

Designation: B783 - 13 B783 - 19

Standard Specification for Materials for Ferrous Powder Metallurgy (PM) Structural Parts¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B783; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope-Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers a variety of ferrous PM structural materials and includes a classification system or material designation code. The classification system used in this specification includes chemical composition, minimum tensile; 0.2 % offset yield strength for as-sintered materials materials; and minimum ultimate tensile strength for heat-treated materials (sinter hardened or quenched and tempered). It also contains minimum density and maximum coercive field strength requirements for iron-phosphorus materials.
- 1.2 Material classification is governed by the designation code which is explained in Appendix X1. The data provided display typical mechanical properties achieved under commercial manufacturing procedures. Physical and mechanical property performance characteristics can change as a result of subsequent processing steps beyond the steps designated in this standard.
- 1.3 With the exception of density values for which the g/cm³ unit is the industry standard, property values stated in inch-pound units are the standard. Values in SI units result from conversion. They may be approximate and are only for information.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.5 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A839 Specification for Iron-Phosphorus Powder Metallurgy Parts for Soft Magnetic Applications

B243 Terminology of Powder Metallurgy dards/six

B528 Test Method for Transverse Rupture Strength of Powder Metallurgy (PM) Specimens

B962 Test Methods for Density of Compacted or Sintered Powder Metallurgy (PM) Products Using Archimedes' Principle

B963 Test Methods for Oil Content, Oil-Impregnation Efficiency, and Surface-Connected Porosity of Sintered Powder Metallurgy (PM) Products Using Archimedes' Principle

E8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials [Metric] E0008_E0008M

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E1019 Test Methods for Determination of Carbon, Sulfur, Nitrogen, and Oxygen in Steel, Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys by Various Combustion and Inert Gas Fusion Techniques

2.2 MPIF Standard:³

MPIF Standard 35-SP Materials Standards for PM Structural Parts

MPIF Standard 10 Method for Determination of the Tensile Properties of Powder Metallurgy (PM) Materials

MPIF Standard 66 Method for Sample Preparation for the Determination of the Total Carbon Content of Powder Metallurgy (PM) Materials (Excluding Cemented Carbides)

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B09 on Metal Powders and Metal Powder Products and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B09.05 on Structural Parts.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from MPIF, Metal Powder Industries Federation (MPIF), 105 College RoadRd. East, Princeton, NJ 08540.08540, http://www.mpif.org.



MPIF Standard 67 Guide to Sample Preparation for the Chemical Analysis of the Metallic Elements in Powder Metallurgy (PM)
Materials

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions of powder metallurgy terms can be found in Terminology B243. Additional descriptive information is available in the Related Materials section of Vol 02.05 of the *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Materials for parts conforming to this specification shall be ordered by material designation code.
- 4.2 Orders for parts under this specification may include the following information:
- 4.2.1 Certification and test reports, if required (see Section 11),
- 4.2.2 Test methods and mechanical properties other than strength (see 8.2 and 8.3),
- 4.2.3 Density (see 7.1),
- 4.2.4 Porosity or oil content (see 7.2), and
- 4.2.5 Special packaging if required.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Structural parts shall be made by compacting and sintering metal powders with or without subsequent heat -treating. Parts may also be madeheat-treating. When the final density was 7.0 g/cm³ by repressing or repressing and resintering sintered parts; if necessary, with or without subsequent heat treatment to produce finished parts conforming to the requirements of this specification. or more, the materials used to develop data for the standard were generally double-pressed double sintered (2P2S or DPDS). Other processes such as warm-die compaction or warm compaction may also be used to achieve such higher densities.

6. Chemical Composition

- 6.1 The material shall conform to the requirements of Table 1.
- 6.2 Chemical analysis, if required, shall be performed by methods agreed upon by the producer and the user-purchaser.
- 6.3 Various analytical test methods are used to determine the chemical composition (see ASTM standards for the appropriate test methods) methods and MPIF Standard 67) of PM materials. Combustion-infra-red absorption and inert gas fusion methods (Test Methods E1019) are used for the specific elements carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur.
- 6.4 The Chemical Composition Requirements Table (Table 1) designates the limits of metallurgically combined carbon for each alloy. The combined carbon level can be estimated metallographically for sintered PM steels. When a clear pearlite to ferrite ratio cannot be estimated metallographically, total carbon can be determined using analytical methods (Test Methods E1019). and MPIF Standard 66). This would include very low carbon levels (<0.08 %), heat treated steels, and materials made from prealloyed base powders or diffusion alloyed diffusion-alloyed powders. When reporting carbon levels, the report should identify whether the carbon is metallurgically combined carbon or total carbon and the test method should be identified. While total carbon will approximate the combined carbon in many materials, free graphite and other carbonaceous material will raise the total carbon level above the level of combined carbon, possibly causing the total carbon content to exceed the combined carbon level specified for the material.

7. Physical Properties

- 7.1 Density:
- 7.1.1 The <u>userproducer</u> and <u>producerpurchaser</u> may agree upon a minimum average density for the part or minimum densities for specific regions of the part, or both, except soft magnetic materials, which require a minimum average density as part of the material specification.
 - 7.1.2 Density shall be determined in accordance with Test Method Methods B962.
 - 7.2 Porosity:
- 7.2.1 The producer and the <u>userpurchaser</u> may also agree upon a minimum volume oil content for parts that are to be self-lubricating.
 - 7.2.2 Porosity or oil content, or both, shall be determined in accordance with Test Method Methods B963.
- 7.2.3 The producer and the <u>userpurchaser</u> may agree upon a functional test for porosity in parts that are to be self-lubricating, or for permeability where fluid flow must be restricted.

8. Mechanical Properties

8.1 The guaranteed properties shown in Tables 2-12 are included in the suffix of the material designation code. The code is adopted from MPIF Standard 35-Standard 35-SP. All tensile strengths are read as 10³ psi, and are defined as the 0.2 % offset yield strength for as-sintered materials and the ultimate tensile strength for heat-treated materials (sinter hardened or quenched and

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TABLE 1 Chemical Composition Requirements^A

Note 1—For the Stainless Steels: N1—Nitrogen alloyed. Good strength, low elongation. N2—Nitrogen alloyed. High strength, medium elongation. L—Low carbon. Lower strength, high elongation. HT—Martensitic grade, heat treated. Highest strength.

						С	hemical Composition	, Mass %							
Material Designation		Iron	Copper	Carbon	Nickel	Molyb-Molybdenum denum	Chro-Chromium mium	Man-Manganese ganese	Silicon	Sulfur	Phos- Phosphorus phorus	Nitro- Nitrogen gen	Colum- Columbium bium	Oxygen	Other_
F-0000 F-0000	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.0 0.3											2.0
F-0005 F-0005	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.3 0.6		 	 								 2.0
F-0008 F-0008	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.6 0.9		 	 	 							 2.0
FY-4500 FY-4500	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.00 0.03		 		 			0.40 0.50	0.00 0.01		0.00 0.10	 0.5
FY-8000 FY-8000	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.00 0.03		 	 	 			0.75 0.85	0.00 0.01		0.00 0.10	 0.5
FX-1000 FX-1000	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	8.0 14.9	0.0 0.3 ^B		<u></u> iTe	h Stan	dards							 2.0
FX-1005 FX-1005	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	8.0 14.9	0.3 ^B 0.6 ^B		tps://	standa	rd <u>s</u> .ite	h						 2.0
FX-1008 FX-1008	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	8.0 14.9	0.6 ^B 0.9		Docu	iment	Previev	W						 2.0
FX-2000 FX-2000	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	15.0 25.0	0.0 0.3 ^B		 	 A CTH / D70								 2.0
FX-2005 FX-2005	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	15.0 25.0	0.3 ^B 0.6 ^B		/standards.i		<u>3-19</u> standards/sist/6	6a7 <u></u>				 		 2.0
FX-2008 FX-2008	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	15.0 25.0	0.6 ^B 0.9 ^B		353-48e2-9	e3a-f9ae2414 	·847b/astm-b78	33-1						 2.0
FC-0200 FC-0200	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	1.5 3.9	0.0 0.3				 							 2.0
FC-0205 FC-0205	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	1.5 3.9	0.3 0.6		 	 	 							 2.0
FC-0208 FC-0208	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	1.5 3.9	0.6 0.9		 		 							 2.0
FC-0505 FC-0505	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	4.0 6.0	0.3 0.6		 	 	 							 2.0
FC-0508 FC-0508	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	4.0 6.0	0.6 0.9		 	 	 							 2.0
FC-0808 FC-0808	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	7.0 9.0	0.6 0.9		 	 	 							 2.0

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						C	Chemical Composition	, Mass %							
Material Designation		Iron	Copper	Carbon	Nickel	Molyb-Molybdenum denum	Chro-Chromium mium	Man-Manganese ganese	Silicon	Sulfur	Phos- Phosphorus phorus	Nitro- Nitrogen gen	Colum- Columbium bium	Oxyger	o Other_
FC-1000 FC-1000	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	9.0 11.0	0.0 0.3			 								 2.0
FN-0200 FN-0200	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	0.0 2.5	0.0 0.3	1.0 3.0	 	 								 2.0
FN-0205	Min	Bal.	0.0	0.3	1.0										
FN-0205 FN-0208	Max Min	Bal. Bal.	2.5 0.0	0.6	3.0			•••		•••					2.0
FN-0208	Max	Bal.	2.5	0.9	3.0										2.0
FN-0405 FN-0405	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	0.0 2.0	0.3 0.6	3.0 5.5	 	 								2.0
FN-0408 FN-0408	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	0.0 2.0	0.6 0.9	3.0 5.5		 								 2.0
FL-3905	Min	Bal.	<u>:::</u>	0.4		0.25	h S <u>i</u> tan	0.05		 <u>:</u>	··· <u>:::</u>				
FL-3905	Max	Bal.	<u></u>	0.7		0.40		0.30	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	2.0
FL-4005 FL-4005	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.4 0.7		0.40 0.60	standa	0.05							2.0
FL-4205 FL-4205	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.4 0.7	0.35 0.55	0.50 0.85	ıment	0.20 0.40	W						 2.0
FL-4400 FL-4400	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.0 0.3		0.75 0.95	 4 CTW/ D70	0.05							 2.0
FL-4405 FL-4405	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.4 0.7		/.0.75 dards.:	iteh.ai/c a talog/s	standa 0.05/sist/6	6a7:						 2.0
FL-4605	Min	Bal.		0.7	1.70	353-48e2-9 0.45	9e3a-f9ae2414	847b/astm-b78	83-1						2.0
FL-4605	Max	Bal.		0.7	2.00	0.60		0.30							2.0
FL-4805 FL-4805	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.4 0.7	1.20 1.60	1.10 1.40		0.30 0.50							2.0
FL-48105 FL-4905	Min Min	Bal. Bal.	 <u></u>	0.4 0.4	1.65 	0.85 1.30	 	0.30 0.05		 :::	 <u>:::</u>	 :::	 <u></u>	 <u></u>	
FL-48105 FL-4905	Max Max	Bal. Bal.	 <u></u>	0.7 <u>0.7</u>	2.05 	1.15 1.70	 ==	0.55 <u>0.30</u>	 <u></u>		 	 	= ==		2.0 2.0
FL-4905 FL-5108	Min Min	Bal. Bal.	 	0.4 0.70		1.30 	 1.7	0.05 0.05	 		 :::	 :::	 <u>:::</u>		
FL-4905 FL-5108	Max Max	Bal. Bal.	==	0.7 0.85		1.70 	 1.9	0.30 0.30		<u></u>	= ==	 	= ==	<u></u>	2.0 2.0
FL-5208 FL-5208	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.6 0.8		0.15 0.30	1.3 1.7	0.05 0.30							 2.0
FL-5305 FL-5305	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.4 0.6		0.40 0.60	2.7 3.3	0.05 0.30							 2.0

						C	hemical Composition	, Mass %							
Material Designation		Iron	Copper	Carbon	Nickel	Molyb - <u>Molybdenum</u> denum	Chro-Chromium mium	Man-Manganese ganese	Silicon	Sulfur	Phos- Phosphorus phorus	Nitro- Nitrogen gen	Colum- Columbium bium	Oxyger	Other_
FLN2-3905 FLN2-3905	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	<u></u>	<u>0.4</u> <u>0.7</u>	1.0 3.0	0.25 0.40	<u></u>	0.05 0.30	 	 	 	 	 	<u></u>	<u></u> 2.0
FLN2C-4005 FLN2C-4005	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	1.3 1.7	0.4 0.7	1.5 2.0	0.40 0.60		0.05 0.30							2.0
FLN4C-4005 FLN4C-4005	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	1.3 1.7	0.4 0.7	3.6 4.4	0.40 0.60		0.05 0.30							2.0
FLN 4205 (formerly Low -Alloy	Min	Bal.		0.4	1.3 ^C	0.49		0.20							
Steel) FLN-4205	Min	Bal.	<u></u>	0.4	<u>1.3°</u>	0.49	<u></u>	0.20	<u>:::</u>	<u></u>	<u>:::</u>	<u></u>	<u>:</u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
FLN-4205	Max	Bal.		0.7	2.5 ^C	0.85	h Stan	0.40							2.0
FLN2-4400 FLN2-4400	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.0 0.3	1.0 3.0	0.65 0.95		0.05 0.30	 La						2.0
FLN2-4405 (formerly- Low -Alloy-	Min	Bal.		0.4	1.0	Docu	sta <u>n</u> da iment	Previe	W						
Steel) FLN2-4405	Min	Bal.	<u>:</u>	0.4	1.0	0.65	<u>::</u> <u>ASTM B78</u>	<u>0.05</u> 3-19	<u>:</u>	<u>:::</u>		<u></u>		<u></u>	<u></u>
FLN2-4405	Max	Bal.		0.7	3.0	3 0.9548e2-9	9e3a-f9ae2414	847b/0.30 _m -b7	83-1-						2.0
FLN4-4400 FLN4-4400	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.0 0.3	3.0 5.0	0.65 0.95		0.05 0.30							2.0
FLN4-4405 (formerly -Low -Alloy-	Min	Bal.		0.4	3.0	0.65		0 .05							
Steel) FLN4–4405	Min	Bal.	<u></u>	0.4	3.0	0.65	<u></u>	0.05	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
FLN4-4405	Max	Bal.		0.7	5.0	0.95		0.30							2.0
FLN6-4405 (formerly) Low -Alloy -Steel)	Min	Bal.		0.4	5.0	0.65		0.05							



 TABLE 1
 Continued

							hemical Composition	, IVIASS %			Phos-	Nitro-	Colum-		
Material Designation		Iron	Copper	Carbon	Nickel	Molyb-Molybdenum denum	Chro-Chromium mium	Man-Manganese ganese	Silicon	Sulfur	Phosphorus phorus	Nitrogen gen	Columbium bium	Oxygen	Other_
FLN6-4405	Min	Bal.	<u></u>	0.4	5.0	0.65	<u></u>	0.05	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
FLN6-4405	Max	Bal.		0.7	7.0	0.95		0.30							2.0
FLNC-4405 (formerly- Low -Alloy -Steel)	Min	Bal.	1.0	0.4	1.0	0.65		0.05							
FLNC-4405	Min	Bal.	1.0	0.4	1.0	<u>0.65</u>		<u>0.05</u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
FLNC-4405	Max	Bal.	3.0	0.7	3.0	0.95	h Stan	0.30							2.0
FLN2-4408	Min	Bal.		0.6	1.0	0.65		0.05							
FLN2-4408	Max	Bal.		0.9	3.0	0.95	standa	0.30	h						2.0
FLN4-4408	Min	Bal.		0.6	3.0	0.65	Stamua	0.05	11 2.						
FLN4-4408	Max	Bal.	•••	0.9	5.0	0.95		0.30							2.0
FLN6-4408	Min	Bal.		0.6	5.0	0.65	ıment	0.05	W						
FLN6-4408	Max	Bal.		0.9	7.0	0.95		0.30							2.0
FLNC-4408	Min	Bal.	1.0	0.6	1.0	0.65	4 CT* / D70	0.05							
FLNC-4408	Max	Bal.	3.0	0.9	3.0	0.95	<u>AS1M B/8</u>	3-19 0.30							2.0
FLC-4608	Min	Bal.	1.0	0.6	1.6	/standards.i	teh.ai/catalog/s	standards/sist/6	6a7						
FLC-4608	Max	Bal.	3.0	0.9	2.0	3 0.6048e2-9	e3a-f9ae2414	847b/0.30m-b78	33-1						2.0
FLC-4805	Min	Bal.	0.7	0.5	1.2	1.1		0.30							
FLC-4805	Max	Bal.	1.4	0.7	1.6	1.4		0.50							2.0
FLC2-4808	Min	Bal.	1.0	0.6	1.2	1.1		0.30							
FLC2-4808	Max	Bal	3.0	0.9	1.6	1.4		0.50							2.0
FLC-48108	Min	Bal.	1.0	0.6	1.6	0.80		0.30							
FLC-4908	Min	Bal.	1.0	0.6	<u></u>	1.3		0.50							<u></u>
FLC 48108	Max	Bal.	3.0	0.9	2.0	1.1		0.50							2.0
FLC-4908	Max	Bal.	3.0	0.9	<u></u>	<u>1.7</u>	<u></u>	0.30	<u></u>		<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>		2.0
FLN-48108 (formerly- FLN -4608)	Min	Bal.		0.6	3.6 ^D	0.80		0.30							
FLN-48108	Max	Bal.		0.9	5.0 ^D	1.1		0.50							2.0
FLC-4908	Min	Bal.	1.0	0.6	_	1.3	_	0.50	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
FLC2-5208	Min	Bal.	1.0	0.6		0.15	 <u>1.3</u>	0.05			 	 <u></u>			
FLC-4908	Max	Bal.	3.0	0.9		1.7		0.30		==	=			==	2.0



TABLE 1 Continued

						C	hemical Composition	, Mass %							
Material Designation		Iron	Copper	Carbon	Nickel	Molyb-Molybdenum denum	Chro-Chromium mium	Man-Manganese ganese	Silicon	Sulfur	Phosphorus phorus	Nitro- Nitrogen gen	Colum- Columbium bium	Oxygen	Other_
FLC2-5208	Max	Bal.	3.0	8.0		0.30	<u>1.7</u>	0.30			<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>		2.0
LC2-5208	Min	Bal.	1.0	0.6		0.15	1.3	0.05							
D-0105	Min	Bal.	<u></u>	0.4	0.40	<u>0.4</u>	<u></u>	<u>0.05</u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
LC2-5208	Max	Bal.	3.0	0.8		0.30	1.7	0.30							2.0
D-0105	Max	Bal.	<u></u>	0.7	0.60	<u>0.6</u>	<u></u>	0.30	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>		2.0
D-0200	Min	Bal.	1.3	0.0	1.55	0.4		0.05			•••				
D-0200	Max	Bal.	1.7	0.3	1.95	0.6		0.30							2.0
D-0205	Min	Bal.	1.3	0.3	1.55	0.4		0.05							
D-0205	Max	Bal.	1.7	0.6	1.95	0.6		0.30							2.0
D-0208	Min	Bal.	1.3	0.6	1.55	0.4		0.05							
D-0208	Max	Bal.	1.7	0.9	1.95	0.6		0.30							2.0
D 0400		Б.	4.0	0.0	0.00	0.4		0.05							
D-0400	Min	Bal.	1.3	0.0	3.60	0.4		0.05					•••		
D-0400	Max	Bal.	1.7	0.3	4.40	0.6	h Stan	0.30							2.0
D-0405	Min	Bal.	1.3	0.3	3.60	0.4		0.05							
D-0405	Max	Bal.	1.7	0.6	4.40	0.6		0.30							2.0
D-0408	Min	Bal.	1.3	0.6	3.60	0.4		0.05							
D-0408	Max	Bal.	1.7	0.9	4.40	0.6		0.30							2.0
LDN2-4908	Min	Bal.	•••	0.6	1.85	1.3 ^E		0.05				•••			
_DN2-4908	Max	Bal.		0.9	2.25	1.7 ^{<i>E</i>}		0.30							2.0
LDN4C2-4905	Min	Bal.	1.6	0.3	3.60	1.3 ^E	ACTHED 70	0.05							
LDN4C2-4905	Max	Bal.	2.4	0.6	4.40	1.7 ^E	A51MB/8	0.30							2.0
0.00014 100	N 4:	D-I		0.00	0.0		iteh.ai/çatalog/s	tandards/sist/6	6a7.	0.45	0.00	0.00			
S-303N1,N2 S-303N1,N2	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.00 0.15	8.0 13.0	353-48e2-9	17.0 0e3a-(19.02414	0.0 847b/2.0 m-b78	0.0	0.15 0.30	0.00 0.20	0.20 0.60			2.0
3-303N1,N2	IVIAX	Dai.		0.15	13.0	333-48e2-5	763a-135.02414	847b/2.0cm-b78	3-110	0.30	0.20	0.00		•••	2.0
S-303L	Min	Bal.		0.00	8.0		17.0	0.0	0.0	0.15	0.00	0.00			
S-303L	Max	Bal.		0.03	13.0	•••	19.0	2.0	1.0	0.30	0.20	0.03			2.0
S-304N1,N2	Min	Bal.		0.00	8.0	•••	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.20			
S-304N1,N2	Max	Bal.		0.08	12.0		20.0	2.0	1.0	0.03	0.04	0.60			2.0
S-304H,L	Min	Bal.		0.00	8.0		18.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00			
S-304H,L	Max	Bal.		0.03	12.0		20.0	2.0	1.0	0.03	0.04	0.03			2.0
S-316N1,N2	Min	Bal.		0.00	10.0	2.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.20			
S-316N1,N2	Max	Bal.	•••	0.08	14.0	3.0	18.0	2.0	1.0	0.03	0.04	0.60	•••	•••	2.0
S-316H,L	Min	Bal.		0.00	10.0	2.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00			
S-316H,L	Max	Bal.	•••	0.03	14.0	3.0	18.0	2.0	1.0	0.03	0.04	0.03			2.0
S-409L	Min	Bal.		0.00			10.50	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	8 × %C		
S-409L	Min	Bal.		0.00			10.50	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30		
S-409L	Max	Bal.		0.03			11.75	1.0	1.0	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.80		2.0
S-409LE<i>F</i>	Min	Dol		0.00	0.0		11 50	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 0/ 0		
OO-4USLE'	₩	Bal.		U.UU	-0.0		11.50	U.U	0.0	₩.₩	0.00	₩.₩	8 × %C		



TABLE 1 Continued

						C	hemical Composition	, Mass %							
Material Designation		Iron	Copper	Carbon	Nickel	Molyb-Molybdenum denum	Chro-Chromium mium	Man-Manganese ganese	Silicon	Sulfur	Phos- Phosphorus phorus	Nitro- Nitrogen gen	Colum- Columbium bium	Oxygen	Other_
SS-409LE ^F SS-409LE ^F	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	<u></u>	0.00 0.03	0.0 0.5	0.00	10.50 13.50	0.0 1.0	0.0 1.0	0.00 0.03	0.00 0.04	0.00 0.03	0.30 0.80		 2.0
SS-409LE ^F	Max	Bal.	 :::	0.03	0.5	0.30	13.50	1.0	1.0	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.80	 :::	2.0
SS-409LNi ^G SS-409LNi ^G	Min Max	Bal. Bal.	<u>::</u>	<u>0.00</u> <u>0.03</u>	1.1 1.4	<u>0.00</u> <u>0.30</u>	10.50 13.50	<u>0.0</u> <u>1.0</u>	<u>0.0</u> <u>1.0</u>	0.00 0.03	0.00 0.04	<u>0.00</u> <u>0.03</u>	0.30 0.80	: :	<u></u> <u>2.0</u>
SS-410	Min	Bal.		0.00			11.50	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00			
SS-410 SS-410	Min Max	Bal. Bal.		0.05 0.25		≡ iTe	11.50	$0.0 \frac{0.0}{1.0} \text{ ds}$	<u>0.0</u> 1.0	0.00 0.03	0.00 0.04	0.00 0.60			<u></u> 2.0
SS-410L	Min	Bal.		0.00		, / / /	11.50	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00			
SS-410L	Max	Bal.		0.03		tps://	13.50	rols.olte	1.0	0.03	0.04	0.03			2.0
SS-430N2	Min	Bal.		0.00			16.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.20			
SS-430N2	Max	Bal.		0.08		Docu	18.00	Pre:vie	1.0	0.03	0.04	0.60			2.0
SS-430L	Min	Bal.		0.00			16.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00			
SS- 430L	Max	Bal.		0.03	•••		18.00	1.0	1.0	0.03	0.04	0.03			2.0
SS-434N2	Min	Bal.		0.00		0.75	AS _{16.00} B78	3-19 0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.20			
SS-434N2	Max	Bal.		0.08		/s1.25 dards.i	teh.ai/18.00 log/s	standar¶9/sist/6	6a7.0	0.03	0.04	0.60			2.0
SS-434L	Min	Bal.		0.00		3 0.7548e2-9	e3a-f16.007414	847b/0.0m-b7	83-0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00			
SS-434L	Max	Bal.		0.03		1.25	18.00	1.0	1.0	0.03	0.04	0.03			2.0
SS-434L Cb	Min	Bal.		0.00		0.75	16.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.4		
SS-434L Cb	Max	Bal.		0.03		1.25	18.00	1.0	1.0	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.6		2.0

^A For the purpose of determining conformance with this specification, measured values shall be rounded "to the nearest unit" in the last right-hand digit used in expressing the specification limit, in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E29.

^B Carbon, on basis of iron only, may be a metallographic estimate.

^C At least 1 % of the nickel is admixed as elemental powder.

Description of the nickel is admixed as elemental powder. Other Elements: 2 % maximum may include other minor elements added for specific purposes.

E Prealloyed in the base powder.

FLE = L grade with extended chemical composition.

^G LNi = Ferritic-martensitic grade.

TABLE 2 Minimum Tensile Strength for Iron and Carbon Steel^A

	Minimum	Strength
Material Designation Code	Yield	Ultimate
	10 ³	psi ^B
F-0000-10	10	
-15	15	
-20	20	
F-0005-15	15	
-20	20	
-25	25	
F-0005-50HT		50
-60HT		60
-70HT		70
F-0008-20	20	
-25	25	
-30	30	
-35	35	
F-0008-55HT		55
-65HT		65
-75HT		75
-85HT		85

^A For the purpose of determining conformance with this specification, measured values shall be rounded "to the nearest unit" in the last right-hand digit used in expressing the specification limit, in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E29.

TABLE 3 Minimum Density and Maximum Coercive Field Strength for Iron-Phosphorus^A

Ou chigan i	or mon r nospilorus		
Material Designation Code	Minimum Density	Maximum Coercive Field Strength	
	g/cm ³	Oe Oi	
FY-4500 ^B -20V	6.7	2.0	
-20W	6.9	2.0	
-17W	6.9	/ 1.7 1.7	
-20X	7.1	2.0	
-17X	7.1	1.7	
-20Y	7.3	2.0	
17Y	D702 7.3	1.7	
FY-8000-17V	6.7	1.7	
catalog/standa17W/sist/66	a7151a-136.93-48	3e2-9e3 1.7 f9ae24	
-15W	6.9	1.5	
-17X	7.1	1.7	
-15X	7.1	1.5	
-15Y	7.3	1.5	

^A For the purpose of determining conformance with this specification, measured values shall be rounded "to the nearest unit" in the last right-hand digit used in expressing the specification limit, in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E29.

tempered). Iron-phosphorus materials (Table 3) contain an alphanumeric suffix and are an exception to this rule. The iron-phosphorus suffix is related to the minimum density and maximum coercive field strength and not the tensile yield strength (see X1.3 and X1.4 for details).

- 8.1.1 Materials that are heat treated (sinter-hardened or quenched and tempered) have the numeric value followed by HT in the suffix.
- 8.2 The producer and the <u>userpurchaser</u> should agree upon the method to be used to verify the minimum strength characteristics of the finished parts. Since it is usually impossible to machine tensile test specimens from these parts, alternative strength tests are advisable. An example would be measuring the force needed to break teeth off a gear with the gear properly fixtured.
- 8.3 If the tensile properties of the materials are required, standard test bars shall be compacted from the same mixed powder lot, at the density of a critical region in the part, and processed along with the parts. When a PM part has a larger ruling section than the test bar being used, the test bar may not be representative of the part. The following procedures are listed with the preferred method first.

^B 10³ psi = 6.895 MPa (6.895 N/mm²)

^B These materials are frequently used in magnetic applications and are specified with minimum density and maximum coercive field strength. One oersted is equal to 79.6 A/m in SI units. Typical magnetic properties can be found in Specification 4839

TABLE 4 Minimum Tensile Strength for Copper-Infiltrated Iron and Steel^A

	Minimur	n Strength
Material Designation Code	Yield	Ultimate
	10	³ psi ^B
FX-1000-25	25	
FX-1005-40	40	
FX-1005-110HT		110
FX-1008-50	50	
FX-1008-110HT		110
FX-2000-25	25	
FX-2005-45	45	
FX-2005-90HT		90
FX-2008-60	60	
FX-2008-90HT		90

^A For the purpose of determining conformance with this specification, measured values shall be rounded "to the nearest unit" in the last right-hand digit used in expressing the specification limit, in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E29.

TABLE 5 Minimum Tensile Strength for Iron-Copper and Copper Steel^A

	Ste	el^		
·		M	inimum Strength	
Material De	esignation Code	Yield	Ultima	te
			10 ³ psi ^B	
FC-020		15		
	-18	18		
	-21	21 24	rds	
	-24 11 0 00			
FC-020		30		
	-35 c - a n	35	s itah	
	-40	40		
	-45	45		
FC-020		4 Dain	60	
	-70HT		70	
	-80HT		80	
	-90HT		90	
FC-020		30		
	-40 ASTM E	3783-1940		
	-50	50	10-2 0-2-"	
	C-60 S1St/66a / 15	1a-13560		
FC-020			50	
	-65HT		65	
	-80HT		80	
	-95HT		95	
FC-050		30		
	-40	40		
	-50	50		
FC-050	8-40	40		
	-50	50		
	-60	60		
FC-080		45		
FC-100	0-20	20		

^A For the purpose of determining conformance with this specification, measured values shall be rounded "to the nearest unit" in the last right-hand digit used in expressing the specification limit, in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E29

- 8.3.1 Transverse rupture strength (see Test Method B528)-and MPIF Standard 10) can be related to the minimum tensile strength by the ratio of typical transverse rupture strength to typical tensile strength at the same density as the part, as shown in, or interpolated from the tables contained in Appendix X1.
- 8.3.2 For as-sintered material, flat unmachined tension test specimens (see Test Methods E8) and MPIF Standard 10) should be used for determination of 0.2 % offset yield strength.
- 8.3.3 For determining the tensile strength of heat-treated (sinter-hardened or quenched and tempered) material, round test bars should be machined from specially compacted, as-sintered bars because heat-treated, unmachined specimens yield lower values. The machined tension test specimens (see MPIF Standard 10 and Test Methods E8) shall be heat-treated with the production parts.

 $^{^{}B}$ 10 3 psi = 6.895 MPa (6.895 N/mm 2)

 $^{^{}B}$ 10 3 psi = 6.895 MPa (6.895 N/mm²)

TABLE 6 Minimum Tensile Strength for Iron-Nickel and Nickel Steel^A

	Minimun	n Strength
Material Designation Code	Yield	Ultimate
	10 5	³ psi ^B
FN-0200-15	15	
-20	20	
-25	25	
FN-0205-20	20	
-25	25	
-30	30	
-35	35	
FN-0205-80HT		80
-105HT		105
-130HT		130
-155HT		155
-180HT		180
FN-0208-30	30	
-35	35	
-40	40	
-45	45	
-50	50	
FN-0208-80HT		80
-105HT		105
-130HT		130
-155HT		155
-180HT		180
FN-0405-25	25	
-35	35	
-45	45	
FN-0405-80HT		80
-105HT		105
-130HT	andaro	130
-155HT		155
-180HT		180
FN-0408-35	35 45	iteh ail
(11tt 95 ₋₄₅ / 5ttall)	45	ittii.ai)
-55	55	

^A For the purpose of determining conformance with this specification, measured values shall be rounded "to the nearest unit" in the last right-hand digit used in expressing the specification limit, in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E29.

^B 10³ psi = 6.895 MPa (6.895 N/mm²)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/66a7151a-1353-48e2-9e3a-f9ae2414847b/astm-b783-19

9. Sampling

- 9.1 *Chemical Analysis*—When requested on the purchase order, at least one sample for chemical analysis shall be taken from each lot. The analysis shall be performed by a mutually agreed upon method.
- 9.2 Mechanical Tests—The producer and the userpurchaser shall agree on the number of specimens for mechanical tests.

10. Rejection and Rehearing

10.1 Parts that fail to conform to the requirements of this specification may be rejected. Rejection should be reported to the producer or supplier promptly and in writing.

11. Certification and Test Reports

11.1 When specified in the purchase order or contract, a producer's certification shall be furnished to the user that the parts were manufactured, sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification and have been found to meet the requirements. When specified in the purchase order or contract, a report of the test results shall be furnished.

12. Keywords

12.1 compressive strength; diffusion-alloyed; ductility; elastic; endurance; fatigue; hardness; hybrid; impact; low-alloy; microindentation; PM steel; Poisson's Ratio; prealloyed; sinter-hardened; stainless; tensile strength; Young's Modulus

TABLE 7 Minimum Tensile Strength for Prealloyed Steel^A

	archigan for i realio	you oloo.	TREE O MINIMUM TONONO OLI ONG	gui foi ffybria Low Alloy Oteoi		
	Minimu	m Strength	Material Designation Code	Minimum Strength		
Material Designation Code	Yield	Ultimate		Yield Ultimate		
		³ psi ^B	· ·	10 ³ p		
EL 2005 COLIT			FLN2-3905-30		-	
<u>FL-3905-90HT</u> -120HT		<u>90</u> 120		30 35 45 50		
			- <u>35</u> -45	35		
-150HT		150	<u>-45</u>	45		
<u>-185HT</u>		185	-50	<u>50</u>		
FL-4005-110HT		110	FLN2-3905-95HT		<u>95</u> 125	
-140HT		140	-125HT		125	
-165HT		165	-155HT		155	
-190HT		190	-175HT		175	
FL-4205-35	35		FLN2C-4005-60	60		
		•••				
-40	40	***	-65 0	65	•••	
-45	45		-70	70		
-50	50		-75	75		
FL-4205-80HT		80	FLN2C-4005-105HT		105	
-100HT		100	-140HT		140	
-120HT		120	-170HT		170	
-140HT		140	-220HT		220	
FL-4405-35	35	***	FLN4C-4005-70	70	•••	
-40	40		-75	75		
-45	45		-80	80		
-50	50	•••	-85	85		
FL-4405-100HT		100	FLN4C-4005-115HT		115	
-125HT		125	-135HT		135	
-150HT		150	-170HT		170	
	•••			•••		
-175HT		175	-210HT		210	
FL-4605-35	35	•••	FLN-4205-40	40		
-40	40		(Formerly low-alloy-45	45		
-45	45		steel)	-45	45	
-50	50		,	-50	50	
FL-4605-80HT		80 19	m C 9-55 C C	55		
-100HT		100	FLN-4205-80HT		80	
-120HT					105	
		120	(Formerly low-alloy-105HT		100	
-140HT	I nitras	140	steel)	-105HT	<u></u>	
FL-4805-105HT		105		-140HT		
<u>-130HT</u>		130	-175HT		175	
-160HT		$\frac{160}{190}$	FLN2-4405-45	45		
-190HT		190	(Formerly low-alloy-50	50		
FL-4905-110HT		110	steel)	<u>-50</u>	50	
		135	Sieei)	<u>-50</u> -55	<u>50</u> 55	
-135HT		135	00			
-160HT		160 TM D	792 10-60	60		
-180HT		180 IMB	/83-19 FLN2-4405-90HT		90	
FL-5108-55	i/catalog/s55	da/ajet/660715	(Formerly low-alloy-120HT	19.17h/aetm h79	22 1 120	
https://staff ₋₆₅ irds.htm.a	i/catalog/s <u>55</u> ndar 70 75 65	ds/sist/66a [15]	steel) Coa-19aCZ41	120HT	33-17 <u></u>	
-70	70	_		-160HT		
<u>-75</u>	75		-190HT		190	
FLN-5208-65	65		FLN4-4405-55	55		
-76	75	***	-70	70		
-80	80		-85	85		
-85	85		-100	100		
FL-5305-75	75		FLN4-4405-90HT		90	
-90	90		FLN4-4405-70HT	<u></u>	70	
-105	105		-120HT	=	120	
-120	120		-115HT		115	
120	120		-165HT		115 165	
the purpose of determining confo	rmance with this specif	ication, measure				
s shall be rounded "to the neares			-155HT	<u></u>	155	
ssing the specification limit, in acc			-195HT		195	
saling the specification limit, in access $E29$.	with the round	5 011 111041104 (<u>-190HT</u>	<u></u>	190	
		_	FLN4-4405 (HTS)-70	7 0		
psi = 6.895 MPa (6.895 N/mm ²)			-80	80		
			55			

⁻⁸⁵HT 160 -90HT 200 ^A For the purpose of determining conformance with this specification, measured values shall be rounded "to the nearest unit" in the last right-hand digit used in expressing the specification limit, in accordance with the rounding-off method of

FLN4-4405 (HTS)-75HT

-85

85

90

...

...

... 75

120

Practice E29.

B 10³ psi = 6.895 MPa (6.895 N/mm²)