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# TECHNICAL REPORT



### Information technology – Generic cabling for customer premises – Part 9908: Guidance for the support of higher speed applications over optical fibre channels (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO/IEC TR 11801-9908:2020</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e1843a3b-5ab5-4c01-aaa8bf2b5d9855a7/iso-iec-tr-11801-9908-2020





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### **ISO/IEC TR 11801-9908**

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#### CONTENTS

FOREWORD	3
INTRODUCTION	5
1 Scope	6
2 Normative references	6
3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms	6
3.1 Terms and definitions	6
3.2 Abbreviated terms	6
4 Applications for 10 gigabits per second and beyond	6
5 Optical fibre cabling infrastructure considerations	9
5.1 Array-based fibre cabling systems	9
5.2 Array-based fibre cabling systems for duplex applications	9
5.2.1 General	9
5.2.2 Data rate upgrades for duplex multimode channels	
5.2.3 Data rate upgrades for single fibre or duplex single-mode channels	10
5.3 Array-based fibre cabling systems and migration from duplex to parallel applications	10
5.4 Array-based fibre cabling systems for parallel applications	11
<ul><li>5.4.1 General</li><li>5.4.2 Data rate upgrades for parallel multimode channels</li></ul>	11
<ul> <li>5.4.3 Data rate upgrades for parallel single-mode channels</li> <li>6 Multimode fibre cabling selection guidance</li> </ul>	11
Annex A (informative) Summary of optical fibre applications	13
A.1 Duplex and parallel multimode fibre applications	13
A.2 Single fibre, duplex, and parallel single-mode fibre applications	
Bibliography	15
Figure 1 – Example array-based cabling constructions for multiple duplex fibre applications	٩
Figure 2 – Example array-based cabling constructions for parallel fibre applications	
rigure 2 – Example array-based cabling constructions for parallel libre applications	
Table 1 – Multimode applications standardized in IEEE for Ethernet and INCITS for	
Fibre Channel	7
Table 2 – Multimode applications in progress of standardization in IEEE for Ethernet         and INCITS for Fibre Channel	
Table 3 – Multimode applications covered by Multi-Source Agreements	
Table 4 – Single-mode applications standardized in IEEE for Ethernet and INCITS for	1
Fibre Channel	8
Table 5 – Single-mode applications in progress of standardization in IEEE for Ethernet and INCITS for Fibre Channel	8
Table 6 – Single-mode applications covered by Multi-Source Agreements	
Table A.1 – Duplex and parallel multimode fibre applications	
Table A.2 – Single fibre, duplex and parallel single-mode fibre applications	
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#### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – GENERIC CABLING FOR CUSTOMER PREMISES –

## Part 9908: Guidance for the support of higher speed applications over optical fibre channels

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ISO/IEC TR 11801-9908, which is a Technical Report, was prepared by subcommittee 25: Interconnection of information technology equipment, of ISO/IEC joint technical committee 1: Information technology.

The list of all currently available parts of the ISO/IEC 11801 series, under the general title *Information technology – Generic cabling for customer premises*, can be found on the IEC and ISO websites.

The text of this Technical Report is based on the following documents:

DTR	Report on voting
JTC1-SC25/2927/DTR	JTC1-SC25/2940/RVDTR

Full information on the voting for the approval of this Technical Report can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

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#### INTRODUCTION

The need to support cost-efficient high-speed applications over optical fibre has resulted in the availability of a wide variety of applications and implementation options. The available options to support high-speed applications over optical fibre have multiplied in recent years, and the trend towards higher speeds can be expected to continue. Innovative techniques to maximize the useful life of installed infrastructure include the use of multi-level encoding schemes, wavelength division multiplexing, parallel fibre transmission, and new cabled optical fibre categories. In order to make informed decisions regarding the optimal infrastructure choices to support deployment of high-speed applications today, and enable the optimal migration path to higher speeds in the future, cabling system specifiers, designers and users need to have a good understanding of the duplex and parallel application options, and their connectivity choices.

This document describes the options for high-speed applications utilizing duplex and parallel optical fibre channels and identifies relevant migration considerations when upgrading or planning to upgrade to higher speed applications.

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#### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – GENERIC CABLING FOR CUSTOMER PREMISES –

# Part 9908: Guidance for the support of higher speed applications over optical fibre channels

#### 1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 11801, which is a Technical Report,

- provides a listing of the data centre application options currently available or in process of standardization utilizing duplex and parallel optical fibre channels;
- identifies migration considerations when upgrading to higher speed applications.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies. Teh STANDARD PREVIEW

ISO/IEC 11801-1, Information technology 2 Generic Cabling for customer premises – Part 1: General requirements

#### ISO/IEC TR 11801-9908:2020

ISO/IEC 14763-2, Information technology simplementation and operation of customer premises cabling – Part 2: Planning and installation iso-iec-tr-11801-9908-2020

#### 3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

#### 3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 11801-1 and ISO/IEC 14763-2 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

#### 3.2 Abbreviated terms

MPO Multi-fibre push on

MSA Multi-Source Agreement

#### 4 Applications for 10 gigabits per second and beyond

The need to support cost-efficient high-speed applications over multimode fibre has resulted in the availability of a wide variety of applications and implementation options.

Multimode options are shown in Table 1, Table 2, and Table 3.

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Single-mode options are shown in Table 4, Table 5 and Table 6.

In Annex A, Table A.1 lists all the multimode options and Table A.2 lists all the single mode options.

Data rate	Duplex fibre applications	Parallel fibre applications	Maximum reach m			Number of fibre pairs
			OM3	OM4	OM5	
10 Gbit/s	10GBASE-SR		300	400		1
16 Gbit/s	16GFC-SW		100	125		1
25 Gbit/s	25GBASE-SR		70	100		1
32 Gbit/s	32GFC-SW		70	100		1
40 Gbit/s		40GBASE-SR4	100	150 <sup>a</sup>		4
50 Gbit/s	50GBASE-SR		70	100		1
64 Gbit/s	64GFC-SW		70	100		1
		100GBASE-SR2	70	100		2
100 Gbit/s		100GBASE-SR4	70	100 <sup>4</sup>	a	4
	iTeh	S 100GBASE-SR10	100	150	V	10
200 Gbit/s		200GBASE-SR4		100		4
		400GBASE-SR16	70	100		16
400 Gbit/s		400GBASE-SR4201-9	<u>908:<b>20</b>20</u>	100	150	4
	https://standard	s.iteh.400GBA\$EaSR8ds/sis	t/e18463a3b	-5ab5-4 <b>t00</b>	-aaa8-	8

### Table 1 – Multimode applications standardized in IEEE for Ethernet and INCITS for Fibre Channel

### Table 2 – Multimode applications in progress of standardization inIEEE for Ethernet and INCITS for Fibre Channel

Data rate	Duplex fibre applications	Parallel fibre applications	Maximum reach m		Number of fibre pairs	
			OM3	OM4	OM5	
128 Gbit/s		128GFC-SW4	70	100	100	4
256 Gbit/s		256GFC-SW	70	100	100	4

#### Table 3 – Multimode applications covered by Multi-Source Agreements

Data rate	Duplex applications	Parallel applications	Maximum reach m		Number of fibre pairs	
			ОМЗ	OM4	OM5	P
40 Gbit/s	40G-SWDM4		240	350	440	1
100 Gbit/s	100G-SWDM4		75	100	150	1
400 Gbit/s		400G-BD4.2	70	100	150	4

NOTE The maximum channel attenuation values at the specified reaches for the applications in Table 1, Table 2 and Table 3 can be found in ISO/IEC 11801-1 and/or the relevant application standard or Multi-Source Agreement.

		m	
25GBASE-LR		10 000	1
3200-SM-LC-L		10 000	1
40GBASE-FR		2 000	1
40GBASE-LR4		10 000	1
50GBASE-FR		2 000	1
50GBASE-LR		10 000	1
100GBASE-DR		500	1
100GBASE-LR4		10 000	1
	128GFC-PSM4	500	4
128GFC-CWDM4		2 000	1
	200GBASE-DR4	500	4
200GBASE-FR4		2 000	1
200GBASE-LR4		10 000	1
Tab OT	400GBASE-DR4	500	4
400GBASE-FR8	ANDARD PR	2 000	1
400GBASE-LR	andards.iteh.	ai) 10 000	1
	40GBASE-FR 40GBASE-LR4 50GBASE-LR4 50GBASE-LR 100GBASE-LR4 100GBASE-LR4 128GFC-CWDM4 200GBASE-FR4 200GBASE-FR4 400GBASE-FR8	40GBASE-FR 40GBASE-LR4 50GBASE-LR4 50GBASE-LR 100GBASE-DR 100GBASE-LR4 128GFC-CWDM4 128GFC-CWDM4 200GBASE-FR4 200GBASE-FR4 200GBASE-LR4 400GBASE-DR4 400GBASE-DR4 400GBASE-LR8 400GBASE-	40GBASE-FR       2 000         40GBASE-LR4       10 000         50GBASE-LR4       10 000         50GBASE-LR       2 000         50GBASE-LR       10 000         100GBASE-DR       500         100GBASE-LR4       10 000         100GBASE-LR4       10 000         100GBASE-LR4       500         100GBASE-LR4       10 000         128GFC-CWDM4       2 000         200GBASE-FR4       2000         200GBASE-FR4       2 000         400GBASE-LR4       10 000         400GBASE-FR8       2 000

## Table 4 – Single-mode applications standardized in IEEE for Ethernet and INCITS for Fibre Channel

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## Table 5 – Single-mode applications in progress of standardization inIEEE for Ethernet and INCITS for Fibre Channel

Data rate	Single fibre or duplex applications	Parallel applications	Maximum reach for OS2 <sup>a</sup>	Number of fibre pairs
			m	
64 Gbit/s	64GFC-LW		10 000	1
100 Chit/a	100GBASE-FR1		2 000	1
100 Gbit/s	100GBASE-LR1		10 000	1
	400GBASE-FR4		2 000	1
400 Gbit/s	400GBASE-LR4		6 000	1
	sted because the loss buc			

reach using minimally compliant OS1a cabling. Minimally compliant OS1a cabling can support 2 000 m and 500 m applications to their maximum reach by reducing the loss budget allocation for connection and splice loss.

Data rate	Single fibre or duplex applications	Parallel applications	Maximum reach for OS2 <sup>a</sup>	Number of fibre pairs
			m	
		100G-PSM4	500	4
	100GE-CWDM4		2 000	1
100 Gbit/s	100G-CLR4		2 000	1
	100G-CWDM4-OCP		2 000	1
	100GE-4WDM-10		10 000	1
	400GE-CWDM8-2		2 000	1
400 Gbit/s	400GE-CWDM8-10		10 000	1

#### Table 6 – Single-mode applications covered by Multi-Source Agreements

<sup>a</sup> OS1a is not listed because the loss budget for 10 000 m applications is insufficient to support this maximum reach using minimally compliant OS1a cabling. Minimally compliant OS1a cabling can support 2 000 m and 500 m applications to their maximum reach by reducing the loss budget allocation for connection and splice loss.

#### 5 Optical fibre cabling infrastructure considerations

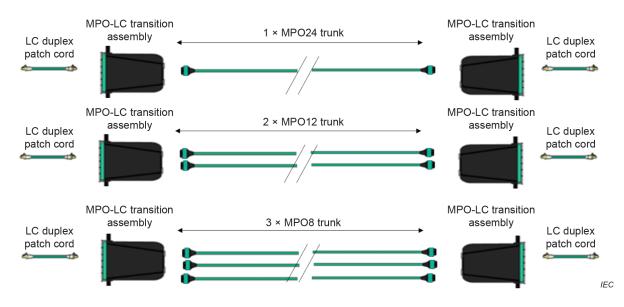
#### 5.1 Array-based fibre cabling systems

Array-based optical fibre cabling systems are used because they provide for rapid installation and flexible migration options for duplex and parallel applications.

#### 5.2 Array-based fibre cabling systems for duplex applications

#### 5.2.1 General https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e1843a3b-5ab5-4c01-aaa8bf2b5d9855a7/iso-iec-tr-11801-9908-2020

Array-based optical fibre cabling systems support duplex applications with the use of MPO to duplex fibre transition assemblies or harnesses. MPO to duplex transition assemblies typically breakout four, six or twelve duplex connections. Typically, this results in the support of thirty-six, forty-eight, or up to seventy-two duplex circuits per rack unit. Figure 1 illustrates the use of MPO to duplex fibre transition assemblies with MPO24, MPO12 or MPO8 trunks.



NOTE See ISO/IEC 14763-2:2019, Annex A, for polarity maintenance of array connecting hardware interfaces.

Figure 1 – Example array-based cabling constructions for multiple duplex fibre applications