

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE

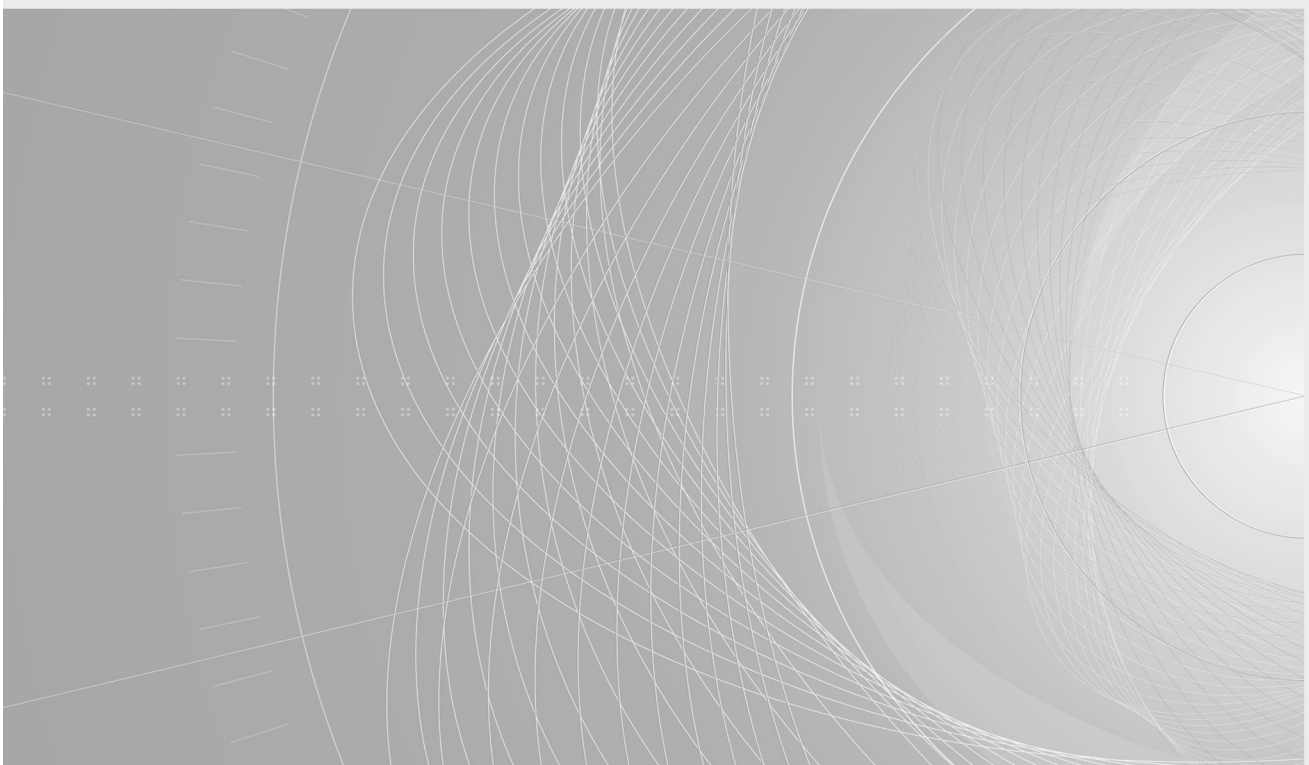
**Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Performance standard –**

**Part 053-02: Non-connectorized, single-mode fibre, electrically controlled, variable optical attenuator for category C – Controlled environments**

[IEC 61753-053-02:2022](#)

**Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs fibroniques – Norme de performance –**

**Partie 053-02: Affaiblisseur optique variable commandé électriquement, à fibres unimodales, non connectorisé, pour la catégorie C – Environnements contrôlés**





## THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Copyright © 2022 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

Droits de reproduction réservés. Sauf indication contraire, aucune partie de cette publication ne peut être reproduite ni utilisée sous quelque forme que ce soit et par aucun procédé, électronique ou mécanique, y compris la photocopie et les microfilms, sans l'accord écrit de l'IEC ou du Comité national de l'IEC du pays du demandeur. Si vous avez des questions sur le copyright de l'IEC ou si vous désirez obtenir des droits supplémentaires sur cette publication, utilisez les coordonnées ci-après ou contactez le Comité national de l'IEC de votre pays de résidence.

IEC Secretariat  
3, rue de Varembé  
CH-1211 Geneva 20  
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11  
[info@iec.ch](mailto:info@iec.ch)  
[www.iec.ch](http://www.iec.ch)

### About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

### About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigendum or an amendment might have been published.

#### IEC publications search - [webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform](http://webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform)

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee, ...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

#### IEC Just Published - [webstore.iec.ch/justpublished](http://webstore.iec.ch/justpublished)

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and once a month by email.

#### IEC Customer Service Centre - [webstore.iec.ch/csc](http://webstore.iec.ch/csc)

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: [sales@iec.ch](mailto:sales@iec.ch).

#### IEC Products & Services Portal - [products.iec.ch](http://products.iec.ch)

Discover our powerful search engine and read freely all the publications previews. With a subscription you will always have access to up to date content tailored to your needs.

#### Electropedia - [www.electropedia.org](http://www.electropedia.org)

The world's leading online dictionary on electrotechnology, containing more than 22 300 terminological entries in English and French, with equivalent terms in 19 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

### A propos de l'IEC

La Commission Electrotechnique Internationale (IEC) est la première organisation mondiale qui élabore et publie des Normes internationales pour tout ce qui a trait à l'électricité, à l'électronique et aux technologies apparentées.

### A propos des publications IEC

Le contenu technique des publications IEC est constamment revu. Veuillez vous assurer que vous possédez l'édition la plus récente, un corrigendum ou amendement peut avoir été publié.

#### Recherche de publications IEC -

[webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform](http://webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform)

La recherche avancée permet de trouver des publications IEC en utilisant différents critères (numéro de référence, texte, comité d'études, ...). Elle donne aussi des informations sur les projets et les publications remplacées ou retirées.

#### IEC Just Published - [webstore.iec.ch/justpublished](http://webstore.iec.ch/justpublished)

Restez informé sur les nouvelles publications IEC. Just Published détaille les nouvelles publications parues. Disponible en ligne et une fois par mois par email.

#### Service Clients - [webstore.iec.ch/csc](http://webstore.iec.ch/csc)

Si vous désirez nous donner des commentaires sur cette publication ou si vous avez des questions contactez-nous: [sales@iec.ch](mailto:sales@iec.ch).

#### IEC Products & Services Portal - [products.iec.ch](http://products.iec.ch)

Découvrez notre puissant moteur de recherche et consultez gratuitement tous les aperçus des publications. Avec un abonnement, vous aurez toujours accès à un contenu à jour adapté à vos besoins.

#### Electropedia - [www.electropedia.org](http://www.electropedia.org)

Le premier dictionnaire d'électrotechnologie en ligne au monde, avec plus de 22 300 articles terminologiques en anglais et en français, ainsi que les termes équivalents dans 19 langues additionnelles. Egalement appelé Vocabulaire Electrotechnique International (IEV) en ligne.



# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Performance standard –**

**Part 053-02: Non-connectorized, single-mode fibre, electrically controlled, variable optical attenuator for category C – Controlled environments**

[IEC 61753-053-02:2022](#)

**Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs fibroniques – Norme de performance –**

**Partie 053-02: Affaiblisseur optique variable commandé électriquement, à fibres unimodales, non connectorisé, pour la catégorie C – Environnements contrôlés**

INTERNATIONAL  
ELECTROTECHNICAL  
COMMISSION

COMMISSION  
ELECTROTECHNIQUE  
INTERNATIONALE

ICS 33.180.20

ISBN 978-2-8322-4435-7

**Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.  
Attention! Veuillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.**

## CONTENTS

FOREWORD .....	3
1 Scope .....	5
2 Normative references .....	5
3 Terms and definitions .....	6
4 Test conditions .....	7
5 Test report.....	7
6 Reference components .....	7
7 Performance requirements.....	8
7.1 Dimensions .....	8
7.2 Sample size .....	8
7.3 Test details and requirements .....	8
Annex A (normative) Sample size .....	13
Bibliography.....	14
Table 1 – Single-mode spectral bands .....	7
Table 2 – Test details and requirements .....	8
Table A.1 – Number of samples for each test.....	13

IEC STANDARD PREVIEW  
 (standards.iteh.ai)

[IEC 61753-053-02:2022](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ce74b9fe-34f4-4fa4-9c31-a565d3e83313/iec-61753-053-02-2022)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ce74b9fe-34f4-4fa4-9c31-a565d3e83313/iec-61753-053-02-2022>

## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND  
PASSIVE COMPONENTS – PERFORMANCE STANDARD –****Part 053-02: Non-connectorized, single-mode fibre, electrically controlled,  
variable optical attenuator for category C – Controlled environments**

## FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as “IEC Publication(s)”). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC 61753-053-02 has been prepared by subcommittee 86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics. It is an International Standard.

This first edition cancels and replaces IEC 61753-053-2 published in 2014. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC 61753-053-2:2014:

- a) harmonization of terms and definitions with those in IEC 60869-1 and IEC TS 62627-09;
- b) harmonization of test items and their conditions with IEC 61753-1:2018 and IEC 61753-1:2018/AMD1:2020.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
86B/4622/FDIS	86B/4644/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at [www.iec.ch/members\\_experts/refdocs](http://www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs). The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at [www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications](http://www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications).

A list of all parts in the IEC 61753 series, published under the general title *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Performance standard*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under [webstore.iec.ch](http://webstore.iec.ch) in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ce74b9fe-34f4-4fa4-9c31-a565d3e83313/iec-61753-053-02-2022>

## **FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – PERFORMANCE STANDARD –**

### **Part 053-02: Non-connectorized, single-mode fibre, electrically controlled, variable optical attenuator for category C – Controlled environments**

#### **1 Scope**

This part of IEC 61753 contains the minimum initial test and measurement requirements and severities which non-connectorized single-mode fibre electrically controlled variable optical attenuator needs to satisfy in order to be categorised as meeting the requirements of category C – Controlled environments, as defined in Annex A of IEC 61753-1:2018.

#### **2 Normative references**

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60793-2-50, *Optical fibres – Part 2-50: Product specifications – Sectional specification for class B single-mode fibres*

IEC 60794-2-50, *Optical fibre cables – Part 2-50: Indoor cables – Family specification for simplex and duplex cables for use in terminated cable assemblies*

IEC 60869-1, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Fibre optic passive power control devices – Part 1: Generic specification*

IEC 61300 (all parts), *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures*

IEC 61300-2-1, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-1: Tests – Vibration (sinusoidal)*

IEC 61300-2-4, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-4: Tests – Fibre or cable retention*

IEC 61300-2-5, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-5: Tests – Torsion*

IEC 61300-2-9, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-9: Tests – Shock*

IEC 61300-2-14, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-14: Tests – High optical power*

IEC 61300-2-17, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-17: Tests – Cold*

IEC 61300-2-18, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-18: Tests – Dry heat*

IEC 61300-2-19, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-19: Tests – Damp heat (steady state)*

IEC 61300-2-22, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-22: Tests – Change of temperature*

IEC 61300-2-42, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-42: Tests – Static side load for strain relief*

IEC 61300-2-44, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-44: Tests – Flexing of the strain relief of fibre optic devices*

IEC 61300-3-2, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-2: Examination and measurements – Polarization dependent loss in a single-mode fibre optic device*

IEC 61300-3-3, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-3: Examinations and measurements – Active monitoring of changes in attenuation and return loss*

IEC 61300-3-7, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-7: Examinations and measurements – Wavelength dependence of attenuation and return loss of single mode components*

IEC 61300-3-14, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-14: Examinations and measurements – Error and repeatability of the attenuation settings of a variable optical attenuator*

IEC 61300-3-21, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-21: Examinations and measurements – Switching time*

IEC 61300-3-28, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-28: Examinations and measurements – Transient loss*

IEC 61753-1:2018, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Performance standard – Part 1: General and guidance*

IEC TS 62627-09, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Vocabulary for passive optical devices*

### **3 Terms and definitions**

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60869-1 and IEC TS 62627-09, as well as the following, apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

#### **3.1**

##### **operational vibration**

vibration test in which relevant parameters should be monitored during the test



### 3.2 operational shock

shock test in which relevant parameters should be monitored during the test

### 3.3 response time

elapsed time from the time the control energy (voltage or current) is applied (changed) to the time attenuation reaches between 90 % and 110 % dB of steady-state value

## 4 Test conditions

Unless otherwise specified, all test methods shall be in accordance with the IEC 61300 series. The samples shall be terminated onto single-mode fibres as per IEC 60793-2-50, category B-652.B, B-652.D or B-657 in either coated fibres (primary and secondary) or reinforced cable format as per IEC 60794-2-50. Non-connectorized single-mode fibre electrically controlled variable optical attenuators used for each test are intended to be previously unstressed new samples but may also be selected from previously used samples if desired. All measurements shall be carried out under standard atmospheric conditions, unless otherwise stated. If the device is provided with an active temperature control, this shall be set at the set-point specified by the manufacturer.

The requirements apply to every combination of input and output port.

Table 1 is intended to provide guidance on the wavelength ranges of the various spectral bands. It is not intended for specification. Values of operating wavelength used in performance verification shall be specified between the customer and supplier, or shall be as defined in the manufacturer's specification.

**Table 1 – Single-mode spectral bands**

Band	Descriptor	Range nm
O-band	Original	1 260 to 1 360
E-band	Extended	1 360 to 1 460
S-band	Short wavelength	1 460 to 1 530
C-band	Conventional	1 530 to 1 565
L-band	Long wavelength	1 565 to 1 625
U-band	Ultra long wavelength	1 625 to 1 675

Source: ITU-T G. Supplement 39 [1]<sup>1</sup>.

## 5 Test report

Fully documented test reports and supporting evidence shall be prepared and be available for inspection as evidence that the tests have been carried out and complied with.

## 6 Reference components

The test for these components does not require the use of reference components.

<sup>1</sup> Numbers in square bracket refer to the Bibliography.

## 7 Performance requirements

### 7.1 Dimensions

Dimensions shall comply with those given in appropriate manufacturers' drawings.

### 7.2 Sample size

Sample sizes for the tests are defined in Annex A.

### 7.3 Test details and requirements

The test details and requirements are shown in Table 2. The requirements are given only for a pigtailed electrically controlled variable optical attenuator. A minimum length of fibre or cable of 2,0 m per port shall be included in all climatic and environmental test chambers.

Fibre for input and output ports may be connected by fusion splice as temporary joints to achieve more than or equal to 2 m during the test.

**Table 2 – Test details and requirements**

No	Tests	Requirements	Details	
1	Minimum insertion loss (Minimum attenuation) IEC 61300-3-7	$\leq 1,5$ dB	Launch fibre length: Source: Measurement uncertainty:	$\geq 2,0$ m Unpolarized $\leq 0,1$ dB
2	Variable attenuation range IEC 61300-3-7	$\geq 20$ dB	Launch fibre length: Source: Measurement uncertainty:	$\geq 2,0$ m Unpolarized $\leq 0,5$ dB
3	Wavelength dependent loss IEC 61300-3-7	$\leq 0,7$ dB (attenuation $\leq 10$ dB) $\leq 1,0$ dB (attenuation $> 10$ dB)	Launch fibre length: Source: Measurement uncertainty:	$\geq 2,0$ m Unpolarized $\leq 0,05$ dB
4	Polarization dependent loss (PDL) IEC 61300-3-2	$\leq 0,3$ dB (attenuation $\leq 10$ dB) $\leq 0,5$ dB (attenuation $> 10$ dB)	Launch fibre length: Measurement uncertainty:	$\geq 2,0$ m $\leq 0,05$ dB
5	Return loss IEC 61300-3-7	$\geq 40$ dB	Launch fibre length: Source: Measurement uncertainty:	$\geq 2,0$ m Unpolarized $\leq 1$ dB
6	Response time IEC 61300-3-21	$\leq 20$ ms	Launch fibre length: Measurement uncertainty:	$\geq 2,0$ m $\leq 1$ ms
7	Error of the setting attenuation value (if applicable) IEC 61300-3-14	$\pm 15$ % of set value (in dB)	Launch fibre length: Source: Measurement uncertainty:	$\geq 2,0$ m Unpolarized $\leq 0,1$ dB

No	Tests	Requirements	Details	
8	Repeatability of the setting attenuation value (if applicable) IEC 61300-3-14	$\pm 5$ % of set value (in dB)	Launch fibre length: Source: Measurement uncertainty:	$\geq 2,0$ m Unpolarized $\leq 0,1$ dB
9	High optical power IEC 61300-2-14	<p>Before and after the test, the limits of insertion loss and return loss of test no. 1 and 5 shall be met.</p> <p>During the test, the insertion loss change is monitored. During and after the test, the insertion loss change shall be within <math>\pm 0,3</math> dB of the initial value.</p> <p>During the test, the return loss change is monitored. The sum of the initial value and the change of the return loss shall be within the value defined at test no. 5.</p> <p>Insertion loss (attenuation) change shall be monitored by IEC 61300-3-3.</p>	Optical power: Wavelength: Duration of the optical power exposure: Temperature: Relative humidity:	$300$ mW $1\ 550$ nm $30$ min $60$ °C $\pm 2$ °C $93$ % $\begin{matrix} +2 \\ -3 \end{matrix}$ % RH
10	Cold IEC 61300-2-17	<p>Before and after the test, the limits of insertion loss and return loss of test no. 1 and 5 shall be met.</p> <p>During the test, the insertion loss change is monitored. During and after the test, the insertion loss change shall be within <math>\pm 0,3</math> dB of the initial value.</p> <p>During the test, the return loss change is monitored. The sum of the initial value and the change of the return loss shall be within the value defined at test no. 5.</p> <p>Insertion loss (attenuation) change shall be monitored by IEC 61300-3-3.</p>	Temperature: Duration of exposure:	$-10$ °C $\pm 2$ °C $96$ h

No	Tests	Requirements	Details	
11	Dry heat - High temperature endurance IEC 61300-2-18	Before and after the test, the limits of insertion loss and return loss of test no. 1 and 5 shall be met.  During the test, the insertion loss change is monitored. During and after the test, the insertion loss change shall be within $\pm 0,3$ dB of the initial value.  During the test, the return loss change is monitored. The sum of the initial value and the change of the return loss shall be within the value defined at test no. 5.  Insertion loss (attenuation) change shall be monitored by IEC 61300-3-3.	Temperature: Duration of exposure:	$+60\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 96 h
12	Damp heat (steady state) IEC 61300-2-19	Before and after the test, the limits of insertion loss and return loss of test no. 1 and 5 shall be met.  During the test, the insertion loss change is monitored.  During and after the test, the insertion loss change shall be within $\pm 0,3$ dB of the initial value.  Insertion loss (attenuation) change shall be monitored by IEC 61300-3-3.	Temperature: Relative humidity: Duration of exposure:	$+40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $93\% \begin{matrix} +2 \\ -3 \end{matrix} \% \text{ RH}$ 96 h
13	Change of temperature IEC 61300-2-22	Before and after the test, the limits of insertion loss and return loss of test no. 1 and 5 shall be met.  During the test, the insertion loss change is monitored.  During and after the test, the insertion loss change shall be within $\pm 0,3$ dB of the initial value.  Insertion loss (attenuation) change shall be monitored by IEC 61300-3-3.	High temperature: Low temperature: Number of cycles: Duration at extreme temperature: Rate of change:	$+60\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $-10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 5 cycles 60 min $\leq 1\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{min}$
14	Vibration IEC 61300-2-1	Before and after the test, the limits of insertion loss and return loss of test no. 1 and 5 shall be met.  The insertion loss change after the test shall be within $\pm 0,3$ dB of the initial value	Frequency range: Number of axes: Number of sweeps: Sweep rate: Amplitude:	10 Hz to 55 Hz to 10 Hz 3 orthogonal axes 15/axis 1 octave/min 0,75 mm