



Standard Specification for Rubber Gaskets for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C564; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers preformed rubber gaskets used to seal joints in cast iron soil pipe and fittings.

1.2 The committee with jurisdiction over this standard is not aware of another comparable standard for materials covered in this standard.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.4 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test methods section of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.5 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

[A644 Terminology Relating to Iron Castings](#)

[C1277 Specification for Shielded Couplings Joining Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings](#)

[D395 Test Methods for Rubber Property—Compression Set](#)

[D412 Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers—Tension](#)

[D471 Test Method for Rubber Property—Effect of Liquids](#)

[D573 Test Method for Rubber—Deterioration in an Air Oven](#)

[D624 Test Method for Tear Strength of Conventional Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers](#)

[D1149 Test Methods for Rubber Deterioration—Cracking in an Ozone Controlled Environment](#)

[D1415 Test Method for Rubber Property—International Hardness](#)

[D2240 Test Method for Rubber Property—Durometer Hardness](#)

[D3677 Test Methods for Rubber—Identification by Infrared Spectrophotometry](#)

2.2 Other Documents:

[RMA—RMA Class 3 Dimensional Tolerances, RMA Manual³](#)

[CISPI 310 Specification for couplingsCouplings for useUse in connection with hubless cast iron soil pipe and fittings for sanitary and storm drain, waste, and vent piping applicationsConnection with Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications⁴](#)

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A04 on Iron Castings and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A04.75 on Gaskets and Coupling for Plumbing and Sewer Piping.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from Association for Rubber Products Manufacturers (ARPM), 7321 Shadeland Station Way, Suite 285, Indianapolis, IN 46256, http://www.arpminc.org.

⁴ Available from Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI), http://www.cispi.org.

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions of terms in this standard, see Terminology [A644](#).

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.2.1 *flash, n*—the excess material protruding from the surface of a molded article at the mold junction.

3.2.2 *manufacturer, n*—the entity that molds the gaskets covered by this standard.

3.2.3 *virgin rubber, n*—a term that may be used interchangeably with raw rubber (raw thermoset elastomer). A rubber or thermoset elastomer that has not had any additional work, diluents incorporated, processes performed on it, or any combination thereof. A rubber that is in an unmodified state or one in which no attempt has been made to alter it in any fashion as received from the manufacturer or supplier.

4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 Gaskets shall be made of a properly vulcanized virgin compound containing virgin rubber as the sole elastomer with no scrap or reclaim.

4.2 Gaskets manufactured for use in couplings complying with Specification [C1277](#) or CISPI 310 shall be manufactured from a properly vulcanized virgin compound in which the primary elastomer is polychloroprene (neoprene). The gaskets shall be tested in accordance with Test Methods [D3677](#).

5. Physical Requirements

5.1 Sample gaskets selected as specified in Section 8 shall conform to the requirements for physical properties listed in [Table 1](#) when tested in accordance with the methods specified in Section 9.

6. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

6.1 Gaskets shall conform to the dimensions specified by the manufacturer.

6.2 All cross-sectional dimensions shall have an RMA Class 3 tolerance as shown in [Annex A1](#), and all diametral dimensions shall have a tolerance of ± 1 percent, ± 1 %.

7. Workmanship

7.1 The surface of the gasket shall be smooth and free of pitting, cracks, blisters, air marks, and any other imperfections that will affect its behavior in service. The body of the gasket shall be free of porosity and air pockets.

7.2 Neither the flash thickness nor the flash extension shall exceed $\frac{1}{32}$ in. (0.8 mm), mm) at any point on the sealing ring.

7.3 The offset, or failure of the mold to register accurately, shall not exceed $\frac{1}{64}$ in. (0.4 mm).

TABLE 1 Physical Requirements of Gaskets

Property	Requirements			ASTM Test Method
	A	B	C	
Hardness (nominal durometer ± 5) as specified by the pipe manufacturer	50	60	70	D2240
Elongation, min, %	350	300	250	D412
Tensile strength, min, psi (MPa)	1500 (10)	1500 (10)	1500 (10)	D412
Tear strength, min, lbf/in. (N/cm)	150 (268)	150 (268)	150 (268)	D624
Compression set, max, %	25	25	25	D395
Heat aging, 96 h at $158 \pm 2^\circ\text{F}$ ($70 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$):				D573
Heat aging, 96 h at $158 \pm 2^\circ\text{F}$ ($70 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$):				
—Hardness increase, max, durometer points	40	40	40	...
—Hardness increase, max, durometer points	10	10	10	...
—Loss in tensile strength, max, %	15	15	15	...
—Loss in tensile strength, max, %	15	15	15	...
—Loss in elongation, max, %	20	20	20	...
—Loss in elongation, max, %	20	20	20	...
Water absorption:				D471
—Weight increase, max, %	20	20	20	...
—Weight increase, max, %	20	20	20	...
Ozone resistance	no cracks	no cracks	no cracks ^A	D1149
Oil immersion:				
—Volume increase, max, %	80	80	80	D471

^ANote—Ozone Resistance Ozone resistance on 70 hardness Hubless Pipe Gaskets/hubless pipe gaskets shall be tested at 1/1,000,000 (1PPM); 1/1 000 000 (1 PPM).