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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Luminaire performance - ANDARD PREVIEW

Part 2-1: Particular requirements – LED luminaires

Performance des luminaires -

Partie 2-1: Exigences particulières - Luminaires à LED

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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LUMINAIRE PERFORMANCE -

Part 2-1: Particular requirements – LED luminaires

FOREWORD

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IEC 62722-2-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 34D: Luminaires, of IEC technical committee 34: Lighting. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2014. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) alignment with IEC 62717:2014, IEC 62717:2014/AMD1:2015 and IEC 62717:2014/AMD2:2019;
- b) clarification of temperature requirements for the maintenance test, in 10.2 and Annex A;
- c) introduction of a new Annex C on methods for calculation and measurements of parameters for extension of electric and photometric data.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting	
34D/1680/FDIS	34D/1687/RVD	

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62722 series, published under the general title *Luminaire* performance can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

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INTRODUCTION

This document acknowledges the need for relevant tests for luminaires using LED as an electrical light source. This document is seen in close context with the publication of simultaneously developed performance standards for luminaires in general and for LED modules. This document does not consider luminaires designed for LED lamps, which are covered in IEC 62722-1. Changes in LED luminaires standards have an impact on LED module standards and vice versa, due to the behaviour of LED. Therefore, for the development of this document, the mutual consultancy of experts of both products has taken place.

The provisions in this document represent the technical knowledge of experts from the fields of the semiconductor (LED chip) industry and of the traditional electrical light sources and luminaires.

As this document has been simultaneously developed and edited with the standard for LED modules (IEC 62717), where appropriate, the compliance of the LED modules with the provisions of IEC 62717 can be transferred to the whole luminaire.

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LUMINAIRE PERFORMANCE -

Part 2-1: Particular requirements – LED luminaires

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62722 specifies the performance requirements for LED luminaires, together with the test methods and conditions. It applies to LED luminaires for general lighting purposes.

Semi-luminaires are not covered under the scope of this document.

For some types of luminaires (e.g. decorative or household) the provision of performance data under the scope of this document is not appropriate.

In this document, the following types of LED luminaires are distinguished.

- Type A Luminaires using LED modules where compliance with IEC 62717 is given.
- Type B Luminaires using LED modules where compliance with IEC 62717 is not given.

Luminaires using an LED lamp are covered in IEC 62722-1 and are not within the scope of this document.

The requirements of this document relate to type testing.

This document covers LED luminaires using LED modules, based on inorganic LED technology that produces white light. It does not cover luminaires using light sources based on OLED technology (organic LED technology).

The lifetime of LED luminaires is in most cases much longer than the practical test times. Consequently, the verification of manufacturer's lifetime claims is out of the scope of this document.

Instead of lifetime validation, this document has opted for lumen maintenance categories at a defined finite test time. Therefore, the category number does not imply a prediction of achievable lifetime. The categories are lumen-depreciation character categories showing behaviour in agreement with the manufacturer's information which is provided before the test is started.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60598-1:2020, Luminaires – Part 1: General requirements and tests

IEC 60598-2-3:2002, Luminaires – Part 2-3: Particular requirements – Luminaires for road and street lighting

IEC 60598-2-5:2015, Luminaires – Part 2-5: Particular requirements – Floodlights

IEC 62031:2018, LED modules for general lighting – Safety specifications

IEC 62717:2014, LED modules for general lighting – Performance requirements

IEC 62717:2014/AMD1:2015 IEC 62717:2014/AMD2:2019

IEC 62722-1, Luminaire performance – Part 1: General requirements

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 62717 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

LED luminaire

luminaire designed to incorporate at least one LED light source

Note 1 to entry: The LED light source(s) can be an integral part of an LED luminaire.

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-845:2020, 845-30-056]

3.2

rated ambient performance temperature value 12023

 $t_{\rm q}$ https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/25b7a689-98e7-4a54-be9b-c8d661eda9b1/icchighest ambient temperature around the luminaire related to a rated performance of the luminaire under normal operating conditions, as declared by the manufacturer or responsible vendor

Note 1 to entry: Rated ambient performance temperature value is expressed in °C.

Note 2 to entry: There can be more than one $t_{\rm q}$ temperature, depending on the lifetime claim, see 3.3.

3.3

useful life

 $L_x B_y$

<of LED luminaires> length of time until at maximum a percentage y of a population of operating LED luminaires of the same type have degraded to the initial luminous flux emitted multiplied by the luminous flux maintenance factor x

Note 1 to entry: The useful life includes operating LED luminaires only.

Note 2 to entry: The term "useful life" does not account for the replaceability of the LED luminaire.

Note 3 to entry: The useful life has unit h.

3.4

median useful life

 L_{x}

<of LED luminaires> length of operating time during which a total of 50 % (B_{50}) of a population of operating LED luminaires of the same type have flux degraded to the initial luminous flux emitted multiplied by the luminous flux maintenance factor x

Note 1 to entry: The median useful life includes operating LED luminaires only.

Note 2 to entry: By convention, the expression "life of LED luminaires" without any modifiers is understood to mean the median useful life.

Note 3 to entry: The median useful life has unit h.

3 5

LED luminaire luminous efficacy

quotient of the luminous flux emitted by the power consumed by the LED luminaire

3.6

abrupt failure value

ΔFV

<of LED luminaires> percentile of LED luminaires having failed to operate at median useful life, ${\cal L}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle X}$

Note 1 to entry: The abrupt failure value has unit one and is expressed in %.

4 Product information

Information on the parameters shown in Table 1 shall be provided by the manufacturer or responsible vendor on the product datasheets, leaflets or website.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

Table 1 - Product information

Reference	Parameter Parameter	
а	Rated input power (in W)	
b	Photometric code ^a	
С	Rated luminous flux (in lm)	
d	Rated median useful life $L_{\scriptscriptstyle X}$ (h) and the related luminous flux maintenance $x^{\rm e}$	
е	Rated abrupt failure value (rated AFV) (%)	
f	Luminous flux maintenance code ^b	
g	Rated chromaticity coordinate values both initial and maintained ^c	
h	Rated correlated colour temperature (CCT in K)	
i	Rated colour rendering index (CRI)	
j	Rated ambient performance temperature value (t_q) related to performance for a luminaire (°C)	
k	Rated LED luminaire luminous efficacy (in lm/W)	
1	Ageing time, if different from 0 h	

NOTE Regional legal requirements can apply.

- ^a See IEC 62717:2014, Annex D and IEC 62717:2014/AMD2:2019, Annex D.
- ^b See IEC 62717:2014, Table 6 and IEC 62717:2014/AMD2:2019, Table 6.
- ^c See IEC 62717:2014, Table 5.
- d See 6.2.
- The rated useful life $L_x B_y$ (in hours) and the associated luminous flux maintenance factor x and percentage y can optionally be on the product datasheets, leaflets or website.

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5 General requirements

Performance requirements given in this document are additional to the requirements in IEC 62722-1, except where, in this document, alternative methods of measurement or limits are specified.

Luminaires are considered within the same family if they have:

- LED modules with the same method of control and operation (semi-integrated, integrated);
- LED modules with the same classification according to the method of installation (reference is made to IEC 62031:2018, Clause 4) and using an LED module of the same family as specified in IEC 62717:2014, 6.2 and the same class of protection against electrical shock;
- the same design characteristics distinguished either by common features of materials and components, or by a method of processing and heat management or both.

Annex B provides an explanation of recommended lifetime metrics.

6 Test conditions

6.1 General test conditions

Test conditions for testing electrical and photometric characteristics, lumen maintenance and life are given in Annex A. For a luminaire in a family of luminaires as described in Clause 5, the electrical and photometric data can be calculated. When calculations are used or when alternative colorimetric data is derived, the methods and conditions given in Annex C shall be used. Annex C is only valid in the case of luminaires where a single LED module is used or where all the LED modules are identical.

NOTE The applicability of Annex C to light sources where the light colour is obtained by mixing different spectra emitted by different light sources can require more consideration than those provided by Annex C.

All tests are measured on "n" LED luminaires of the same type. The number "n" shall be a minimum of products as given in Table 3. LED luminaires used in the endurance tests shall not be used in other tests.

Each sample luminaire shall comply with all the relevant tests except for the tests of 10.3 where one sample is required for each of the three separate tests mentioned in Table 2 and Table 3. In order to reduce the time of testing, the manufacturer or responsible vendor can submit additional luminaires or parts of luminaires provided that these are of the same materials and design as the original luminaire and that the results of the test are the same as if carried out on an identical luminaire.

LED luminaires with dimming control shall be adjusted to maximum output for all tests.

LED luminaires with adjustable CCT shall be adjusted or set to one fixed value, as indicated by the manufacturer or responsible vendor.

LED luminaires of linear geometry and variable length shall be tested at a length at which the parameters are given (e.g. performance per x cm).

6.2 Luminaires using LED modules where compliance with IEC 62717 is given (Type A)

Only the tests for measurement of initial performance as detailed in 6.4 shall be conducted, when the LED module is operated within its temperature limit $t_{\rm p}$.

The information for luminaire design given in IEC 62717:2014, Clause B.1, requires LED modules to be operated within their $t_{\rm p}$ temperature limit. The $t_{\rm p}$ temperature shall be measured in accordance with the thermal test procedure defined in IEC 60598-1:2020, 12.4, (normal operation). When the luminaire is operating at its own maximum rated ambient performance temperature value ($t_{\rm q}$), the $t_{\rm p}$ limit (for the declared performance – IEC 62717:2014, Table 2 and IEC 62717:2014/AMD2:2019, Table 2) of LED modules operating inside the luminaire shall not be exceeded. The test voltage for the luminaire shall be 1,00 times the rated voltage of the luminaire. In luminaires intended to be supplied with constant current, the test current shall be 1,00 times the rated current of the luminaire.

For luminaires for road and street lighting and floodlights intended for outdoor use only, the reduction of the measured temperature according to IEC 60598-2-3:2002, 3.12.1, and IEC 60598-2-5:2015, 5.12.1, respectively, shall not be applied for the $t_{\rm p}$ temperature of the LED module.

The ambient performance temperature $t_{\rm q}$ is measured in a draught-proof enclosure, as the air temperature, at a position near one of the perforated walls on a level with the centre of the luminaire, see IEC 60598-1, Clause K.1, item e).

6.3 Luminaires using LED modules where compliance with IEC 62717 is not given (Type B)

6.3.1 General

In principle all requirements for the LED light source apply for the luminaire as detailed in 6.4.

6.3.2 Creation of module families to reduce test effort

6.3.2.1 **General**

The provisions of IEC 62717:2014, 6.2.1 apply to the LED luminaire.

6.3.2.2 Variations within family

The provisions of IEC 62717:2014, 6.2.2 apply to the LED luminaire.

6.3.2.3 Compliance testing of family members

The provisions of IEC 62717:2014, 6.2.3 apply to the LED luminaire.

6.4 Performance requirements

The performance criteria given in Table 2 apply to LED luminaires of Types A and B. All of the tested n LED luminaires shall have passed the performance requirements. The parameter given in Table 2 represents a replacement of the corresponding parameter given in IEC 62722-1.

NOTE As indicated in Clause 5 of this document, the performance requirements given in this Subclause 6.4 are additional to the requirements in IEC 62722-1. Additional parameters or requirements not listed in Table 2 but given in IEC 62722-1 are still applicable (e.g. the power measured in non active mode).

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Table 2 - Performance criteria for which testing is required

Clause or subclause of this document (in brackets clause or subclause of IEC 62717:2014, IEC 62717:2014/AMD1:2015 and	Testing	Luminaires of type A ^{a b}	Luminaires of type B
IEC 62717:2014/AMD2:2019)			
6.2	LED module performance temperature	x	x
7	Power	x	x
8.1	Luminous flux	x	x
8.2.3	Luminous intensity distribution ^c	x	x
8.2.4	Peak intensity value(s) ^{c d}	x	Х
8.2.5	Beam angle value ^{c d}	х	х
8.3	Luminous efficacy	х	х
9.1	Initial chromaticity tolerance of the light source ^e	_	х
9.1	Maintained chromaticity tolerance of the light source ^e	-	х
9.2	Initial correlated colour temperature of the light source ^e	-	х
9.3 ileh	CRI® ANDARD PRE	VIEW	Х
10.2	Lumen maintenance	_	Х
10.3 (10.3.2)	Temperature cycling, energized	_	х
10.3 (10.3.3)	Supply voltage switching	_	х
10.3 (10.3.4)	Accelerated operation life test 2023	_	х

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x = required

- = not required

The required testing for each type of luminaire is indicated by an "x".

- ^a Where the LED manufacturers provide data in accordance with IEC 62717, the tests on the luminaire can be carried out in accordance with the column for Type A luminaires.
- Testing requirements for Type A LED luminaires will depend on the requirements of IEC 62717. It is not the intention to re-measure the values of a product complying with its own standard. However where luminaires combine different LED modules in one luminaire, or where secondary optics are added to the luminaire, certain parameters can be required to be measured, e.g. if there is a mixing of colours, the final CRI and CCT shall be measured in the luminaire.
- c Applicable to luminaires which modify the light distribution of the light from the LED module.
- d Where a manufacturer claims these values.
- ^e The values of 9.1, 9.2 and 9.3 relate to the light source.

7 Input power

The provisions of IEC 62717:2014, Clause 7 apply to the LED luminaire. Power is measured at the supply to the luminaire, see Figure 1. In case the power is not constant, the average of the power is measured over an appropriate time by taking into account the nature of the variation.

NOTE The luminaire can contain components (e.g. digital controllers or sensor) which do not consume constant power, but can be in the sleeping mode and then work and take power.