International Standard



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION•MEЖДУНАРОДНАЯ OPFAHИЗАЦИЯ ПО CTAHДAPTUЗАЦИИ•ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Size designation of clothes — Men's and boys' underwear, nightwear and shirts

Désignation des tailles de vêtements - Sous-vêtements, vêtements de nuit et chemises pour hommes et garçons

First edition — 1981-07-15Teh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 4415:1981 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/589400a3-38e4-4538-aa82-7ec160f38fc6/iso-4415-1981

Descriptors: clothing, underwear, men, human body, dimensions, designation, measurement, labelling, graphic symbols.

UDC 687.211:389.17:003.62

Ref. No. ISO 4415-1981 (E)

Price based on 5 pages

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

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International Standard ISO 4415 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 133, Sizing systems and designations for clothes, and was circulated to the member bodies in May 1980.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following ISO 4415:1981 countries: https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/589400a3-38e4-4538-aa82-

7ec160f38fc6/iso-4415-1981 Sweden

Australia India
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ael United Kingdom
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Egypt, Arab Rep. of Finland

Korea, Rep. of USSR Romania Yugoslavia

France South Africa, Rep. of

Hungary Spain

The member bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds:

Canada Germany, F.R. Japan Netherlands Poland

Size designation of clothes — Men's and boys' underwear, nightwear and shirts

Introduction

This International Standard is one of a series which deals essentially with the size designation of clothing, and is not directly concerned with sizing systems as such.

The primary aim of this and other International Standards in this series, is the establishment of a size designation system that indicates (in a simple, direct and meaningful manner) the body size of the man or boy that a garment is intended to fit. Provided that the shape of his body (as indicated by the appropriate dimensions) has been accurately determined this system will facilitate the choice of garments that fit.

The size designation system is based on body and not garment measurements. Choice of garment measurements is normally left to the designer and the manufacturer, who are concerned with style, cut and other fashion elements, and who must make due allowance for garments normally worn beneath a specific 15:193.2 boy: A male person whose growth in height is not yet https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sisfinished0a3-38e4-4538-aa82garment.

7ec160f38fc6/iso-4415-1981 Definitions and body measurement procedure are prescribed in ISO 3635, which is applicable to all categories of clothing

Scope and field of application

This International Standard establishes a system of designating the sizes of men's and boys' underwear, nightwear and shirts that are classified as

- covering the upper body only, or
- covering the whole body, or
- covering the lower body only,

and applies to civilian and uniform garments.1)

Both the control dimensions on which the size designation system is based, and the method of indicating the size designation on a garment label, are laid down.

Reference

This International Standard should be read in conjuction with the following International Standard:

ISO 3635, Size designation of clothes — Definitions and body measurement procedure.

Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the definitions given in ISO 3635 and the following definitions apply:

IS. 3. (Iman): A male person whose growth in height is finished.

Control dimensions

The control dimensions shall be as follows:

a) Men's garments covering the upper body only:

Other than formal Formal and and uniform shirts uniform shirts Chest girth Neck girth

b) Boys' garments covering the upper body only:

Other than formal Formal and and uniform shirts uniform shirts 1) Chest girth Neck girth 2) Height Height

Examples of garments covered by this International Standard are given in the annex

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- c) Men's garments covering the whole body:
- 1) Chest girth
- 2) Waist girth
- 3) Height
- d) Boys' garments covering the whole body:
- 1) Height
- 2) Chest girth
- 3) Waist girth
- e) Men's garments covering the lower body only:

Waist girth

- f) Boys' garments covering the lower body only:
- 1) Waist girth
- 2) Height

5.2 Garment measurements shall not be incorporated in the size designation but, where considered of value, garment measurements may be indicated separately (see 6.3).

6 Labelling

6.1 Method

The size designation of each garment shall be indicated clearly, conspicuously and in piainly legible form on a label, or on a swing ticket, or on both. Pictograms shall be large enough to ensure immediate understanding and numerals shall, in all cases, be readily discernible.

6.2 Attachment

The label or swing ticket shall be securely attached to the garment and so positioned as to be easily readable.

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Information additional to the size designation may be separately indicated or the label, or on the swing ticket, or on both, provided that it does not in any way reduce the prominence and comprise the conspicuousness of the size designation. Such additional information may include a size code number, body measurements, of the stand or garment measurements considered to constitute useful in-

5 Size designation

5.1 The size designation of each garment shall comprise the conspicuousn control dimensions (see clause 4), in centimetres, of the in SO 44 mation may intended wearer of that garment. Where practicable, the stand standard garment in dard pictogram, as given in ISO 3635, should be used as a So formation standard pictogram, as given in ISO 3635, should be used as a So formation standard pictogram, the control measurements shall be given, together with the descriptive words such as chest girth, waist girth, etc., alongside, in the order in which they are given in clause 4.

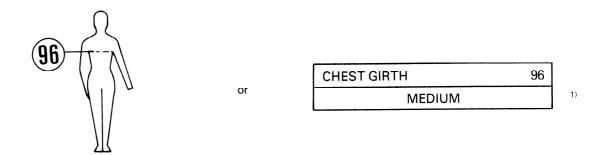
 ${\sf NOTE}$ — The above requirements shall not preclude the use, in exceptional instances and as specified by the national standards organization concerned, of

- a) size designations comprising only one or two of the applicable control dimensions;
- b) size designations shown as a range by stating the minimum and maximum control measurements separated by an oblique stroke or hyphen.

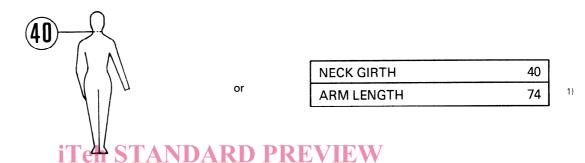
6.4 Examples of labels

The examples of labels given in figures 1 and 2 illustrate methods of labelling that range from the simple indication on the standard pictogram of the relevant control dimensions to more elaborate forms that provide additional information, such as a garment measurement or a size code number. Where the size designation is supplemented by a size code number, separation of the two, as illustrated, renders the size code number readily recognizable as being part of a system of size designation adopted by a national or limited population group only.

a) Man's singlet

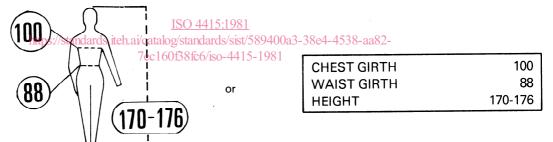


b) Man's formal shirt



c) Man's combinations

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d) Man's long underpants

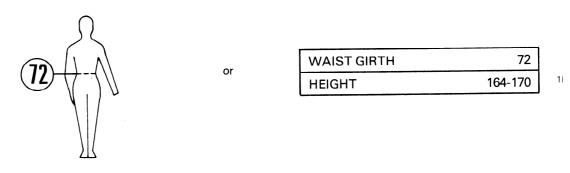
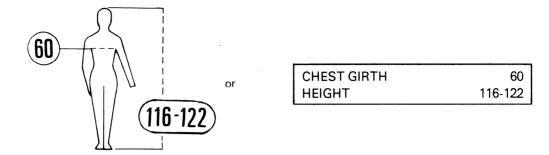


Figure 1 — Examples of labels for men's wear garments

¹⁾ Examples of additional information included in accordance with 6.3.

a) Boy's tee-shirt

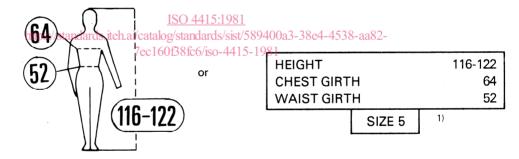


b) Boy's school shirt



c) Boy's pyjamas

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d) Boy's underpants

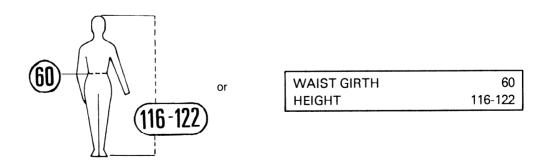


Figure 2 - Examples of labels for boys' wear garments

¹⁾ Examples of additional information included in accordance with 6.3.

Annex

Examples of relevant garments

A.1 Garments covering the upper body only

- a) Singlets, vests, undershirts.
- b) Sport shirts, polo shirts, tee-shirts.
- c) Formal and uniform shirts (business, dress, tunic, school shirts). 1)

A.2 Garments covering the whole body

- a) Combinations.
- b) Nightwear (pyjamas, pyjavests, nightshirts).

A.3 Garments covering the lower body only

- a) Briefs, underpants, undershorts.
- b) Long underpants.

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¹⁾ Where fit at the neck is important.

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