



Standard Specification for Cold-Expansion Fittings with Metal Compression-Sleeves for Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Pipe and SDR9 Polyethylene of Raised Temperature (PE-RT) Pipe¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2080; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers cold-expansion fittings using metal compression-sleeves for use with crosslinked polyethylene (PEX) plastic pipe in $\frac{3}{8}$ -in., $\frac{1}{2}$ -in., $\frac{5}{8}$ -in., $\frac{3}{4}$ -in., 1-in., $1\frac{1}{4}$ -in., $1\frac{1}{2}$ -in., and 2 in. nominal diameters, meeting the requirements of Specification F876 or F3253, and for use with Polyethylene of Raised Temperature (PE-RT) pipe in $\frac{3}{8}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, 1, $1\frac{1}{4}$, nominal diameters meeting the requirements of Specification F2769, whereby the pipe is cold-expanded before fitting assembly. The components covered by this specification are intended for use in residential and commercial, hot and cold, potable water distribution systems or other applications such as municipal water service lines, radiant panel heating systems, hydronic baseboard heating systems, snow and ice melting systems, geothermal underground pipe systems and building services pipe with continuous operation at pressures up to and including 100 psi (690 kPa), and at temperatures up to and including 180 °F (82 °C).

1.2 Included in this specification are the requirements for materials, workmanship, dimensions, and markings to be used on the fittings and compression-sleeves. Performance requirements are as referenced in Specification F877 for systems containing PEX pipe and Specification F2769 for systems containing PE-RT pipe.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.4 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Section 10, of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.5 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

- A108 Specification for Steel Bar, Carbon and Alloy, Cold-Finished
- A269/A269M Specification for Seamless and Welded Austenitic Stainless Steel Tubing for General Service
- A276/A276M Specification for Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes
- A312/A312M Specification for Seamless, Welded, and Heavily Cold Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Pipes
- A519 Specification for Seamless Carbon and Alloy Steel Mechanical Tubing
- B16/B16M Specification for Free-Cutting Brass Rod, Bar and Shapes for Use in Screw Machines
- B62 Specification for Composition Bronze or Ounce Metal Castings
- B140/B140M Specification for Copper-Zinc-Lead (Red Brass or Hardware Bronze) Rod, Bar, and Shapes
- B283/B283M Specification for Copper and Copper-Alloy Die Forgings (Hot-Pressed)
- B371/B371M Specification for Copper-Zinc-Silicon Alloy Rod
- B584 Specification for Copper Alloy Sand Castings for General Applications
- B689 Specification for Electroplated Engineering Nickel Coatings
- B851 Specification for Automated Controlled Shot Peening of Metallic Articles Prior to Nickel, Autocatalytic Nickel, or Chromium Plating, or as Final Finish

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.10 on Fittings.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

- D1600** Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics
- D2122** Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings
- F412** Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems
- F876** Specification for Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing
- F877** Specification for Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Hot- and Cold-Water Distribution Systems
- F2769** Specification for Polyethylene of Raised Temperature (PE-RT) Plastic Hot and Cold-Water Tubing and Distribution Systems
- F3253** Specification for Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing with Oxygen Barrier for Hot- and Cold-Water Hydronic Distribution Systems

2.2 *ASME Standards:*

- B1.20.1** Pipe Threads General Purpose (Inch)³
- B16.18** Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings (Inch)³
- B16.22** Wrought Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings (Inch)³

2.3 *NSF Standards:*

- Standard No. 14** for Plastic Piping Components and Related Materials⁴
- Standard No. 61** for Drinking Water System Components—Health Effects⁴

2.4 *MSS Standard:*

- SP-104** Wrought Copper Solder Joint Pressure Fittings⁵

2.5 *EN Standards:*

- EN 12164** Copper and Copper Alloys—Rod for Free Machining Purposes⁶
- EN 12165** Copper and Copper Alloys—Wrought and Unwrought Forging Stock⁶

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions of terms used in this specification are in accordance with Terminology **F412**, and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology **D1600**, unless otherwise indicated.

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.2.1 *crosslinked polyethylene, n*—a polyethylene material which has undergone a change in molecular structure using a chemical or a physical process whereby the polymer chains are chemically linked

3.2.2 *fitting assembly, n*—comprised of a cold-expansion fitting and a metal compression-sleeve, whereby the pipe is cold-expanded before fitting insertion, and the compression-sleeve is pulled in an axial direction over the pipe.

³ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Two Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, <http://www.asme.org>.

⁴ Available from NSF International, P.O. Box 130140, 789 N. Dixboro Rd., Ann Arbor, MI 48113-0140, <http://www.nsf.org>.

⁵ Available from Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry (MSS), 127 Park St., NE, Vienna, VA 22180-4602, <http://www.mss-hq.org>.

⁶ Available from European Committee for Standardization (CEN), 36 rue de Stassart, B-1050, Brussels, Belgium, <http://www.cenorm.be>.

4. Classification

4.1 This specification covers one class of metal and plastic cold-expansion fittings with metal compression-sleeves suitable for use with PEX pipe that meets the requirements of Specification **F876** or **F3253** or PE-RT pipe that meets the requirements of Specification **F2769**.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 *Fittings*—Cold-expansion fittings shall be made from one of the following materials:

5.1.1 *Machined Brass*—Machined brass cold-expansion fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification **B16/B16M**, Copper Alloy UNS C36000, or Specification **B140/B140M**, Copper Alloy UNS C31400, or Specification **B371/B371M**, Copper Alloy UNS C69300, or Specification **B283/B283M**, Copper Alloy UNS C69850, or Specification **B283/B283M**, Copper Alloy UNS C89844, Copper Alloy UNS No. C27450 or Standard EN 12164, Copper Alloy CW614N.

5.1.2 *Machined Stainless Steel*—Machined stainless steel cold-expansion fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification **A312/A312M**, stainless steel alloy 304L or 316L, or Specification **A269/A269M**, stainless steel alloy 304L or 316L, or Specification **A276/A276M**, stainless steel alloy 304L or 316L.

5.1.3 *Machined Carbon Steel*—Machined carbon steel cold-expansion fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification **A108**, Carbon Steel Alloy 1020 or 1025, or Specification **A519**, Carbon Steel Alloy 1020, or 1025 or 1026.

5.1.4 *Forged Brass*—Forged brass cold-expansion fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification **B283/B283M**, Copper Alloy UNS C37700 or UNS C89844, or Copper Alloy UNS No. C27450, or Copper Alloy UNS C69300, or Copper Alloy UNS C69850, or Standard EN 12165, Copper Alloy CW617N.

5.1.5 *Cast Copper Alloys*—Cast copper alloy cold-expansion fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification **B62** copper alloy UNS C83600, or Specification **B584**, copper-alloy UNS C83800, C84400 or C89844.

5.2 *Compression-Sleeves*—Metal compression-sleeves shall be made from one of the following materials:

5.2.1 *Machined Brass*—Machined brass compression-sleeves shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification **B16/B16M** copper-alloy UNS C36000, or Standard EN 12168, Copper Alloy CW614N, or Copper Alloy UNS No. C27450, or Standard EN 12165, Copper Alloy CW617N, or Specification **B371/B371M**, Copper Alloy UNS C69300, or Copper Alloy UNS C69850.

5.2.2 *Machined Stainless Steel*—Machined stainless steel compression-sleeves shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification **A312/A312M**, stainless steel alloy 304L or 316L, or Specification **A269/A269M**, stainless steel alloy 304L or 316L, or Specification **A276/A276M**, stainless steel alloy 304L or 316L.

5.3 *Plating*—Plating of either fitting component with nickel or chrome, or other metal is optional and must fall within the

dimensional tolerances of this specification. Plating can not negatively affect the quality of markings or the ability to meet S1.2.

5.3.1 *Nickel Plating*—Application of electroplated nickel coating shall meet the requirements of Specifications B689 and B851.

5.3.2 *Chrome Plating*—Application of electroplated chrome coating shall meet the requirements of Specification B851.

6. Performance Requirements

6.1 *General*—All performance tests shall be conducted on assemblies of fittings (cold-expansion fittings and compression-sleeves) and pipe meeting the requirements of Specification F876 or F3253 in the case of PEX pipe, or Specification F2769 in the case of PE-RT pipe. Fittings shall meet the material and dimensional requirements of this specification. Assembly of test specimens shall be in accordance with 9.3. Each assembly shall contain at least two joints. Use separate sets of assemblies for each performance test requirement.

6.2 Fittings manufactured according to this specification and intended for use with PEX pipe meeting the requirements of Specification F876 or F3253, shall comply with the following performance requirements of Specification F877. When a section with an identical title appears in this Specification, it contains additional requirements that supplement those found in Specification F877.

6.2.1 Requirements,

6.2.2 Test Methods, and

6.2.3 Retest and Rejection.

6.3 Fittings, manufactured according to this specification and intended for use with PE-RT pipe meeting the requirements of Specification F2769, shall comply with the following performance requirements of Specification F2769. When a section with an identical title appears in this Specification, it contains additional requirements that supplement those found in Specification F2769.

6.3.1 Requirements,

6.3.2 Test Methods, and

6.3.3 Retest and Rejection.

7. Dimensions

7.1 *Dimensions and Tolerances*—The dimensions and tolerances of the cold-expansion fittings and compression-sleeves, when measured in accordance with 10.1, shall be as shown in Figs. 1 and 2.

7.1.1 *Alignment*—The maximum angular variation of any opening shall not exceed 1° off the true centerline axis.

7.1.2 *Fittings with Solder-Joint Ends*—Solder-joint end dimensions shall be in accordance with ASME B16.18, ASME B16.22, or MSS SP-104.

7.1.3 *Tapered Threaded-Ends*—Fitting threads shall be right-hand, conforming to ASME B1.20.1, and shall be tapered threads (NPT).

7.1.4 *Straight Threaded-Ends*—Fitting threads shall be right-hand, conforming to ASME B1.20.1, and shall be straight mechanical threads (NPSM).

7.1.5 *Inside Diameter*—The minimum inside diameter, listed as Dimension F in Fig. 1, applies to the entire fitting not just the insert area. When fitting has ends that are of different sizes or configurations (for example, threaded, solder), or both, the minimum ID applies to entire insert area.

8. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

8.1 The fittings shall be made from materials that are homogeneous throughout. All sealing surfaces shall be smooth and free of foreign material. The walls of cold-expansion fittings and compression-sleeves shall be free of cracks, holes, blisters, voids, foreign inclusions, or other defects that are visible to the unaided eye and that affect wall integrity.

8.2 *Splay*—Molded polymer fittings shall be free of visible splay excepting some light blushing at the gate location.

9. Assembly

9.1 *Joints*:

9.1.1 *Cold-Expansion Joints*—Fittings shall be joined to pipe by first expanding the end of the pipe with the expander tool, inserting the cold-expansion fitting into expanded pipe, then pulling the compression-sleeve over the pipe and the fitting, compressing the pipe between the compression-sleeve and the fitting. Cold-expansion fittings and compression-sleeves shall meet the dimensional and material requirements of this specification. Pipe shall meet the requirements of Specification F876 or F3253 in the case of PEX pipe or Specification F2769 in the case of PE-RT pipe.

9.2 *Expander Tool*:

9.2.1 The expander tool shall have a six-section radial expanding cylindrical-shaped head with unexpanded and maximum expanded diameters as shown in Table 1.

9.2.2 The expander tool shall be inspected according to manufacturer's instructions.

9.3 *Procedure*:

9.3.1 Slide the compression-sleeve onto the pipe so that the inside-beveled end is facing toward the end of the pipe. Slide the compression-sleeve far enough down the pipe so that it will not prevent expansion of the pipe. Insert the head of the expander-tool into the pipe. The expander-tool segments shall be centered inside the pipe. Expand the pipe for approximately 3 s, and remove the tool. Rotate the tool approximately 30°, insert the expander-tool into the pipe and repeat the expansion process. The cold-expansion fitting shall be inserted within 30 s of the second expansion. The fitting is properly inserted when the pipe is pushed up against the last rib (dimensioned as Rib I in Fig. 1) of the cold-expansion fitting. If full insertion is not possible, remove the cold-expansion fitting immediately and expand the pipe again for 3 s.

9.3.2 When the expansion is complete, and the cold-expansion fitting is inserted properly into the pipe, the metal compression-sleeve shall be pulled over the fitting with an axial compression tool provided for the purpose.

9.3.3 The compression procedure shall be as follows: Pull the compression-sleeve over the cold-expansion fitting and the pipe end using a suitable axial compression tool provided for the purpose. The maximum allowable gap between the edge of