

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



**Audio, video, and related equipment – Determination of power consumption –
Part 2: Signals and media**

(standards.iteh.ai)

IEC 62087-2:2023

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fdcb49a2-2e20-4a09-b68d-f8a691784612/iec-62087-2-2023>



THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Copyright © 2023 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Secretariat
3, rue de Varembe
CH-1211 Geneva 20
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11
info@iec.ch
www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigendum or an amendment might have been published.

IEC publications search - webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee, ...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and once a month by email.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: sales@iec.ch.

IEC Products & Services Portal - products.iec.ch

Discover our powerful search engine and read freely all the publications previews. With a subscription you will always have access to up to date content tailored to your needs.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary on electrotechnology, containing more than 22 300 terminological entries in English and French, with equivalent terms in 19 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

[IEC 62087-2:2023](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/iecb49a2-2c20-4a09-b68d-18a691784612/iec-62087-2-2023)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/iecb49a2-2c20-4a09-b68d-18a691784612/iec-62087-2-2023>



IEC 62087-2

Edition 2.0 2023-02
REDLINE VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Audio, video, and related equipment – Determination of power consumption –
Part 2: Signals and media

STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[IEC 62087-2:2023](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fdcb49a2-2e20-4a09-b68d-f8a691784612/iec-62087-2-2023)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fdcb49a2-2e20-4a09-b68d-f8a691784612/iec-62087-2-2023>

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

ICS 33.160.10

ISBN 978-2-8322-6531-4

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	5
INTRODUCTION.....	7
1 Scope.....	8
2 Normative references	8
3 Terms, definitions, and abbreviated terms	9
3.1 Terms and definitions.....	9
3.2 Abbreviated terms.....	12
4 Signals.....	13
4.1 Audio-visual signals used for the determination of power consumption	13
4.1.1 Overview	13
4.1.2 Static video signals.....	13
4.1.3 Dynamic broadcast-content video signal.....	14
4.1.4 Internet-content video signal.....	15
4.1.5 Audio signal associated with video signals.....	15
4.2 Video signals used for the determination of the peak luminance ratio.....	16
4.2.1 General	16
4.2.2 Video signals.....	16
4.3 Audio signals used for determination of audio power consumption	18
4.3.1 Audio signals.....	18
4.3.2 Signal levels.....	18
5 Media.....	19
5.1 Packaged media.....	19
5.2 Blu-ray Disc™.....	20
5.3 DVD.....	20
5.1 Online repository	20
5.2 Compatibility of test signals with previous packaged media.....	21
6 Signal generation provision	21
6.1 General.....	21
6.2 Signal provision equipment	21
6.2.1 USB stick media inserted in a USB port of the UUT	21
6.2.2 External audio-visual signal generating equipment	21
6.2.3 Service provider network equipment	22
6.2.4 Audio signal generator.....	22
6.3 Interfaces.....	22
6.3.1 USB.....	22
6.3.2 HDMI®	22
6.3.3 DisplayPort.....	23
6.3.4 Component analogue video	23
6.3.5 S-Video	23
6.3.6 Composite analogue video.....	23
6.3.7 Analogue terrestrial interface.....	23
6.3.8 Cable television interface	23
6.3.9 Digital terrestrial interface.....	23
6.3.10 Satellite interface.....	24
6.3.11 Network interfaces.....	24
6.3.12 Other interfaces.....	24

6.4	Accuracy of video signal levels	24
Annex A (normative)	Video signals used for the determination of power consumption	25
A.1	Source of test media (video signals)	25
A.2	Test media (video signals) available for download from the IEC 62087-2 online repository	25
Annex B (informative)	Description of video signals used for the determination of power consumption	32
B.1	General.....	32
B.2	Static video signals.....	32
B.3	Dynamic broadcast-content video signals (SDR).....	32
B.4	Internet-content video signals	33
B.5	Dynamic broadcast-content data (SDR)	34
B.6	Internet-content data.....	36
B.7	Dynamic broadcast-content video signals (HDR).....	37
Annex C (informative)	Description of video signals used for the determination of the peak luminance ratio.....	38
C.1	General.....	38
C.2	Three-bar video signal	38
C.3	Dynamic box and outline video signal	38
Bibliography	39
Figure 1 – Gamma-corrected average picture level (APL')		
Figure 2 – Box and outline video signal, including signal drive values		
Figure 3 – Box and outline video signal, outline dimensions		
Figure 4 – Box and outline video signal, box size		
Figure 1	– Occurrence of linear and non-linear signal encodings in context of a typical display processing pipeline for computing APL and APL'	11
Figure 2	– Dynamic box and outline video signal (L20PeakLumMotion).....	17
Figure B.1	– SDR Dynamic broadcast-content video signal APL'	33
Figure B.2	– Internet-content video signal APL'	34
Table 1 – Signal numbering		
Table 1	– Static video signals overview.....	14
Table 2	– Dynamic broadcast-content video signals overview	15
Table 3	– Dynamic box and outline video signal naming	18
Table A.1	– 50p (50Hz) SDR SD video signals used for the determination of power consumption	26
Table A.2	– 50p (50Hz) SDR HD and UHD video signals used for the determination of power consumption	27
Table A.3	– 50p (50Hz) HDR HD and UHD video signals used for the determination of power consumption	28
Table A.4	– 59,94p (60Hz) SDR SD video signals used for the determination of power consumption	29
Table A.5	– 59,94p (60Hz) SDR HD and UHD video signals used for the determination of power consumption	30
Table A.6	– 59,94p (60Hz) HDR HD and UHD video signals used for the determination of power consumption	31
Table B.1	– SDR Dynamic broadcast-content data	34

Table B.2 – Internet-content data..... 37

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[IEC 62087-2:2023](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fdcb49a2-2e20-4a09-b68d-f8a691784612/iec-62087-2-2023)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fdcb49a2-2e20-4a09-b68d-f8a691784612/iec-62087-2-2023>

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**AUDIO, VIDEO, AND RELATED EQUIPMENT –
DETERMINATION OF POWER CONSUMPTION –****Part 2: Signals and media**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This redline version of the official IEC Standard allows the user to identify the changes made to the previous edition IEC 62087-2:2015. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text.

IEC 62087-2 has been prepared by technical area 19: Environmental and energy aspects for multimedia systems and equipment, of IEC technical committee 100: Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2015. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) HDR and UHD video test signals have been added;
- b) dynamic box and outline test signals have been added, replacing the static box and outline test signals;
- c) all test signals are provided as media files for download from a specified IEC online repository, which replaces previous DVD and Blu-ray media.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
100/3771/CDV	100/3848/RVC

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62087 series, published under the general title *Audio, video, and related equipment – Determination of power consumption*, can be found on the IEC website.

This publication contains multiple test signals downloadable from a specified IEC online repository, available at <https://www.iec.ch/tc100/supportingdocuments>. These files form an integral part of this standard.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this document indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

This document identifies test signals ~~and media~~ to be used to determine power consumption and related characteristics specified in some other parts of the IEC 62087:2015 series. ~~The media include Blu-ray Discs™ and DVDs.~~

IEC 62087:2008¹ (second edition) added methods for measuring On (average) mode power consumption of television sets, based on three video signal sets. These include static signals, dynamic broadcast content signals, and Internet content signals.

IEC 62087:2011² (third edition) revised methods for measuring power consumption of set-top boxes. The signals and media were not changed in this third edition.

IEC 62087-2:2015³ (first edition) separates ~~the standard into parts, including this signals and media part which specifies signals~~ signals and media that are to be used for determining power consumption and related characteristics into a dedicated part. The three original video signal sets (static, dynamic broadcast-content, and Internet-content) are not changed. This edition adds signals for the purpose of determining the peak luminance ratio that is sometimes associated with television set power consumption measurement programs.

This second edition of IEC 62087-2 adds HDR and UHD video test signals and dynamic box and outline test signals for TV power consumption testing. All test signals are available from a specified IEC online repository for download, replacing the former physical media distribution.

IEC 62087 series currently consists of the following published parts:

- Part 1: General
- Part 2: Signals and media
- Part 3: Television sets
- Part 4: Video recording equipment
- Part 5: Set-top boxes
- Part 6: Audio equipment
- Part 7: Computer monitors

¹ IEC 62087:2008, *Methods of measurement for the power consumption of audio, video and related equipment*

² IEC 62087:2011, *Methods of measurement for the power consumption of audio, video and related equipment*

³ IEC 62087-2:2015, *Audio, video, and related equipment – Determination of power consumption, Part 2: Signals and media*

AUDIO, VIDEO, AND RELATED EQUIPMENT – DETERMINATION OF POWER CONSUMPTION –

Part 2: Signals and media

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62087 specifies the signals ~~and media~~ used to determine the power consumption of audio, video, and related equipment, such as television sets and computer monitors. It also specifies signals for determining the peak luminance ratio that is sometimes associated with television set power consumption measurement programs. In addition, this part specifies equipment, interfaces, and accuracy related to signal generation.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60107-1:1997, *Methods of measurement on receivers for television broadcast transmissions – Part 1: General conditions – Measurements at radio and video frequencies*

IEC 60268-1:~~1985~~, *Sound system equipment – Part 1: General*

~~IEC 60268-1:1985/AMD1:1988-01~~

~~IEC 60268-1:1985/AMD2:1988-06~~

IEC 60315-1:1988, *Methods of measurement on radio receivers for various classes of emission. Part 1: General considerations and methods of measurement, including audio-frequency measurements*

IEC 60315-3, *Methods of measurement on radio receivers for various classes of emission – Part 3: Receivers for amplitude-modulated sound-broadcasting emissions*

IEC 60315-4:1997, *Methods of measurement on radio receivers for various classes of emission – Part 4: Receivers for frequency-modulated sound broadcasting emissions*

IEC 60958-1:~~2008~~, *Digital audio interface – Part 1: General*

~~IEC 60958-1:2008/AMD1:2014~~

IEC 60958-3:~~2006~~, *Digital audio interface – Part 3: Consumer applications*

~~IEC 60958-3:2006/AMD1:2009~~

IEC 61938:~~2013~~, *Multimedia systems – Guide to the recommended characteristics of analogue interfaces to achieve interoperability (GMT)*

IEC 62087-1:~~2015~~, *Audio, video, and related equipment – Determination of power consumption – Part 1: General*

~~IEC 62087:2015, video_content_DVD_50, Video content for the IEC 62087:2015 series on DVD, 50 Hz vertical scan frequency~~

~~IEC 62087:2015, video_content_DVD_60, Video content for the IEC 62087:2015 series on DVD, 60 Hz vertical scan frequency~~

~~IEC 62087:2015, video_content_BD_50, Video content for the IEC 62087:2015 series on Blu-ray™ Disc, 50 Hz vertical scan frequency~~

~~IEC 62087:2015, video_content_BD_60, Video content for the IEC 62087:2015 series on Blu-ray™ Disc, 60 Hz vertical scan frequency~~

IEC 62216:2009, *Digital terrestrial television receivers for the DVB-T system*

Recommendation ITU-R BT.2100-2, *Image parameter values for high dynamic range television for use in production and international programme exchange*

3 Terms, definitions, and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 62087-1:2015, as well as in the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1.1

average picture level

APL ~~average luminance level of an internal video signal after the inverse gamma correction within display equipment, such as a television set or computer monitor~~

average level of all the pixels of a single video signal frame or a group thereof in the linear luminance domain

EXAMPLE Display equipment such as television sets or computer monitors that internally use linear encoding after undoing the non-linearity of the input signal.

Note 1 to entry: This note applies to the French language only.

3.1.2

backlit display

display that generates light from a source behind the display panel

EXAMPLE Liquid-crystal display (LCD)

3.1.3

component analogue video

baseband analogue video interface that carries a standard or high-definition colour video signal over three signal lines

Note 1 to entry: See ~~CEA-770.3-E~~ CTA-770.3-E R-2017.

3.1.4

composite analogue video

baseband analogue video interface that carries a standard-definition colour video signal over a single signal line

Note 1 to entry: See SMPTE ST 170M:2004 for the 59,94 Hz version and ITU-R BT.470-5 for the 50 Hz version.

3.1.5
digital visual interface
DVI

video interface that ~~is capable of carrying~~ can carry analogue or digital uncompressed video

Note 1 to entry: This note applies to the French language only.

3.1.6
DisplayPort

digital display interface developed by the Video Electronics Standards Association

3.1.7
emissive display

display that generates light directly from each sub-pixel

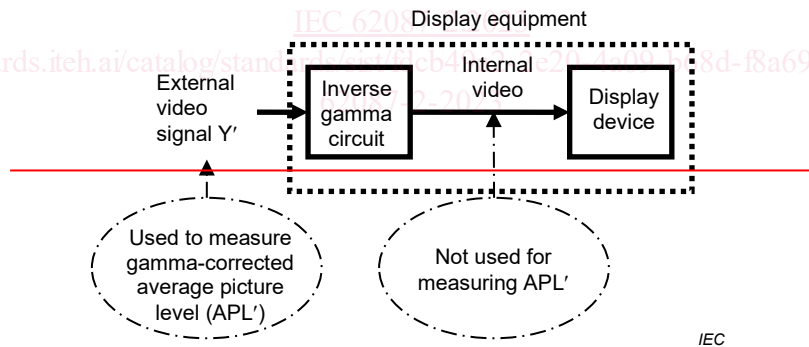
EXAMPLE PDP or OLED displays

~~**3.1.8**
gamma-corrected average picture level
APL'~~

~~average luma (Y') level of an external video input signal that may be applied to display equipment, such as a television set or computer monitor~~

~~Note 1 to entry: APL' is determined during the active scanning time integrated over a frame period, defined as a percentage of the range between reference black and reference white level.~~

~~Note 2 to entry: This is not a measure of the inverse gamma-corrected signal that might be available inside of some display equipment and delivered to the display device. The external and internal video signals are shown in Figure 1.~~



~~**Figure 1 — Gamma-corrected average picture level (APL')**~~

3.1.8
average picture level based on non-linear input signal
APL'

average level of all pixels of a single video signal frame or a group thereof in the non-linear luminance domain

EXAMPLE Display equipment such as television sets or computer monitor receive input signals that encode luminance or brightness in a non-linear way. Examples for such non-linear encoding are PQ (absolute luminance) or HLG (brightness) EOTFs (ITU-R BT.2100-2).

Note 1 to entry: APL' is defined as a percentage of the range between reference black and reference white level.

Note 2 to entry: This is not a measure of the linear signal that might be available inside of some display equipment and delivered to the display device. The properties and their differences of the external and internal video signals are shown in Figure 1.

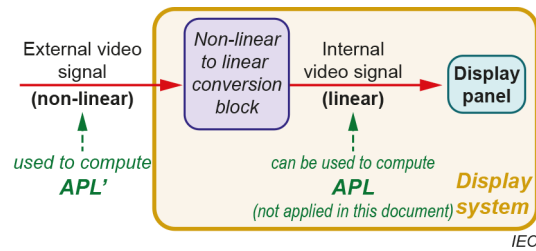


Figure 1 – Occurrence of linear and non-linear signal encodings in context of a typical display processing pipeline for computing APL and APL'

3.1.9 hybrid log-gamma HLG

one set of transfer functions offering a degree of backwards compatibility by more closely matching the previously established television transfer curves

Note 1 to entry: Sets of transfer functions related to HDR signals are specified in Rec. ITU-R BT.2100-2.

Note 2 to entry: HLG is used both as a description of a dedicated transfer function and as a video format name.

3.1.10 high dynamic range video HDR video

capability of components in a video pipeline to capture, process, transport or display luminance levels and tone gradations that exceed capabilities of conventional SDR imaging pipelines components

EXAMPLE An HDR video signal typically uses a greater bit depth, luminance and colour volume than standard dynamic range (SDR) video. It also typically utilizes different tone curves such as perceptual quantizer (PQ) or hybrid log gamma (HLG) as specified in ITU-R BT.2100 instead of gamma, as used with SDR. When the HDR video signal is rendered on an HDR display, it is possible to see greater luminance ranges and wider colour gamut

Note 1 to entry: HDR video can provide an enhanced viewer experience and can more accurately reproduce scenes that include, within the same image, deep dark areas, and bright highlights, such as emissive light sources and reflections.

Note 2 to entry: This note applies to the French language only.

3.1.11 high definition HD

spatial video resolution ranging from 1 280 × 720 to 1 920 × 1 080

3.1.12 ultra-high definition UHD Ultra HD

spatial video resolution above 1 920 × 1 080

3.1.13 Universal Serial Bus USB

digital interface that can be used to connect storage media and peripherals to digital devices like computers and TVs

Note 1 to entry: See USB specification.

Note 2 to entry: This note applies to the French language only.

3.1.14 High-Definition Multimedia Interface HDMI®⁴

audio-visual interface that is capable of carrying uncompressed video data, compressed or uncompressed digital audio data, and other information

Note 1 to entry: See HDMI® specification.

Note 2 to entry: This note applies to the French language only.

3.1.10

~~luma
Y'~~

~~gamma-corrected video signal that represents brightness~~

3.1.15

**standard dynamic range video
SDR video**

capability of components in a video pipeline to capture, process, transport or display luminance levels and tone gradations that can be characterized by the dynamic range, colour rendering and tone gradation capabilities essentially compatible with cathode ray tube (CRT) displays

EXAMPLE BT.709/BT.1886 and IEC 62966-2-1 (sRGB)

Note 1 to entry: This note applies to the French language only.

3.1.16

S-video

baseband analogue video interface that carries a standard definition colour video signal using two signal lines

Note 1 to entry: See IEC 60933-5.

3.2 Abbreviated terms

'	prime (noting that the signal is non-linear, for example APL')
AM	amplitude modulation
APL	Average Picture Level
APL'	Gamma-Corrected Average Picture Level
AV	audio-visual
BD	Blu-ray Disc™ ⁵
BER	bit error ratio
C/N	carrier-to-noise ratio
DAB	digital audio broadcast
dB	decibel
DVD	digital versatile disc
EMF	electromotive force
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
FM	frequency modulation

⁴ ~~HDMI® is a registered trade mark of HDMI Licensing, LLC. This information is given for the convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the product named.~~

⁵ Blu-ray Disc™ is a trademark of the Blu-ray Disc Association. This information is given for the convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the product named. Equivalent products may be used if they can be shown to lead to the same results.

Hz	hertz
HDMI®	High Definition Multimedia Interface
JEITA	Japan Electronics and Information Technology industries Association
kb/s	kilo bits per second
LCD	liquid crystal display
LAN	local area network
Mb/s	Mega bits per second
NTSC	National Television Standards Committee
OLED	organic light-emitting diode
OOI	acoustic onset of impairment
PAL	phase alternating line
PDP	plasma display panel
RF	radio frequency
RMS	root mean square
SECAM	séquentiel couleur à mémoire (Sequential colour with memory)
SMPTE	Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers
US	United States of America
USB	Universal Serial Bus
UUT	unit under test

NOTE Other terminology used is device under test (DUT) or equipment under test (EUT).

4 Signals

4.1 Audio-visual signals used for the determination of power consumption

4.1.1 Overview

For general information on SDR video signals, see 4.1.2, 4.1.3.2 and 4.1.4. For general information on HDR signals, see 4.1.3.3. The HDR video format HLG uses sets of transfer functions (EOTF) specified in Rec. ITU-R BT.2100-2 while the HDR video format HDR10 applies those transfer functions (EOTF) of SMPTE ST 2084 (see also 4.1.3.1 and 4.1.3.3).

In this document, all references to '60 Hz media' technically refer to 59,94 Hz coded video content; similarly, '24 Hz media' refers to 23,976 Hz media (see also Table A.1 to Table A.6).

A general description of the video signals is provided in Annex A and Annex B.

4.1.2 Static video signals

4.1.2.1 General

The media includes ~~four~~ five static video signals: black, white, full field colour bar and three bar video signals; see Table 1. All are SDR format. Additional information is available in Clause B.2.