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Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Chain¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A413/A413M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers carbon steel chain for such applications as railroad cars, construction, industrial uses, load binding, and general purposes other than overhead lifting.

Note 1—This specification does not cover carbon steel chain for sprocket applications.

- 1.2 Three classes of carbon steel chain are covered:
- 1.2.1 Grade 30—Proof coil chain.
- 1.2.2 Grade 43—High test chain.
- 1.2.3 Grade 70—Transport chain.
- 1.3 The Grade designation chain grade is \(\frac{1}{40}\) of the minimum breaking strength in newtons divided based on the nominal stress in the link at the design breaking force strength. It is calculated by taking the minimum breaking force load and dividing by two times the nominal cross-sectional area of the \(\frac{chain in square millimetres.}{link.}\)
- 1.4 The values stated in either acceptable metric <u>SI</u> units or in other units <u>shall are to</u> be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system <u>mayare</u> not <u>benecessarily</u> exact equivalents; therefore, <u>to ensure conformance with the standard</u>, each system <u>mustshall</u> be used independently of the other, <u>without combining values in any way</u>. <u>and values from the two systems shall</u> not be combined.
- 1.4.1 *Metric Units*—Grade = $\frac{1}{10}$ of the minimum breaking force in kilonewtons divided by two times the nominal cross-sectional area in square millimeters.
- $= (MBF)/(0.005)(\pi)(d)(d)$
- <u>1.4.2 English Units</u>—Grade = 0.000689 of the minimum breaking force in pounds divided by two times the nominal cross-sectional area in square inches.
- $= (0.000689)(MBF)/(0.5)(\pi)(d)(d)$
- 1.4.3 MBF = minimum breaking force (lb or kN); d = chain diameter (in. or mm).

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.27 on Steel Chain.

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Note 2—The above formulas are for round diameter links only. If different cross sections are used, the actual cross section of the link would need to be calculated and used.

1.5 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A29/A29M Specification for General Requirements for Steel Bars, Carbon and Alloy, Hot-Wrought

A751 Test Methods and Practices for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products

A941 Terminology Relating to Steel, Stainless Steel, Related Alloys, and Ferroalloys

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 *breaking force, minimum, n*—minimum force in pounds or newtons at which the chain, during manufacture, has been found by testing to break when a constantly increasing force is applied in direct tension.
 - 3.1.1.1 Discussion—

This test is a manufacturer's attribute acceptance test and shall not be used as criteria for service.

- 3.1.2 *lot, n*—for the purpose of acceptance testing, a lot shall consist of 3000 ft [1000 m], or fraction thereof, of the same grade and size chain. If a continuous length of chain exceeds 3000 ft [1000 m], it shall also be considered a lot.
- 3.1.3 proof test, n—quality control tensile test applied to chain for the purpose of verifying weld and material quality.
 - 3.1.3.1 Discussion—

It is the minimum force in pounds or newtons which the chain has withstood at the time it left the producer, under a test in which a constantly increasing force has been applied in direct tension to a straight length of chain. Proof test loads are a manufacturing integrity test and shall not be used as criteria for service or design purposes.

3.1.4 *working load limit (WLL), n*—maximum combined static and dynamic load in pounds or kilograms that shall be applied in direct tension to an undamaged straight length of chain.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 It shall be the responsibility of the purchaser to specify all requirements that are necessary for material ordered under this specification. Such requirements may include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 4.1.1 Product to conform to Specification A413 or A413M and date of issue,
- 4.1.2 Grade of chain,
- 4.1.3 Nominal size of chain (in. or mm),
- 4.1.4 Quantity of chain (ft or m),
- 4.1.5 Length of each piece, if required,
- 4.1.6 Finish, if required,
- 4.1.7 Certification of test(s), if required, and
- 4.1.8 Acceptance of inspection by purchaser, if required.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's bocument Summary page on the ASTM website.



5. Material Requirements

5.1 *Heat Analysis*—The selection of the steel is left to the judgment of the individual chain manufacturer provided the steel meets the following criteria:

Carbon, max, %	0.370
Phosphorus, max, %	0.048
Sulfur, max, %	0.058

- 5.2 *Product Analysis*—The steel used may be analyzed by the purchaser and shall conform to the requirements of 5.1 subject to the product analysis tolerances specified in Specification A29/A29M. Test samples may be taken from rods, bars, or finished chain. Samples for analysis shall be so taken as to represent the full cross section of the specimen.
- 5.3 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A751 shall be used for referee purposes.

6. Manufacture

- 6.1 Welding Process—Carbon steel chain may be made by the forge welding, electric welding, or gas welding process.
- 6.2 *Heat Treatment*—Grades 30 and 43 do not require heat treatment, but may be heat treated at the manufacturer's manufacturer's discretion. Grade 70, after welding, shall be heat treated. Heat treatment shall include quenching and tempering as described in Terminology A941.

7. Dimensional Requirements

- ileh Standards
- 7.1 The chain shall conform to the dimensional requirements specified in Tables 1-3 for the appropriate grade and size chain.
- 7.2 *Diameter*—The diameter of the material from which the chain is manufactured shall not be smaller than the material diameter listed in Tables 1-3 within the following tolerance: -7 %. Oversized material may be used for all applications.

8. Finish

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- 8.1 The manufacturer may apply a surface treatment or finish of their own choice for identification or corrosion resistance unless the customer specifies otherwise. The surface treatment or finish shall not alter the chain in a manner that would cause the chain to not meet the other provisions of this standard.
- 8.2 The stated breaking forces in Tables 1-3 are only for chains in the raw uncoated or quenched and tempered surface condition. With other surface conditions, the values of the breaking forces are reduced due to different friction coefficients on the contact areas of the chain links. Actual minimum breaking forces may be up to 7 % below values listed in Tables 1-3 if the chain is tested with a coated surface condition.

TABLE 1 Grade 30 Proof Coil Chain

Nominal Siz		Materia Diamete		Working L Limit, m						gth,	Inside Width, min		
in.	mm	in.	mm	lb	kg	lb	kN	lb	kN	in.	mm	in.	mm
1/8	4.0	0.156	4.0	400	180	800	3.6	1600	7.2	0.94	23.9	0.25	6.4
3/16	5.5	0.217	5.5	800	365	1600	7.2	3200	14.4	0.98	24.8	0.30	7.7
1/4	7.0	0.276	7.0	1300	580	2600	11.6	5200	23.2	1.24	31.5	0.38	9.8
5/16	8.0	0.331	8.4	1900	860	3800	16.9	7600	33.8	1.29	32.8	0.44	11.2
3/8	10.0	0.394	10.0	2650	1200	5300	23.6	10 600	47.2	1.38	35.0	0.55	14.0
7/16	11.9	0.488	11.9	3700	1680	7400	32.9	14 800	65.8	1.64	41.6	0.65	16.6
1/2	13.0	0.512	13.0	4500	2030	9000	40.0	18 000	80.0	1.79	45.5	0.72	18.2
5/8	16.0	0.630	16.0	6900	3130	13 800	61.3	27 600	122.6	2.20	56.0	0.79	20.0
3/4	20.0	0.787	20.0	10 600	4800	21 200	94.3	42 400	188.6	2.76	70.0	0.98	25.0
7/8	22.0	0.866	22.0	12 800	5810	25 600	114.1	51 200	228.2	3.03	77.0	1.08	27.5
1	26.0	1.02	26.0	17 900	8140	35 800	159.1	71 600	318.2	3.58	90.9	1.25	31.7

^A The proof test and minimum breaking force loads shall not be used as criteria for service or design purposes (see Section 4).

TABLE 2 Grade 43 High Test Chain

	nal Chain Size	Materia Diamete	3		st, ^A	t, ^A Minimum Breaking Force ^A		Inside Length, max		Inside Width, min			
in.	mm	in.	mm	lb	kg	lb	kN	lb	kN	in.	mm	in.	mm
1/4	7.0	0.276	7.0	2600	1180	3900	17.3	7800	34.6	1.24	31.5	0.38	9.8
5/16	8.7	0.343	8.7	3900	1770	5850	26.0	11 700	52.0	1.29	32.8	0.44	11.2
3/8	10.0	0.406	10.3	5400	2450	8100	36.0	16 200	72.0	1.38	35.0	0.55	14.0
7/16	11.9	0.468	11.9	7200	3270	10 800	48.0	21 600	96.0	1.64	41.6	0.65	16.6
1/2	13.0	0.531	13.5	9200	4170	13 800	61.3	27 600	122.6	1.79	45.5	0.72	18.2
5/8	16.0	0.630	16.0	13 000	5910	19 500	86.5	39 000	173.0	2.20	56.0	0.79	20.0
3/4	20.0	0.787	20.0	20 200	9180	30 300	134.7	60 600	269.4	2.76	70.0	0.98	25.0
7/8	22.0	0.866	22.0	24 500	11 140	36 750	163.3	73 500	326.6	3.03	77.0	1.08	27.5

A The proof test and minimum breaking force loads shall not be used as criteria for service or design purposes (see Section 4).

TABLE 3 Grade 70 Transport Chain

No	Nominal Chain Size		Material Diameter		Working Load Limit, max		Proof Te min	Proof Test, ^A min		Minimum Breaking Force ^A		Inside Length, max		dth,
	in.	mm	in.	mm	lb	kg	lb	kN	lb	kN	in.	mm	in.	mm
	1/4	7.0	0.281	7.0	3150	1430	6300	28.0	12 600	56.0	1.24	31.5	0.38	9.8
	5/16	8.7	0.343	8.7	4700	2130	9400	41.8	18 800	83.6	1.29	32.8	0.44	11.2
	3/8	10.0	0.406	10.3	6600	2990	13 200	58.7	26 400	117.4	1.38	35.0	0.55	14.0
	7/16	11.9	0.468	11.9	8750	3970	17 500	77.7	35 000	155.4	1.64	41.6	0.65	16.6
	1/2	13.0	0.531	13.5	11 300	5130	22 600	100.4	45 200	200.8	1.79	45.5	0.72	18.2
	5/8	16.0	0.630	16.0	15 800	7170	31 600	140.4	63 200	280.8	2.20	56.0	0.79	20.0
	3/4	20.0	0.787	20.0	24 700	11 200	49 400	219.6	98 800	439.2	2.76	70.0	0.98	25.0

A The proof test and minimum breaking force loads shall not be used as criteria for service or design purposes (see Section 4).

9. Mechanical Requirements

- 9.1 *Proof Test*—All Every link of chain shall be tested to at least the proof load prescribed in Tables 1-3 for the appropriate grade and size chain. When so tested it shall withstand these loads without loss of chain integrity. Links or chain segments that do not withstand the proof test load shall be removed from the chain.
- 9.2 *Breaking Force*—The breaking force test specimen shall consist of a length from the lot containing at least the number of links in Table 4. All chain that is heat treated shall be in the quenched and tempered condition before the breaking force is measured.
- 9.2.1 Fixtures for securing chain in a testing machine shall be properly designed to support securely the shoulder of the link (see Note 23). The opening in the fixture shall not be more than 125 % of the stock diameter being tested. Links engaged in the testing fixture shall not be considered part of the test specimen.

Note 3—"U" bolts of the same or larger diameter and the same or greater strength may be used to secure the chain to the jaws of the testing machine.

9.2.2 Test specimens shall meet or exceed the minimum breaking force values given in Tables 1-3 for the appropriate grade and size chain.

9.3 Elongation:

- 9.3.1 All chain which is heat treated (see 6.2) must be in the quenched and tempered condition before the elongation is measured.
- 9.3.2 The elongation test specimen shall consist of a length from the lot containing at least the number of links in Table 4.

TABLE 4 Mechanical Test Sample Length Requirements

Size of Chain	Minimum Number of Links in Test Specimen
7/ ₃₂ in. [5.5 mm]	9
Larger than 7/32 in. [5.5 mm] but less than 3/4 in.	7
[20.0 mm]	
3/4 in. [20.0 mm] and larger	3