

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components –
Performance standard –**

**Part 071-02: Non-connectorized single-mode fibre optic 1×2 and 2×2 spatial
switches for category C – Controlled environments**

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**Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs fibroniques –
Norme de performance –**

**Partie 071-02: Commutateurs spatiaux optiques unimodaux 1×2 et 2×2
non connectorisés pour la catégorie C – Environnements contrôlés**



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INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONALE

ICS 33.180.20

ISBN 978-2-8322-8853-5

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 IEC test 61753-071-02:2020
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b7d73c59-80dd-4f7e-8ef7-fc46f91c956a/iec-61753-071-02-2020>

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES
AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS –
PERFORMANCE STANDARD –****Part 071-02: Non-connectorized single-mode fibre optic 1 × 2 and
2 × 2 spatial switches for category C – Controlled environments**

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 61753-071-02 has been prepared by subcommittee SC 86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee TC 86: Fibre optics.

This first edition cancels and replaces IEC 61753-071-2 published in 2014. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC 61753-071-2:2014.

- a) addition of performance requirements of repeatability and switching durability;
- b) deleting of performance requirements of directivity;
- c) deleting of test of operational shock;
- d) change of performance requirements of switching time;

- e) change of test condition of high optical power;
- f) harmonization of the test conditions with IEC 61753-1:2018.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
86B/4324/FDIS	86B/4334/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61753 series, published under the general title *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Performance standard*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
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FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – PERFORMANCE STANDARD –

Part 071-02: Non-connectorized single-mode fibre optic 1 × 2 and 2 × 2 spatial switches for category C – Controlled environments

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61753 contains the minimum initial test and measurement requirements and severities which non-connectorized single-mode fibre optic 1 × 2 and 2 × 2 spatial switches need to satisfy in order to be categorized as meeting the requirements of category C – controlled environments, as defined in Annex A of IEC 61753-1:2018.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2-27:2008, *Environmental testing – Part 2-27: Tests – Test Ea and guidance: Shock*

IEC 60793-2-50, *Optical fibres – Part 2-50: Product specifications – Sectional specification for class B single-mode fibres*

IEC 60794-2-50, *Optical fibre cables – Part 2-50: Indoor fibre cables – Family specification for simplex and duplex cables for use in terminated cable assemblies*

IEC 60876-1, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Fibre optic spatial switches – Part 1: Generic specification*

IEC 61300 (all parts), *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures*

IEC 61300-2-1, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-1: Tests – Vibration (sinusoidal)*

IEC 61300-2-4, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-4: Tests – Fibre or cable retention*

IEC 61300-2-5, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-5: Tests – Torsion*

IEC 61300-2-9, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-9: Tests – Shock*

IEC 61300-2-14, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-14: Tests – High optical power*

IEC 61300-2-17, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-17: Tests – Cold*

IEC 61300-2-18, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-18: Tests – Dry heat – High temperature endurance*

IEC 61300-2-19, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-19: Tests – Damp heat (steady state)*

IEC 61300-2-22, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-22: Tests – Change of temperature*

IEC 61300-2-42, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-42: Tests – Static side load for strain relief*

IEC 61300-2-44, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-44: Tests – Flexing of the strain relief of fibre optic devices*

IEC 61300-3-2, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-2: Examination and measurements – Polarization dependent loss in a single-mode fibre optic device*

IEC 61300-3-6, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-6: Examinations and measurements – Return loss*

IEC 61300-3-7, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-7: Examinations and measurements – Wavelength dependence of attenuation and return loss of single mode components*

IEC 61300-3-21, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-21: Examinations and measurements – Switching time*

IEC 61300-3-28, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-28: Examinations and measurements – Transient loss*

IEC 61300-3-50, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-50: Examinations and measurements – Crosstalk for optical spatial switches*

IEC TS 62627-09, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Vocabulary for passive optical devices*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, terms and definitions given in IEC 60876-1, IEC TS 62627-09 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

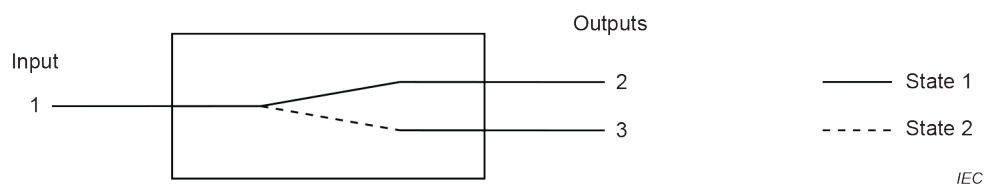
3.1

single-mode fibre-pigtailed 1 × 2 spatial switch

single-mode fibre-pigtailed spatial switch which has one input port and two output ports, and vice versa

Note 1 to entry: 1 × 2 spatial optical switch is bidirectional (reciprocal).

Note 2 to entry: Figure 1 shows the basic configuration of 1×2 spatial switch.



Key

1, 2, 3 port numbers

Figure 1 – Configuration of 1×2 spatial switch

3.2

single-mode fibre-pigtailed 2×2 spatial switch

single-mode fibre-pigtailed spatial switch which has two input ports and two output ports

Note 1 to entry: There are two types of these switches: non-crossover type and crossover type.

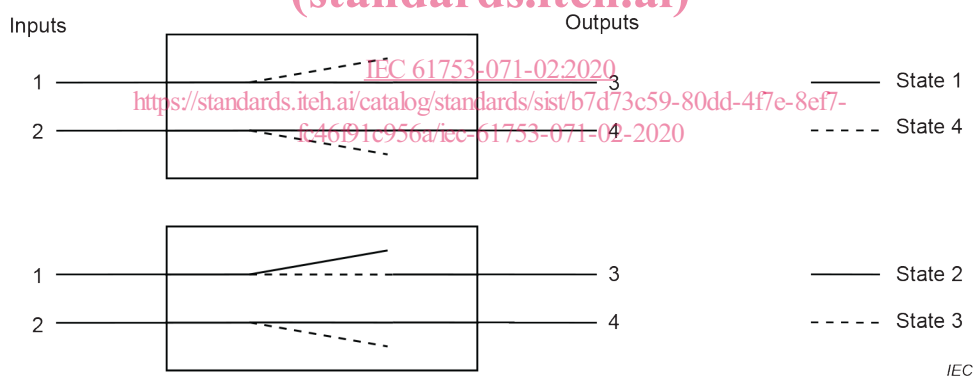
3.3

single-mode fibre-pigtailed 2×2 non-crossover type spatial switch

single-mode fibre-pigtailed 2×2 spatial switch which has four switching states and two pairs of two ports switch independently

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 2.

Note 2 to entry: The state 1 and state 4, and state 3 and state 4 can be switched spontaneously.



Key

1, 2, 3, 4 port numbers

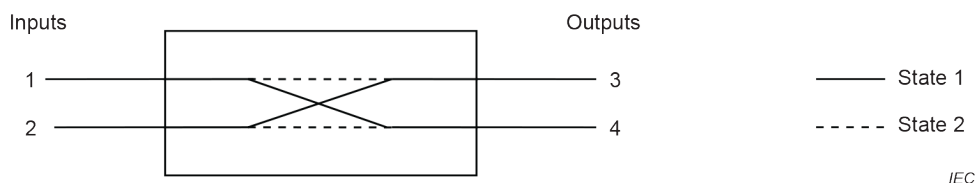
Figure 2 – Configuration of 2×2 spatial switch, non-crossover type

3.4

single-mode fibre-pigtailed 2×2 crossover type spatial switch

single-mode fibre-pigtailed 2×2 spatial switch which has two switching states of bar state and cross state

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 3.



Key

1, 2, 3, 4 port numbers

Figure 3 – Configuration of 2 × 2 spatial switch, crossover type

3.5

operating vibration

vibration test whose relevant parameters should be monitored during the test

4 Test conditions

Unless otherwise specified, all test methods shall be in accordance with IEC 61300 (all parts). 1 × 2 and 2 × 2 spatial switches used for each test are intended to be previously unstressed new samples but may also be selected from previously used samples if desired. All measurements shall be carried out under standard atmospheric conditions, unless otherwise stated. If the device is provided with an active temperature control, this shall be set at the set-point specified by the manufacturer.

The requirements apply to every combination of input and output port.

The samples shall be terminated onto single-mode fibres as per IEC 60793-2-50 category B-652.B, B-652.D or B-657 in either coated fibres (primary and secondary) or reinforced cable format as per IEC 60794-2-50.

Table 1 is intended to provide guidance on the wavelength ranges of the various spectral bands. It is not intended to serve as a specification. Values of operating wavelength used in performance verification shall be specified between the customer and supplier or shall be as defined in the manufacturer's specification.

Table 1 – Single-mode spectral bands

Band	Descriptor	Range nm
O-band	Original	1 260 to 1 360
E-band	Extended	1 360 to 1 460
S-band	Short wavelength	1 460 to 1 530
C-band	Conventional	1 530 to 1 565
L-band	Long wavelength	1 565 to 1 625
U-band	Ultralong wavelength	1 625 to 1 675
NOTE See ITU-T G. Supplement 39.		

5 Test report

Fully documented test reports and supporting evidence shall be prepared and be available for inspection as evidence that the tests have been carried out and complied with.

6 Performance requirements

6.1 Dimensions

Dimensions shall comply with those given in appropriate manufacturers' drawings.

6.2 Sample size

Sample sizes for the tests are defined in Table A.1 of Annex A.

6.3 Test details and requirements

The requirements are given only for pigtailed 1 × 2 and 2 × 2 spatial switches. The test details and requirements for category C are shown in Table 2.

Table 2 – Test details and requirements for category C

No	Tests	Requirements	Details	
1	Insertion loss (attenuation) IEC 61300-3-7	$\leq 1,0$ dB	Launch fibre length	$\geq 2,0$ m
			Light source type	Unpolarized light
			Measurement uncertainty	$\leq 0,1$ dB
2	Crosstalk IEC 61300-3-50	≤ -50 dB	Launch fibre length	$\geq 2,0$ m
			Light source type	Unpolarized light
			Measurement uncertainty	≤ 1 dB
3	Return loss IEC 61300-3-7	≥ 50 dB	Launch fibre length	$\geq 2,0$ m
			Light source type	Unpolarized light
			Measurement uncertainty	≤ 2 dB
4	Switching time IEC 61300-3-21	≤ 20 ms	Launch fibre length	$\geq 2,0$ m
			Switching states	Both for from conducting state to isolated state and from isolated state to conducting state shall be measured.
			Port configurations	All port configurations shall be measured.
			Measurement uncertainty	≤ 1 ms
			For crossover type, the switching time shall be the maximum switching time of two ports.	
5	Polarization dependent loss (PDL) IEC 61300-3-2	$\leq 0,1$ dB	Launch fibre length	$\geq 2,0$ m
			Port configurations	All port configurations shall be measured.
			Measurement uncertainty	$\leq 0,02$ dB

No	Tests	Requirements	Details	
6	Insertion loss (attenuation) repeatability Method under consideration	$\leq 0,1$ dB	Launch fibre length Port configurations Number of switching Calculation Measurement uncertainty	$\geq 2,0$ m All port configurations shall be measured. Minimum 10 Differences of the maximum insertion loss and the minimum loss, or 6 times of standard deviation. $\leq 0,05$ dB
7	Return loss repeatability IEC 61300-3-6	≥ 50 dB	Launch fibre length Port configurations Number of switching Calculation Measurement uncertainty	$\geq 2,0$ m All port configurations shall be measured. Minimum 10 The minimum return loss. ≤ 1 dB
8	Crosstalk repeatability IEC 61300-3-50	≤ -50 dB	Launch fibre length Port configurations Number of switching Calculation Measurement uncertainty	$\geq 2,0$ m All port configurations shall be measured. Minimum 10 The maximum crosstalk ≤ 1 dB
9	Switching durability Method under consideration	Under consideration	Number of switching Test condition	Under consideration Under consideration
10	High optical power IEC 61300-2-14	Before and after the test, the limits of insertion loss, cross talk and return loss of test no. 1, 2 and 3 shall be met. During the test, the insertion loss change is monitored. During and after the test, the insertion loss change shall be within $\pm 0,3$ dB of the initial value. During the test, the crosstalk change is monitored. The sum of the initial value and the change of the crosstalk shall be within the value defined at test no. 2. During the test, the return loss change is monitored. The sum of the initial value and the change of the return loss shall be within the value defined at test no. 3.	Optical power Wavelength Duration of the optical power exposure Temperature Relative humidity	300 mW Nominal wavelength (see Table 1) 30 min $60\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $93\text{ }\% \begin{smallmatrix} +2 \\ -3 \end{smallmatrix} \%$ RH
11	Cold IEC 61300-2-17	Before and after the test, the limits of insertion loss, crosstalk and return loss of test no.1, 2 and 3 shall be met. The insertion loss change during the test shall be within $\pm 0,3$ dB of the initial value.	Temperature Duration of exposure	$-10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 96 h