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Designation: A878/A878M - 17 A878/A878M - 19

Standard Specification for Steel Wire, Modified Chromium Vanadium Valve Spring Quality¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A878/A878M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers the highest quality of round and shaped modified chromium vanadium alloy steel valve spring wire, uniform in quality and temper, intended for the manufacture of valve springs and other springs requiring high-fatigue properties when used at moderately elevated temperatures. It is similar to the grade VD (referenced in EN 10270-2) intended for high fatigue levels. This wire shall be either in the annealed and cold-drawn or oil-tempered quenched and tempered condition as specified by purchaser.

1.2 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the inch-pound units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independent of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.3 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²
A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products the state of the st

3. Terminology

Steels

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 For definition of terms used in this specification, refer to Terminology A941.

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

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¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloysand is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.03 on Steel Rod and Wire.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098 19111-5094, https:// guicksearch.dla.mil.

⁴ Available from European Committee for Standardization, CEN-CENELEC Management Centre, Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels, Belgium.

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3.1.1 *billet, n*—an as-cast or forged section, typically available for transport, inspection, and conditioning, that is used as raw material for wire rod manufacture.

3.1.2 bloom, n-an as-cast or forged section used as raw material for billet manufacture.

3.1.3 equivalent round diameter; n-diameter of a round wire having equivalent cross sectional area to a given shaped wire.

3.1.4 round wire, n-wire having a circular cross section.

3.1.5 shape factor, n— a value used to obtain cross sectional area for shaped wires when multiplied by measured width and measured thickness.

3.1.6 shaped wire, n-wire having a non-circular cross section.

3.2 Refer to Terminology A941 for additional definitions of terms used in this standard.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information for each ordered item:

- 4.1.1 Quantity (mass),
- 4.1.2 Name of material (modified chromium vanadium alloy steel valve spring quality wire),
- 4.1.3 Dimensions (Table 1 and Section 9),
- 4.1.4 Condition (Section 7), and
- 4.1.5 Packaging (Section 15),

4.1.6 Heat analysis report, if requested (6.2),

4.1.7 Certification or test report, or both, if specified (Section 14), and

4.1.5 ASTM designation and year of issue.

NOTE 1—A typical ordering description is as follows: 20 000-kg oil-tempered quenched and tempered modified chromium vanadium alloy steel valve spring quality wire, size 6.00 mm in 150-kg coils to ASTM ____ dated ____, or for inch-pound, 40 000-lb oil-tempered quenched and tempered modified chromium vanadium alloy steel valve spring quality wire, size 0.250 in. in 350-lb coils to ASTM ____ dated ____.

4.2 The purchaser shall have the option to specify additional requirements, including but not limited to:

4.2.1 Requirements for certifications, heat analysis or test reports (Subsection 6.2 and Section 14),

4.2.2 Special packing, marking, and loading requirements (Section 15), and

4.2.3 Other special requirements, if any.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 The steel shall be made by a steel making process combined with secondary ladle refining that is capable of satisfying the inclusion content requirements of this specification. $\times 10^{-10}$

5.2 The steel shall be continuously cast into blooms and rolled into billets. 966-06c2922f6c70/astm-a878-a878m-19

5.3 Billet conditioning shall precede wire rod manufacture. The resulting wire rods shall be of sufficient surface quality that when combined with a surface removal operation performed prior to or during the wire manufacturing operation the resulting wire shall satisfy the surface condition and decarburization requirements of this specification.

5.4 The finished wire shall be free from detrimental pipe and undue segregation.

	SI Units	
	Permissible	Permissible
Diameter, mm	Variations,	Out-of Round,
	±mm	mm
0.5 to 2.0. incl	0.02	0.02
Over 2.0 to 4.0, incl	0.03	0.03
Over 4.0 to 9.5, incl	0.04	0.04
	Inch-Pound Units	
	Permissible	Permissible
Diameter, in.	Variations,	Out-of Round,
	±in.	in.
0.020 to 0.075, incl	0.0008	0.0008
Over 0.075 to 0.148, incl	0.001	0.001
Over 0.148 to 0.375, incl	0.0015	0.0015

^A For purposes of determining conformance with this specification, all specified limits are absolute Permissible variation in wire diameter and out-of-round limits specified are absolute limits as defined in Recommended Practice E29.

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5.5 Alternate manufacturing processes may be used upon agreement between purchaser and supplier provided that the minimum requirements of this standard are met.supplier.

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 The steel shall conform to the requirements for chemical composition specified in Table 2.

6.2 *Heat Analysis*—Each heat of steel shall be analyzed by the manufacturer to determine the percentage of elements prescribed in Table 2. This analysis shall be made from a test specimen preferably taken during the pouring of the heat. When requested, this shall be reported to the purchaser and shall conform to the requirements of Table 2.

6.3 *Product Analysis*—An analysis may be made by the purchaser from finished wire representing each heat of steel. The average of all the separate determinations made shall be within the limits specified in the analysis column. Individual determinations may vary to the extent shown in the product analysis tolerance column, except that the several determinations of a single element in any one heat shall not vary both above and below the specified range.

6.4 For referee purposes, Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A751 shall be used.

7. Mechanical Properties

7.1 Tension Test:

7.1.1 Requirements for Annealed and Cold Drawn Cold-drawn Wires—Tension test requirements, if any, shall be stated on the purchase order.

7.1.2 Requirements for Oil-tempered Quenched and Tempered Wires—The material as represented by tension test specimens shall conform to the requirements in Table 3. Variation in tensile strength within a coil shall not exceed 70 MpaMPa [10.15 ksi].

7.1.3 *Number of Tests*—For oil-tempered quenched and tempered wires, each coil in a lot shall be tested. When specified for annealed and cold drawn cold-drawn wires, one test specimen shall be taken for each five coils, or fraction thereof, in a lot. Each heat in a given lot shall be tested.

7.1.4 Location of Tests—For oil-tempered quenched and tempered wires, test specimens shall be taken from both ends of the coil. For annealed and cold drawn cold-drawn wires, test specimens shall be taken from either end of the coil.

7.1.5 *Test Method*—The tension test shall be made in accordance with Test Methods and Definitions A370. Any tensile test specimen breaking in the tensile grips shall be discarded and a new specimen tested if the specified mechanical properties are not achieved. For shaped wires, cross sectional area shall be calculated either using the procedure in Test Methods E8/E8M for uniform but nonsymmetrical cross-sections, or measuring width and thickness and multiplying by a shape factor. Reduction of area for shaped wires shall be calculated by using this shape factor. Measure the maximum and minimum dimension on the necked down section and multiply by the shape factor to estimate the cross sectional area for use in the standard reduction of area calculation.

7.1.5.1 Upon agreement between purchaser and supplier, the shape factor for the design provided by the wire mill shall be permissible to be adopted for use. In other situations if the shape factor is not available from the wire mill, the shape factor shall be calculated by measuring the cross sectional area in accordance with Test Methods E8/E8M and dividing by the width and thickness.

7.2 Wrap Test:

7.2.1 Oil-tempered or Quenched and tempered or annealed and cold-drawn wire 4.00 mm [0.162 in.] and smaller in diameter shall wind on itself as an arbor without breakage. Larger diameter wire up to and including 8.00 mm $\frac{\{0.312[0.315]}{[0.315]}$ in.] in diameter shall wrap without breakage on a mandrel twice the wire diameter. The wrap test is not applicable to wire over 8.00 mm $\frac{\{0.312[0.315]}{[0.315]}$ in.] in diameter. For shaped wires, mandrel size shall be selected based on the equivalent round wire diameter.

7.2.2 Number of Tests—One test specimen shall be taken for each five coils, or fraction thereof, in a lot. Each heat in a given lot shall be tested.

7.2.3 Location of Tests—It shall be permissible to take test specimens from either end of the coil.

7.2.4 Test Method—The wrap test shall be made in accordance with Test Methods and Definitions A370.

TABLE 2 Chemical Requirements		
	Analysis, %	Product Analysis Tolerance, %
Carbon	0.60-0.75	±0.02
Manganese	0.50-0.90	±0.03
Phosphorus	0.025 max	+0.005
Sulfur	0.025 max	+0.005
Silicon	0.15-0.30	±0.02
Chromium	0.35-0.60	±0.05
Vanadium	0.10-0.25	±0.01