



Designation: **C1473—11 C1473 – 19**

Standard Test Method for Radiochemical Determination of Uranium Isotopes in Urine by Alpha Spectrometry¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C1473; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method is applicable to the determination of uranium in urine at levels of detection dependent on sample size, count time, detector background, and tracer yield. It is designed as a screening tool for detection of possible exposure of occupational workers.

1.2 This test method is designed for 50 mL of urine. This test method does not address the sampling protocol or sample preservation methods associated with its use.

1.3 Test Method **C1844** offers an alternative method for the analysis of uranium in urine using ICP-MS detection.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. A specific precautionary statement is given in Section 9.*

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

C859 Terminology Relating to Nuclear Materials

C1000 Test Method for Radiochemical Determination of Uranium Isotopes in Soil by Alpha Spectrometry

C1163 Practice for Mounting Actinides for Alpha Spectrometry Using Neodymium Fluoride

C1284 Practice for Electrodeposition of the Actinides for Alpha Spectrometry

C1844 Test Method for Determination of Uranium in Urine by Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometer Following Nitric Acid Dilution

D1193 Specification for Reagent Water

D3084 Practice for Alpha-Particle Spectrometry of Water

D3648 Practices for the Measurement of Radioactivity

D3972 Test Method for Isotopic Uranium in Water by Radiochemistry

3. Terminology

3.1 Except as otherwise defined herein, definition of terms are as given in Terminology **C859**.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 A urine sample with ²³²U tracer solution added is wet-ashed with nitric acid and hydrogen peroxide to destroy organic material. The uranium-bearing solution is converted to a hydrochloric acid medium. Uranium is absorbed on an anion exchange column from a 9 M hydrochloric acid solution and eluted with 0.1 M hydrochloric acid solution. The separated uranium is prepared for alpha spectrometric measurement either by electrodeposition onto a metal disk or coprecipitation with neodymium fluoride and filtration onto a membrane filter.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee **C26** on Nuclear Fuel Cycle and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee **C26.05** on Methods of Test. Current edition approved Feb. 15, 2011; Nov. 1, 2019. Published February 2011; XXX 2019. Originally approved in 2000. Last previous edition approved in 2005; 2011 as **C1473—05-C1473 – 11**. DOI: 10.1520/C1473-11; 10.1520/C1473-19.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 This test method is used to detect possible exposures to uranium isotopes from occupational ~~operations~~operations that may result in elimination via the urinary tract.

6. Interferences

6.1 The presence of ^{232}U in the urine sample will be masked by the tracer addition. The alpha energies of ^{233}U and ^{234}U cannot be fully resolved by alpha spectrometric measurement. A table of uranium isotope alpha energies is given in **Appendix X1**. If neptunium is present in the sample in the plus four oxidation state, it will co-elute with the uranium.

7. Apparatus

7.1 *Alpha Spectrometry System*—Refer to Test Method **C1000**, and Practices **C1163**, **D3084**, and **D3648** for guidance.

7.2 *Electrodeposition Apparatus*—Refer to Practice **C1284** for guidance.

7.3 *Neodymium Fluoride Precipitation*—Refer to Practice **C1163** for guidance.

7.4 *Borosilicate Beakers or Flasks*, 250 mL.

7.5 *Borosilicate Beakers*, 150 and 250 mL.

7.6 *Borosilicate Graduated Glass Cylinders*, 5, 25, 100, and 1000 mL.

7.7 *Ion Exchange Columns*, disposable polypropylene, with polyethylene frit, ≥ 5 -mL capacity.

7.8 *Ion Exchange Column Reservoir*, funnel, polypropylene, 100-mL capacity.

NOTE 1—See **Fig. 1** for a typical ion exchange column-reservoir setup.

8. Reagents

8.1 *Purity of Reagents*—Reagent grade chemicals shall be used in all tests. Unless otherwise indicated, it is intended that the reagents conform to the specifications of the Committee on Analytical Reagents of the American Chemical Society, where such specifications are available.³ Other grades may be used, provided it is first ascertained that the reagent is of sufficiently high purity to permit its use without lessening the accuracy of the determination.

8.2 *Purity of Water*—Unless otherwise indicated, references to water shall be understood to mean reagent water as defined by Type III of Specification **D1193**.

8.3 Reagent purity shall be such that the measured radioactivity of blank samples is minimized.

8.4 *Anion Exchange Resin*—Analytical grade, Type 1, 8 % cross linked, 100-200 mesh, chloride form.

8.5 *Hydrochloric Acid (9 M)*—Mix 750 mL of concentrated HCl with water and dilute to 1 L.

8.6 *Hydrochloric Acid (sp gr 1.19)*—Concentrated hydrochloric acid (HCl).

8.7 *Hydrochloric Acid (0.1 M)*—Mix 8.3 mL of concentrated HCl with water and dilute to 1 L.

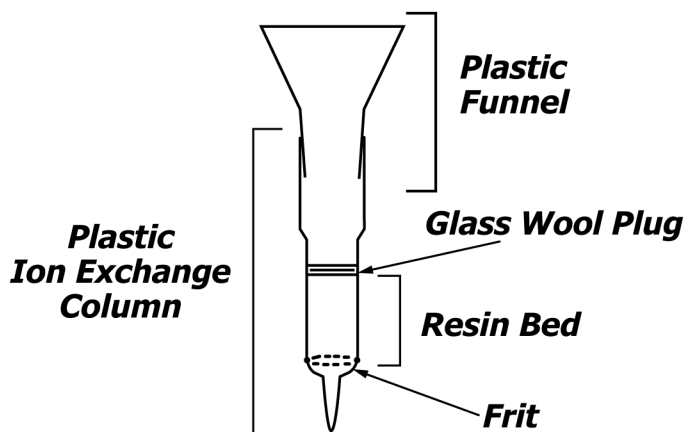


FIG. 1 Typical Ion Exchange Column Arrangement

³ *Reagent Chemicals, American Chemical Society Specifications*, American Chemical Society, Washington, DC. For suggestions on the testing of reagents not listed by the American Chemical Society, see *Analar Standards for Laboratory Chemicals*, BDH Ltd., Poole, Dorset, U.K., and the *United States Pharmacopeia and National Formulary*, U.S. Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc. (USPC), Rockville, MD.