Designation: D561 – 82 (Reapproved 2020)

Standard Specification for Carbon Black Pigment for Paint[1]

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D561; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers the pigment commercially known as carbon black, which is suitable for use in the manufacture of protective or decorative coatings.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.3 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*[2]

D50 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Yellow, Orange, Red, and Brown Pigments Containing Iron and Manganese

D305 Test Method for Solvent-Extractable Material in Black Pigments

D387 Test Method for Color and Strength of Chromatic Pigments with a Mechanical Muller

D1506 Test Methods for Carbon Black—Ash Content

D1509 Test Methods for Carbon Black—Heating Loss

D1514 Test Method for Carbon Black—Sieve Residue

3. Composition and Properties

3.1 The pigment shall be made by burning natural gas (Type I) or oil (Type II) in such a manner as to form a deposit of carbon. It shall be free of adulterants and be in the form of powder or dustless pellets and shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 1.

3.2 The mass color and character of the tint and tinting strength formed by a mixture with a white pigment shall be within mutually agreed upon limits of a standard acceptable to both the purchaser and the seller when tested in accordance with Test Method D387.

NOTE 1—For the tinting strength test a ratio of 100 parts of white to 1 part of black is usually suitable.

4. Sampling

4.1 Two samples shall be taken at random from different packages from each lot, batch, day's pack, or other unit of production in a shipment. When no markings distinguishing between units of production appear, samples shall be taken from different packages in the ratio of two samples for each 5000 kg (10 000 lb), except that for shipments of less than 10 000 lb two samples shall be taken.

4.2 At the option of the purchaser, the samples may be tested separately or, after blending the samples from the same production unit in equal quantities, tested as a composite sample.

5. Test Methods

5.1 Tests shall be conducted in accordance with the following ASTM test methods. Test procedures not covered by ASTM test methods shall be mutually agreed upon between the purchaser and the seller.

5.1.1 *Solvent Extractable Material*—Test Method D305.

5.1.2 *Color and Tinting Strength*—Test Method D387.

5.1.3 *Carbon Black—Ash Content*—Test Methods D1506.

5.1.4 *Heating Loss*—Test Methods D1509.

5.1.5 *Sieve Residue*—Test Method D1514.

6. Keywords

6.1 carbon black; natural gas; oil; pigment

[1] This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D01 on Paint and Related Coatings, Materials, and Applications and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D01.31 on Pigment Specifications.

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[2] For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

TABLE 1 Composition and Properties

	Type I	Type II	ASTM Test Method
Ash, max, %	0.2[A]	1.0[A]	D1506
Acetone extract, max, %	0.5[A]	1.0[A]	D305 D305
Moisture (loss at 105°C) max, %	8.0[B]	8.0[B]	D1509
Coarse particles (total residue retained on 45-µm (No. 325) screen, max), %	0.2	0.2	D1514
Organic dyes	none	none	D50

[A] When mutually agreed upon by the purchaser and the seller, higher maximum ash and acetone extract values may be allowed if final product requirements necessitate the use of additional treating agents.
[B] It may be necessary for the purchaser and the seller to agree upon a higher maximum moisture content in high-color black. High-color blacks are very hygroscopic and should be protected against moisture during storage.