

Edition 5.2 2009-04

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-21: Particular requirements for storage water heaters

Appareils électrodomestiques et analogues – Sécurité – Partie 2-21: Règles particulières pour les chauffe-eau à accumulation



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NORME INTERNATIONALE



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Appareils électrodomestiques et analogues - Sécurité - Partie 2-21: Règles particulières pour les chauffe-eau à accumulation

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CONTENTS

F	OF	REWORD	3
11	NT	RODUCTION	6
	1	Scope	7
	2	Normative references	7
	3	Definitions	8
	4	General requirement	9
	5	General conditions for the tests	9
	6	Classification	9
	7	Marking and instructions	9
	8		10
	9	_ \ \ \ \ \	10
1	0		11
1	1	Power input and current Heating	11
1		Void	11
1	3	Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature	11
1	4	Transient overvoltages	
1	5	Moisture resistance	11
1	6	Leakage current and electric strength	11
	7	Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits	
-	-	Endurance	
•		Abnormal operation	
	20	Stability and mechanical hazards	
	-		
	2	Mechanical strength Construction Mechanical strength Construction Mechanical strength Mechanical strength Mechanical strength)335-2 13 1
	23		_
	.3 24	Components	
	. 25	Supply connection and external flexible cords	
		Terminals for external conductors	
_		Provision for earthing	
	28	Screws and connections	
_			
	29	Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation	
	30	Resistance to heat and fire	
_	31	Resistance to rusting	
3	32	Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards	17
А	۱nn	nexes	20
		nex A (informative) Routine tests	
В	Bibl	liography	21
		404 Fuenciles of times of states and the states	40
F		ure 101 – Examples of types of storage water heatersure 102 – Examples of positions of the thermocouples	

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

Part 2-21: Particular requirements for storage water heaters

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication. 6-cb f017ae999f/iec-60335-2-21-2002
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- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This part of International Standard IEC 60335 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 61: Safety of household and similar electrical appliances.

This consolidated version of IEC 60335-2-21 consists of the fifth edition (2002) [documents 61/2135/FDIS and 61/2160/RVD], its amendment 1 (2004) [documents 61/2683/FDIS and 61/2719/RVD] and its amendment 2 (2008) [documents 61/3678/FDIS and 61/3698/RVD].

The technical content is therefore identical to the base edition and its amendments and has been prepared for user convenience.

It bears the edition number 5.2.

A vertical line in the margin shows where the base publication has been modified by amendments 1 and 2.

The French version of this standard has not been voted upon.

-4 -

This part 2 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 60335-1 and its amendments. It was established on the basis of the fourth edition (2001) of that standard.

NOTE 1 When "Part 1" is mentioned in this standard, it refers to IEC 60335-1.

This part 2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 60335-1, so as to convert that publication into the IEC standard: Safety requirements for electric storage water heaters.

When a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this part 2, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. When this standard states "addition", "modification", or "replacement", the relevant text in Part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

NOTE 2 The following numbering system is used:

- subclauses, tables and figures that are numbered starting from 101 are additional to those (in Rart 大
- unless notes are in a new subclause or involve notes in Part 1, they are numbered starting from 101, including those in a replaced clause or subclause;
- additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 The following print types are used:

- requirements: in roman type;
- test specifications: in italic type;
- notes: in small roman type.

Words in **bold** in the text are defined in Clause 3. When a definition concerns an adjective, the adjective and the associated noun are also in bold.

The following differences exist in the countries indicated below.

- 6.1: Class 0I appliances are allowed (Japan).
- 6.2: IPX0 water heaters are allowed (France, Portugal, United Kingdom and USA).
- 7.1: Additional markings are required (Australia, New Zealand and South Africa).
- 7.1: The rated pressure is to be marked in pounds per square inch (USA).
- 7.1: Open outlet water heaters are not required to be marked with rated pressure (USA).
 - 7.12.1: Additional instructions are required (South Africa).
 - 11.7: The test is different (USA).
 - 2 13.2: an additional leakage current test is required (China).
 - 19.1. Water heaters that have all four features and are not liable to be emptied in normal use are not subjected to the test of 19.101 (South Africa).
 - 19.1: Appliances incorporating sheathed heating elements are not required to have an outer enclosure of metal but their rated power input is limited to 12 kW (USA).
 - 19.101: The test is different (USA).
 - 22.101: Pressure reducing valves have to be designed for an inlet pressure of 2 MPa (South Africa).
 - 22.101: The minimum rated pressure is 1,0 MPa (Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden).
 - 22.102: The minimum pressure is 2,1 MPa. The test is not carried out on water heaters having a capacity less than 2 I or on appliances having containers open to the atmosphere (USA).
 - 22.103: Closed water heaters have to incorporate a pressure-relief device (Norway).
 - 22.103: Closed water heaters have to incorporate a pressure-relief device sensitive to both pressure and temperature that operates before the water temperature reaches 99 °C (Australia and New Zealand).
 - 22.103: Closed water heaters having a capacity exceeding 50 I or a rated power input exceeding 2 kW have to incorporate a pressure-relief device sensitive to both pressure and temperature that operates before the water temperature reaches 99 °C (South Africa).

- 22.103: Closed water heaters have to incorporate a temperature relief valve or a combined temperature and pressure-relief valve that operates before the water temperature reaches 100 °C (United Kingdom).
- 22.106: All water heaters have to incorporate a thermal cut-out (India).
- 22.106: The thermal cut-out of single-phase closed water heaters need only provide single-pole disconnection (Japan).
- 22.106: For all closed water heaters, the thermal cut-out is to provide all-pole disconnection (France, Netherlands, Norway and Switzerland).
- 22.109: A tool is not required for draining the appliance (Canada and USA).
- 22.110: Additional requirements apply to plastic or resin-based containers (South Africa).
- 22.112: The temperature limit is 95 °C (South Africa).
- 22.112: The temperature limit is 85 °C (USA).
- 24.101: Thermal cut-outs are required to have a trip-free switching mechanism (USA).
- 24.102: The maximum water temperature is 90 °C (Australia and New Zealand).
- 24.102: The maximum water temperature is 99 °C (Japan, Norway, Portugal, United Kingdom and USA)
- 24.102: The temperature limit of 130 °C is only allowed for closed water heaters having a rated pressure of at least 0,4 MPa (South Africa).

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendments will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

reconfirmed,

withdrawn.

replaced by a revised edition, or

· amended.

335-2-21:2002

NOTE 4 The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

It is the recommendation of the compiltee that the content of the amendment 2 be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 12 months or later than 36 months from the date of publication.

INTRODUCTION

It has been assumed in the drafting of this International Standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced persons.

This standard recognizes the internationally accepted level of protection against hazards such as electrical, mechanical, thermal, fire and radiation of appliances when operated as in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions. It also covers abnormal situations that can be expected in practice and takes into account the way in which electromagnetic phenomena can affect the safe operation of appliances.

This standard takes into account the requirements of IEC 60364 as far as possible so that there is compatibility with the wiring rules when the appliance is connected to the supply mains. However, national wiring rules may differ.

If an appliance within the scope of this standard also incorporates functions that are covered by another part 2 of IEC 60335, the relevant part 2 is applied to each function separately, as far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

When a part 2 standard does not include additional requirements to cover hazards dealt with in Part 1, Part 1 applies.

NOTE 1 This means that the technical committees responsible for the part 2 standards have determined that it is not necessary to specify particular requirements for the appliance in question over and above the general requirements.

This standard is a product family standard dealing with the safety of appliances and takes precedence over horizontal and generic standards covering the same subject.

NOTE 2 Horizontal and generic standards covering a hazard are not applicable since they have been taken into consideration when developing the general and particular requirements for the IEC 60335 series of standards. For example, in the case of temperature requirements for surfaces on many appliances, generic standards, such as ISO 13732-1 for hot surfaces, are not applicable in addition to Part 1 or part 2 standards.

An appliance that complies with the text of this standard will not necessarily be considered to comply with the safety principles of the standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features that impair the level of safety covered by these requirements.

An appliance employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intent of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be considered to comply with the standard.

1-200

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

Part 2-21: Particular requirements for storage water heaters

1 Scope

2

This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the following.

This International Standard deals with the safety of electric **storage** water heaters for household and similar purposes and intended for heating water below boiling temperature, their **rated voltage** being not more than 250 V for single-phase appliances and 480 V for other appliances.

Appliances not intended for normal household use but which nevertheless may be a source of danger to the public, such as appliances intended to be used by laymen in shops, in light industry and on farms, are within the scope of this standard.

As far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by appliances that are encountered by all persons in and around the home. However, in general, it does not take into account

- persons (including children) whose
 - physical, sensory or mental capabilities; or
 - lack of experience and knowledge

prevents them from using the appliance safely without supervision or instruction;

children playing with the appliance.

NOTE 101 Attention is drawn to the fact that

- for appliances intended to be used at high altitudes, additional requirements may be necessary;
- for appliances intended to be used in vehicles or on board ships or aircraft, additional requirements may be necessary;
- in many countries additional requirements are specified by the national health authorities, the national authorities responsible for the protection of labour and similar authorities;
- in many countries regulations exist for the installation of equipment connected to the water mains.

NOTE 102 This standard does not apply to

- appliances for boiling water (IEC 60335-2-15);
- instantaneous water heaters (IEC 60335-2-35);
- commercial dispensing appliances and vending machines (IEC 60335-2-75);
- appliances intended exclusively for industrial purposes;
- appliances intended to be used in locations where special conditions prevail, such as the presence of a corrosive or explosive atmosphere (dust, vapour or gas).

2 Normative references

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

3 Definitions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

3.1.9 Replacement:

normal operation

operation of the appliance after installation in accordance with the instructions and filled with cold water

3.101

storage water heater

stationary appliance for heating and storing water in a container and incorporating devices to control the water temperature

3.102

closed water heater

unvented **storage water heater** intended to operate at the pressure of the water system, the flow of water being controlled by one or more valves in the outlet system

- NOTE 1 A closed water heater is shown in Figure 101a.
- NOTE 2 The operating pressure may be the output pressure of a reducing or boosting device.

3.103

cistern-fed water heater

storage water heater that is vented to atmosphere and intended to be supplied by water under gravity from a separate cistern, the flow of water being controlled by one or more valves in the outlet system

- NOTE 1 A cistern-fed water heater is shown in Figure 101by
- NOTE 2 The water heater may be installed so that the expanded water returns to the cistern.
- NOTE 3 In a cistern-fed water heater, the pressure in the container results from the column of water in the cistern.

3.104

cistern-type water heater

storage water heater having a container supplied by water under gravity from a cistern incorporated in the appliance. The expanded water can return to the cistern, the flow of water being controlled by one or more valves in the outlet system

- NOTE 1 A cistern type water heater is shown in Figure 101c.
- NOTE 2 In a cistern-type water heater, the surface of the water is always at atmospheric pressure.

3.105

open-outlet water heater

storage water heater in which the flow of water is only controlled by a valve in the inlet pipe and in which the expanded or displaced water flows through the outlet

- NOTE 1 An open-outlet water heater is shown in Figure 101d.
- NOTE 2 In an open-outlet water heater, the static pressure at the outlet is always at atmospheric pressure.

3.106

low-pressure water heater

storage water heater that is vented to atmosphere and intended to be connected to the water mains through a pressure reducing valve, the flow of water being controlled by one or more valves in the outlet system

NOTE A low-pressure water heater is shown in Figure 101e.

3.107

rated pressure

water pressure assigned to the appliance by the manufacturer

4 General requirement

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

5 General conditions for the tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

5.2 Addition:

NOTE 101 Additional appliances may be required if damage occurs during the tests of 19.2 or 19.3.

5.3 Addition:

When the tests are carried out on a single appliance, the tests of 22.102, 22.103, 22.112 and 24.102 are carried out before the tests of Clause 19.

6 Classification

s://standards.iteh.ai/ a/l/2/standards/1c/2/76ed9c-b727-43f1-ad26-cbf017ae999f/iec-6033

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

6.1 Modification?

Water heaters shall be class I class II or class III.

6.2 Addition:

Water heaters for installation outdoors shall be at least IPX4. Other water heaters shall be at least IPX1.

7 Marking and instructions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

7.1 Addition:

Appliances, other than **cistern-type water heaters**, shall be marked with the **rated pressure** in pascals.

Appliances shall be marked with the rated capacity in litres.

Closed water heaters shall be marked with a statement that a pressure-relief device is to be fitted in the installation, unless it is incorporated in the appliance.

Closed water heaters having a rated pressure less than 0,6 MPa and low-pressure water heaters shall be marked with a statement that a pressure reducing valve is to be fitted in the installation.

Open-outlet water heaters shall be marked, close to the outlet connection or on a tag attached to the appliance, with the substance of the following:

WARNING: This outlet acts as a vent and must only be connected to a fitting recommended by the manufacturer. It must not be connected to a tap.

7.12 Addition:

The instructions for closed water heaters shall state the substance of the following:

- the water may drip from the discharge pipe of the pressure-relief device and that this pipe must be left open to the atmosphere;
- the pressure-relief device is to be operated regularly to remove time deposits and to verify that it is not blocked;
- how the water heater can be drained.

7.12.1 Addition:

The installation instructions shall state the substance of the following:

- the type or characteristics of the pressure relief device and how to connect it, unless it is incorporated in the appliance;
- a discharge pipe connected to the pressure-relief device is to be installed in a continuously downward direction and in a frost-free environment;
- the type or characteristics of a pressure reducing valve and the installation details (for appliances having a rated pressure less than 0,6 MPa).

The instructions for **closed water heaters** incorporating a heat exchanger shall give details on the installation of control devices and the temperature settings that are necessary to prevent operation of the **thermal cut-out** caused by the heat from the exchanger.

The instructions for **cistern-fed water heaters** and **low-pressure water heaters** shall contain the substance of the following:

WARNING: Do not connect any pressure-relief device to the vent pipe of this water heater.

7.101 The water inlet and the water outlet shall be identified. This identification shall not be on **detachable parts**. If colours are used, blue shall be used for the inlet and red for the outlet.

NOTE Identification may be by means of arrows showing the direction of the water flow.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

8 Protection against access to live parts

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

9 Starting of motor-operated appliances

This clause of Part 1 is not applicable.