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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Coaxial communication cables – Standards

Part 12: Specification for spacer clamps for radiating cables

Document Preview

IEC 61196-12:2024

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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CONTENTS

FOREWORD	4
1 Scope	6
2 Normative references	6
3 Terms and definitions	6
4 Design and construction	7
4.1 Ratings and characteristics	
4.2 Material and design	
5 IEC type designation	
5.1 Type	
5.2 Variant	
5.3 Marking	9
5.4 Packaging	9
6 Requirements and test procedures	9
6.1 General conditions for the tests	g
6.2 Visual inspection	
6.2.1 Requirements	10
6.2.2 Test procedure	
6.3 Structural dimensions	10
6.3.1 Requirements	
6.3.2 Test procedure	10
6.4.1 Clamping force	۱۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۱
6.4.3 Shear force	
6.5 Environmental characteristics	
6.5.1 Cold temperature installation	c-61196-12 17
6.5.2 Climatic sequence	
6.5.3 Salt mist	19
6.5.4 High cycle fatigue (optional)	20
6.5.5 Fire-resistance (fireproof clamp)	22
6.5.6 Solar radiation (outdoor spacer clamp with non-metallic material)	24
7 Type test	24
Annex A (informative) Recommended mechanical characteristics for spacer clamps	326
Annex B (informative) Cable dummy	27
Annex C (informative) Suitability test of spacer clamps of non-self-supporting cable	28
C.1 Objective	28
C.2 Test procedure	28
C.3 Requirements	28
C.4 Information to be given in the product detail specification	28
Bibliography	29
Figure 1 – The dimensions of the integrated messenger wire	8
Figure 2 – Schematic diagram of test for clamping force	13
Figure 3 – Schematic diagram of normal tensile force	15
Figure 1 – Schematic diagram of shear force	16

Figure 5 – Schematic diagram of cold temperature installation	17
Figure 6 – Installation for climatic sequence test	18
Figure 7 – Schematic diagram of test for high cycle fatigue	21
Figure 8 – Swelling load	22
Figure 9 – Schematic diagram of fire resistance test	23
Figure B.1 – Structure for a cable dummy	27
Table 1 – Type test	25
Table A.1 – Recommended mechanical characteristics for spacer clamps	26

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COAXIAL COMMUNICATION CABLES -

Part 12: Specification for spacer clamps for radiating cables

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IEC 61196-12 has been prepared by subcommittee 23A: Cable management systems, of IEC technical committee 23: Electrical accessories. It is an International Standard.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
23A/1073/FDIS	23A/1076/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61196 series, published under the general title *Coaxial communication cables*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- · withdrawn, or
- revised.

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COAXIAL COMMUNICATION CABLES -

Part 12: Specification for spacer clamps for radiating cables

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61196 defines general requirements for spacer clamps for radiating cables, including terms and definitions, design and construction, IEC type designation, requirements and test procedures and type tests.

The contents of this document are suitable for spacer clamps for installation of radiating cables. These cables and their spacer clamps are widely used in tunnels, subways, underpasses, and shafts. Their intended application is in weather-protected environments and, optionally, outdoors.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2-1, Environmental testing - Part 2-1: Tests - Test A: Cold

IEC 60068-2-5, Environmental testing – Part 2-5: Tests – Test S: Simulated solar radiation at ground level and guidance for solar radiation testing and weathering

IEC 60068-2-30, Environmental testing – Part 2-30: Tests – Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)

IEC 61196-4, Coaxial communication cables – Part 4: Sectional specification for radiating cables

ISO 834-1:1999, Fire-resistance tests – Elements of building construction – Part 1: General requirements

ISO 9227, Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres – Salt spray tests

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 61196-4 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

spacer clamp

mechanical device to install a radiating cable at a certain distance from the base or from a steel rope

3.2

suspended clamp

spacer clamp to install a radiating cable on suspended steel ropes

3.3

cantilever clamp

spacer clamp to install a radiating cable at a certain distance from the base

3.4

fireproof clamp

spacer clamp with a fireproof device that can prevent the radiating cable from falling if it catches fire

3.5

fireproof device

device that can prevent the radiating cable from falling when a fire happens

4 Design and construction

4.1 Ratings and characteristics

Spacer clamps shall be designed and built to satisfy the environmental requirements as follows:

- a) Temperature range: -40 °C to +85 °C
- b) Humidity: 5 % to 95 %

4.2 Material and design

Spacer clamps shall be designed and built to meet the following requirements:

- a) Spacer clamps shall be made of metallic, non-metallic or composite materials.
 - NOTE Spacer clamps that are made of metal or comprise metallic components can cause the creation of external passive intermodulation.
- b) The structure and dimensions of spacer clamps shall be matched to the cable to be fastened.
- c) For radiating cables with a radial direction marking line, the spacer clamp shall be designed with a structure to locate the radiating direction, which shall be consistent with the marking line of the radiating cable.
- d) Minimum vertical distance from the surface of the radiating cable installed to that of the base after installation shall be in accordance with the stated requirements of the corresponding cable.
- e) Spacer clamps and their fireproof devices, if any, shall be designed so that they cannot influence radiating performance of the cable, and shall be compatible with the climate and mechanical environments during operation.
- f) Fasteners and fixings for spacer clamps shall be specified in the product detail specification.

Spacer clamps may be assembled from various components of a modular system. Depending on the combination of components, different features may be made available, for example different spacing to the base and fire retardancy. In this case, the spacer clamp shall also be understood to be a specific combination of system elements.

5 IEC type designation

5.1 Type

The type designation of spacer clamps for radiating cables shall be as follows:

- a) SC: the code of the spacer clamp;
- b) minimum outer diameter for clamping the cable, expressed by an integer, in mm;
- c) maximum outer diameter for clamping the cable, expressed by an integer, in mm.

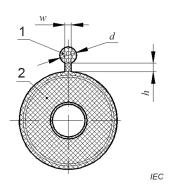
For example, SC38-41 represents spacer clamps for radiating cables with the outer diameter range from 38 mm to 41 mm for clamping the cables.

5.2 Variant

The variant designation of spacer clamps shall be as follows:

- a) Fireproof type expressed as follows:
 - F: for fireproof clamp;
 - omitted for non-fireproof clamp.
- b) Installation type expressed as follows:
 - C: cantilever type;
 - S: suspended type;
 - CM: cantilever type for self-supporting radiating cable with messenger;
 - SM: suspended type for self-supporting radiating cable with messenger.
- c) The space distance of cable surface to the base or wire, in mm; for example, 80 means 80 mm.
- d) Nominal dimensions of the integrated messenger wire for self-supporting radiating cables expressed as follows:

https://st d^*w^*h : d, w and h are the nominal dimensions of the integrated messenger wire, expressed 2024 by an integer, in mm, as shown in Figure 1.



Key

- 1 integrated messenger wire of the radiating cable
- 2 self-supporting radiating cable

Figure 1 - The dimensions of the integrated messenger wire

For example, SC38-41FCM80 9*2*3 represents spacer clamps, the outer diameter range from 38 mm to 41 mm for clamping the cables, fireproof cantilever clamp, the space distance of cable surface to the base or wire is 80 mm, for self-supporting radiating cables with the nominal dimensions of the integrated messenger wire d = 9, w = 2 and h = 3.

5.3 Marking

A marking on the product shall enable the user to unambiguously assign the product to the technical data provided by the manufacturer and the IEC standard applied.

The marking on the product itself does not have to include the full designation in accordance with this standard.

A marking on the product shall allow clear identification of the responsible supplier.

5.4 Packaging

Packaging boxes of spacer clamps shall be marked with manufacturer name (or code), trademark, type designation of the spacer clamps, quantity, production lot number, and IEC standard number.

6 Requirements and test procedures

6.1 General conditions for the tests

Spacer clamps shall be tested in the following general conditions:

- a) Tests in accordance with this document are type tests.
- b) Unless otherwise specified, the tests shall be carried out in standard atmospheric conditions as follows:
 - temperature: (23 ± 2)° C;
 - relative humidity: (45 to 55) %;
 - air pressure: (86 to 106) kPa. Ment Preview
- c) Unless otherwise specified, tests shall be carried out with the spacer clamps assembled and installed as in normal use according to the manufacturer's or responsible vendor's instructions.
- d) Tests on non-metallic spacer clamps or composite spacer clamps shall not be commenced earlier than 168 h after manufacture.
- e) When toxic or hazardous processes are used, precautions shall be taken to safeguard the person performing the test.
- f) If there are different sizes for each type series of spacer clamps, the size (e.g. clamping diameter) that is most critical for tests is to be used for the respective test. The result obtained then also applies to all other sizes of this type of series by similarity.
 - If it cannot be technically determined which size is the critical one, all sizes shall be tested individually. All sizes shall be checked individually if the manufacturer or distributor wishes to specify different performances per size.
- g) The test samples shall be taken as a random sample from series production. Unless otherwise defined, the sample size to be tested per test is at least 3.
- h) The test requirement is considered fulfilled when all test samples have successfully passed the test.
- i) If one of the samples does not satisfy a test, that test and any preceding ones that might have influenced the results of the test shall be repeated, and also the tests that follow shall be made in the required sequence on another full set of samples, all of which shall comply with the requirements.
- j) If relative humidity or the ambient temperature has a significant effect on performance data obtained under the conditions of 6.1d), these shall be determined and declared. If necessary, the limits of use of the product shall be restricted compared to 4.1.