

Edition 2.0 2024-05

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Printed electronics – Teh Standards
Part 203: Materials – Semiconductor ink

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

PRINTED ELECTRONICS -

Part 203: Materials - Semiconductor ink

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IEC 62899-203 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 119: Printed Electronics. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2018. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) addition of 6.3.1.2.2 Normalised on-current measurement of the TFT device;
- b) in 6.3.2, correction of formula for calculation of permittivity.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
119/485/FDIS	119/489/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62899 series, published under the general title *Printed electronics*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
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INTRODUCTION

The IEC 62899 series deals mainly with evaluation methods for materials of printed electronics. The series also includes storage methods, packaging and marking, and transportation conditions.

The IEC 62899 series is divided into several parts according to each material. Each part is prepared as a generic specification containing fundamental information for the area of printed electronics.

This part of IEC 62899 is prepared for inks containing semiconducting materials used in printed electronics and contains the test conditions, the evaluation methods and the storage conditions.

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PRINTED ELECTRONICS -

Part 203: Materials - Semiconductor ink

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62899 defines terms and specifies standard methods for characterization and evaluation of semiconductor inks and semiconductive layers that are made from semiconductor inks.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- IEC 62860, Test methods for the characterization of organic transistors and materials
- ISO 5-2, Photography and graphic technology Density measurements Part 2: Geometric conditions for transmittance density
- ISO 5-3, Photography and graphic technology Density measurements Part 3: Spectral conditions
- ISO 124, Latex, rubber Determination of total solids content
- ISO 291, Plastics Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing 83 Lee 279 fee 62899-203-2024
- ISO 489:2022, Plastics Determination of refractive index
- ISO 758, Liquid chemical products for industrial use Determination of density at 20 °C
- ISO 1183-1, Plastics Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics Part 1: Immersion method, liquid pycnometer method and titration method
- ISO 2555, Plastics Resins in the liquid state or as emulsions or dispersions Determination of apparent viscosity using a single cylinder type rotational viscometer method
- ISO 2592, Petroleum and related products Determination of flash and fire points Cleveland closed cup method
- ISO 2719, Determination of flash point Pensky-Martens closed cup method
- ISO 2811-1, Paints and varnishes Determination of density Part 1: Pycnometer method
- ISO 2811-2, Paints and varnishes Determination of density Part 2: Immersed body (plummet) method
- ISO 2884-1, Paints and varnishes Determination of viscosity using rotary viscometers Part 1: Cone-and-plate viscometer operated at a high rate of shear

ISO 3219, Plastics – Polymers/resins in the liquid state or as emulsions or dispersions – Determination of viscosity using a rotational viscometer with defined shear rate

ISO 3251, Paints, varnishes and plastics – Determination of non-volatile-matter content

ISO 3664, Graphic technology and photography – Viewing conditions

ISO 3679, Determination of flash point – Method for flash no-flash and flash point by small scale closed cup tester

ISO 13468-1:2019, Plastics – Determination of the total luminous transmittance of transparent materials – Part 1: Single-beam instrument

ISO 13468-2:1999, Plastics – Determination of the total luminous transmittance of transparent materials – Part 2: Double-beam instrument

ISO 13655, Graphic technology – Spectral measurement and colorimetric computation for graphic arts images

ISO 14488, Particulate materials – Sampling and sample splitting for the determination of particulate properties

ISO 14782, Plastics – Determination of haze for transparent materials

ISO 15212-1, Oscillation-type density meters – Part 1: Laboratory instruments

3 Terms and definitions ocument Preview

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 62860 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

NOTE The terms in italic font are those defined in Clause 3.

3.1

semiconductive material

ingredient of a printing or coating material, which itself is electrically semiconductive

Note 1 to entry: The ingredient can be one or more small molecules, precursors, polymers, or particles.

Note 2 to entry: The ingredient can require post treatment to provide semiconductive properties.

3.2

semiconductor ink

liquid in which one or more inorganic particles, ions, salts, organic small molecules or organic polymers are dissolved or dispersed, and which becomes an electrically *semiconductive layer* (3.3) through solvent removal or post treatment such as UV, photonic, or thermal processing

[SOURCE: IEC 62899-101:2019, 3.121]