

Designation: C219 - 14a C219 - 19

Standard Terminology Relating to Hydraulic Cement¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C219; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This terminology defines terms relating to hydraulic cements, their components, characteristics, properties, and the testing thereof. Some terms may have wider application than just to hydraulic cement.
- 1.2 See individual standards for terms applicable primarily therein, including meanings that may be more restrictive than those given here, and for explanations and descriptions of terms as they apply to those standards.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety safety, health, and health environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:²
- C11 Terminology Relating to Gypsum and Related Building Materials and Systems
- C51 Terminology Relating to Lime and Limestone (as used by the Industry)
- C114 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Hydraulic Cement
- C114 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Hydraulic Cement
- C125 Terminology Relating to Concrete and Concrete Aggregates
- C294 Descriptive Nomenclature for Constituents of Concrete Aggregates
- C595/C595M Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements
- C1328C1328/C1328M Specification for Plastic (Stucco) Cement
- C1329C1329/C1329M Specification for Mortar Cement
- 2.2 ACI Standard: s. iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9426a551-d0/5-4
- ACI 116R Cement and Concrete Terminology³

3. Significance and Use

- 3.1 In definitions of cements, ingredients are cited only when they are inherent to the definition, for example portland-pozzolan cement. For ingredients and their quantity limits, if any, that are permitted or prohibited by a specification for a particular cement, see the applicable specification for that cement.
 - 3.2 In definitions of materials including cements, the method of production is included only if it is inherent to the definition.
- 3.3 Related terms may be found in other terminology documents such as Terminology C11, Terminology C51, Terminology C125, and ACI 116R.

4. Terminology

addition, n—a material that is interground or blended in limited amounts into a hydraulic cement during manufacture.

¹ This terminology is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C01 on Cement and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C01.91 on Terminology. Current edition approved Aug. 1, 2014June 1, 2019. Published August 2014June 2019. Originally approved in 1948. Last previous edition approved in 2014 as C219 – 14a. DOI: 10.1520/C0219-14A10.1520/C0219-19

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American Concrete Institute (ACI), P.O. Box 9094, Farmington Hills, MI 48333-9094, http://www.aci-int.org.

DISCUSSION-

Two classes of additions are recognized as defined below.

functional addition,_n—an addition introduced to modify

—one or more properties of a hydraulic cement.

air-entraining addition, n—a functional addition that will

entrain air in mortar or concrete.

processing addition, n—an addition introduced to aid in

thethe manufacture or handling, or both, of a hydraulic cement.

air-entraining addition, *n*—see<u>a</u> addition; functional addition; addition air-entraining addition. that will entrain air in mortar or concrete.

air content, n—of freshly mixed mortar the volume of air (and other gases) in mortar, expressed as a percentage of total volume of mortar.

air-entraining hydraulic cement, *n*—a hydraulic cement containing an air-entraining addition in such amount as to cause air to be entrained in mortar within specified limits when measured by the prescribed method.

alkali equivalent, n—deprecated term; see equivalent alkalies.

aluminous cement, *n*—deprecated term.

anhydrite, n—see calcium sulfate.

blast-furnace slag, *n*—the nonmetallic product, consisting essentially of silicates and aluminosilicates of calcium and other bases, that is developed in a molten condition simultaneously with iron in a blast furnace.

blended hydraulic cement, *n*—a hydraulic cement consisting of two or more inorganic constituents (at least one of which is not portland cement or portland cement clinker) which separately or in combination contribute to the strength-gaining properties of the cement, (made with or without other constituents, processing additions and functional additions, by intergrinding or other blending).

portland blast-furnace slag cement, n—a hydraulic cement

- consisting consisting of an intimate and uniform blend of portland
- -cementcement and granulated blast-furnace slag or slag cement
- producedproduced by intergrinding portland cement clinker and
- granulated granulated blast-furnace slag or slag cement; by blending
- portlandportland cement and slag cement; or by a combination of
- intergrindingintergrinding and blending, in which the amount of the
- granulated granulated blast-furnace slag or slag cement constituent is
- within within specified limits.limits

portland-limestone cement,_n—a hydraulic cement

- consisting consisting of an intimate and uniform blend of portland
- cement and consisting of an intimate and uniform blend of portland cement and limestone produced by intergrinding portland
- cement clinkerand cement clinker and limestone; by blending portland cement
- —and and finely divided limestone; or by a combination of
- intergrinding intergrinding and blending, in which the amount of the
- —<u>limestone</u> constituent is within specified limits.

portland-pozzolan cement, n—a hydraulic cement

- consisting consisting of an intimate and uniform blend of portland
- cementcement or portland blast-furnace slag cement and fine
- pozzolanpozzolan produced by intergrinding portland cement
- clinkerclinker and pozzolan; by blending portland cement
- or portland blast-furnace slag cement and finely divided
- pozzolan; pozzolan; or by a combination of intergrinding and
- blending, blending, in which the amount of the pozzolan constituent
- —isis within specified limits.

Discussion—