



Designation: B 379 – 99

Standard Specification for Phosphorized Coppers—Refinery Shapes¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 379; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last approval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope *

1.1 This specification establishes the requirements for phosphorized copper wire bars, billets, and cakes.

NOTE 1—Wire bars furnished under this specification do not conform in dimensions with that furnished under Specification B 5.

1.2 The values in inch-pound units are the standard. SI values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.3 The following hazard caveat applies to 14.2 and 14.3 of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to consult and establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- B 5 Specification for Electrolytic Tough-Pitch Copper Refinery Shapes²
- B 193 Test Method for Resistivity of Electrical Conductor Materials³
- B 224 Classification of Coppers²
- B 577 Test Methods for Detection of Cuprous Oxide (Hydrogen Embrittlement Susceptibility) in Copper²
- B 846 Terminology for Copper and Copper Alloys
- E 8 Methods of Preparation of Metallographic Specimens⁴
- E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications⁵
- E 53 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper⁶
- E 62 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper and Copper Alloys (Photometric Methods)⁶
- E 255 Practice for Sampling Copper and Copper Alloys for Determination of Chemical Composition⁶

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B05 on Copper and Copper Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B05.07 on Refined Copper.

Current edition approved April 10, 1999. Published July 1999. Originally published as B 379 – 62T. Last previous edition B 379 – 94.

² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.01.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.03.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.

⁵ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

⁶ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05.

3. Terminology

3.1 For definitions of terms related to copper and copper alloys, refer to Terminology B 846.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *billet*—refinery shape used for piercing or extrusion into tubular products or for extrusion into rod, bars, and shapes. Circular in cross section, usually 3 to 16 in. (76 to 406 mm) in diameter, normally ranging in weight from 100 to 4200 lb (45 to 1905 kg).

3.2.2 *cake*—refinery shape used for rolling into plate, shear, strip, or shape. Rectangular in cross section and of various sizes, normally ranging in weight from 140 to 26 000 lb (64 to 11 794 kg).

3.2.3 *capable of*—possessing the required properties or characteristics, or both, necessary to conform to specification requirements when subjected to specified test(s).

3.2.4 *copper, electrolytic*—copper of any origin refined by electrolytic deposition including electrowinning. When used alone, this term usually refers to electrolytic tough pitch copper.

3.2.5 *copper, fire-refined*—copper of any origin or type finished by furnace refining without having been processed at any stage by electrolytic or chemical refining. When used alone, the term usually refers to fire refined tough pitch copper.

3.2.6 *copper, high-conductivity*—copper that in the annealed condition has a maximum electrical mass resistivity of 0.15328 ohm · g/m² (conductivity 100 %, minimum, International Annealed Copper Standard (IACS)) at 68°F (20°C).

3.2.7 *copper, oxygen-free*—electrolytic copper produced without the use of metallic or metalloidal deoxidizers, free of cuprous oxide as determined by metallographic examination at 75× under polarized light.

3.2.8 *wire bar*—refinery shape used for rolling into rod or flat products for subsequent processing into wire, strip, or shape. Approximately 3½ to 5 in. (89 to 127 mm) square in cross section, usually 54 in. (1372 mm) in length and ranging in weight from 200 to 420 lb (91 to 191 kg). Usually tapered at both ends.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Contracts or purchase orders for product under this specification should include the following information:

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

- 4.1.1 ASTM designation and year of issue (for example, B 379 – XX),
- 4.1.2 Copper UNS Number (for example, C10800),
- 4.1.3 Shape required: wire bar, billet or cake,
 - 4.1.3.1 Billet end type,
- 4.1.4 Dimensions and tolerances (Section 10), and
- 4.1.5 Quantity; total weight or number of pieces for each shape, size, and Copper UNS No. designation.
- 4.2 The following are optional and should be specified in the contract or purchase order when required:
 - 4.2.1 Hydrogen embrittlement test (Section 8),
 - 4.2.2 Certification (Section 19), and
 - 4.2.3 Test report (Section 20).

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 *Material:*

5.1.1 The product furnished shall be produced from one of the following coppers as specified in the contract or purchase order:

UNS Nos.	Former ⁷	Description
C10300	OFXLP	Oxygen-free, extra low phosphorus
C10800	OFLP	Oxygen-free, low phosphorus
C12200	DHP	Phosphorus deoxidized, high residual phosphorus
C14200	DPA	Phosphorus deoxidized, arsenical

5.2 *Manufacture:*

5.2.1 *Billets*—Unless specified otherwise, product up to and including 4 in. (102 mm) in diameter may be supplied sheared on one end with the other end flat. Billets over 4 in. in diameter shall be supplied with both ends flat. Billets shall not be cupped except by specific agreement between the manufacturer or supplier and the purchaser at the time of purchase and the agreement shall be part of the contract or purchase order.

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 The product material shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1 for the specified copper.

6.1.1 These specification limits do not preclude the presence of other elements. Limits may be established and analysis required for unnamed elements by agreement between the manufacturer, or supplier, and the purchaser.

7. Physical Property Requirements

7.1 *Electrical Resistivity:*

7.1.1 The maximum mass resistivity for Copper UNS No. C10300, in the annealed condition, shall be 0.15614 ohms · g/m² (conductivity 98.16 %, minimum, International Annealed Copper Standard (IACS)) at 68°F (20°C).

7.1.2 The maximum mass resistivity for Copper UNS No. C10800, in the annealed condition, shall be 0.17081 ohm · g/m² (conductivity 90 %, minimum, International Annealed Copper Standard (IACS)) at 68°F (20°C).

8. Performance Requirements

8.1 *Reverse Bend Test (Hydrogen Embrittlement Susceptibility):*

8.1.1 When specified in the contract or purchase order, specimens of product produced of coppers UNS Nos. C10300 and C10800 shall be capable of withstanding a minimum of four bends without fracturing when tested in accordance with Test Method D of Test Methods B 577.

9. Microscopical Examination

9.1 Coppers UNS Nos. C10300 and C10800 shall be essentially free of cuprous oxide as determined by examination in accordance with Test Method A of Test Methods B 577.

10. Dimensions, Mass, and Permissible Variations

10.1 *Wire Bars:*

10.1.1 The manufacturer or supplier should be consulted for dimensions and shapes available.

10.2 *Billets:*

10.2.1 A variation of ±5 % in weight and/or ±1/16 in. (±2 mm) in diameter from the manufacturer’s published list or the purchaser’s specified size shall be considered good delivery for billets up to 6 in. (152 mm) in diameter.

10.2.2 A variation of –1/8 in. (–3 mm) to +1/16 in. (+2 mm) in diameter and ±2 % in length shall be permitted for billets 6 in. (152 mm) and over in diameter.

10.2.3 Deviation from straightness shall not exceed 1/4 in. (6 mm) in 4 ft (1219 mm) as measured at the center of the billet.

10.2.4 Special diameter tolerances are subject to agreement between the manufacturer or supplier and the purchaser.

10.3 *Cakes:*

10.3.1 A variation up to 5 % in weight or 1/4 in. (6 mm) in any dimension shall be permitted for dimensions up to 8 in. (203 mm). A variation of 3 % in size shall be permitted for dimensions greater than 8 in. (203 mm).

⁷ Refer to Table X1.1 of Classification B 224 for former copper designations.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Copper UNS No.	Type	Composition, %				
		Copper (Including Silver), min	Phosphorus		Arsenic	
			min	max	min	max
C10300	OFXLP	99.95 ^A	0.001	0.005
C10800	OFLP	99.95 ^A	0.005	0.012
C12200	DHP	99.9	0.015	0.040
C14200	DPA	99.4 ^B	0.015	0.040	0.15	0.50

^A Includes phosphorus.

^B Copper (including phosphorus and arsenic) = 99.9 % min.