



## Designation: **F2100 – 11 (Reapproved 2018) F2100 – 19**

# Standard Specification for Performance of Materials Used in Medical Face Masks<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2100; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers testing and requirements for materials used in the construction of medical face masks that are used in providing healthcare services such as surgery and patient care.

1.2 This specification provides for the classification of medical face mask material performance. Medical face mask material performance is based on testing for bacterial filtration efficiency, differential pressure, sub-micron particulate filtration efficiency, resistance to penetration by synthetic blood, and flammability.

1.3 This specification does not address all aspects of medical face mask design and performance. This specification does not specifically evaluate the effectiveness of medical face mask designs as related to the barrier and breathability properties. This specification does not ~~also~~ apply to regulated respiratory protection, which may be necessary for some healthcare services.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.5 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 9, of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*<sup>2</sup>

[F1494 Terminology Relating to Protective Clothing](#)

[F1862 Test Method for Resistance of Medical Face Masks to Penetration by Synthetic Blood \(Horizontal Projection of Fixed Volume at a Known Velocity\)](#)

[F2101 Test Method for Evaluating the Bacterial Filtration Efficiency \(BFE\) of Medical Face Mask Materials, Using a Biological Aerosol of \*Staphylococcus aureus\*](#)

[F2299 Test Method for Determining the Initial Efficiency of Materials Used in Medical Face Masks to Penetration by Particulates Using Latex Spheres](#)

2.2 *ANSI/ASQC Standard:*<sup>3</sup>

[ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes](#)

2.3 *ISO Standard:*<sup>4</sup>

[ISO 2859-1 Sampling Plans for Inspection by Attributes](#)

2.4 *Military European Standard:*<sup>5</sup>

[MIL-M-36954/CEN 14683 Military Specification, Mask, Surgical, Disposable Medical Face Masks—Requirements and Test Methods](#)

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F23 on Personal Protective Clothing and Equipment and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F23.40 on Biological.

Current edition approved Jan. 1, 2018/Aug. 1, 2019. Published January 2018/August 2019. Originally approved in 2001. Last previous edition approved in 2014 as F2100 – 11/F2100 – 11 (2018). DOI: 10.1520/F2100-11R18.10.1520/F2100-19.

<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>3</sup> Available from American Society for Quality (ASQ), 600 N. Plankinton Ave., Milwaukee, WI 53203, <http://www.asq.org>.

<sup>4</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.

<sup>5</sup> Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098, <http://dodssp.daps.dla.mil>. British Standards Institution (BSI), 389 Chiswick High Rd., London W4 4AL, U.K., <http://www.bsigroup.com>.

2.5 *Federal Standards:*<sup>6</sup>

16 CFR Part 1610 Standard for the Flammability of Clothing Textiles

29 CFR Part 1910.1030 Occupational Exposure to Blood-borne Pathogens: Final Rule

42 CFR Part 84 Approval of Respiratory Protective Devices

### 3. Terminology

#### 3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *bacterial filtration efficiency (BFE), n*—the effectiveness of medical face mask material in preventing the passage of aerosolized bacteria, expressed in the percentage of a known quantity that does not pass the medical face mask material at a given aerosol flow rate.

3.1.2 *body fluid, n*—any liquid produced, secreted, or excreted by the human body.

##### 3.1.2.1 Discussion—

In this specification, body fluids include liquids potentially infected with blood-borne pathogens, including, but not limited to, blood, semen, vaginal secretions, cerebrospinal fluid, synovial fluid and peritoneal fluid, amniotic fluid, saliva in dental procedures, any body fluid that is visibly contaminated with blood, and all body fluids in situations where it is difficult or impossible to differentiate between body fluids (see 29 CFR Part 1910.1030).

3.1.3 *body fluid simulant, n*—a liquid which is used to act as a model for human body fluids.

3.1.4 *differential pressure, n*—the measured pressure drop across a medical face mask material.

##### 3.1.4.1 Discussion—

In this specification, differential pressure is expressed as a pressure per unit area.

3.1.5 *flammability, n*—those characteristics of a material that pertain to its relative ease of ignition and relative ability to sustain combustion.

3.1.6 *medical face mask, n*—an item of protective clothing designed to protect portions of the wearer's face, including the mucous membrane areas of the wearer's nose and mouth, from contact with blood and other body fluids during medical procedures.

##### 3.1.6.1 Discussion—

Examples of medical face masks include surgical masks, procedure masks, isolation masks, laser masks, dental masks, and patient care masks.

3.1.7 *penetration, n*—in a protective clothing material or item, the flow of a chemical on a non-molecular level through closures, porous materials, seams and pinholes, or other imperfections in protective clothing.

##### 3.1.7.1 Discussion—

In this specification, blood or body fluids replace the term chemical and the specific penetration liquid is synthetic blood, a body fluid simulant.

3.1.8 *protective clothing, n*—an item of clothing that is specifically designed and constructed for the intended purpose of isolating all or part of the body from a potential hazard; or, isolating the external environment from contamination by the wearer of the clothing.

##### 3.1.8.1 Discussion—

The primary purpose of protective clothing is to act as a barrier for the wearer to a hazard. However, the product may also offer protection as a barrier which prevents the body from being a source of contamination.

3.1.9 *sub-micron particulate filtration efficiency, n*—the efficiency of the filter material in capturing aerosolized particles smaller than one ~~micron~~ micron, expressed as the percentage of a known number of particles that does not pass the medical face mask material at a given flow rate.

<sup>6</sup> Available from U.S. Government Printing Office Superintendent of Documents, 732 N. Capitol St., NW, Mail Stop: SDE, Washington, DC 20401, <http://www.access.gpo.gov>.