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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Performance standard –

Part 081-02: Non-connectorized single-mode fibre optic middle-scale 1 × N DWDM devices for category C – Controlled environments

Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs fibroniques – Norme de performance – IEC 61753-081-02:2023

Partie 081-02 : Dispositifs DWDM 1 × N de milieu d'échelle fibroniques 753-081-02-2023 unimodaux, non connectorisés, pour catégorie C – Environnements contrôlés





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CONTENTS

FOF	REWO	RD	3
1	Scop	e	5
2	Norm	native references	5
3	Term	s and definitions	7
4	Test.		7
5	Test	report	8
6	Perfo	ormance requirements	8
6	§.1	Reference components	8
6	8.2	Dimensions	8
6	3.3	Sample size	8
6	6.4	Test details and requirements	8
Ann	ex A (normative) Sample size	16
Bibl	iograp	bhy	17
Tab	le 1 –	Single-mode spectral bands	8
Tab	le 2 –	Test details and requirements for type A (Gaussian passband profile)	9
Tab	le 3 –	Test details and requirements for type B (Flat-top passband profile)	11
Tab	le 4 –	Environmental test for all types	14
Tab	le A.1	- Sample size	16

Document Preview

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – PERFORMANCE STANDARD –

Part 081-02: Non-connectorized single-mode fibre optic middle-scale $1 \times N$ DWDM devices for category C – Controlled environments

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IEC 61753-081-02 has been prepared by subcommittee 86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics. It is an International Standard.

This first edition cancels and replaces IEC 61753-081-2 published in 2014. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

-4-

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC 61753-081-2:2014:

- a) change of test conditions harmonizing with IEC 61753-1:2018;
- b) harmonization of the measurement uncertainties in Table 2 to Table 4 with IEC 61753-081-03 and IEC 61753-081-06.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
86B/4802/FDIS	86B/4823/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts of IEC 61753 series, published under the general title *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Performance standard*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed, IEC 61753-081-02:2023
- https://s/endwithdrawn/oralog/standards/iec/db38753b-c6a1-436e-93cb-76da449c0888/iec-61753-081-02-2023
 - revised.

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – PERFORMANCE STANDARD –

Part 081-02: Non-connectorized single-mode fibre optic middle-scale $1 \times N$ DWDM devices for category C – Controlled environments

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61753 contains the minimum initial test and measurement requirements and severities which a fibre optic middle-scale 1 × N (16 ≤ N ≤ 64) DWDM (dense wavelength division multiplexing) arrayed waveguide grating device with channel spacing of 50 GHz, 100 GHz or 200 GHz satisfies in order to be categorized as meeting the requirements of category C (controlled environment). The requirements are given for the DWDM devices with Gaussian passband profile and flat-top passband profile. The requirements exclude the devices with dynamic electrical temperature control.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60793-2-50, Optical fibres – Part 2-50: Product specifications – Sectional specification for class B single-mode fibres

IEC 60794-2-50, Optical fibre cables – Part 2-50: Indoor cables – Family specification for simplex and duplex cables for use in terminated cable assemblies

IEC 61300 (all parts), Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures

IEC 61300-1, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 1: General and guidance

IEC 61300-2-1, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-1: Tests – Vibration (sinusoidal)

IEC 61300-2-4, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-4: Tests – Fibre or cable retention

IEC 61300-2-5, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-5: Tests – Torsion

IEC 61300-2-9, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-9: Tests – Shock

IEC 61300-2-14, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-14: Tests – High optical power

IEC 61300-2-17, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-17: Tests – Cold

IEC 61300-2-18, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-18: Tests – Dry heat

IEC 61300-2-19, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-19: Tests – Damp heat (steady state)

IEC 61300-2-22, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-22: Tests – Change of temperature

IEC 61300-2-44, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-44: Tests – Flexing of the strain relief of fibre optic devices

IEC 61300-3-2, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-2: Examinations and measurements – Polarization dependent loss in a single-mode fibre optic device

IEC 61300-3-6, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-6: Examinations and measurements – Return loss

IEC 61300-3-20, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-20: Examinations and measurements – Directivity of fibre optic branching devices

IEC 61300-3-29, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-29: Examinations and measurements – Spectral transfer characteristics of DWDM devices

IEC 61300-3-32, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-32: Examinations and measurements – Polarization mode dispersion measurement for passive optical components

IEC 61300-3-38, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-38: Examinations and measurements – Group delay, chromatic dispersion and phase ripple

IEC 61753-1:2018, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Performance standard – Part 1: General and guidance

IEC 62074-1, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Fibre optic WDM devices – Part 1: Generic specification

IEC TS 62627-09, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Vocabulary for passive optical devices

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions, as well as those given in IEC 62074-1 and IEC TS 62627-09, apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

middle-scale 1 \times N DWDM device

wavelength-selective branching device which performs the function both of a wavelength multiplexer and demultiplexer with DWDM channel spacing of 50 GHz, 100 GHz or 200 GHz and a number of channels (N) equalling 16 to 64

3.2

type A (Gaussian passband profile)

middle-scale 1 × N DWDM device whose passband profile is Gaussian shape

2 2

type B (Flat-top passband profile)

middle-scale $1 \times N$ DWDM device whose passband profile is flat-top shape

4 Test (https://standards.

Unless otherwise specified, all test methods shall be in accordance with the IEC 61300 series. The samples shall be terminated onto single-mode fibres as per IEC 60793-2-50 category B-652.B, B-652.D or B-657 on either coated fibres (primary and secondary) or reinforced cable format as per IEC 60794-2-50. DWDM devices used for the test are intended to be previously unstressed new samples but may also be selected from previously used samples. All measurements shall be carried out at the standard atmospheric condition defined in IEC 61300-1, unless otherwise stated. If the device is provided with temperature control, this shall be set at the set-point specified by the manufacturer.

The requirements apply to every combination of input and output port.

All tests shall be carried out to validate performance over the required operating wavelength range. As a result, single or multiple spectral bands may be chosen for the qualification, and differing target specifications may be assigned to each spectral band.

Table 1 is intended to provide guidance on the wavelength ranges of the various spectral bands. It is not intended for specification. Values of operating wavelength used in performance verification shall be defined in the manufacturer's specification.

Table 1 - Single-mode spectral bands¹

Band	Descriptor	Range
		nm
O-band	Original	1 260 to 1 360
E-band	Extended	1 360 to 1 460
S-band	Short wavelength	1 460 to 1 530
C-band	Conventional	1 530 to 1 565
L-band	Long wavelength	1 565 to 1 625
U-band	Ultralong wavelength	1 625 to 1 675

5 Test report

Fully documented test reports and supporting evidence shall be prepared and be available for inspection as evidence that the tests have been carried out and complied with.

6 Performance requirements

6.1 Reference components

The testing for non-connectorized single-mode fibre optic middle-scale 1 \times N DWDM devices does not require the use of reference components.

6.2 Dimensions

Dimensions shall comply with either an appropriate IEC interface standard or with those given in appropriate manufacturers drawings, where the IEC interface standard does not exist or cannot be used. $\frac{\text{IEC}}{61753-081-022023}$

6.3 Sample size

Sample sizes are defined in Table A.1 of Annex A.

6.4 Test details and requirements

The requirements are given only for pigtailed DWDM devices. For connectorized components, the connector performances shall be in compliance with IEC 61753-1.

The minimum length of fibre or cable of 1,0 m per port on each pigtailed side shall be used for all tests.

Test details and minimum requirements for category C is shown in Table 2, Table 3 and Table 4.

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Table 2 – Test details and requirements for type A (Gaussian passband profile)

No	Tests	Requirements	Details	
1A	Number of channels: N	16 ≤ N ≤ 64	Operating wavelength:	ITU-T grid (ITU-T Recommendation G.694.1) or custom design.
			NOTE	Design information (not test item).
2A	Channel frequency range	Channel central frequency $\pm 0,125 \times \Delta f$ where Δf is the channel spacing.	Channel central frequency:	ITU-T grid (ITU-T Recommendation G.694.1) or custom design.
			NOTE	Design information (not test item).
3A	Attenuation	≤ 6,0 dB (channel spacing with	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	(insertion loss) IEC 61300-3-29	50 GHz)	Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 0,2 dB
		≤ 4,5 dB (channel spacing with 100 GHz, 200 GHz)	NOTE	The attenuation (insertion loss) is determined as the maximum value
		Maximum allowable attenuation (insertion loss) over the channel frequency range.		over all states of polarization.
4A	Channel non-	≤ 1,5 dB	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	uniformity IEC 61300-3-29	Maximum allowable channel non-uniformity of attenuation	Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 0,2 dB
		(Insertion loss).	NOTE OF A COS	The channel non-uniformity is determined as the maximum value over all states of polarization.
5A	1 dB passband	$\geq 0.25 \times \Delta f$ where Δf is the	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	width	channel spacing.	Measurement	$\leq 0.01 \times \Delta f$
	IEC 61300-3-29	Minimum allowable 1 dB passband width (centred at the channel frequency).	uncertainty:	The 1 dB passband width is
		IEC 61753	-081-02:2023	determined as the minimum value over all states of polarization.
SA SA	3 dB passband width	$\geq 0.4 \times \Delta f$ where Δf is the channel spacing (channel	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	IEC 61300-3-29	spacing with 200 GHz).	Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 0,01 × ∆ <i>f</i>
	120 01000 0 20	$\geq 0.5 \times \Delta f$ where Δf is the channel spacing (channel spacing with 50 GHz, 100 GHz).	NOTE	The 3 dB passband width is determined as the minimum value over all states of polarization.
		Minimum allowable 3 dB passband width (centred at the channel frequency).		
7A	Passband ripple	≤ 1,5 dB	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	IEC 61300-3-29 Maximum attenuation (insertion loss) variation		Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 0,2 dB
		within the channel frequency range.	NOTE	The passband ripple is determined as the maximum value over all states of polarization.
3A	Adjacent channel	≤ -25 dB	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	crosstalk IEC 61300-3-29	Maximum allowable adjacent channel crosstalk over the	Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 1 dB
		channel frequency range.	NOTE	The adjacent channel crosstalk is specified only for demultiplexer.
				The adjacent channel crosstalk is determined as the maximum value over all states of polarization.

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No	Tests	Requirements		Details
9A	Non-adjacent	≤ -30 dB	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	channel	Maximum allowable non- adjacent channel crosstalk	Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 1 dB
	IEC 61300-3-29	over the channel frequency range.	NOTE	The non-adjacent channel crosstalk is specified only for demultiplexer.
				The non-adjacent channel crosstalk is determined as the maximum value over all states of polarization.
10A	Total channel crosstalk	≤ -20 dB	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	IEC 61300-3-29	Maximum allowable total channel crosstalk value.	Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 1 dB
			NOTE	The total channel crosstalk is specified only for demultiplexer.
				The total channel crosstalk is determined as the maximum value over all states of polarization.
11A	Polarization	≤ 0,75 dB	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	dependent loss (PDL)	Maximum allowable PDL over the channel frequency	Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 0,10 dB
	IEC 61300-3-2	iTeh St	NOTE andards	The allowable PDL combination applies to all combination of input and output ports.
12A	Polarization	≤ 0,5 ps	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	mode dispersion (PMD)	Maximum allowable PMD over the channel frequency	Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 0,1 ps
	IEC 61300-3-32	range.	NOTE TEVIE	The allowable PMD combination applies to all combination of input and output ports.
13A	Chromatic	≤ 20 ps/nm	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
andar	dispersion (CD) IEC 61300-3-38	Maximum allowable CD over the channel frequency range	Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 1 ps/nm 888/iec-61753-081-02
		(absolute value).	NOTE	The allowable CD combination applies to all combination of input and output ports.
14A	Return loss	≥ 40 dB	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	IEC 61300-3-6	Minimum allowable return loss.	Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 1 dB
				All ports not under test shall be terminated to avoid unwanted reflections contributing to the measurement.
15A	Directivity	≥ 40 dB	Launch fibre length:	≥ 2,0 m
	IEC 61300-3-20	Minimum allowable directivity.	Measurement uncertainty:	≤ 1 dB
			NOTE	All ports not under test are terminated to avoid unwanted reflections contributing to the measurement.
				The directivity is measured between any pair of input or output ports.

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