyvinyl chloride intended for cables with rated voltages $U_0/U \le 1.8/3 \text{ kV}$	PVC/A ^a
b)	Cross-linked:	
	Ethylene propylene rubber or similar (EPM or EPDM)	EPR
	High modulus or hard grade ethylene propylene rubber	HEPR
	Cross-linked polyethylene	XLPE
а	Insulating compound based on polyvinyl chloride intended for cables with rated AC volta is designated PVC/B in IEC 60502-2.	ages U_0/U = 3,6/6 kV

 Table 2 – Insulating compounds

The maximum conductor temperatures for different types of insulating compound covered by this document are given in Table 3.

Table 3 – Maximum conductor temperatures for different types of insulating compound

		Maximum conductor temperature	
Insulating compound II en SIANDARD PR		°C	
		Normal operation	Short-circuit (5 s maximum duration)
Polyvinyl chloride	(PVC/A)	a1 <i>)</i>	
	Conductor cross-section ≤ 300 mm ²	70	160
https://sta	nConductoricross-section 300/mm²ca	10-4d8f-4 79 b-924c-	140
Cross-linked polyethylene	(XLPE) ^{ed57831b808e/iec-60502-1-202}	90	250
Ethylene propylene rubber	(EPR and HEPR)	90	250

The temperatures in Table 3 are based on the intrinsic properties of the insulating materials. It is important to take into account other factors when using these values for the calculation of current ratings.

For example, in normal operation, if a cable directly buried in the ground is operated under continuous load (100 % load factor) at the maximum conductor temperature shown in Table 3, the thermal resistivity of the soil surrounding the cable may, in the course of time, increase from its original value as a result of drying-out processes. As a consequence, the conductor temperature may greatly exceed the maximum value. If such operating conditions are foreseen, adequate provisions shall be made.

For guidance on the short-circuit temperatures, reference shall be made to IEC 60724.

4.3 Sheathing compounds

The types of sheathing compound covered by this document are listed in Table 4, together with their abbreviated designations.

The maximum conductor temperatures for the different types of sheathing compound covered by this document are given in Table 4.

	Sheathing compound	Abbreviated designation	Maximum conductor temperature in normal operation
			°C
a)	Thermoplastic:		
	Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	ST ₁	80
		ST ₂	90
	Polyethylene	ST ₃	80
		ST ₇	90
	Halogen free	ST ₈	90
b)	Elastomeric:		
	Polychloroprene, chlorosulfonated polyethylene or similar polymers	SE ₁	85

Table 4 – Sheathing compounds and maximum conductor temperatures for different types of sheathing compound

5 Conductors

The conductors shall be either of Class 1 or Class 2 of plain or metal-coated annealed copper or of plain aluminium or aluminium alloy, or of Class 5 of plain or metal-coated copper in accordance with IEC 60228. (standards.iteh.ai)

6 Insulation

<u>IEC 60502-1:2021</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0cf9cad0-4d8f-481b-924ced57831b808e/iec-60502-1-2021

6.1 Material

The insulation shall be extruded dielectric of one of the types listed in Table 2.

For halogen free cables, the insulation shall also meet the requirements given in Table 23.

6.2 Insulation thickness

The nominal insulation thicknesses are specified in Table 5 to Table 7.

The thickness of any separator shall not be included in the thickness of the insulation.

Nominal cross-sectional area of conductor	Nominal thickness of insulation at rated voltage $U_{ m 0}^{\prime}/~U~(U_{ m m}^{\prime})$		
	0,6/1 (1,2) kV	1,8/3 (3,6) kV	
mm ²	mm	mm	
1,5 and 2,5	0,8	_	
4 and 6	1,0	_	
10 and 16	1,0	2,2	
25 and 35	1,2	2,2	
50 and 70	1,4	2,2	
95 and 120	1,6	2,2	
150	1,8	2,2	
185	2,0	2,2	
240	2,2	2,2	
300	2,4	2,4	
400	2,6	2,6	
500 to 800	2,8	2,8	
1 000	3,0	3,0	

Table 5 – Nominal thickness of PVC/A insulation

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Table 6 – Nominal thickness of cross linked polyethylene (XLPE) insulation

Nominal cross-sectional area of	IEC 60502-12021		
https://standards.iteh.	ai/catalog/standards/sist/0cf9cad0Ubleffelfelfelfelfelfelfelfelfelfelfelfelf		
ec	57831b808e/jec-60502-1-2021 0,6/1 (1,2) kV	1,8/3 (3,6) kV	
mm ²	mm	mm	
1,5 and 2,5	0,7	-	
4 and 6	0,7	-	
10 and 16	0,7	2,0	
25 and 35	0,9	2,0	
50	1,0	2,0	
70 and 95	1,1	2,0	
120	1,2	2,0	
150	1,4	2,0	
185	1,6	2,0	
240	1,7	2,0	
300	1,8	2,0	
400	2,0	2,0	
500	2,2	2,2	
630	2,4	2,4	
800	2,6	2,6	
1 000	2,8	2,8	