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Elektromagnetna združljivost (EMC) in zadeve v zvezi z radijskim spektrom (ERM) - Standard elektromagnetne združljivosti (EMC) za pomorsko opemo in storitve - 2. del: Posebni pogoji za radiotelefonske oddajnike in sprejemnike

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for marine radio equipment and services; Part 2: Specific conditions for radiotelephone transmitters and receivers

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Candidate Harmonized European Standard (Telecommunications series)

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for marine radio equipment and services; Part 2: Specific conditions for radiotelephone transmitters and receivers

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Contents

Intell	ectual Property Rights	4
Forev	vord	4
1	Scope	
	References	
2		
3	Definitions, abbreviations, and symbols	6
3.1 3.2	Definitions	
3.2 3.3	Symbols	
	•	
4	Test conditions	
4.1	General	
4.2	Arrangements for test signals	
4.2.1	Arrangements for test signals at the input of the transmitter	
4.2.2	Arrangements for test signals at the output of the transmitter	
4.2.3 4.2.4	Arrangements for test signals at the input of the receiver	
4.2.4	Arrangements for test signals at the output of the receiver	
4.3	Exclusion bands	
4.3.1	Exclusion bands for receivers and receiver parts of transceivers	
4.3.2		
4.4	Exclusion band for transmitters Narrow band responses on receivers ANDARD PREVIEW	7
4.5	Normal test modulation	8
5	Normal test modulation (standards.iteh.ai) Performance assessment	Q
5 5.1	General	c
5.2	Fauinment which can provide a continuous communication link	c
5.3	Equipment which does not provide a continuous communication link Equipment which does not provide a continuous communication link	8
5.4	General Equipment which can provide a continuous communication link Equipment which does not provide a continuous communication link Ancillary equipment	8
5.5	Equipment classification	8
	• •	
6	Performance criteria	
6.1	Performance criteria A for continuous phenomena applied to transmitters and receivers	
6.2	Performance criteria B for transient phenomena applied to transmitters and receivers	
6.3 6.4	Performance criteria C applied to power supply failure	
6.4.1	Transmitter	
6.4.2	Receiver	
6.5	Performance criteria for equipment which does not provide a continuous communication link	
6.6	Performance criteria for ancillary equipment tested on a stand alone basis	
	• • •	
7	Applicability overview	
7.1 7.1.1	Emission	
7.1.1	General	
7.1.2 7.2	Immunity	
7.2.1	General	
7.2.2	Special conditions	
	ex A (informative): Examples of types of marine radiotelephone equipment in the scope	10
	of the present document	11
A.1	Radiotelephone transmitters and receivers for the maritime mobile service operating in the VHF	1 1
	bands	
Histo	ry	12

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Foreword

This Candidate Harmonized European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM).

The present document has been produced by ETSI in response to a mandate from the European Commission issued under the Council Directive 98/34/EC [6] (as amended) laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulation.

The present document, together with EN 301 843-1 [1], is intended to become a Harmonized Standard, the reference of which will be published in the Official Journal of the European Communities referencing the Council Directive on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility/("the EMC Directive") (89/336/EEC [3] as amended), and the Council Directive on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (the "R&TTE Directive" 1999/5/EC [2]).

The present document is part 2 of a multi-part deliverable dovering the ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for marine radio equipment and services as lidentified below ds/sist/f4dcbd7c-ab5c-4646-8c22-"Common technical requirements";

Part 1:

Part 2: "Specific conditions for maritime radiotelephone transmitters and receivers";

Part 4: "Specific conditions for Narrow-Band Direct-Printing (NBDP) NAVTEX receivers".

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1 Scope

The present document together with EN 301 843-1 [1], covers the assessment of radiotelephone transmitters and receivers for the maritime mobile service, and ancillary equipment in respect of ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC).

Technical specifications related to the antenna port and emissions from the enclosure port of marine radiotelephone transmitters and receivers are not included in the present document. Such technical specifications are found in the related product standards for the effective use of the radio spectrum.

The present document specifies the applicable test conditions, performance assessment, and performance criteria for radiotelephone transmitters and receivers for the maritime mobile service, and the associated ancillary equipment.

Examples of types of radiotelephone transmitters and receivers for the maritime mobile service covered by the present document are given in annex A.

In case of differences (for instance concerning special conditions, definitions, abbreviations) between the present document and EN 301 843-1 [1], the provisions of the present document take precedence.

The electromagnetic environment used in the present document to develop the technical specifications encompasses the electromagnetic environment onboard ships as identified in EN 60945 [5].

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
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- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies: 301-843-2-2001
- [1] ETSI EN 301 843-1 (V1.1.1): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for marine radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common technical requirements".
- [2] Directive 1999/5/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity. (R&TTE Directive).
- [3] Council Directive 89/336/EEC of 3 May 1989 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility. (EMC Directive).
- [4] ETSI ETS 300 162 (1998): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Radiotelephone transmitters and receivers for the maritime mobile service operating in VHF bands; Technical characteristics and methods of measurement".
- [5] EN 60945 (1997): "Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems General requirements Methods of testing and required test results".
- [6] Directive 98/34/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 June 1998 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.

3 Definitions, abbreviations, and symbols

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in clause 3 of EN 301 843-1 [1] apply.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AC Alternating Current AM Amplitude Modulation

DC Direct Current

EMC ElectroMagnetic Compatibility

EUT Equipment Under Test RF Radio Frequency

3.3 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

emf electromotive force

rms root mean square

SINAD (Signal + Noise + Distortion) (Noise + Distortion) EVEW

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4 Test conditions

SIST EN 301 843-2:2001

For the purposes of the present document, the test conditions of EN 301 843-1 [1], clause 4, shall apply as appropriate. Further product related test conditions for marine radiotelephone transmitters and receivers are specified in the present document.

4.1 General

The provisions of EN 301 843-1 [1], clause 4.1 shall apply with the following modifications.

For emission and immunity tests the normal test modulation, test arrangements, etc., as specified in the present document, clauses 4.1 to 4.5, shall apply.

The test shall be carried out at a point within the specified normal operating environmental range of temperature and humidity with the equipment connected to the normal power supply voltage.

4.2 Arrangements for test signals

The provisions of EN 301 843-1 [1], clause 4.2 shall apply.

4.2.1 Arrangements for test signals at the input of the transmitter

The provisions of EN 301 843-1 [1], clause 4.2.1 shall apply.

4.2.2 Arrangements for test signals at the output of the transmitter

The provisions of EN 301 843-1 [1], clause 4.2.2 shall apply.

4.2.3 Arrangements for test signals at the input of the receiver

The provisions of EN 301 843-1 [1], clause 4.2.3 shall apply with the following modifications.

The wanted RF input signal, coupled to the receiver, shall be modulated with normal test modulation as specified for that type of equipment (see clause 4.5 of the present document).

The level of the wanted signal shall be 40 dBµV (emf) unless indicated otherwise.

4.2.4 Arrangements for test signals at the output of the receiver

The provisions of EN 301 843-1 [1], clause 4.2.4 shall apply as appropriate.

4.2.5 Arrangements for testing transmitter and receiver together (as a system)

The provisions of EN 301 843-1 [1], clause 4.2.5 shall apply as appropriate.

4.3 Exclusion bands

The provisions of EN 301 843-1 [1], clause 4.3 shall apply as appropriate.

The emission measurement and immunity test exclusions are referred to as "exclusion bands" and are defined in the clauses 4.3.1 and 4.3.2 of the present document.

4.3.1 Exclusion bands for receivers and receiver parts of transceivers

The exclusion band for marine radiotelephone receivers and receivers of transceivers is the frequency range determined by the switching range, as declared by the manufacturer, extended as follows:

- the lower frequency of the exclusion band is the lower frequency of the switching range, minus 5 % of the centre frequency of the switching range, or minus 10 MHz, whichever will result in the lowest frequency;
- the upper frequency of the exclusion band is the upper frequency of the switching range, plus 5 % of the centre frequency of the switching range, or plus 10 MHz, whichever will result in the highest frequency.

The switching range is the maximum frequency range over which the receiver can be operated without reprogramming or realignment.

4.3.2 Exclusion band for transmitters

The exclusion band for marine radiotelephone transmitters extends ± 50 kHz from the nominal operating frequency of the transmitter.

4.4 Narrow band responses on receivers

The provisions of EN 301 843-1 [1], clause 4.4 shall apply with the following modifications.

No immunity tests shall be carried out on frequencies of identified narrow band responses on marine radiotelephone receivers or the receiver part of transceivers.

A reduction of the SINAD below 20 dB in the measured value of the speech output signal level shall be used as criterion for the identification of narrow band responses.

The nominal frequency offset to be used for the identification of narrowband responses shall be ± 50 kHz for the first part of the identification procedure, and ± 62.5 kHz for its second part.

All narrowband responses shall be disregarded from immunity tests.