



**SLOVENSKI STANDARD**  
**SIST EN ISO 23953-2:2006**  
**01-julij-2006**

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Refrigerated display cabinets - Part 2: Classification, requirements and test conditions  
(ISO 23953-2:2005)

Verkaufskühlmöbel - Teil 2: Klassifizierung, Anforderungen und Prüfbedingungen (ISO  
23953-2:2005)

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

Meubles frigorifiques de vente - (Partie 2: Classification, exigences et méthodes d'essai  
(ISO 23953-2:2005)

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English Version

## Refrigerated display cabinets - Part 2: Classification, requirements and test conditions (ISO 23953-2:2005)

Meubles frigorifiques de vente - Partie 2: Classification, exigences et méthodes d'essai (ISO 23953-2:2005)

Verkaufskühlmöbel - Teil 2: Klassifizierung, Anforderungen und Prüfbedingungen (ISO 23953-2:2005)

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## Foreword

This document (EN ISO 23953-2:2005) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 44 "Household refrigerating appliances and commercial refrigeration equipment", the secretariat of which is held by UNI, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 86 "Refrigeration and air-conditioning".

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2006, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2006.

This document supersedes EN 441-2:1994, EN 441-3:1994, EN 441-4:1994, EN 441-5:1996, EN 441-6:1994, EN 441-7:1994, EN 441-8:1994, EN 441-9:1994, EN 441-10:1994, EN 441-11:1994, EN 441-12:1997.

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**Refrigerated display cabinets —**

**Part 2:**

**Classification, requirements and test  
conditions**

*Meubles frigorifiques de vente —  
Partie 2: Classification, exigences et méthodes d'essai*  
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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 23953-2 was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 44, *Household refrigerating appliances and commercial refrigeration equipment*, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 86, *Refrigeration and air-conditioning*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Testing and rating of commercial refrigerated display cabinets*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This first edition of ISO 23953-2, together with the first edition of ISO 23953-1, cancels and replaces ISO 1992-1:1974, ISO 1992-4:1974, ISO 1992-5:1974, ISO 1992-6:1974, ISO 5160-1:1979 and ISO 5160-2:1980, of which it constitutes a technical revision.

ISO 23953 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Refrigerated display cabinets*:

- *Part 1: Vocabulary*
- *Part 2: Classification, requirements and test conditions*

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# Refrigerated display cabinets —

## Part 2: Classification, requirements and test conditions

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 23953 specifies requirements for the construction, characteristics and performance of refrigerated display cabinets used in the sale and display of foodstuffs. It specifies test conditions and methods for checking that the requirements have been satisfied, as well as classification of the cabinets, their marking and the list of their characteristics to be declared by the manufacturer. It is not applicable to refrigerated vending machines or cabinets intended for use in catering or similar non-retail applications; nor does it cover the choice of the types of foodstuffs chosen to be displayed in the cabinets.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 817, *Refrigerants — Designation system*  
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ISO 9050, *Glass in building — Determination of light transmittance, solar direct transmittance, total solar energy transmittance and ultraviolet transmittance, and related glazing factors*

ISO 23953-1:2005, *Refrigerated display cabinets — Part 1: Vocabulary*

IEC 60335-2:89, *Safety of household and similar electrical appliance — Part 2: Particular requirements for commercial refrigerating appliances with an incorporated or remote refrigerant condensing unit*

EN 378-2, *Refrigerating systems and heat pumps — Safety and environmental requirements — Part 2: Design, construction, testing, marking and documentation*

EN 60335-1, *Safety of household and similar electrical appliances — Part 1: General requirements*

### 3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 23953-1 and the following symbols and abbreviated terms apply.

### 3.1 General

$t_{\text{run}}$	running time — time during which compressor is running (or solenoid valve is open) or secondary refrigerant is circulating (or solenoid valve is open), within 24 h
$t_{\text{run}75}$	75 % of the running time between defrosts, excluding the time just after defrost, $0,75 t_{\text{run}}$
$t_{\text{stop}}$	stopping time — time during which compressor is not running (or solenoid valve is closed) or secondary refrigerant is not circulating (or solenoid valve is closed), within 24 h and excluding defrost time
$t_{\text{deft}}$	defrost time — time during defrost during which compressor is not running (or solenoid valve is closed) or secondary refrigerant is generally not circulating, within 24 h, but not considered as stopping time
$q_m$	mass flow rate of liquid refrigerant or secondary refrigerant in kilograms per second
$\Delta t$	time between two consecutive measuring samples
$N_{\text{max}}$	number of measuring samples in 24 hours
$N_{75}$	number of measuring samples during 75 % of the running time period between 2 defrosts, excluding time just after defrost
$n_{\text{deft}}$	number of defrosts during 24 h
DEC	direct electrical energy consumption, in kilowatt hours per 24 h period
$\text{REC}_{\text{RC}}$	refrigeration electrical energy consumption, in kilowatt hours per 2 h period, for remote cabinet for compression-type refrigerating system
$\text{REC}_{\text{RI}}$	refrigeration electrical energy consumption, in kilowatt hours per 2 h period, for remote cabinet for indirect refrigerating system
TEC	total energy consumption in kilowatt hours per 24 h period
$t_{\text{rr}}$	relative or percentage running time:

$$t_{\text{rr}} = \frac{t_{\text{run}}}{t_{\text{run}} + t_{\text{stop}}} = \frac{t_{\text{run}}}{24 - t_{\text{deft}}}$$

where  $t_{\text{run}} + t_{\text{stop}} + t_{\text{deft}} = 24 \text{ h}$

$\Phi_n$  instant heat extraction rate

### 3.2 Compression-type refrigeration systems

$h_8, h_4$	specific enthalpy in kilojoules per kilogram, where state at point 8 corresponds to refrigerant outlet, and state at point 4 to refrigerant inlet, of cabinet
$\theta_7$	refrigerant mean temperature at evaporator outlet
$\theta_{\text{mrun}}$	arithmetic average of evaporator-saturated temperature obtained from pressure $p_7$ by referring to table of saturation properties for refrigerant in use — during $t_{\text{run}}$ , in degrees Celsius
$\theta_{\text{min}}$	arithmetic average of evaporator-saturated temperature obtained from pressure $p_7$ by referring to table of saturation properties for refrigerant in use — during the last 10 % of all running periods, in degrees Celsius
$T_{\text{mrun}}$	$= \theta_{\text{mrun}} + 273,18$

### 3.3 Indirect refrigeration-type systems

$\theta_i$	secondary refrigerant temperature at cabinet inlet, in degrees Celsius
$\theta_o$	secondary refrigerant temperature at cabinet outlet, in degrees Celsius
$\theta$	secondary refrigerant median temperature, in degrees Celsius $(\theta_i + \theta_o)/2$
$\theta_{\text{mrun}}$	arithmetic average of the secondary refrigerant median temperature ( $\theta$ ) during $t_{\text{run}}$ , in degrees Celsius
$\theta_{\text{min}}$	arithmetic average of the secondary refrigerant median temperature ( $\theta$ ) during last 10 % of all running periods, in degrees Celsius
$q_{\text{mrun}}$	arithmetic average of the secondary refrigerant mass flow during $t_{\text{run}}$ , in kilograms per second
$c_i$	specific heat of secondary refrigerant, in kilojoules per kilogram per degree Celsius at cabinet inlet
$c_o$	specific heat of the secondary refrigerant, in kilojoules per kilogram per degree Celsius, at cabinet outlet
$p_{\text{irun}} - p_{\text{orun}}$	pressure drop between inlet and outlet of cabinet during $t_{\text{run}}$ , in newtons per square metre
PEC	pumping electrical energy consumption
$\nu$	specific volume of secondary refrigerant, in cubic metres per kilogram (simplification: $\nu = \text{const.} = 0,001 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$ )

## 4 Requirements

### 4.1 Construction

#### 4.1.1 General

##### 4.1.1.1 Strength and rigidity

The cabinet and its parts shall be constructed with adequate strength and rigidity for normal conditions of handling, transport and use and attention shall be given to the following:

- a) interior fittings, including shelves, baskets, rails, etc. and their supports, shall be sufficiently strong for the duty required;
- b) where sliding shelves, baskets, trays or drawers are fitted they shall retain their shape and ease of movement when fully loaded;
- c) any fittings which are provided with stops to prevent accidental removal shall be self-supporting when fully loaded and withdrawn to the limit of the stops.
- d) stops.

##### 4.1.1.2 Pipes and connections

Pipes and connections to moving or resiliently mounted parts shall be arranged so as not to foul or transmit harmful vibrations to other parts. All other pipes and connections shall be securely anchored and sufficient free length and/or vibration eliminators shall be provided to prevent failure due to fatigue. Where necessary, pipes and valves shall be adequately thermally insulated.

##### 4.1.1.3 Condensate drainage

Where drains, drip trays or evaporation receptacles are fitted, they shall have ample capacity and shall be easily accessible and cleanable.

Any condensate or defrost water receptacle, or group of receptacles, requiring to be emptied manually shall have a capacity equivalent to at least 48 h of normal operation in the appropriate climate class for which the cabinet is intended.

##### 4.1.1.4 Closed refrigerated cabinets (self-service type)

Closed refrigerated cabinets shall meet certain special requirements as follows.

Self-closing doors shall be opened by different angles up to and including 80° and shall from these different positions automatically assume their original position and close tight in accordance with 5.2.1.

On low-temperature applications, transparent doors and lids shall be condensate-free at the climate class specified by the manufacturer. Glass doors shall incorporate sufficient heating to the internal surface to provide moisture dispersal for clear vision after closing. Horizontal sliding lids are exempt from this requirement.

Door fasteners and hinges under normal conditions of use shall be smooth and positive in action and designed to function properly without undue wear.

When any doors or lids provided to ensure an air seal to the refrigerated space are closed, there shall be no undue leakage of ambient air into the interior.

The doors or lids shall not open of their own accord.

The gasket shall be made from a material whose characteristics are compatible with the operating conditions (especially temperatures). If the fastening device is mechanical, a stop or other means shall be provided to prevent the gasket from being excessively deformed.

#### 4.1.1.5 Joints and seams

All construction joints and seams within the net volume shall prevent the accumulation of potentially contaminating substances.

All construction joints and seams within the net volume shall permit the easy removal of any deposits of potentially contaminating substances.

#### 4.1.1.6 Sneeze guard

The front façade constitutes a guard against risks of contamination emanating from consumers through handling, coughing, etc. in case of display and sale of unpacked foodstuffs.

For this, the sum of vertical dimension  $A$  and horizontal dimension  $B$  as shown in Figure 1 shall be not less than 1 500 mm.

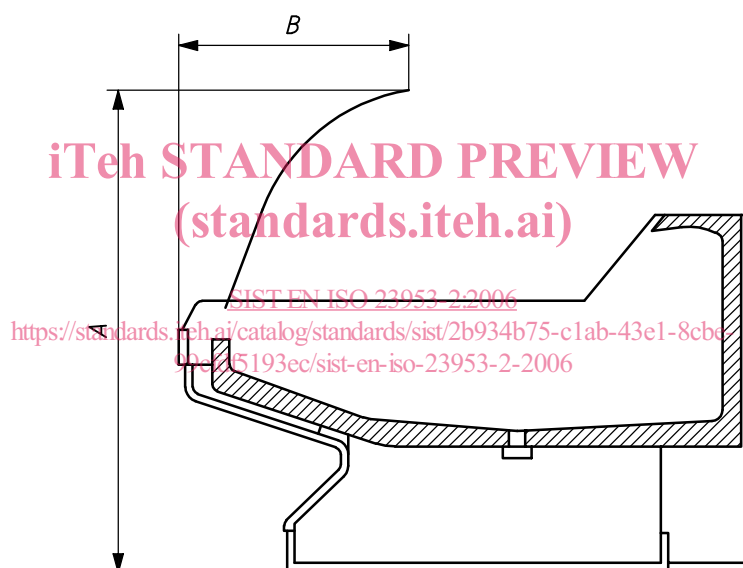


Figure 1 — Dimensions for sneeze guard

### 4.1.2 Materials

#### 4.1.2.1 General

The materials shall be durable and shall not favour the development of mould or emit odours.

Under normal conditions of use, materials in contact with foodstuffs shall be resistant to moisture and shall neither be toxic nor contaminate them.

#### 4.1.2.2 Wear resistance

Internal and external finishes shall be resistant to wear and capable of being cleaned effectively and hygienically. Finishes shall not crack, chip, flake, rub off or soften under normal conditions of use or during cleaning.