



Edition 2.0 2021-01 REDLINE VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Electrical installations in ships –

Part 360: Insulating and sheathing materials for shipboard and offshore units, power, control, instrumentation and telecommunication cables

Document Preview

IEC 60092-360:2021

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/fce23478-9844-412d-80a1-56dc9f249463/iec-60092-360-202





THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED Copyright © 2021 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Central Office 3, rue de Varembé CH-1211 Geneva 20 Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11 info@iec.ch

www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigendum or an amendment might have been published.

IEC publications search - webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee, ...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublishedStay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and once a month by email.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: sales@iec.ch.

IEC online collection - oc.iec.ch

Discover our powerful search engine and read freely all the publications previews. With a subscription you will always have access to up to date content tailored to your needs.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary on electrotechnology, containing more than 22 000 terminological entries in English and French, with equivalent terms in 18 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.





Edition 2.0 2021-01 REDLINE VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Electrical installations in ships - Standards

Part 360: Insulating and sheathing materials for shipboard and offshore units, power, control, instrumentation and telecommunication cables

Document Preview

IEC 60092-360:2021

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/fce23478-9844-412d-80a1-56dc9f249463/iec-60092-360-202

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 47.020.60 ISBN 978-2-8322-9246-4

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

F	OREWO	PRD	4
1	Scop	pe	6
2	Norm	native references	6
3	Term	ns and definitions	7
4	Cros	s-linked insulating compounds	9
	4.1	General	
	4.2	Electrical characteristics	
	4.3	Mechanical characteristics	10
5	Cros	s-linked sheathing compounds	13
	5.1	General	13
	5.2	Mechanical characteristics	13
6	Ther	moplastic sheathing compounds	15
	6.1	General	15
	6.2	Mechanical characteristics	15
7	Addi	tional optional properties of sheathing compounds	17
	7.1	General	17
	7.2	Test requirements	17
Αı	nnex A	(normative) Determination of hardness of HEPR insulation	
	A.1	Test procedure	19
	A.2	Test procedure	19
	A.2.1	General	19
	A.2.2	Surfaces of large radius of curvature	19
	A.2.3		
	A.2.4	Conditioning and test temperature	20
	A.2.5		
Αı	nnex B	(normative) Determination of the elastic modulus of HEPR insulation	
	B.1	Procedure	
	B.2	Requirements	
Αı		(normative) Procedure for enhanced hot oil immersion test for sheaths	
		Sampling and preparation of the test pieces	
	C.2	Determination of the cross-sectional area of the test piece	
	C.3	Oil to be used	
	C.4	Procedure	
	C.5	Expression of results	
۸.	C.6	Requirements	
ΑI		(normative) Procedure for drilling fluid immersion test for sheaths	
	D.1	Drilling fluid resistance test	
	D.2	Drilling fluid to be used Test fluids	
	D.3	Procedure	
	D.4 D.5	Expression of results	
	ט.ט	Requirements	∠0
- :	auro A	1. Tooting ourfood of large radius of ourseture	40
	_	1 – Testing surfaces of large radius of curvature	19 20
— I	пппе А	z = recumo cumarec di emaii radilic di CURVATURE	70

Table 1 – Categories and types of materials	6
Table 2 – Types of cross-linked insulating compounds	9
Table 3 – Electrical requirements of insulation compounds	10
Table 4 – Test requirements for cross-linked elastomeric insulating compounds	11
Table 5 – Types of cross-linked sheathing compound	13
Table 6 – Test requirements for cross-linked sheathing compounds	14
Table 7 – Types of thermoplastic sheathing compound	15
Table 8 – Test requirements for thermoplastic sheathing compounds	16
Table 9 – Test requirements for sheathing compounds with enhanced oil resistance properties	17
Table 10 – Test requirements for sheathing compounds with drilling fluids resistance properties (test for mud resistance)	18

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

EC 60092-360:2021

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/fce23478-9844-412d-80a1-56dc9f249463/iec-60092-360-2021

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS IN SHIPS -

Part 360: Insulating and sheathing materials for shipboard and offshore units, power, control, instrumentation and telecommunication cables

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
 - 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
 - 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This redline version of the official IEC Standard allows the user to identify the changes made to the previous edition IEC 60092-360:2014. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text.

International Standard IEC 60092-360 has been prepared by Subcommittee 18A: Electric cables for ships and mobile and fixed offshore units, of IEC Technical Committee 18: Electrical installations of ships and of mobile and fixed offshore units.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2014. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) updates of normatives references;
- b) replacement of linear swelling with volume swelling;
- c) correction of a calculation mistake in Table 3;
- d) change in Table 4 and Table 6 (treatment conditions) of time under load (from 15 min to 10 min);
- e) addition of mechanical properties after aging in oil based test fluid in Table 10 (CAS number 64742-46-7; EC number: 934-956-3).

The text of this document is based on the following documents:

the specific document. At this date, the document will be

FDIS	Report on voting
18A/437/FDIS	18A/440/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 60092 series, published under the general title *Electrical installations* in ships, can be found on the IEC website: 0092-360-2021

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to

- · reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS IN SHIPS -

Part 360: Insulating and sheathing materials for shipboard and offshore units, power, control, instrumentation and telecommunication cables

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60092 specifies the requirements for electrical, mechanical and particular characteristics of insulating and sheathing materials intended for use in shipboard and fixed and mobile offshore unit power, control, instrumentation and telecommunication cables.

The different insulating and sheathing materials have been divided into three categories as listed in Table 1.

Title	Compounds included
Cross-linked insulating compounds	EPR; HEPR; XLPE; S 95; HF 90
Cross-linked sheathing compounds	SE; SH; SHF 2
Thermoplastic sheathing compounds	SHF 1: ST 2

Table 1 - Categories and types of materials

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60092-350:—12020, Electrical installations in ships – Part 350: General construction and test methods of power, control and instrumentation cables for shipboard and offshore applications

IEC 60684-2:2011, Flexible insulating sleeving - Part 2: Methods of test

IEC 60754-1, Test on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables – Part 1: Determination of the halogen acid gas content

IEC 60754-2, Test on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables – Part 2: Determination of acidity (by pH measurement) and conductivity

IEC 60811-201:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 201: General tests – Measurement of insulation thickness IEC 60811-201:2012/AMD1:2017

IEC 60811-202:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 202: General tests – Measurement of thickness of non-metallic sheath IEC 60811-202:2012/AMD1:2017

¹ To be published.

IEC 60811-401:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 401: Miscellaneous tests – Thermal ageing methods – Ageing in an air oven IEC 60811-401:2012/AMD1:2017

IEC 60811-403:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 403: Miscellaneous tests – Ozone resistance test on cross-linked compounds

IEC 60811-404:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 404: Miscellaneous tests – Mineral oil immersion tests for sheaths

IEC 60811-409:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 409: Miscellaneous tests – Loss of mass test for thermoplastic insulations and sheaths

IEC 60811-501:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 501: Mechanical tests – Tests for determining the mechanical properties of insulating and sheathing compounds

IEC 60811-501:2012/AMD1:2018

IEC 60811-505:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 505: Mechanical tests – Elongation at low temperature for insulations and sheaths

IEC 60811-507:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 507: Mechanical tests – Hot set test for cross-linked materials

IEC 60811-508:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 508: Mechanical tests – Pressure test at high temperature for insulation and sheaths

IEC 60811-508:2012/AMD1:2017

IEC 60811-509:2012, Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 509: Mechanical tests – Test for resistance of insulations and sheaths to cracking (heat shock test)

https://IEC 60811-509:2012/AMD1:2017/jec/fce23478-9844-412d-80a1-56dc9f249463/jec-60092-360-2021

ISO 48:2007, Rubber, vulcanised or thermoplastic – Determination of hardness (Hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)

ISO 48-2:2018, Rubber, vulcanised or thermoplastic – Determination of hardness – Part 2: Hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD

ISO 1817, Rubber, vulcanised or thermoplastic – Determination of the effect of liquids

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

variation

difference between the median value after ageing and the median value without ageing

Note 1 to entry: Variation is expressed as a percentage between the median value before and after ageing.

3.2

median value

middle value if the number of available values is odd andmean of the two middle values if the number is even, when several test results have been obtained and ordered in an increasing or decreasing succession

– 8 –

3.3

types of insulating compounds

3.3.1

EPR

ethylene-propylene rubber

cross-linked compound in which the elastomer is an ethylene-propylene, EPDM or an equivalent synthetic elastomer providing a compound compliant with type EPR

Note 1 to entry: This note applies to the French language only.

3.3.2

HEPR

hard ethylene-propylene rubber

cross-linked high modulus or hard grade compound in which the elastomer is an ethylenepropylene, EPDM or an equivalent synthetic elastomer providing a compound compliant with type HEPR

Note 1 to entry: This note applies to the French language only.

3.3.3

XLPE

cross-linked polyethylene

cross-linked compound in which the polymer is a low density polyethylene or equivalent synthetic polymer providing a compound compliant with type XLPE

Note 1 to entry: This note applies to the French language only.

3.3.4

HF 90

cross-linked polyolefin halogen-free

cross-linked compound in which the polymer is a polyolefin or equivalent synthetic polymer not containing halogens providing a compound which is compliant with type HF 90

3.3.5

S 95

cross-linked silicone rubber

compound based on a polysiloxane elastomer which, when cross-linked, is compliant with type S 95

3.4

types of sheathing compounds

3.4.1

SE

polychloroprene rubber

cross-linked compound in which the elastomer is a polychloroprene (PCP) or equivalent synthetic elastomer providing a compound which is compliant with type SE

3.4.2

SH

chlorosulphonated polyethylene rubber

chlorinated polyethylene rubber

cross-linked compound in which the characteristic constituent is a synthetic chlorinated rubber

EXAMPLE Chlorosulphonated polyethylene (CSP) or chlorinated polyethylene (CPE), which is compliant with type SH.

Note 1 to entry: This note applies to the French language only.

3.4.3

SHF 2

halogen-free rubber

cross-linked compound in which the polymer is a polyolefin or equivalent synthetic polymer, not containing halogens, providing a compound which is compliant with type SHF 2

3.4.4

SHF₁

halogen-free thermoplastic

thermoplastic compound in which the polymer is a polyolefin or equivalent synthetic polymer not containing halogens providing a compound which is compliant with type SHF 1

3.4.5

ST 2

polyvinyl chloride thermoplastic

thermoplastic compound based on plasticised polyvinyl chloride which is compliant with type ST 2

3.5

halogen-free

compound that complies with the assessment of halogen requirements in Table 4, Table 6 or Table 8

4 Cross-linked insulating compounds

4.1 General

The types of cross-linked insulating compound covered by this document are listed in Table 2 together with their abbreviated designations and maximum rated conductor temperatures during normal operation and short-circuit.

Table 2 - Types of cross-linked insulating compounds

Abbreviated designation		ductor temperature C	Type of insulating material			
	Normal operation	Short-circuit				
EPR	90	250	Ethylene propylene rubber			
HEPR	90	250	Hard grade ethylene propylene rubber			
XLPE	90	250	Cross-linked polyethylene			
HF 90	90	250	Cross-linked polyolefin halogen-free			
S 95	95ª	350 ^b	Cross-linked silicone rubber			

The normal maximum rated conductor temperature for silicone is 180 °C but it is limited in view of the type of sheathing material used.

b This temperature is applicable only to power cables and is not appropriate for tinned conductors.

The test requirements for electrical characteristics of insulating compounds are listed in Table 3.

Table 3 - Electrical requirements of insulation compounds

Designation of the insulating compound	EPR	HEPR	XLPE	HF 90	S 95
Insulation resistance constant K_i (M Ω ·km) (see 7.2 of IEC 60092-350:2020)					
– at 20 °C, minimum,	3 670	3 670	3 670	550	1 850
 at maximum operating temperature, minimum. 	3,67	3,67	3,67	0,55	1,85
Volume resistivity $\rho(\Omega \cdot cm)$ (see 7.2 of IEC 60092-350:2020)					
– at 20 °C, minimum,	1,0 × 10 ¹⁵	1,0 × 10 ¹⁵	1,0 × 10 ¹⁵	1,5 × 10 ¹⁴	$\frac{5,0 \times 10^{13}}{5,0 \times 10^{14}}$
 at maximum operating temperature, minimum. 	1,0 × 10 ¹²	1,0 × 10 ¹²	1,0 × 10 ¹²	1,5 × 10 ¹¹	$\frac{5.0 \times 10^{10}}{5.0 \times 10^{11}}$
Increase in AC capacity after immersion in water at 50 °C, (see 7.3 of IEC 60092-350:2020)					
 between the end of the 1st and the end of the 14th day, maximum (%), 	St ¹⁵ n	da ¹⁵ ds	_	15	15
 between the end of the 7th and the end of the 14th day, maximum (%). 	anda	rd ⁵ it	eh <u>.</u> ai	5	5

4.3 Mechanical characteristics Preview

The test requirements for mechanical characteristics of cross-linked insulating compounds are listed in Table 4.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/fce23478-9844-412d-80a1-56dc9f249463/iec-60092-360-2021

Table 4 – Test requirements for cross-linked elastomeric insulating compounds

Test description	Unit	Test method described in		Type of insulating compound				
	Oiiit	Std	Reference	EPR	HEPR	XLPE	HF 90	S 95
Mechanical properties in the state as delivered		IEC 60811-501						
Values to be obtained for the: – tensile strength,	2			4.0	0.5	40.5	0.0	7.0
min. – elongation at	N/mm ² %			4,2 200	8,5 200	12,5 200	9,0 120	7,0 150
break, min. Mechanical properties after ageing in air oven without conductor		IEC 60811-401						
Ageing conditions: – temperature/ tolerance	°C			135 ± 3	135 ± 3	135 ± 3	135 ± 3	200 ± 3
duration of treatment	h			168	168	168	168	240
Value to be obtained for the tensile strength		iTeh	Star	ıdaı	·ds			
– minimum value	N/mm ²	trace //ad	anda	-	itab		-	5,5
– variation max.	%	LD2://50		±30	±30	±25	±30	-
Value to be obtained for the elongation at break		Docun	nent	Pre	view			
 minimum value 	%			-	-	-	100	120
 variation max. 	%	<u>IEC</u>	60092-3	±30	±30	±25	±30	-
Mechanical Methanical properties after ageing in air oven with copper conductor	atalog/sta	IEC 60811-401	3478-984	4-412d	-80a1-56	dc9f2494	63/iec-60	092-360
Ageing conditions: - temperature/ tolerance	°C			135 ± 3	150 ± 3			
duration of treatment	h			168	168			
Value to be obtained for the tensile strength								
 variation max. 	%			±30	±30	-		-
Value to be obtained for the elongation at break								
– variation max.	%			±30	±30			
Hot set test		IEC 60811-507						
Treatment conditions: – temperature/				252 - 2	252 : 2	200 / 2	200 - 2	050 : 0
tolerance time under load	°C min			250 ± 3 45 10	250 ± 3 45 10	200 ± 3 45 10	200 ± 3 15 10	250 ± 3 45 10
min.				.5 10		.0.10	.0.10	,010
 mechanical stress 	N/cm ²			20	20	20	20	20

Test description	Unit	Test method described in		Type of insulating compound				
		Std	Reference	EPR	HEPR	XLPE	HF 90	S 95
Test requirements: – elongation max.	%			175	175	175	175	175
under load – elongation max. after unloading	%			15	15	15	15	25
Determination of hardness IRHD minimum		IEC 60092-360	Annex A		80			
Determination of elastic modulus		IEC 60092-360	Annex B					
Modulus at 150 % elongation (minimum)	N/mm ²				4,5			
Ozone resistance test (method A or B)		IEC 60811-403						
Test conditions of method A				-	_	_	_	_
 temperature 	°C			25 ± 2	25 ± 2	_	25 ± 2	_
duration	h			30	30	_	30	_
ozone concentration	ppm	iTeh	Star	250-300 275 ± 25		-	250-300 275 ± 25	-
Result to be obtained	(bt	tng.//gi	onde	No cracks	No cracks	-	No cracks	_
Test conditions of method B	(III	ps.//st	et II U e		·IUCII	.a <u>.</u> 1)		_
– temperature	°C	Docum	ient	40 ± 2	40 ± 2	_	40 ± 2	_
– duration	h			72	72	_	72	_
 ozone concentration, (by volume) 	% utalog/sta	<u>IEC</u> ndards/iec/fce2	60092-30 3478-984	(200 ± 50) x 10 ⁻⁶	(200 ± 50) x 10 ⁻⁶ 56	- dc9f2494	(200 ± 50) x 10 ⁻⁶	- 092-36(
- relative humidity	%			55 ± 10	55 ± 10		55 ± 10	
minimum air speed at the level of the test piece	mm/s			500	500	<u> </u>	500	_
Result to be obtained				No cracks	No cracks		No cracks	
Assessment of halogens ^a								
pH		IEC 60754-2		≥4,3	≥4,3	≥4,3	≥4,3	≥4,3
Conductivity	μS·mm ⁻¹			≤10	≤10	≤10	≤10	≤10
Amount of halogen acid gas: – HCl and HBr	0,	JEO 00754 :			0.5		0.5	
(max.)	%	IEC 60754-1		0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
- HF (max.)	%	IEC 60684-2: 2011	45	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1