



**Designation: A1095 – 15 (Reapproved 2019)**

## **Standard Specification for High-Silicon Molybdenum Ferritic Iron Castings<sup>1</sup>**

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A1095; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

### **1. Scope**

1.1 This specification covers castings made of high-silicon molybdenum ferritic iron, commonly known as SiMo. This specification includes castings with microstructures of spheroidal graphite (SG) SiMo iron, compacted graphite (CG) SiMo iron, and mixed graphite or medium-nodularity graphite (MG) SiMo iron. MG iron microstructure comprises a mixture of spheroidal and compacted graphite shapes. This standard specifies the condition, chemical composition, microstructure, and other technical requirements of three grades of ferritic cast irons, specified as SG SiMo, MG SiMo, and CG SiMo.

1.2 No precise quantitative relationship can be stated between the properties of iron in the various locations of the same casting or between the properties of castings and those of a test specimen cast from the same iron.

1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. All chemical compositions are in mass percentage. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.5 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

### **2. Referenced Documents**

#### **2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>**

**A247 Test Method for Evaluating the Microstructure of**

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A04 on Iron Castings and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A04.02 on Malleable and Ductile Iron Castings.

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<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

#### **Graphite in Iron Castings**

**A395/A395M Specification for Ferritic Ductile Iron Pressure-Retaining Castings for Use at Elevated Temperatures**

**A476/A476M Specification for Ductile Iron Castings for Paper Mill Dryer Rolls**

**A536 Specification for Ductile Iron Castings**

**A834 Specification for Common Requirements for Iron Castings for General Industrial Use**

**A842 Specification for Compacted Graphite Iron Castings**

**A897/A897M Specification for Austempered Ductile Iron Castings**

**D1976 Test Method for Elements in Water by Inductively-Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectroscopy**

**D5381 Guide for X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) Spectroscopy of Pigments and Extenders**

**E8/E8M Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials**

**E10 Test Method for Brinell Hardness of Metallic Materials**

**E21 Test Methods for Elevated Temperature Tension Tests of Metallic Materials**

**E228 Test Method for Linear Thermal Expansion of Solid Materials With a Push-Rod Dilatometer**

**E351 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Cast Iron—All Types**

**E1184 Practice for Determination of Elements by Graphite Furnace Atomic Absorption Spectrometry**

**E1999 Test Method for Analysis of Cast Iron by Spark Atomic Emission Spectrometry**

**2.2 SAE (Society of Automotive Engineers) International Standards:**

**J434 Automotive Ductile (Nodular) Iron Castings**

**J1887 Automotive Compacted Graphite Iron Castings**

**J2582 Automotive Ductile Iron Castings for High Temperature Applications**

**2.3 Federal Standard:**

**FED-STD-123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)**

**2.4 American National Standard:**

**MIL-STD-129 Military Marking for Shipment and Storage**

**2.5 Other Publications:**

**AFS (American Foundry Society), Foundrymen's Guide to Ductile Iron Microstructures, 1984**

**AFS, Iron Castings Engineering Handbook, 2004**

**ASM Specialty Handbook, Cast Irons, 1999**

ASM Specialty Handbook, Heat-Resistant Materials, 1999  
 ASM Handbook, Casting, Volume 15, 1998

### 3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for materials to this specification shall include the following information:

- 3.1.1 ASTM designation and year of issue,
- 3.1.2 Grade of silicon-molybdenum ferritic iron required,
- 3.1.3 Chemical composition requirements (see Section 5),
- 3.1.4 Microstructure and mechanical requirements (see Sections 6 and 7),
- 3.1.5 Drawing and test coupon criteria (see Section 8),
- 3.1.6 Special requirements, if desired (see Sections 9 – 11),
- 3.1.7 Certification, if so designated by purchaser (see Section 12), and
- 3.1.8 Special preparation for delivery, if required (see Section 14).

### 4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 The manufacturer shall produce high-silicon molybdenum iron castings with a microstructure consisting of a predominantly ferritic matrix in the as-cast condition. Small amounts of flake graphite in the surface reaction zone are allowed only when agreed between the manufacturer and purchaser.

4.2 High-silicon ferritic SiMo iron castings are typically supplied in the as-cast condition. If heat treatment is agreed between the manufacturer and purchaser, castings can be either fully or subcritically annealed. The recommended heat treatment practice is provided in Appendix X3.

### 5. Chemical Composition

5.1 Chemical requirements for each grade are specified in Table 1. Chemical composition shall be determined from chilled disk samples or samples representative of the castings and in accordance with the applicable sections of Test Methods D1976, E351, and E1999, Practice E1184, and Guide D5381.

5.2 When agreed between the manufacturer and purchaser, chemistry control ranges may be tighter than those specified in Table 1.

5.3 Controlling the carbon equivalent is important to achieve uniform graphite distribution and to minimize solidification shrinkage and graphite flotation. The carbon equivalent control range shall be established by the manufacturer to produce castings that meet the chemical composition ranges in Table 1, the microstructure requirements in Section 6, and the mechanical properties in Table 2.

5.4 Chromium can improve heat resistance of SiMo iron castings. Annealing heat treatments should be utilized if Cr content exceeds 0.10 %.

5.5 The total concentrations of alloy elements including Mo, Mn, Ni, Cu, W, V, Nb, and Cr shall not exceed 2.5 %.

5.6 The lower limit of phosphorus for SG SiMo iron is specified to eliminate the brittleness at medium temperature of approximately 425 °C.

### 6. Microstructure

6.1 The matrix requirements for the three grades of SiMo irons are the same: predominantly ferritic, a maximum 5 % primary carbides, and adjacent to the cell boundaries, a maximum 30 % Mo-rich precipitates.

6.2 All the three grades of SiMo iron castings for which chemical composition is specified in Table 1 shall be substantially free of flake, exploded, chunky, crab, spiky, and floatation graphite. Flake graphite is permitted in the surface reaction zone to a maximum depth of 0.30 mm for sections ≤10 mm and to a maximum depth of 0.60 mm for sections >10 mm.

6.3 For SG SiMo iron, the graphite in the microstructure shall consist of a minimum 80 % Type I and Type II graphite according to Test Method A247.

6.4 For CG SiMo iron, the graphite in the microstructure shall consist of a minimum 60 % Type IV graphite; the remaining graphite shall be a combined maximum 40 % Type I, Type II, and Type III graphite according to Test Method A247 and Specification A842.

6.5 For MG SiMo iron, the graphite in the microstructure shall consist of a minimum 40 % of Type I and Type II graphite according to Test Method A247 and a range of 30 to 60 % Type IV graphite according to Test Method A247 and Specification A842.

TABLE 1 Chemical Composition Requirements

Element	SG SiMo	Type	
		MG SiMo	CG SiMo
Composition (mass %)			
Carbon	2.90–3.70	2.80–3.60	2.70–3.50
Silicon	3.50–4.80	3.50–4.80	3.50–4.80
Molybdenum	0.40–1.50	0.40–1.50	0.40–1.50
Titanium	0.05 max	0.10 max	0.25 max
Magnesium	0.06 max	0.05 max	0.04 max
Manganese	0.50 max	0.50 max	0.50 max
Nickel	0.50 max	0.50 max	0.50 max
Copper	0.30 max	0.30 max	0.30 max
Tungsten	0.30 max	0.30 max	0.30 max
Vanadium	0.10 max	0.10 max	0.10 max
Niobium	0.30 max	0.30 max	0.30 max
Chromium	0.50 max	0.50 max	0.50 max
Phosphorus	0.02–0.05	0.05 max	0.05 max
Sulfur	0.02 max	0.02 max	0.02 max
Iron	balance	balance	balance

TABLE 2 Tensile and Hardness Requirements

Testing Temperature	Grade	SG SiMo	MG SiMo	CG SiMo
	Tensile strength, min, MPa	500	450	400
	Yield strength, min, MPa	420	400	350
Room temperature	Elongation in 25 mm or 50 mm, min, %	6.0	4.0	1.5
	Brinell hardness, HBW	190–270	190–270	190–270

6.6 The volume fraction of graphite is typically in the range of 8 to 14 %. Graphite structure evaluations using image analysis should only be done by agreement between the manufacturer and purchaser.

## 7. Mechanical Properties

7.1 Tensile testing specimens shall be taken from separately cast coupons unless otherwise agreed between the manufacturer and purchaser. Brinell hardness testing specimens may be test coupons or castings, or both (see Section 8).

7.2 The iron as represented by the test specimens shall conform to the requirements in **Table 2** for tensile properties and hardness at room temperature. The tensile testing shall proceed in accordance with Test Methods **E8/E8M** for room temperature and Test Methods **E21** for elevated temperature. If the test results fail to conform to the requirements, two retests shall be performed with specimens removed from test coupons or castings produced using the same casting conditions. If either retest fails to meet the specification requirements, the castings represented by these test specimens shall be subject to rejection.

7.3 Yield strength shall be determined using the 0.2 % offset method in accordance with Test Methods **E8/E8M**. Brinell hardness shall be determined in accordance with Test Method **E10**.

7.4 The tensile properties at 425 °C are listed in **Table 3** for reference (nonmandatory) information to monitor the possible brittleness at medium temperature. The medium temperature is defined in the range of 350 to 500 °C.

## 8. Test Coupons

8.1 Test coupons for microstructure determination and mechanical properties testing may be separately cast or attached to castings. Separately cast test coupons shall be poured from the same iron as the castings they represent. This means the same chemical composition, the same inoculation practice, and an equivalent cooling rate. The details of test coupons including coupon type, size, location, sampling methods, and other coupon-related control plans shall be agreed between the manufacturer and purchaser.

8.2 The type of metallographic specimen used shall be agreed between the manufacturer and purchaser. Three types of metallographic specimens may be used: (1) separately cast coupons, (2) a test lug cast with castings or attached to the pouring basin or cup, and (3) specimens cut from castings.

8.3 Separately cast test coupons shall be Y-blocks, keel blocks, or modified keel blocks in accordance with Specifications **A395/A395M**, **A476/A476M**, **A536**, **A842**, and **A897/A897M**.

8.3.1 The bottom Y-block thickness shall be 13 mm for casting thickness <13 mm, 25 mm for casting thickness 13 to 38 mm, and 75 mm for casting thickness >38 mm.

8.3.2 Leg thickness of keel blocks shall be 25 mm for casting thickness 13 to 38 mm. For other casting thickness, the keel block thickness shall be changed according to **8.3.1**.

8.3.3 Modified keel blocks of 25 mm bar diameter can be substituted for the 25-mm Y-block or the 25-mm keel block.

8.3.4 The coupon molds shall have a thickness equal or greater than the coupon thickness. The coupons shall be left in the mold until they have cooled to a black color ( $\leq 500$  °C).

8.3.5 If the test bars show obvious defects, additional bars shall be cut from other test blocks representing the same iron.

8.4 When castings made in accordance with this specification are produced by spheroidization directly in the mold, the manufacturer may use either separately cast test coupons or test specimens cut from castings. When separately cast test coupons are used, selection shall be according to **8.1**. If test bars are to be cut from castings, test bar location shall be agreed between the manufacturer and purchaser and shall be indicated on the casting drawing or model.

## 9. Additional Tests

9.1 In addition to the chemical, microstructure, and mechanical requirements in Sections **5 – 7**, other special tests such as nondestructive testing (radiographic soundness, liquid penetrant examination, magnetic particle inspection, leakage testing) may be agreed between the manufacturer and purchaser. Refer to Specification **A834** for a list of common requirements for iron castings not specifically referenced elsewhere in this specification.

## 10. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

10.1 The castings shall be free of injurious defects. Surface of the castings shall be free of burnt-on sand and shall be reasonably smooth. Runners, risers, and other cast-on pieces shall be removed. In other respects, the castings shall conform to whatever points may be specifically agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

10.2 No repairing by plugging or welding of any kind shall be permitted unless written permission is granted by the purchaser.

## 11. Inspection and Quality

11.1 At the time of an order, the purchaser should establish an agreement for quality and inspection requirements with the manufacturer.

11.2 Unless otherwise specified in contract or purchase order, the manufacturer shall be responsible for carrying out all the tests and inspections required by this specification. The purchaser reserves the right to perform any of the inspections set forth in the specification where such inspections are deemed necessary to ensure supplies and services conform to the prescribed requirements.

**TABLE 3 Tensile Properties at 425 °C for References**

Testing Temperature	Grade	SG SiMo	MG SiMo	CG SiMo
425 °C	Tensile strength, min, MPa	400	380	360
	Yield strength, min, MPa	340	320	300
	Elongation in 25 mm or 50 mm, min, %	5.0	4.0	1.5