

Designation: F1667 - 20

Standard Specification for Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes, and Staples¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F1667; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (\$\epsilon\$) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

The Commercial and Government Entity (Cage) Code for ASTM: 81346.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers nails, spikes, staples, and other driven fasteners, as listed in Table 1.

Note 1—Fastener ductility information is presented in Table 2 and dimensional information in Tables 3–65.

- 1.2 Fasteners described in this specification are driven by hand tool, power tool, or mechanical device in single or multiple strikes and are positioned by hand, tool, or machine.
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.
- 1.4 Fasteners in this specification are sold in bulk (loose) form and are collated for loading into the magazine of an application tool. Other than as covered in Section 9, Workmanship, cohering materials (including, but not limited to, plastic, adhesive bond, paper tape, plastic strip, plastic carrier, wire, etc.) and relative orientation of collated fasteners are not within the scope of this standard.
- 1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.6 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.05 on Driven and Other Fasteners.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

A153/A153M Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware

A641/A641M Specification for Zinc–Coated (Galvanized)
Carbon Steel Wire

B695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel

C514 Specification for Nails for the Application of Gypsum Board³

F547 Terminology of Nails for Use with Wood and Wood-Base Materials

F592 Terminology of Collated and Cohered Fasteners and Their Application Tools (Withdrawn 2017)⁴

F680 Test Methods for Nails

F1575 Test Method for Determining Bending Yield Moment of Nails

F3359 Test Method for Determining Bending Yield Moment of Staples

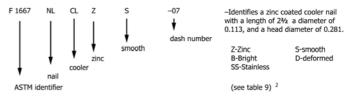
3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—The definitions used in this specification are those of common commercial acceptance and usage and also appear in Terminologies F547 and F592.

4. Classification

4.1 The fasteners and their Table 1 classification are identified as follows:

Note 2—The identification of fasteners, classified by style and type (alpha indicators) followed by a dash number (numerical code) based on Tables 3–62, identifies dimensions specifically and establishes a PIN (part identifying number) system when preceded by the F1667 ASTM designator of this specification. For example:



³ Additional material and dimensional tolerance for nails used in Gypsumboard are addressed in C514.

⁴The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

TABLE 1 Classification and Identification Index

Time		Chassification and id		Tok!-
Type	1	Style	Style Identification BR	Table
I—Nails (NL)	1. 2.	Brads Barrel	BL	3 4
	3.	Box A	BXA	5
	٥.	Box B	BXB	6
	4.	Broom	BM	7
	5.	Casing	CN	8
	6.	Cooler	CL	9
	7.	Sinker	SK	10
	8.		CK	11
	9.	Aluminum	CMA	12
		Common Copper	CMC	13
		Copper	CIVIC	13
		Steel	CMS	14
		Common		
		Power-tool	CMP	15
		Driven		
		Common		
	10.		CTS/CTM	16
	11.	Double-headed (Duplex)	DH	17
	12	Finish	FH	18
	13.		FL	19
	14.		LHF	20
		Lath	LHH	21
	15.	,	MR/MRH	22
	16.		PL	23
	17.	71	GWS	24
		Gypsum wallboard	GWM	25
	18.	Aluminum Roofing	RFA	26
		Steel	RFS	27
		Roofing		
		Copper-Clad	RFC	28
		Roofing		
		Umbrella	RFL O // OU	29
		Head		
		Roofing	DED OCII M	30
		Steel	RFR	30
		Reinforced Roofing		
		Cap Nail	MRH/PRH	31
		Hand Driven	AS	TM F1
		Roofing		
		Oup Maii	MRP/PRP	32
		Power-Tool Driven		
		Roofing	DENIC/DENID	00
		Washered Aluminum	RFNS/RFND	33
		Roofing		
		Washered	RFE	34
		Steel		
		Roofing		
	19.		SHAD/SHAS	35
	00	Steel Shingle	SHSS/SHSR	36
	20 21.	Siding Slating	SDF/SDC/SDK SLA/SLC/SLS	37 38
		Rubber heel	RH	38
		Underlayment	UL	40
		Square-barbed	SB	41
		Masonry drive	MD	42
		Escutcheon	ES	43
		Glulam rivet	GR	44
:	28.	Post frame	PFRS	45
		Ring Shank	DODO	40
		Roof Sheathing Ring	RSRS	46
		Shank Standard Ring-Shank	SRS	47
	29.	•	MHS/MHR	47
•	_5.	Hardware	10/11/11	+0
		Nails		
II—Cut nails	1.	Common	CM	49
(CN)				
	2.		BK	50
	3.	Clout	CL	51

TABLE 1 Continued

Туре		Style	Style Identification	Table
III—Spikes (SP)	1.	Common	CM	52
	2.	Gutter	GRF/GRO	53
	3.	Round	RDC/RDF	54
IV—Staples (ST)	1.	Fence	FN	55
	2.	Poultry netting	PN	56
	3.	Flat top crown	FC	57
		Flat top crown	FCC	58
	4.	Round or V crown	RC	59
	5.	Preformed	PC	60
	6.	Electrical	RE	61
	7.	Preformed hoop	PH	62
	8.	Сар	STC	63

TABLE 2 Bend Angles for Fasteners Using the Test Methods F680 Bend Test

	Fastener Material	Bend Angle,
1.	Steel wire: (low-carbon, medium-low carbon, medium-carbon) (unhardened)	180
2.	Stainless steel wire	180
3.	Hardened steel fasteners	20
4.	Sheet steel for cut nails, Type II, and cut spikes, Type III	90
5.	Copper (min 98 %)	180
6.	Copper clad wire (min 20 %)	180
_ 7.	Aluminum alloy wire	90
8.	Brass wire	180

4.2 The trade designation, *S*, pennyweight, used in commercial practice is referenced in Tables 3–47 wherever it applies.

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Orders for driven fasteners under this specification shall facinclude the following information:
 - 5.1.1 Quantity or weight;
 - 5.1.2 Part identifying number (PIN) or product description (see 4.1 and appropriate table);
 - 5.1.3 Special material requirements, if specified, including coatings or finishes;
 - 5.1.4 ASTM designation;
 - 5.1.5 Packaging requirements;
 - 5.1.6 A producer's or supplier's certification that the material and the finished fastener are in compliance with this specification, furnished only when specified in the purchase order;
 - 5.1.7 Supplementary requirements, if any; and
 - 5.1.8 Any additions agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

6. Material Requirements

- 6.1 Steel wire used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall be of low carbon, medium-low carbon, or medium-high carbon.
- 6.2 Stainless steel wire used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall be of Types 302, 304, 305, or 316.
- 6.3 Carbon steel wire for the manufacture of hardened steel nails shall be suitable for heat treatment to a minimum hardness of 37 HRC.

- 6.4 Sheet steel used in the manufacture of cut nails (Type II) and cut spikes (Type III) shall be a medium-carbon sheet steel.
- 6.5 Copper used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall contain a minimum of 98 % pure copper.
- 6.6 Copper-clad steel wire used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall contain not less than 20 % copper by weight. The average thickness of copper on the steel wire shall be not less than 10 % of the radius of the clad wire; the minimum thickness of copper on the steel wire shall be not less than 8 % of the radius of the clad wire.
- 6.7 Aluminum alloy wire used in the manufacture of fasteners shall conform to Alloy 2024, 5056, 6061, or 6110 and have a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 60 000 psi.

Note 3—Smooth shank nails are sometimes chemically treated to remove grease, oil, and foreign matter and to roughen the surface microscopically. Mechanically deformed nails are sometimes cleaned to remove grease and foreign matter.

6.8 Brass wire used in the manufacture of fasteners shall be of good commercial quality suitable for the purpose.

7. Physical Properties

- 7.1 Ductility—The fasteners shall be sufficiently ductile to withstand cold bending without fracture, as specified in Table 2 for various materials used in the manufacture of fasteners utilizing the conventional bend test described in Test Methods F680. Mandrel diameter used in this test shall not exceed nail/wire diameter. The cold bend test shall not apply to unhardened nails with deformed shanks.
- 7.2 Tensile Strength—Finished driven fasteners are not normally subject to tension testing. However, the wire or sheet used to manufacture the fastener is tested as required for control in the production process during manufacture.
- 7.3 Number per pound—Number per pound figures are not requirements. Number per pound varies (1) as actual dimensions vary within tolerance ranges, (2) between bright and coated nails, and (3) with zinc coating thickness for galvanized nails. No tolerances have been established for these figures. They are for reference only and shall not be used as product acceptance/rejection criteria.

8. Dimensions and Tolerances

8.1 Nominal dimensions of nails and spikes shall be as shown in Tables 3–53. The following dimensional designations shall apply:

S = trade designation (reference in penny weight),

L = length, in.,

H = head diameter or width, in.,

D = shank diameter, in.,

 D^* = shank diameter, in., measured shank diameter, in (Tables 45-47)

T1 = Measured crest diameter of deformed portion of nail shank, in., (Tables 45-47)

T1-D* = Measured crest diameter minus the measured shank diameter, in. (Tables 45-47)

TL = Length of threaded section of nail shank, in. (Tables 45-47)

P = Pitch or spacing of rings on a ring-shank nail, in., (Tables 45-47)

B = head separation, in. (Table 17), and

No./lb = approximate count per pound.

- 8.1.1 The lengths, *L*, of nails and spikes with flat heads or parallel shoulders under the head shall be measured from under the head or shoulder to the tip of the point. All other nails and spikes shall be measured overall.
- 8.1.2 The diameter, D, of smooth shank nails and spikes shall be measured away from the gripper marks. The diameter, D, of deformed shank nails shall be measured before deformation, or when available, the smooth section of the shank away from any gripper marks. All diameter dimensions shall be taken prior to the application of or after the removal of any coatings or finish.
- 8.2 Tolerances on Nominal Dimensions for Nails and Spikes:
- 8.2.1 Length tolerances shall be $\pm \frac{1}{32}$ in. for lengths up to and including 1 in.; $\pm \frac{1}{16}$ in. for lengths over 1 in., up to and including $2\frac{1}{2}$ in.; $\pm \frac{3}{32}$ for lengths over $2\frac{1}{2}$ in., up to and including 7 in.; and $\pm \frac{1}{8}$ in. for all lengths over 7 in. Tolerance for the length of any shank deformation shall be the same as the length of the nail shank.
- 8.2.2 Shank diameter tolerances shall be ± 0.002 in. for diameters smaller than 0.076 in. and ± 0.004 in. for diameters 0.076 in. and larger.

8.2.3 Head Diameter Tolerances:

- 8.2.3.1 Hand Driven—Tolerances on concentric round head diameters shall be $\pm 10\%$ of the nominal head diameter (individual measurement). The difference in diameter across the long axis shall not exceed that across the short axis by more than 10%. A fillet shall be provided under the head if not otherwise specified.
- 8.2.3.2 *Power-Tool Driven*—Tolerances on head dimensions of power-tool driven nails shall comply with the nail manufacturer's specifications and shall be suitable for use in the make and model of the tool specified.
- 8.3 Nominal dimensions of staples shall be as shown in Tables 55–61, and the following dimensional designations shall apply:

8.3.1 Hand Tool-Driven Nominal Dimensions:

L = leg length, inside, in.,
D = round leg diameter, in.,
C = crown width, inside, in..

C = crown width, inside, in., and No./lb = approximate count per pound.

8.3.2 Power Tool–Driven Nominal Dimensions:

D = round leg diameter, in.,

L = leg length, outside, in.,

T = leg thickness, in. (see Tables 57 and 58),

W = leg width, in. (see Tables 57 and 58),

C = crown width, outside, in., and

G = steel wire gage.

- 8.4 Tolerances on Nominal Dimensions for Staples:
- 8.4.1 Leg length, L, tolerances shall be $+\frac{1}{32}$, $-\frac{1}{64}$ in. for both hand tool–driven and power tool–driven staples.

- 8.4.2 Diameter tolerances for hand tool–driven round staples shall be ± 0.002 in. for diameters smaller than 0.076 in. and ± 0.004 in. for diameters 0.076 in. and larger.
- 8.4.3 Thickness and width tolerances on power-tool driven staples shall comply with the manufacturer's specification and shall be suitable for use in the make and model tool specified. When used in wood structural connections, dimensions, and tolerances in (Tables 57 and 58) shall apply.
- 8.4.4 Crown width tolerances are $\pm \frac{1}{32}$ in. unless otherwise specified.
- 8.5 Nominal Dimensions for Cut Nails, Type II—Unless otherwise specified, cut nails shall be sheared from medium carbon sheet steel and shall have a wedge-shaped shank with a sheared square point end narrower than the upset head end. The designation T in Tables 50–51 refers to sheet thickness in finished product. Other designations shall be the same as those for nails in 8.1.
- 8.6 When gage is used as a nominal diameter dimension for nails in the application of this specification, a decimal equivalent shall also be provided. (See Note 4.)

Note 4—Wire gage standards differ by base metal. For that reason, wire gage specifications are not referenced in this specification for nails, and gage as a specification requires the decimal equivalent for interpretation.

8.7 When gage is used as a nominal diameter for staples in the application of this specification, it shall be in accordance with the dimensional equivalents shown in the corresponding tables of this specification. (See Note 5.)

Note 5—For certain staples, the diameter of the round wire used is designated as gage prior to flattening and forming into the shape of the staple.

9. Workmanship

9.1 Fasteners covered by this specification shall be true to shape, well-finished, free from imperfections, clean, and free of corrosion. Power-tool driven collated items shall be uniform and aligned properly in their assembled form for use in power tools.

10. Protective Coatings and Finishes

- 10.1 Zinc Coating:
- 10.1.1 Driven fasteners required to be zinc coated shall be cut and formed from hot-dip, galvanized steel wire, or electrogalvanized steel wire; or they shall be cut from uncoated (bright) steel wire and galvanized, after forming.
 - 10.1.2 Hot-dip galvanized nails:
- 10.1.2.1 Hot-dip galvanized or electrogalvanized steel wire for the manufacture of fasteners shall have a coating weight in accordance with Specification A641/A641M, Supplementary Requirements, Class 3S, when a heavier coating for exterior use and/or use in treated wood is specified. The minimum zinc coating shall be in accordance with Supplementary Requirements, Class 1, unless otherwise specified.
- 10.1.2.2 Hot-dip galvanized steel fasteners coated after forming shall have a coating weight in accordance with Specification A153/A153M, Class D, when a heavier coating for exterior use is specified. The minimum coating weight shall be in accordance with Specification A641/A641M, Supplementary Requirements, Class 1.

- 10.1.3 Electrogalvanized steel fasteners cut and formed from electrogalvanized steel wire or electrogalvanized after forming shall have a regular coating (no minimum weight of coating specified) in accordance with Specification A641/A641M section 9.2, unless otherwise specified.
- 10.1.4 Mechanically deposited zinc coatings applied to fasteners after forming shall have a thickness in accordance with Specification B695, Class 40, unless otherwise specified.
 - 10.2 Other Coatings and Finishes (When Specified):
- 10.2.1 Chemical etching shall remove the polish of fabrication and roughen the surface microscopically.
- 10.2.2 Blued nails shall be heated to form a thin, colored oxide on the surface.
- 10.2.3 Miscellaneous finishes and coatings, such as polymer coatings, tin plating, liquor, brass plating, copper plating, phosphate coating, or oil coating shall be applied.

Note 6—Polymer coatings are often used to assist in the driving of power-tool driven fasteners.

- 10.3 Altered Shapes and Deformations:
- 10.3.1 Mechanically formed or deformed nail shanks shall have barbs, flutes, threads, or angular serrations formed onto the wire from which the nail is manufactured. Mechanically deformed shanks shall have vertical or helical flutes or screwtype or annular (ring)-type deformations rolled onto the shank. Symmetrical helical shank deformations shall be obtained by twisting square wire. The deformations shall pass entirely around the shank body, resulting in expanded ridges and depressions. Interruptions in shank deformation to facilitate attachment of materials for collating nails is permitted.
- 10.3.2 Head shapes and head dimensions of power-tool driven nails shall comply with the nail manufacturer's specifications and shall be suitable for use in the make and model of the tool specified.
- 10.3.3 Staples manufactured for intended use in power tools shall comply with the tool manufacturer's specification. When used in wood structural connections, dimensions and tolerances, for Type IV, Style 3 (Table 57 or Table 58) shall apply.

11. Certification

11.1 When specified in the purchase order, a producer's or supplier's certification shall be furnished to the purchaser, indicating that the fasteners are in compliance with this specification and the purchase order.

12. Packaging and Package Marking

- 12.1 Unless otherwise specified, fasteners shall be in substantial commercial containers of the type, size, and kind commonly used for the purpose, so constructed as to preserve the contents in good condition and to ensure acceptance and safe delivery by common or other carriers to the point of delivery. In addition, the containers shall be so made that the contents can be removed partially without destroying the container's ability to serve as a receptacle for the remainder of the contents.
- 12.2 When specified, individual packages and shipping containers shall be marked with the part-identifying number,

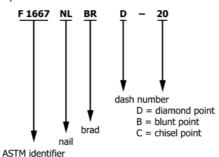
style (see Table 1), fastener length, diameter (or gage, as applicable) material (other than carbon steel), coating/finish, for nails-shank style (smooth, ring, screw, etc.), for staples –crown width, the name of the manufacturer or distributor, country of origin, and the quantity or net weight.

13. Keywords

13.1 diameter; driven fasteners; head; length; nails; point; spikes; staples

TABLE 3 Type I, Style 1—Brads^A

Note 1—Carbon steel wire, brad head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright finish. When specified, brads shall have a modified brad head with a blunt or chiseled point for use with power tools.



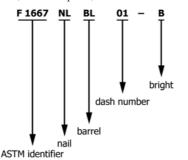
- Identifies a brad nail with a length of $1\frac{1}{2}$, a diameter of 0.099, and a diamond point.

		<u> </u>							
			i'lel	<u>ı Star</u>	ndard	2			
Dash No.	L	D	S	No./lb	Dash No.	L	D	S	No./Ib
01	3/8	0.035	ma•//c	9520	21	13/4	0.062		670
02	1/2	0.035	UD.4/3	7060	22	13/4	0.080		400
03	1/2	0.048		3990	23	13/4	0.099	5d	270
04	5/8	0.035		5680	24	2	0.062		580
05	5/8	0.048	DO.CH	3200	25	2	0.080		350
06	3/4	0.035		4800	26	2	0.113	6d	180
07	3/4	0.048		2620	27	21/4	0.080		320
08	3/4	0.062		1550	28	21/4	0.113	7d	160
09	7/8	0.035		A S T 4220 1 6	57-2.29	21/2	0.080		290
10	7/8	0.048		2220	30	21/2	0.131	8d	110
http 1 1//stan	ndaro%.iteh.ai	0.062 S	tandards/sis	1/5 0 31280 2 5 -	B120 31 385-	bd 23/4000	0.131 74	astm-9d 667	-20 97
12	1	0.054		1500	32	3	0.148	10d	70
13	1	0.062		1120	33	31/4	0.148	12d	65
14	1	0.072		904	34	31/2	0.162	16d	50
15	11/4	0.054		1210	35	4	0.192	20d	31
16	11/4	0.062		940	36	41/2	0.207	30d	24
17	11/4	0.080	3d	560	37	5	0.225	40d	18
18	11/2	0.054		1040	38	51/2	0.244	50d	14
19	11/2	0.080		470	39	6	0.262	60d	11
20	11/2	0.099	4d	320					

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 4 Type I, Style 2—Barrel Nails^A

Note 1—Carbon steel wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified.



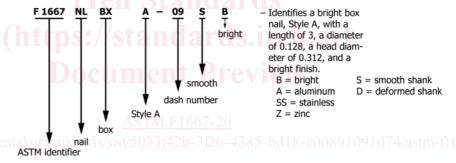
 Identifies a barrel nail with a length of ⅓, a diameter of 0.067, a head diameter of 0.148, and a bright finish.
 B = bright Z= Zinc

Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	5/8	0.067	0.148	1.550	05	11/8	0.076	0.177	670
02	3/4	0.067	0.148	1.300	06	11/4	0.080	0.188	540
03	7/8	0.076	0.177	850	07	13/8	0.092	0.219	380
04	1	0.076	0.177	750	08	11/2	0.092	0.219	350

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 5 Type I, Style 3A—Box Nails^A

Note 1—Carbon steel, stainless steel or aluminium wire, flat head, diamond point, round, deformed or smooth shank, bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified. When specified, box nails shall have an altered or T-head with a diamond, blunt, or chisel point for use with power tools.



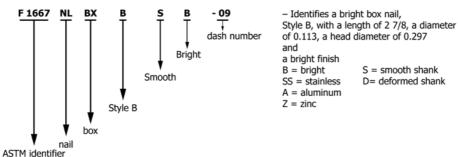
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Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.067	0.188	940	08	9d	23/4	0.113	0.297	120
02	3d	11/4	0.076	0.219	590	09	10d	3	0.128	0.312	90
03	4d	11/2	0.080	0.219	450	10	12d	31/4	0.128	0.312	83
04	5d	13/4	0.080	0.219	390	11	16d	31/2	0.135	0.344	69
05	6d	2	0.099	0.266	220	12	20d	4	0.148	0.375	50
06	7d	21/4	0.099	0.266	200	13	30d	41/2	0.148	0.375	45
07	8d	21/2	0.113	0.297	140	14	40d	5	0.162	0.406	34

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.



TABLE 6 Type I, Style 3B—Box Nails^A

Note 1—Carbon steel, stainless steel or aluminum wire, flat head, diamond point, round, deformed or smooth shank, bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified.



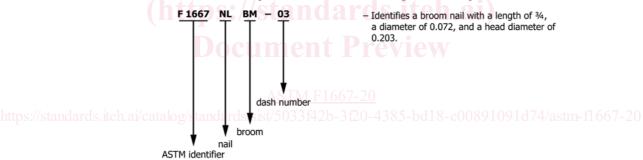


					F 1667	NLBXB					
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.058	0.172	1250	06	7d	21/8	0.086	0.250	280
02	3d	11/8	0.062	0.188	980	07	8d	2³/8	0.099	0.266	190
03	4d	1 3/8	0.067	0.203	680	08	9d	25/8	0.099	0.266	170
04	5d	1 5/8	0.072	0.219	510	09	10d	27/8	0.113	0.297	120
05	6d	17/8	0.086	0.250	315						

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 7 Type I, Style 4—Broom Nails^A

Note 1—Carbon steel wire, flat or star head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright finish, as specified.





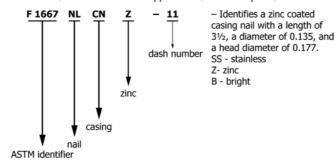
Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	5/8	0.072	0.203	1480
02	5/8	0.080	0.219	990
03	3/4	0.072	0.203	1170
04	3/4	0.080	0.219	840

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.



TABLE 8 Type I, Style 5—Casing Nails^A

Note 1—Carbon steel or stainless steel wire, flat countersunk cupped head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright or zinc coated.



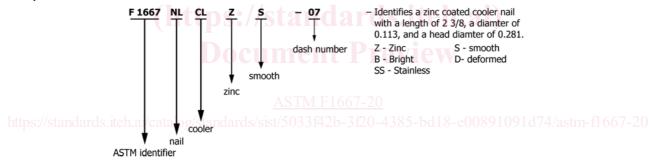
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Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.067	0.099	1090	07	8d	21/2	0.113	0.155	150
02	3d	11/4	0.076	0.113	650	08	9d	23/4	0.113	0.155	135
03	4d	11/2	0.080	0.120	490	09	10d	3	0.128	0.170	95
04	5d	13/4	0.080	0.120	415	10	12d	31/4	0.128	0.170	90
05	6d	2	0.099	0.142	245	11	16d	31/2	0.135	0.177	75
06	7d	21/4	0.099	0.142	215						

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 9 Type I, Style 6—Cooler Nails^A

Note 1—Carbon steel or stainless steel wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth or deformed shank, bright or zinc or other coating as specified. When specified, coolers shall have an altered or T-head for use with mechanical drivers.





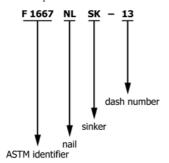
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.062	0.172	1110	06	7d	21/8	0.099	0.266	210
02	3d	11/8	0.067	0.188	840	07	8d	2 ³ /8	0.113	0.281	140
03	4d	13/8	0.080	0.219	490	08	9d	25/8	0.113	0.281	130
04	5d	15/8	0.086	0.234	370	09	10d	27/8	0.120	0.297	100
05	6d	17/8	0.092	0.250	280						

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.



TABLE 10 Type I, Style 7—Sinker Nails^A

Note 1—Carbon steel wire, flat countersunk head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright or other coating as specified. When specified, sinkers shall have an altered or T-head for use with power tools.



 Identifies a sinker nail with a length of 5¾, a diameter of 0.244, a head diameter of 0.500, and a bright finish

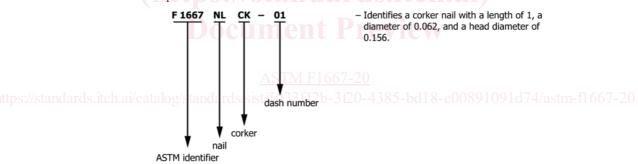


Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	3d	11/8	0.067	0.172	940	08	12d	31/8	0.135	0.312	81
02	4d	13/8	0.080	0.203	530	09	16d	31/4	0.148	0.344	64
03	5d	15/8	0.086	0.219	390	10	20d	3¾	0.177	0.375	40
04	6d	17/8	0.092	0.234	290	11	30d	41/4	0.192	0.406	30
05	7d	21/8	0.099	0.250	220	12	40d	43/4	0.207	0.438	23
06	8d	23/8	0.113	0.266	150	13	60d	53/4	0.244	0.500	14
07	10d	27/8	0.120	0.281	110						

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 11 Type I, Style 8—Corker Nails^A

Note 1—Carbon steel wire, flat countersunk head, diamond point, round smooth shank, or other coating as specified. When specified, corkers shall have an altered or T-head for use with power tools.



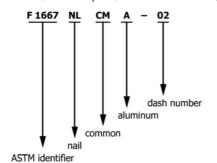


Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.062	0.156	1220	09	10d	27/8	0.135	0.312	89
02	3d	11/4	0.072	0.188	720	10	12d	31/8	0.135	0.312	81
03	4d	11/2	0.086	0.219	420	11	16d	33/8	0.148	0.344	62
04	5d	15/8	0.086	0.219	320	12	20d	37/8	0.177	0.375	38
05	6d	17/8	0.099	0.250	250	13	30d	43/8	0.192	0.406	29
06	7d	21/8	0.099	0.250	220	14	40d	47/8	0.207	0.438	22
07	8d	23/8	0.120	0.281	130	15	50d	53/8	0.226	0.469	17
08	9d	25/8	0.120	0.281	120	16	60d	57/8	0.244	0.500	13

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 12 Type I, Style 9—Aluminum Common Nails^A

Note 1—Aluminum alloy wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank, or, when specified, square barbed shank.



 Identifies a aluminum common nail with a length of 2, a diameter of 0.120, and a head diameter of 0.266.

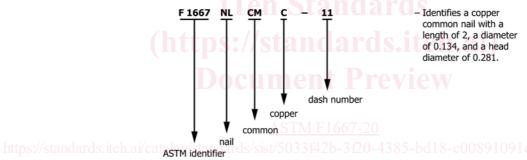


	F 1667 NLCMA													
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./Ib			
01	4d	11/2	0.099	0.250	830	04	10d	3	0.162	0.312	170			
02	6d	2	0.120	0.266	430	05	16d	31/2	0.177	0.344	120			
03	8d	21/2	0.148	0.281	220	06	20d	4	0.199	0.406	78			

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 13 Type I, Style 9—Copper Common Nails^A

Note 1—Copper wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank.



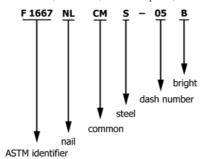


	F 1667 NLCMC													
Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb					
01	5/8	0.065	0.156	1380	10	2	0.120	0.266	130					
02	3/4	0.065	0.156	1160	11	2	0.134	0.281						
03	3/4	0.072	0.172	960	12	21/2	0.134	0.281	86					
04	7/8	0.072	0.172	810	13	3	0.148	0.312	56					
05	1	0.072	0.172	700	14	31/2	0.165	0.344	40					
06	11/4	0.083	0.203	420	15	4	0.203	0.406	23					
07	11/2	0.109	0.250	210	16	41/2	0.220	0.438	18					
08	13/4	0.109	0.250	180	17	5	0.238	0.469	14					
09	13/4	0.120	0.266	140	18	6	0.284	0.531	8					

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 14 Type I, Style 9—Steel Common Nails^A

Note 1—Carbon steel or stainless steel wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified.



Identifies a steel common nail with a length of 2, a diameter of 0.113, a head diameter of 0.266, and a bright finish.
 B = bright
 Z = zinc coated

S = steel

SS = stainless



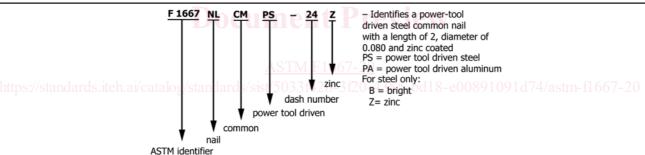
	F 1667 NLCMS														
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb				
01	2d	1	0.072	0.172	850	09	10d	3	0.148	0.312	66				
02	3d	11/4	0.080	0.203	540	10	12d	31/4	0.148	0.312	61				
03	4d	11/2	0.099	0.250	290	11	16d	31/2	0.162	0.344	47				
04	5d	13/4	0.099	0.250	250	12	20d	4	0.192	0.406	30				
05	6d	2	0.113	0.266	170	13	30d	41/2	0.207	0.438	23				
06	7d	21/4	0.113	0.266	150	14	40d	5	0.226	0.469	17				
07	8d	21/2	0.131	0.281	100	15	50d	51/2	0.244	0.500	14				
08	9d	23/4	0.131	0.281	92	16	60d	6	0.262	0.531	11				

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

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TABLE 15 Type I, Style 9—Power-tool Driven Common Nails^A

Note 1—Aluminum alloy wire, stainless steel or carbon steel wire, (bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified), round, altered or T-head, diamond or chisel point, round smooth or deformed shank, as specified. Primarily intended for use with power-tools.



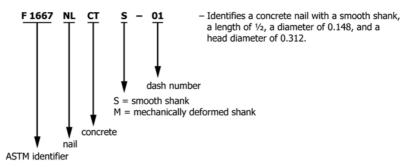


								F1667	7 NLCMM								
Dash No.	L	D	Dash	L	D	Dash No.	L	D	Dash	L	D	Dash	L	D	Dash	L	D
			No.						No.			No.			No.		
01	11/4	0.080	15	13/4	0.086	29	2	0.148	43	13/4	0.120	57	23/8	0.113	71	3	0.131
02	11/4	0.086	16	13/4	0.092	30	21/4	0.092	44	1 7/8	0.120	58	23/8	0.120	72	3	0.148
03	11/4	0.092	17	13/4	0.099	31	21/4	0.099	45	1 7/8	0.131	59	23/8	0.131	73	31/4	0.120
04	11/4	0.099	18	13/4	0.113	32	21/4	0.113	46	1 7/8	0.148	60	23/8	0.148	74	31/4	0.131
05	11/2	0.080	19	1 7/8	0.080	33	21/2	0.092	47	2	0.120	61	21/2	0.120	75	31/4	0.148
06	11/2	0.086	20	17/8	0.086	34	21/2	0.099	48	2	0.131	62	21/2	0.148	76	31/2	0.135
07	11/2	0.092	21	17/8	0.092	35	21/2	0.113	49	21/8	0.099	63	21/2	0.162	77	31/2	0.148
08	11/2	0.099	22	1 7/8	0.099	36	21/2	0.131	50	21/8	0.113	64	25/8	0.148	78	31/2	0.162
09	11/2	0.113	23	1 7/8	0.113	37	31/2	0.131	51	21/8	0.120	65	23/4	0.120	79	4	0.148
10	1 5/8	0.080	24	2	0.080	38	11/2	0.120	52	21/8	0.131	66	23/4	0.131	80	4	0.162
11	1 5/8	0.086	25	2	0.086	39	11/2	0.131	53	21/8	0.148	67	23/4	0.148	81	41/2	0.148
12	1 5/8	0.092	26	2	0.092	40	11/2	0.148	54	21/4	0.120	68	27/8	0.120	82	41/2	0.162
13	1 5/8	0.099	27	2	0.099	41	11/2	0.162	55	21/4	0.131	69	3	0.120			
14	13/4	0.080	28	2	0.113	42	1 5⁄8	0.113	56	21/4	0.148	70	3	0.128			

^A All dimensions given in inches.

TABLE 16 Type I, Style 10—Concrete Nails^A

Note 1—Hardened steel, flat countersunk head, diamond point, smooth or mechanically deformed shank formed from round or square stock, as specified, bright finish.





		F 1667 NLCTS		
Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	1/2	0.148	0.312	450
02	5/8	0.148	0.312	350
03	3/4	0.148	0.312	290
04	7/8	0.148	0.312	250
05	1	0.148	0.312	210

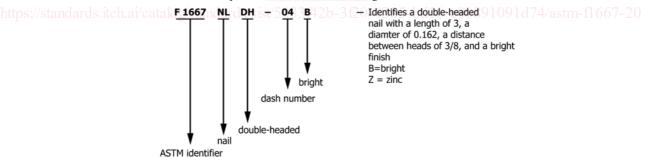
	F 1667 NLCTM													
Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb					
01	3/4	0.181	0.284	240	05	2	0.181	0.284	93					
02	1	0.181	0.284	204	06	21/2	0.181	0.284	68					
03	11/2	0.181	0.284	116	07	23/4	0.181	0.284	60					
04	13/4	0.181	0.284	112	08	3	0.181	0.284	52					

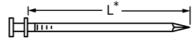
^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

Document Preview

TABLE 17 Type I, Style 11—Double-Headed Nails (Duplex)^A

Note 1—Carbon steel wire, flat heads, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright finish or zinc coated.



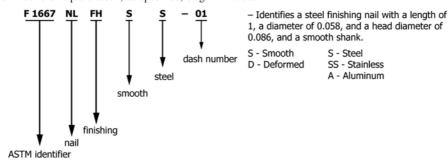


Dash No.	S	L	D	В	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	В	No./lb
01 02	6d 8d	1 ³ / ₄ 2 ¹ / ₄	0.113 0.131	1/4	160 90	04 05	16d 20d	3 3½	0.162 0.192	3/8 3/8	45 28
03	10d	23/4	0.131	5/16	59	06	30d	4	0.192	7/ ₁₆	22

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 18 Type I, Style 12—Finish Nails^A

Note 1—Carbon steel, stainless steel or aluminum wire, brad head, altered or T-head for use with power tools, diamond or chisel point, smooth or deformed shank formed from round or square stock, as specified, bright finished.





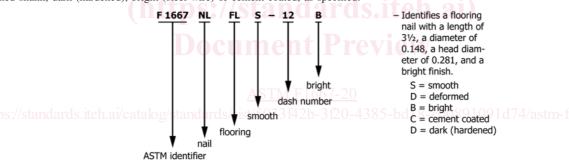
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	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.058	0.086	1.470	07	8d	21/2	0.099	0.142	190
02	3d	11/4	0.067	0.099	880	08	9d	23/4	0.099	0.142	180
03	4d	11/2	0.072	0.106	630	09	10d	3	0.113	0.155	120
04	5d	13/4	0.072	0.106	530	10	12d	31/4	0.113	0.155	110
05	6d	2	0.092	0.135	290	11	16d	31/2	0.120	0.162	93
06	7d	21/4	0.092	0.135	250	12	20d	4	0.135	0.177	65

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 19 Type I, Style 13—Flooring Nails^A

Note 1—Hardened steel or carbon steel wire, casing head or flat-cupped countersunk head, diamond or blunt point, round, smooth or mechanically deformed shank, dark (hardened), bright (steel wire) or cement coated, as specified.



Smooth =

= Deformed





Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.072	0.141	840	07	7d	21/4	0.113	0.203	160
02	3d	11/4	0.072	0.141	700	08	8d	21/2	0.135	0.177	100
03	4d	11/2	0.080	0.156	430	09	8d	21/2	0.113	0.203	110
04	4d	11/2	0.092	0.156	370	10	10d	3	0.135	0.250	82
05	5d	13/4	0.092	0.156	310	11	12d	31/4	0.135	0.250	75
06	6d	2	0.113	0.203	180	12	16d	31/2	0.148	0.281	58

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.