## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Twinax cables for digital communications -
Part 1: Generic specification

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INTERNATIONAL<br>ELECTROTECHNICAL<br>COMMISSION

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## CONTENTS

FOREWORD ..... 4
INTRODUCTION ..... 6
1 Scope ..... 7
2 Normative references ..... 7
3 Terms and definitions ..... 9
4 Materials and cable construction ..... 9
4.1 General remarks ..... 9
4.2 Cable construction ..... 10
4.2.1 General ..... 10
4.2.2 Conductor ..... 10
4.2.3 Insulation ..... 10
4.2.4 Cable element ..... 10
4.2.5 Cable make-up ..... 11
4.2.6 Screening of the cable core ..... 11
4.2.7 Sheath ..... 12
4.2.8 Identification ..... 12
4.2.9 Finished cable ..... 12
5 Requirements and test methods ..... 13
5.1 General requirements ..... 13
5.2 Electrical characteristics and tests ..... 13
5.2.1 General ..... 13
5.2.2 Conductor resistance ..... 13
5.2.3 Resistance unbalance ..... 13
5.2.4 Dielectric strength ..... 13
5.2.5 Insulation resistance ..... 13
5.2.6 Surface transfer impedance ..... 14
5.2.7 Coupling attenuation ..... 14
5.3 Transmission characteristics and tests ..... 14
5.3.1 General ..... 14
5.3.2 Length ..... 14
5.3.3 Characteristic impedance ..... 15
5.3.4 Return loss ..... 15
5.3.5 Attenuation ..... 15
5.3.6 Propagation delay, inter-pair skew, and intra-pair skew ..... 16
5.3.7 Near-end crosstalk (NEXT) ..... 16
5.3.8 Differential mode to common mode conversion (Scd21) ..... 17
5.3.9 Equal level transverse conversion transfer loss (Scd21-Sdd21) ..... 17
5.4 Mechanical and dimensional requirements and test methods ..... 17
5.4.1 General ..... 17
5.4.2 Measurement of dimensions ..... 17
5.4.3 Elongation at break of the conductor ..... 17
5.4.4 Tensile strength of the insulation ..... 17
5.4.5 Elongation at break of the sheath ..... 18
5.4.6 Tensile strength of the sheath ..... 18
5.4.7 Crush test of the cable ..... 18
5.4.8 Cold impact test of the cable ..... 18
5.4.9 Repeated bending of the cable ..... 18
5.4.10 Tensile performance of the cable ..... 18
5.4.11 Vibration test of the cable ..... 18
5.5 Environmental tests ..... 18
5.5.1 Shrinkage of the insulation ..... 18
5.5.2 Wrapping test of the insulation after thermal ageing ..... 18
5.5.3 Bending test of the insulation at low temperature ..... 18
5.5.4 Tensile strength and elongation of the sheath after ageing ..... 18
5.5.5 Sheath pressure test at high temperature ..... 18
5.5.6 Cold bend test of the cable ..... 19
5.5.7 Heat shock test ..... 19
5.5.8 Damp heat steady state ..... 19
5.5.9 Salt mist ..... 19
5.5.10 Flame propagation characteristics of a single cable ..... 19
5.5.11 Flame propagation characteristics of bunched cables ..... 19
5.5.12 Halogen-free compounds test ..... 19
5.5.13 Smoke generation ..... 19
5.5.14 Combined flame and smoke test for cables in environmental air handling spaces ..... 19
Bibliography ..... 20

# INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION 

# TWINAX CABLES FOR DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS - 

## Part 1: Generic specification

FOREWORD

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IEC 62783-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 46C: Wires and symmetric cables, of IEC technical committee 46: Cables, wires, waveguides, RF connectors, RF and microwave passive components and accessories. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2019. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes compared with the previous edition:

- 4.1: single pair twinax cable is permitted;
- 5.2.1: addition of length requirement for electrical tests;
- 5.3.1, 5.3.2: addition of test equipment, fixtures and length requirements of cable under test for transmission tests;
- 5.3.3.2: introduction of characteristic impedance in time domain;
- 5.4.11: addition of vibration test of the cable;
- 5.5.8, 5.5.9 and 5.5.12: addition of environmental tests: damp heat steady state, salt mist, halogen-free compounds;
- 5.5.11: updating the test method of flame propagation characteristics of bunched cables.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

| Draft | Report on voting |
| :---: | :---: |
| 46 C/1257/FDIS | $46 \mathrm{C} / 1261 /$ RVD |

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62783 series, published under the general title Twinax cables for digital communications, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.


## INTRODUCTION

This document specifies the generic characteristics of twinax cables for the transmission of digital signals, which use single or multiple twinax cable element(s).

Twinax cables are intended for use in high-performance information technology systems and data interface interconnection systems. These cables are generally used in short-reach data communication links, which reach about $0,3 \mathrm{~m}$ to 10 m . Information technology interconnection standards that use twinax cables include Ethernet, Fibre channeI, SAS, SATA, SFP, PCIE and others.

IEC 62783 (all parts) includes separate family specifications, which provide the requirements for each specific twinax cable used in information technology interconnection systems.

# TWINAX CABLES FOR DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS - <br> Part 1: Generic specification 

## 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62783 specifies definitions, requirements and test methods of twinax cables used in digital communication systems: computer rooms, data centres, servers, etc. These cables are intended to be used indoors.

This document details the requirements and transmission characteristics for single twinax elements as well as multiple twinax elements within the same sheath, i.e. "twinax cable".

This document is applicable to twinax cables and also twinax cable assemblies.

This document is supplemented with family specifications that give additional requirements based on the specific application, for example, the minimum and maximum specified frequency of the cables.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60028, International standard of resistance for copper

IEC 60050-726, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Part 726: Transmission lines and waveguides

IEC 60068 (all parts), Environmental testing

IEC 60068-2-78, Environmental testing - Part 2-78: Tests - Test Cab: Damp heat, steady state

IEC 60189-1, Low-frequency cables and wires with PVC insulation and PVC sheath - Part 1: General test and measuring methods

IEC 60304, Standard colours for insulation for low-frequency cables and wires

IEC 60332-1-2, Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions - Part 1-2: Test for vertical flame propagation for a single insulated wire or cable - Procedure for 1 kW pre-mixed flame

IEC 60332-2-2, Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions - Part 2-2: Test for vertical flame propagation for a single small insulated wire or cable - Procedure for diffusion flame

IEC 60332-3-25, Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions - Part 3-25:
Test for vertical flame spread of vertically-mounted bunched wires or cables - Category D
IEC 60684-2, Flexible insulating sleeving - Part 2: Methods of test

IEC 60754-1, Test on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables - Part 1: Determination of the halogen acid gas content

IEC 60754-2, Test on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables - Part 2: Determination of acidity (by pH measurement) and conductivity

IEC 60794-1-21:2015, Optical fibre cables - Part 1-21: Generic specification - Basic optical cable test procedures - Mechanical tests methods

IEC 60811-201, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials Part 201: General tests - Measurement of insulation thickness

IEC 60811-202, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials -
Part 202: General tests - Measurement of thickness of non-metallic sheath

IEC 60811-203, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials Part 203: General tests - Measurement of overall dimensions

IEC 60811-401, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials Part 401: Miscellaneous tests - Thermal ageing methods - Ageing in an air oven

IEC 60811-406, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials Part 406: Miscellaneous tests - Resistance to stress cracking of polyethylene and polypropylene compounds

IEC 60811-501, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials Part 501: Mechanical tests - Tests for determining the mechanical properties of insulating and sheathing compounds

IEC 60811-502, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials Part 502: Mechanical tests - Shrinkage test for insulations

IEC 60811-504, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials Part 504: Mechanical tests - Bending tests at low temperature for insulation and sheaths

IEC 60811-506, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials Part 506: Mechanical tests - Impact test at low temperature for insulations and sheaths

IEC 60811-508, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials Part 508: Mechanical tests - Pressure test at high temperature for insulation and sheaths

IEC 60811-509, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials Part 509: Mechanical tests - Test for resistance of insulations and sheaths to cracking (heat shock test)

IEC 60811-510, Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials Part 510: Mechanical tests - Methods specific to polyethylene and polypropylene compounds Wrapping test after thermal ageing in air

IEC 61034 (all parts), Measurement of smoke density of cables burning under defined conditions

IEC 61156-1, Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications - Part 1: Generic specification

IEC TR 61156-1-2, Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications Part 1-2: Electrical transmission characteristics and test methods of symmetrical pair/quad cables

IEC 61196-1-105, Coaxial communication cables - Part 1-105: Electrical test methods - Test for withstand voltage of cable dielectric

IEC 62012-1:2002, Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications to be used in harsh environments - Part 1: Generic specification

IEC 62153-4-3, Metallic communication cable test methods - Part 4-3: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Surface transfer impedance - Triaxial method

IEC 62153-4-5, Metallic communication cable test methods - Part 4-5: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Screening or coupling attenuation - Absorbing clamp method

IEC 62153-4-9, Metallic communication cable test methods - Part 4-9: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Coupling attenuation of screened balanced cables, triaxial method

IEC 62783-1-1, Twinax cables for digital communications - Part 1-1: Time domain test methods for twinax cables for digital communications - General requirements

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 61156-1, IEC 62783-1-1, IEC 60050-726 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/


## 3.1 <br> twinax element

pair consisting of two insulated conductors that are laid parallel, side-by-side and designated wire "a" and wire "b", enclosed in a metal foil shield with or without drain wire(s) or enclosed in a wire braid with or without a metal foil

## 3.2 <br> twinax cable

cable composed of one or multiple twinax elements

## 3.3

## twinax cable assembly

twinax cable terminated on both ends with one or more connectors

## 4 Materials and cable construction

### 4.1 General remarks

The choice of materials and cable construction shall be suitable for the intended application and installation of the cable.

