

Edition 2.0 2021-04

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## NORME INTERNATIONALE



Mechanical structures for electrical and electronic equipment – Tests for IEC 60917 and IEC 60297 series – Part 6: Security aspects for indoor cabinets

Structures mécaniques pour équipements électriques et électroniques – Essais pour les séries IEC 60917 et IEC 60297 –61587-6-2021 Partie 6: Aspects liés à la sécurité des baies intérieures





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Mechanical structures for electrical and electronic equipment – Tests for IEC 60917 and IEC 60297 series – dards.iteh.ai) Part 6: Security aspects for indoor cabinets

IEC 61587-6:2021

Structures mécaniques pour équipements électriques et électroniques – Essais pour les séries IEC 60917 et IEC 60297 -61587-6-2021 Partie 6: Aspects liés à la sécurité des baies intérieures

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

ICS 31.240

ISBN 978-2-8322-9607-3

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## MECHANICAL STRUCTURES FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT – TESTS FOR IEC 60917 AND IEC 60297 SERIES –

#### Part 6: Security aspects for indoor cabinets

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International Standard IEC 61587-6 has been prepared by subcommittee 48D: Mechanical structures for electrical and electronic equipment, of IEC technical committee 48: Electrical connectors and mechanical structures for electrical and electronic equipment.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2017. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Revised and expanded terms and definitions.
- b) Additional information in 4.2 Access security level of the cabinet.
- c) Revised requirements for Security performance levels of cabinets and added additional levels in Table 2 Security performance levels of cabinets.

- d) Added a column for panel strength in Table 3 Security performance levels of cabinet mechanical.
- e) Revised test for mechanical lock (and hinges added) in 5.2.2 Tests for strength of mechanical locks and hinges.
- f) Added 5.2.4 Tests for panel strength.
- g) Added additional description of Key function in Table 5 Security performance levels of key.
- h) Revised test method for handles in Annex A.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
48D/736/FDIS	48D/737/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61587 series, published under the general title *Mechanical* structures for electrical and electronic equipment – Tests for IEC 60917 and IEC 60297 series, can be found on the IEC website. DARD PREVIEW

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## INTRODUCTION

The security of electrical and electronic equipment or systems currently applied in the fields of ICT (information and communication technology) and of industrial/infrastructure control systems, is of critical importance. The advent of 5G telecommunication service and edge computing/edge servers/edge switches places ICT equipment in industrial environments. This document defines performance levels for cabinets not only for ICT data centre and office locations but for any combination of equipment, purpose, and location.

In general, security is achieved by restrictions and protections against improper or unauthorized access from both the hardware and software sides of the systems.

The security of the hardware of electrical and electronic equipment or systems, which are housed in mechanical structures such as cabinets based on IEC 60297 series and IEC 60917 series, depends:

- on conditions of their installation sites,
- on the system hardware which provides access protection at the installation sites, and
- on the robustness of the mechanical structures and of their mechanical locks both at the access gates/doors of the installation sites and of the mechanical structures.

Therefore, a classification of the installation conditions and of the levels of security measures for the hardware is very important for design and practices of various electronic equipment or systems, which are used in the field of ICT industrial control, transportation and others.

From this point of view, this **document intends to clarify** the relationship between the installation conditions and the security requirements for indoor cabinets, and to provide the required performance and test methods on mechanical components related with security provisions for indoor cabinets which are <u>listancordance</u> with the IEC 60297 series and IEC 60917 series. <u>https://standards.itch.ai/catalog/standards/stst/cc61919-922c-4a23-a781-</u> 1a1f60f413ab/iec-61587-6-2021

Vandalism protection is typically controlled by user-specific requirements. Therefore, this document does not address vandalism.

## MECHANICAL STRUCTURES FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT – TESTS FOR IEC 60917 AND IEC 60297 SERIES –

Part 6: Security aspects for indoor cabinets

## 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61587 specifies security aspects and security performance levels of the mechanical construction of indoor cabinets in accordance with IEC 60917 (all parts) and IEC 60297 (all parts). This document does not address vandalism.

NOTE Protection against vandalism is typically controlled by user-specific requirements.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies the STANDARD PREVIEW

IEC 60297 (all parts), Mechanical structures for electrical and electronic equipment – Dimensions of mechanical structures of the 482,6 mm (19 in) series

IEC 60529, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code) 3-a781-

1a1f60f413ab/iec-61587-6-2021

IEC 60917 (all parts), Modular order for the development of mechanical structures for electronic equipment practices

IEC 61587-1, Mechanical structures for electronic equipment – Tests for IEC 60917 and IEC 60297 series – Part 1: Environmental requirements, test set-up and safety aspects for cabinets, racks, subracks and chassis under indoor condition use and transportation

IEC 61587-2, Mechanical structures for electronic equipment – Tests for IEC 60917 and IEC 60297 – Part 2: Seismic tests for cabinets and racks

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

## 3.1

handle

<cabinet> mechanical component to open or close the door of a cabinet, equipped on the door of the cabinet

## 3.2

#### key

<cabinet> device to allow only authorized access to a cabinet, assembled into the handle of the cabinet or on the door of the cabinet

#### 3.3

#### mechanical lock

<cabinet> mechanical component assembled in the door of a cabinet that secures the door to the frame or other structural member of the cabinet and is operated by the handle

## 3.4

#### multipoint mechanical lock

<cabinet> system of more than one mechanical lock operated by a single handle

### 3.5

#### access security level

<cabinet> level of security against unauthorized access, determined by the security measures needed to obtain access to the cabinet

Note 1 to entry: The access security level of an indoor cabinet depends on the type of installation site (building) and on the cabinet's location in the building.

#### 3.6

#### access protection

<cabinet> protection against unauthorized access to a cabinetVIEW

#### 3.7

## (standards.iteh.ai)

## security performance

<cabinet> performance of the mechanical components of a cabinet to achieve the intended protection against unauthorized access <a href="https://www.unauthorized">IEC 61587-6:2021</a>

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/cc6f919f-922c-4a23-a781-

Note 1 to entry: The mechanical components of the cabinet are shown in Figure 1.



with key, without

mechanical lock

## Figure 1 – Typical mechanical components for security provision of the cabinet

with mechanical lock and

simplified key

handle

IFC

## 4 Security aspects for indoor cabinets

or pull type, with key

and mechanical lock

### 4.1 General

Security for electronic equipment should be designed from the point of view of both hardware and software. With respect to the security of hardware installed in a cabinet, the security aspects of the cabinet depend on the following factors:

- a) access security level of the cabinet installation site (access security within the building);
- b) security performance of the cabinet.

The access security within the building, as part of the physical security, is primarily aimed to be effective against unauthorized forced entry. In this regard, many international or regional regulations and specifications for building doors, gates, building door handles and key-locking systems and other building physical security facilities are defined.

The security performance of the cabinet is determined by the choice of specific handle, key, mechanical lock and other components, which are different from the hardware for buildings and are mostly dedicated to cabinets for electrical and electronic systems.

Designers and users should consider those points properly to establish security aspects for the intended use of the relevant indoor cabinet.

#### 4.2 Access security level of the cabinet

In the case of the indoor cabinet, the access security level depends on building level restrictions to reach the cabinet installation sites. Figure 2 and Table 1 show typical access security levels in buildings or premises.

Security performance for the intended use cabinet should be appropriate for the access security levels shown in Table 1. End users should use Table 1 to describe their installation location to cabinet providers.





Table 1 – Access security levels of indoor cabinet installation sit
---

Access security level	Access protection	Example – office or laboratory	Example – data centre	Example – factory
AS0	No restriction to enter the site	Public areas in building or premises	Public areas in building or premises	Public areas in building or premises
AS1	Restricted area to enter or access monitored and controlled by a person or video surveillance	Reception rooms or lobby areas of offices or laboratories within buildings	Reception rooms or lobby areas of data centre	Reception rooms or lobby areas of factory, inside gate/fence
AS2	Severe restricted area to enter	Offices or laboratories	Server and networking area	Factory floor
AS3	Very severe restriction to enter the specific area.	Specific office or laboratories, or control rooms	Servers and network in caged area	Server and networking closets in factory

## 5 Security performance levels of cabinets

### 5.1 General

Table 2 shows security performance levels of cabinets and related security performance levels of mechanical components.

Application of security performance levels of cabinets should be defined by the required security measures of the cabinet-mounted electronic system and the access security levels of the installation sites. Nevertheless, whatever the access security level of the installation site, the security level of the cabinet may be chosen independently with reference to requirements arising from the intended electronic system. Designers and users should study and clarify the actual conditions of the installation site and the required security measures of the intended electronic system, and apply the optimum security performance levels for cabinets.

### Table 2 – Security performance levels of cabinets

	Security performance levels of mechanical components				
Security performance levels of cabinets	Security performance level of cabinet – Mechanical (See Table 3)	Key (See Table 5)	Floor anchoring (See Table 6)	Typical access security level	
CS0	iTeh S'	SK0/SK1	D PREVI	AS2, AS3	
CS1		SK2		AS1	
CS2		stan <sub>sk</sub> ard	s.iteh.ai)	AS1, AS2	
CS3		SK4		AS2, AS3	
CS4	https://standards.ite	h ai/SK0/SK1	1s/sist/cc6f919f-922c-4	a23-a781- AS2	
CS5	<b>C</b> 112	1a1f60 <b>\$K2</b> ab/iec-	61587-6-2021	AS2	
CS6	5112	SK3		AS0, AS1	
CS7		SK4		AS0, AS1	

#### 5.2 Security performance levels of cabinet – Mechanical

#### 5.2.1 General

Table 3 shows security performance levels and required mechanical performances of the cabinet.

Table 3 – Security performance	evels of cabinet – Mechanical
--------------------------------	-------------------------------

	Strength of mechanical locks and hingesOperation of handle and mechanica loading test at door closed positionOpen/close cycles		Panel	Environmental performances level			
Security performance level of cabinet – Mechanical		Operation of handle and mechanical lock Open/close cycles	Strength	Climate conditions (IEC 61587-1)	Industrial atmosphere (IEC 61587-1)	Impact (IEC 61587-1)	IP (IEC 60529)
SH1	200 N		100 N	C1	A1	K1	IP20
SH2	400 N	> 10 000	200 N	C1/C2/C3	A1/A2/A3	K2/K3	IP20; IP30; IP42; IP54

#### 5.2.2 Tests for strength of mechanical locks and hinges

Figure 3 shows the test method for assessing the strength of the mechanical locks and of the door hinges. Loads are applied from the inside of the cabinet door in the direction indicated. For further details on testing the strength of the handle as a stand-alone component see Annex A (normative).



Figure 3 – Static loading test for mechanical lock and hinges

Criteria: After applying the static load (200 N or 400 N) 3 times, there shall be no deformation of any of the components of the handle, mechanical lock, hinges, door, or cabinet that affect form, fit, or function.

For multipoint mechanical locks each mechanical lock in the system is tested independently.