



Designation: ~~F1667—18a~~ F1667 – 20

Standard Specification for Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes, and Staples¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F1667; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

The Commercial and Government Entity (Cage) Code for ASTM: 81346.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers nails, spikes, staples, and other driven fasteners, as listed in **Table 1**.

NOTE 1—Fastener ductility information is presented in **Table 2** and dimensional information in Tables 3–65.

1.2 Fasteners described in this specification are driven by hand tool, power tool, or mechanical device in single or multiple strikes and are positioned by hand, tool, or machine.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.4 Fasteners in this specification are sold in bulk (loose) form and are collated for loading into the magazine of an application tool. Other than as covered in Section 9, Workmanship, cohering materials (including, but not limited to, plastic, adhesive bond, paper tape, plastic strip, plastic carrier, wire, etc.) and relative orientation of collated fasteners are not within the scope of this standard.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

- A153/A153M Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware
- A641/A641M Specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Carbon Steel Wire
- B695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel
- C514 Specification for Nails for the Application of Gypsum Board³
- F547 Terminology of Nails for Use with Wood and Wood-Base Materials

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.05 on Driven and Other Fasteners. Current edition approved Dec. 1, 2018/Dec. 15, 2020. Published December 2018/February 2021. Originally approved in 1995. Last previous edition approved in 2018 as F1667—18; F1667 – 18a. DOI: 10.1520/F1667-18A-10.1520/F1667-20.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Additional material and dimensional tolerance for nails used in Gypsumboard are addressed in C514.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

TABLE 1 Classification and Identification Index

Type	Style	Style Identification	Table
I—Nails (NL)	1. Brads	BR	3
	2. Barrel	BL	4
	3. Box A	BXA	5
	Box B	BXB	6
	4. Broom	BM	7
	5. Casing	CN	8
	6. Cooler	CL	9
	7. Sinker	SK	10
	8. Corker	CK	11
	9. Aluminum	CMA	12
	Common		
	Copper	CMC	13
	Common		
	Steel	CMS	14
	Common		
	Power-tool	CMP	15
	Driven		
	Common		
	10. Concrete	CTS/CTM	16
	11. Double-headed	DH	17
	(Duplex)		
	12. Finish	FH	18
	13. Flooring	FL	19
	14. Lath	LHF	20
	Lath	LHH	21
	15. Masonry	MR/MRH	22
	16. Pallet	PL	23
	17. Gypsum wallboard	GWS	24
	Gypsum wallboard	GWM	25
	18. Aluminum	RFA	26
	Roofing		
	Steel	RFS	27
	Roofing		
	Copper-Clad	RFC	28
	Roofing		
	Umbrella	RFL	29
	Head		
	Roofing		
	Steel	RFR	30
	Reinforced		
	Roofing		
	Cap Nail	MRH/PRH	31
	Hand Driven		
	Roofing		
	Cap Nail	MRP/PRP	32
	Power-Tool Driven		
	Roofing		
Washed	RFNS/RFND	33	
Aluminum			
Roofing			
Washed	RFE	34	
Steel			
Roofing			
19. Shingle	SHAD/SHAS	35	
Steel Shingle	SHSS/SHSR	36	
20. Siding	SDF/SDC/SDK	37	
21. Slating	SLA/SLC/SLS	38	
22. Rubber heel	RH	39	
23. Underlayment	UL	40	
24. Square-barbed	SB	41	
25. Masonry drive	MD	42	
26. Escutcheon	ES	43	
27. Glulam rivet	GR	44	
28. Post frame	PFRS	45	
Ring Shank			
Roof Sheathing Ring	RSRS	46	
Shank			
Standard Ring-Shank	SRS	47	
29. Metal	MHS/MHR	47	
Hardware			
Nails			
29. Metal	MHS/MHR	48	
Hardware			
Nails			

TABLE 1 *Continued*

Type	Style	Style Identification	Table
II—Cut nails (CN)	—1. Common	CM	48
II—Cut nails (CN)	1. Common	CM	49
	—2. Basket	BK	49
	2. Basket	BK	50
	—3. Clout	CL	50
	3. Clout	CL	51
III—Spikes (SP)	—1. Common	CM	51
III—Spikes (SP)	1. Common	CM	52
	—2. Gutter	GRF/GRO	52
	2. Gutter	GRF/GRO	53
	—3. Round	RDC/RDF	53
	3. Round	RDC/RDF	54
IV—Staples (ST)	—1. Fence	FN	54
IV—Staples (ST)	1. Fence	FN	55
	—2. Poultry netting	PN	55
	2. Poultry netting	PN	56
	—3. Flat top crown	FC	56
	3. Flat top crown	FC	57
	Flat top crown	FCC	57
	Flat top crown	FCC	58
	—4. Round or V crown	RC	58
	4. Round or V crown	RC	59
	—5. Preformed	PG	59
	5. Preformed	PC	60
	—6. Electrical	RE	60
	6. Electrical	RE	61
	—7. Preformed hoop	PH	61
	7. Preformed hoop	PH	62
	—8. Cap	STC	62
	8. Cap	STC	63

TABLE 2 Bend Angles for Fasteners Using the Test Methods
F680 Bend Test

Fastener Material	Bend Angle, °
1. Steel wire: (low-carbon, medium-low carbon, medium-carbon) (unhardened)	180
2. Stainless steel wire	180
3. Hardened steel fasteners	20
4. Sheet steel for cut nails, Type II, and cut spikes, Type III	90
5. Copper (min 98 %)	180
6. Copper clad wire (min 20 %)	180
7. Aluminum alloy wire	90
8. Brass wire	180

[F592 Terminology of Collated and Cohered Fasteners and Their Application Tools \(Withdrawn 2017\)](#)⁴

[F680 Test Methods for Nails](#)

[F1575 Test Method for Determining Bending Yield Moment of Nails](#)

[F3359 Test Method for Determining Bending Yield Moment of Staples](#)

3. Terminology

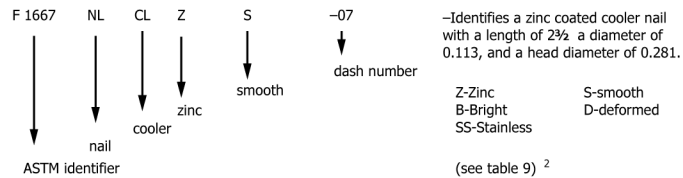
3.1 *Definitions*—The definitions used in this specification are those of common commercial acceptance and usage and also appear in Terminologies [F547](#) and [F592](#).

⁴ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

4. Classification

4.1 The fasteners and their **Table 1** classification are identified as follows:

NOTE 2—The identification of fasteners, classified by style and type (alpha indicators) followed by a dash number (numerical code) based on Tables 3–62, identifies dimensions specifically and establishes a PIN (part identifying number) system when preceded by the F1667 ASTM designator of this specification. For example:



4.2 The trade designation, *S*, pennyweight, used in commercial practice is referenced in Tables 3–47 wherever it applies.

5. Ordering Information

5.1 Orders for driven fasteners under this specification shall include the following information:

5.1.1 Quantity or weight;

5.1.2 Part identifying number (PIN) or product description (see 4.1 and appropriate table);

5.1.3 Special material requirements, if specified, including coatings or finishes;

5.1.4 ASTM designation;

5.1.5 Packaging requirements;

5.1.6 A producer's or supplier's certification that the material and the finished fastener are in compliance with this specification, furnished only when specified in the purchase order;

5.1.7 Supplementary requirements, if any; and

5.1.8 Any additions agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

6. Material Requirements

6.1 Steel wire used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall be of low carbon, medium-low carbon, or medium-high carbon.

6.2 Stainless steel wire used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall be of Types 302, 304, 305, or 316.

6.3 Carbon steel wire for the manufacture of hardened steel nails shall be suitable for heat treatment to a minimum hardness of 37 HRC.

6.4 Sheet steel used in the manufacture of cut nails (Type II) and cut spikes (Type III) shall be a medium-carbon sheet steel.

6.5 Copper used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall contain a minimum of 98 % pure copper.

6.6 Copper-clad steel wire used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall contain not less than 20 % copper by weight. The average thickness of copper on the steel wire shall be not less than 10 % of the radius of the clad wire; the minimum thickness of copper on the steel wire shall be not less than 8 % of the radius of the clad wire.

6.7 Aluminum alloy wire used in the manufacture of fasteners shall conform to Alloy 2024, 5056, 6061, or 6110 and have a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 60 000 psi.

NOTE 3—Smooth shank nails are sometimes chemically treated to remove grease, oil, and foreign matter and to roughen the surface microscopically. Mechanically deformed nails are sometimes cleaned to remove grease and foreign matter.

6.8 Brass wire used in the manufacture of fasteners shall be of good commercial quality suitable for the purpose.

7. Physical Properties

7.1 *Ductility*—The fasteners shall be sufficiently ductile to withstand cold bending without fracture, as specified in Table 2 for various materials used in the manufacture of fasteners utilizing the conventional bend test described in Test Methods F680. Mandrel diameter used in this test shall not exceed nail/wire diameter. The cold bend test shall not apply to unhardened nails with deformed shanks.

7.2 *Tensile Strength*—Finished driven fasteners are not normally subject to tension testing. However, the wire or sheet used to manufacture the fastener is tested as required for control in the production process during manufacture.

7.3 *Number per pound*—Number per pound figures are not requirements. Number per pound varies (1) as actual dimensions vary within tolerance ranges, (2) between bright and coated nails, and (3) with zinc coating thickness for galvanized nails. No tolerances have been established for these figures. They are for reference only and shall not be used as product acceptance/rejection criteria.

8. Dimensions and Tolerances

8.1 Nominal dimensions of nails and spikes shall be as shown in Tables 3–53. The following dimensional designations shall apply:

<i>S</i>	= trade designation (reference in penny weight),
<i>L</i>	= length, in.,
<i>H</i>	= head diameter or width, in.,
<i>D</i>	= shank diameter, in.,
<i>D*</i>	= shank diameter, in., measured shank diameter, in (Tables 45-47)
<i>TI</i>	= Measured crest diameter of deformed portion of nail shank, in., (Tables 45-47)
<i>TI-D*</i>	= Measured crest diameter minus the measured shank diameter, in. (Tables 45-47)
<i>TL</i>	= Length of threaded section of nail shank, in. (Tables 45-47)
<i>P</i>	= Pitch or spacing of rings on a ring-shank nail, in., (Tables 45-47)
<i>B</i>	= head separation, in. (Table 17), and
<i>No./lb</i>	= approximate count per pound.

8.1.1 The lengths, *L*, of nails and spikes with flat heads or parallel shoulders under the head shall be measured from under the head or shoulder to the tip of the point. All other nails and spikes shall be measured overall.

8.1.2 The diameter, *D*, of smooth shank nails and spikes shall be measured away from the gripper marks. The diameter, *D*, of deformed shank nails shall be measured before deformation, or when available, the smooth section of the shank away from any gripper marks. All diameter dimensions shall be taken prior to the application of or after the removal of any coatings or finish.

8.2 Tolerances on Nominal Dimensions for Nails and Spikes:

8.2.1 Length tolerances shall be $\pm 1/32$ in. for lengths up to and including 1 in.; $\pm 1/16$ in. for lengths over 1 in., up to and including 2 1/2 in.; $\pm 3/32$ for lengths over 2 1/2 in., up to and including 7 in.; and $\pm 1/8$ in. for all lengths over 7 in. Tolerance for the length of any shank deformation shall be the same as the length of the nail shank.

8.2.2 Shank diameter tolerances shall be ± 0.002 in. for diameters smaller than 0.076 in. and ± 0.004 in. for diameters 0.076 in. and larger.

8.2.3 Head Diameter Tolerances:

8.2.3.1 *Hand Driven*—Tolerances on concentric round head diameters shall be $\pm 10\%$ of the nominal head diameter (individual measurement). The difference in diameter across the long axis shall not exceed that across the short axis by more than 10%. A fillet shall be provided under the head if not otherwise specified.

8.2.3.2 *Power-Tool Driven*—Tolerances on head dimensions of power-tool driven nails shall comply with the nail manufacturer's specifications and shall be suitable for use in the make and model of the tool specified.

8.3 Nominal dimensions of staples shall be as shown in Tables ~~54–60, 55–61~~, and the following dimensional designations shall apply:

8.3.1 *Hand Tool–Driven Nominal Dimensions:*

L = leg length, inside, in.,
 D = round leg diameter, in.,
 C = crown width, inside, in., and
 $No./lb$ = approximate count per pound.

8.3.2 *Power Tool–Driven Nominal Dimensions:*

D = round leg diameter, in.,
 L = leg length, outside, in.,
 F = leg thickness, in. (see Tables 56 and 57),
 T = leg thickness, in. (see Tables 57 and 58),
 W = leg width, in. (see Tables 56 and 57),
 W = leg width, in. (see Tables 57 and 58),
 C = crown width, outside, in., and
 G = steel wire gage.

8.4 *Tolerances on Nominal Dimensions for Staples:*

8.4.1 Leg length, L , tolerances shall be $+1/32$, $-1/64$ in. for both hand tool–driven and power tool–driven staples.

8.4.2 Diameter tolerances for hand tool–driven round staples shall be ± 0.002 in. for diameters smaller than 0.076 in. and ± 0.004 in. for diameters 0.076 in. and larger.

8.4.3 Thickness and width tolerances on power-tool driven staples shall comply with the manufacturer's specification and shall be suitable for use in the make and model tool specified (see Tables 56 and 57). specified. When used in wood structural connections, dimensions, and tolerances in (Tables 57 and 58) shall apply.

8.4.4 Crown width tolerances are $\pm 1/32$ in. unless otherwise specified.

8.5 *Nominal Dimensions for Cut Nails, Type II*—Unless otherwise specified, cut nails shall be sheared from medium carbon sheet steel and shall have a wedge-shaped shank with a sheared square point end narrower than the upset head end. The designation T in Tables ~~49–50~~50–51 refers to sheet thickness in finished product. Other designations shall be the same as those for nails in 8.1.

8.6 When gage is used as a nominal diameter dimension for nails in the application of this specification, a decimal equivalent shall also be provided. (See **Note 4**.)

NOTE 4—Wire gage standards differ by base metal. For that reason, wire gage specifications are not referenced in this specification for nails, and gage as a specification requires the decimal equivalent for interpretation.

8.7 When gage is used as a nominal diameter for staples in the application of this specification, it shall be in accordance with the dimensional equivalents shown in the corresponding tables of this specification. (See **Note 5**.)

NOTE 5—For certain staples, the diameter of the round wire used is designated as gage prior to flattening and forming into the shape of the staple.

9. Workmanship

9.1 Fasteners covered by this specification shall be true to shape, well-finished, free from imperfections, clean, and free of corrosion. Power-tool driven collated items shall be uniform and aligned properly in their assembled form for use in power tools.

10. Protective Coatings and Finishes

10.1 Zinc Coating:

10.1.1 Driven fasteners required to be zinc coated shall be cut and formed from hot-dip, ~~hard-wiped, galvanized steel wire, electrodeposited (electrogalvanized) steel wire, or zinc flake/chromate dispersion-coated or electrogalvanized steel wire;~~ or they shall be cut from uncoated (bright) steel wire and ~~shall be hot-dip galvanized, electrodeposited zinc coated, mechanically deposited zinc coated, or zinc flake/chromate dispersion-coated galvanized,~~ after forming.

~~10.1.2 Hot-dip galvanized or electrogalvanized steel wire for the manufacture of fasteners shall have a coating weight in accordance with Specification A641/A641M, Supplementary Requirements, Class 1.~~

~~10.1.2 Hot-dip galvanized steel fasteners coated after forming shall have a coating weight in accordance with Specification A153/A153M, Class D, when a heavier coating for exterior use is specified. If not otherwise specified, the coating weight shall be in accordance with Specification A641/A641M, Supplementary Requirements, Class 1. Hot-dip galvanized nails:~~

~~10.1.2.1 Hot-dip galvanized or electrogalvanized steel wire for the manufacture of fasteners shall have a coating weight in accordance with Specification A641/A641M, Supplementary Requirements, Class 3S, when a heavier coating for exterior use and/or use in treated wood is specified. The minimum zinc coating shall be in accordance with Supplementary Requirements, Class 1, unless otherwise specified.~~

~~10.1.2.2 Hot-dip galvanized steel fasteners coated after forming shall have a coating weight in accordance with Specification A153/A153M, Class D, when a heavier coating for exterior use is specified. The minimum coating weight shall be in accordance with Specification A641/A641M, Supplementary Requirements, Class 1.~~

~~10.1.3 Electrogalvanized steel fasteners cut and formed from electrogalvanized steel wire or electrogalvanized after forming shall have a regular coating (no minimum weight of coating specified) in accordance with Specification A641/A641M section 9.2, unless otherwise specified.~~

10.1.4 Mechanically deposited zinc coatings applied to fasteners after forming shall have a thickness in accordance with Specification B695, Class 40, unless otherwise specified.

10.2 Other Coatings and Finishes (When Specified):

10.2.1 Chemical etching shall remove the polish of fabrication and roughen the surface microscopically.

10.2.2 Blued nails shall be heated to form a thin, colored oxide on the surface.

10.2.3 Miscellaneous finishes and coatings, such as polymer coatings, tin plating, liquor, brass plating, copper plating, phosphate coating, or oil coating shall be applied.

NOTE 6—Polymer coatings are often used to assist in the driving of power-tool driven fasteners.

10.3 Altered Shapes and Deformations:

10.3.1 Mechanically formed or deformed nail shanks shall have barbs, flutes, threads, or angular serrations formed onto the wire from which the nail is manufactured. Mechanically deformed shanks shall have vertical or helical flutes or screw-type or annular (ring)-type deformations rolled onto the shank. Symmetrical helical shank deformations shall be obtained by twisting square wire. The deformations shall pass entirely around the shank body, resulting in expanded ridges and depressions. Interruptions in shank deformation to facilitate attachment of materials for collating nails is permitted.

10.3.2 Head shapes and head dimensions of power-tool driven nails shall comply with the nail manufacturer's specifications and shall be suitable for use in the make and model of the tool specified.

10.3.3 Staples manufactured for intended use in power tools shall comply with the tool manufacturer's ~~specification or specification~~. When used in wood structural connections, dimensions and tolerances, for Type IV, Style 3 (Table 5657 or Table 57): 58) shall apply.

11. Certification

11.1 When specified in the purchase order, a producer's or supplier's certification shall be furnished to the purchaser, indicating that the fasteners are in compliance with this specification and the purchase order.

12. Packaging and Package Marking

12.1 Unless otherwise specified, fasteners shall be in substantial commercial containers of the type, size, and kind commonly used for the purpose, so constructed as to preserve the contents in good condition and to ensure acceptance and safe delivery by common or other carriers to the point of delivery. In addition, the containers shall be so made that the contents can be removed partially without destroying the container's ability to serve as a receptacle for the remainder of the contents.

12.2 When specified, individual packages and shipping containers shall be marked with the part-identifying number, style (see **Table 1**), fastener length, diameter (or gage, as applicable) material (other than carbon steel), coating/finish, for nails-shank style (smooth, ring, screw, etc.), for staples –crown width, the name of the manufacturer or distributor, country of origin, and the quantity or net weight.

13. Keywords

13.1 diameter; driven fasteners; head; length; nails; point; spikes; staples

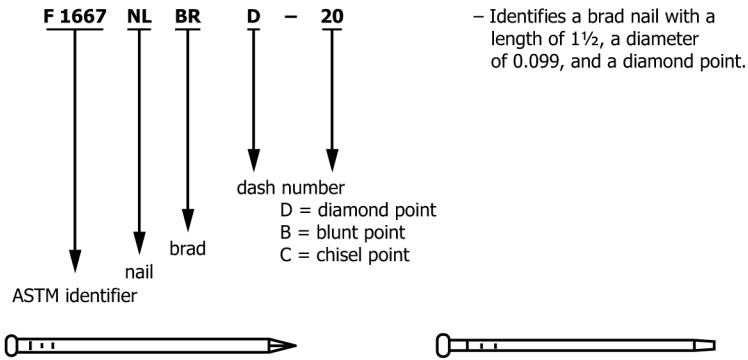
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TABLE 3 Type I, Style 1—Brads^A

NOTE 1—Carbon steel wire, brad head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright finish. When specified, brads shall have a modified brad head with a blunt or chiseled point for use with power tools.



Dash No.	L	D	S	No./lb	Dash No.	L	D	S	No./lb
01	3/8	0.035	...	9520	21	1 3/4	0.062	...	670
02	1/2	0.035	...	7060	22	1 3/4	0.080	...	400
03	1/2	0.048	...	3990	23	1 3/4	0.099	5d	270
04	5/8	0.035	...	5680	24	2	0.062	...	580
05	5/8	0.048	...	3200	25	2	0.080	...	350
06	3/4	0.035	...	4800	26	2	0.113	6d	180
07	3/4	0.048	...	2620	27	2 1/4	0.080	...	320
08	3/4	0.062	...	1550	28	2 1/4	0.113	7d	160
09	7/8	0.035	...	4220	29	2 1/2	0.080	...	290
10	7/8	0.048	...	2220	30	2 1/2	0.131	8d	110
11	7/8	0.062	...	1280	31	2 3/4	0.131	9d	97
12	1	0.054	...	1500	32	3	0.148	10d	70
13	1	0.062	...	1120	33	3 1/4	0.148	12d	65
14	1	0.072	...	904	34	3 1/2	0.162	16d	50
15	1 1/4	0.054	...	1210	35	4	0.192	20d	31
16	1 1/4	0.062	...	940	36	4 1/2	0.207	30d	24
17	1 1/4	0.080	3d	560	37	5	0.225	40d	18
18	1 1/2	0.054	...	1040	38	5 1/2	0.244	50d	14
19	1 1/2	0.080	...	470	39	6	0.262	60d	11
20	1 1/2	0.099	4d	320

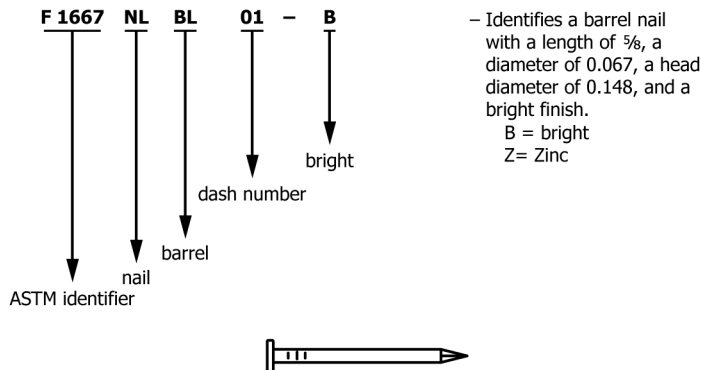
^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

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TABLE 4 Type I, Style 2—Barrel Nails^A

NOTE 1—Carbon steel wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified.

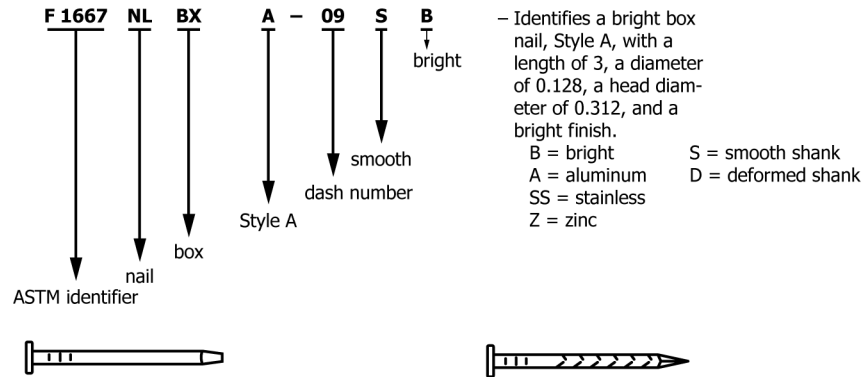


Dash No.	L	D	H	No./lb	Dash No.	L	D	H	No./lb
01	5/8	0.067	0.148	1.550	05	1 1/8	0.076	0.177	670
02	3/4	0.067	0.148	1.300	06	1 1/4	0.080	0.188	540
03	7/8	0.076	0.177	850	07	1 3/8	0.092	0.219	380
04	1	0.076	0.177	750	08	1 1/2	0.092	0.219	350

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 5 Type I, Style 3A—Box Nails^A

NOTE 1—Carbon steel, stainless steel or aluminium wire, flat head, diamond point, round, deformed or smooth shank, bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified. When specified, box nails shall have an altered or T-head with a diamond, blunt, or chisel point for use with power tools.

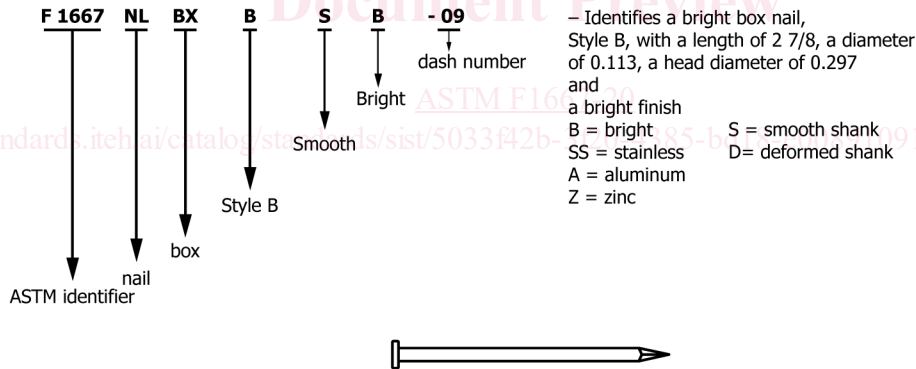


F 1667 NLBXA											
Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.067	0.188	940	08	9d	2¾	0.113	0.297	120
02	3d	1¼	0.076	0.219	590	09	10d	3	0.128	0.312	90
03	4d	1½	0.080	0.219	450	10	12d	3¼	0.128	0.312	83
04	5d	1¾	0.080	0.219	390	11	16d	3½	0.135	0.344	69
05	6d	2	0.099	0.266	220	12	20d	4	0.148	0.375	50
06	7d	2¼	0.099	0.266	200	13	30d	4½	0.148	0.375	45
07	8d	2½	0.113	0.297	140	14	40d	5	0.162	0.406	34

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 6 Type I, Style 3B—Box Nails^A

NOTE 1—Carbon steel, stainless steel or aluminum wire, flat head, diamond point, round, deformed or smooth shank, bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified.

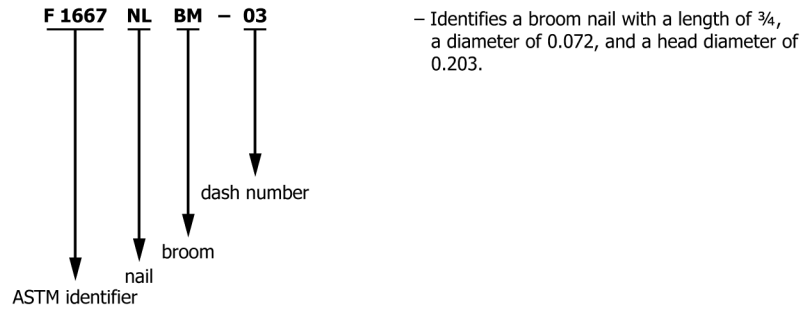


F 1667 NLBxB											
Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.058	0.172	1250	06	7d	2¼	0.086	0.250	280
02	3d	1⅛	0.062	0.188	980	07	8d	2⅜	0.099	0.266	190
03	4d	1⅜	0.067	0.203	680	08	9d	2⅝	0.099	0.266	170
04	5d	1⅝	0.072	0.219	510	09	10d	2⅞	0.113	0.297	120
05	6d	1⅞	0.086	0.250	315	...	...	...	...	...	...

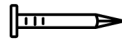
^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 7 Type I, Style 4—Broom Nails^A

NOTE 1—Carbon steel wire, flat or star head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright finish, as specified.



— Identifies a broom nail with a length of $\frac{3}{4}$, a diameter of 0.072, and a head diameter of 0.203.

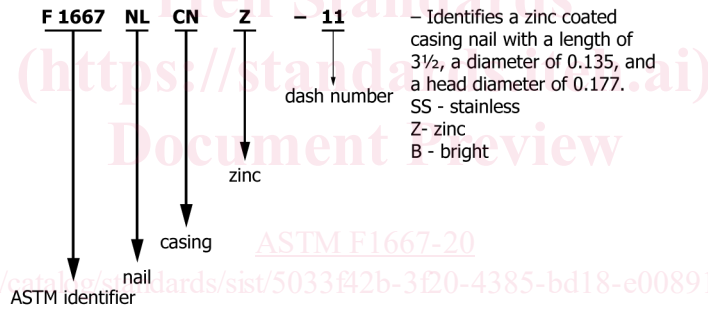


Dash No.	<i>L</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>H</i>	No./lb
01	$\frac{5}{8}$	0.072	0.203	1480
02	$\frac{5}{8}$	0.080	0.219	990
03	$\frac{3}{4}$	0.072	0.203	1170
04	$\frac{3}{4}$	0.080	0.219	840

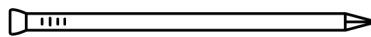
^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 8 Type I, Style 5—Casing Nails^A

NOTE 1—Carbon steel or stainless steel wire, flat countersunk cupped head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright or zinc coated.



— Identifies a zinc coated casing nail with a length of $3\frac{1}{2}$, a diameter of 0.135, and a head diameter of 0.177.
 SS - stainless
 Z - zinc
 B - bright

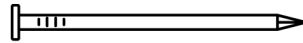
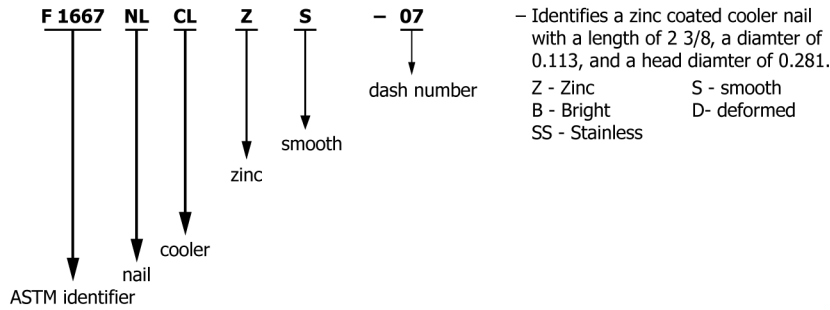


Dash No.	<i>S</i>	<i>L</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>H</i>	No./lb	Dash No.	<i>S</i>	<i>L</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>H</i>	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.067	0.099	1090	07	8d	2½	0.113	0.155	150
02	3d	1¼	0.076	0.113	650	08	9d	2¾	0.113	0.155	135
03	4d	1½	0.080	0.120	490	09	10d	3	0.128	0.170	95
04	5d	1¾	0.080	0.120	415	10	12d	3¼	0.128	0.170	90
05	6d	2	0.099	0.142	245	11	16d	3½	0.135	0.177	75
06	7d	2¼	0.099	0.142	215	...	...	...	...	...	...

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 9 Type I, Style 6—Cooler Nails^A

NOTE 1—Carbon steel or stainless steel wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth or deformed shank, bright or zinc or other coating as specified. When specified, coolers shall have an altered or T-head for use with mechanical drivers.

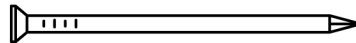
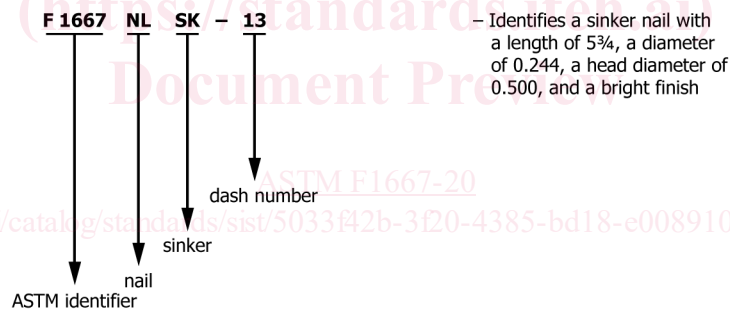


Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.062	0.172	1110	06	7d	2 ¹ / ₈	0.099	0.266	210
02	3d	1 ¹ / ₈	0.067	0.188	840	07	8d	2 ³ / ₈	0.113	0.281	140
03	4d	1 ³ / ₈	0.080	0.219	490	08	9d	2 ⁵ / ₈	0.113	0.281	130
04	5d	1 ⁵ / ₈	0.086	0.234	370	09	10d	2 ⁷ / ₈	0.120	0.297	100
05	6d	1 ⁷ / ₈	0.092	0.250	280	...	...	...	...	...	...

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 10 Type I, Style 7—Sinker Nails^A

NOTE 1—Carbon steel wire, flat countersunk head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright or other coating as specified. When specified, sinkers shall have an altered or T-head for use with power tools.

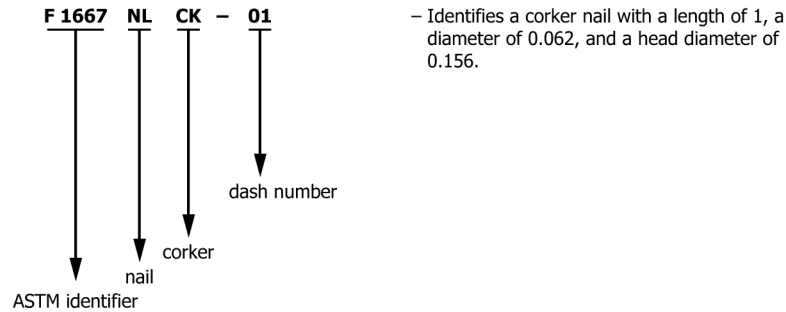


Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb
01	3d	1 ¹ / ₈	0.067	0.172	940	08	12d	3 ¹ / ₈	0.135	0.312	81
02	4d	1 ³ / ₈	0.080	0.203	530	09	16d	3 ¹ / ₄	0.148	0.344	64
03	5d	1 ⁵ / ₈	0.086	0.219	390	10	20d	3 ³ / ₄	0.177	0.375	40
04	6d	1 ⁷ / ₈	0.092	0.234	290	11	30d	4 ¹ / ₄	0.192	0.406	30
05	7d	2 ¹ / ₈	0.099	0.250	220	12	40d	4 ³ / ₄	0.207	0.438	23
06	8d	2 ³ / ₈	0.113	0.266	150	13	60d	5 ³ / ₄	0.244	0.500	14
07	10d	2 ⁷ / ₈	0.120	0.281	110	...	...	...	...	...	...

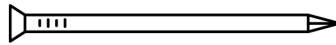
^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 11 Type I, Style 8—Corker Nails^A

NOTE 1—Carbon steel wire, flat countersunk head, diamond point, round smooth shank, or other coating as specified. When specified, corkers shall have an altered or T-head for use with power tools.



– Identifies a corker nail with a length of 1, a diameter of 0.062, and a head diameter of 0.156.

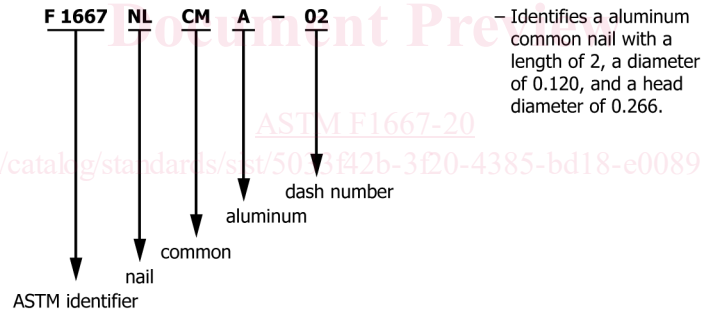


Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.062	0.156	1220	09	10d	2 ⁷ / ₈	0.135	0.312	89
02	3d	1 ¹ / ₄	0.072	0.188	720	10	12d	3 ¹ / ₈	0.135	0.312	81
03	4d	1 ¹ / ₂	0.086	0.219	420	11	16d	3 ³ / ₈	0.148	0.344	62
04	5d	1 ⁵ / ₈	0.086	0.219	320	12	20d	3 ⁷ / ₈	0.177	0.375	38
05	6d	1 ⁷ / ₈	0.099	0.250	250	13	30d	4 ³ / ₈	0.192	0.406	29
06	7d	2 ¹ / ₈	0.099	0.250	220	14	40d	4 ⁷ / ₈	0.207	0.438	22
07	8d	2 ³ / ₈	0.120	0.281	130	15	50d	5 ³ / ₈	0.226	0.469	17
08	9d	2 ⁵ / ₈	0.120	0.281	120	16	60d	5 ⁷ / ₈	0.244	0.500	13

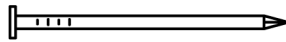
^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 12 Type I, Style 9—Aluminum Common Nails^A

NOTE 1—Aluminum alloy wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank, or, when specified, square barbed shank.



– Identifies an aluminum common nail with a length of 2, a diameter of 0.120, and a head diameter of 0.266.

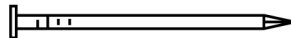
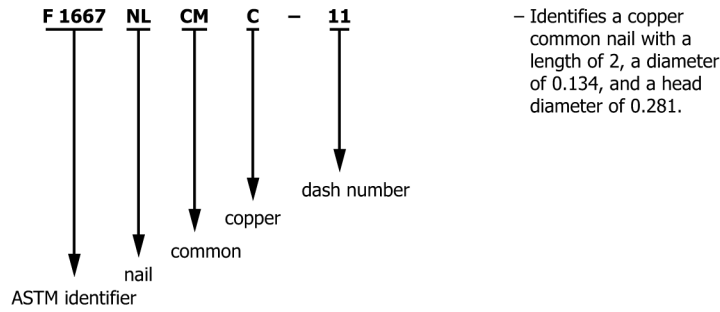


F 1667 NLCMA											
Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb
01	4d	1 ¹ / ₂	0.099	0.250	830	04	10d	3	0.162	0.312	170
02	6d	2	0.120	0.266	430	05	16d	3 ¹ / ₂	0.177	0.344	120
03	8d	2 ¹ / ₂	0.148	0.281	220	06	20d	4	0.199	0.406	78

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 13 Type I, Style 9—Copper Common Nails^A

NOTE 1—Copper wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank.

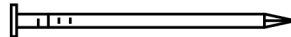
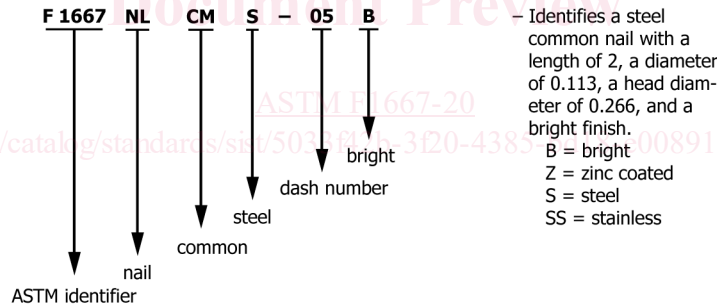


F 1667 NLCMC									
Dash No.	L	D	H	No./lb	Dash No.	L	D	H	No./lb
01	5/8	0.065	0.156	1380	10	2	0.120	0.266	130
02	3/4	0.065	0.156	1160	11	2	0.134	0.281	...
03	3/4	0.072	0.172	960	12	2 1/2	0.134	0.281	86
04	7/8	0.072	0.172	810	13	3	0.148	0.312	56
05	1	0.072	0.172	700	14	3 1/2	0.165	0.344	40
06	1 1/4	0.083	0.203	420	15	4	0.203	0.406	23
07	1 1/2	0.109	0.250	210	16	4 1/2	0.220	0.438	18
08	1 3/4	0.109	0.250	180	17	5	0.238	0.469	14
09	1 3/4	0.120	0.266	140	18	6	0.284	0.531	8

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 14 Type I, Style 9—Steel Common Nails^A

NOTE 1—Carbon steel or stainless steel wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified.

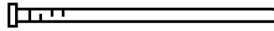
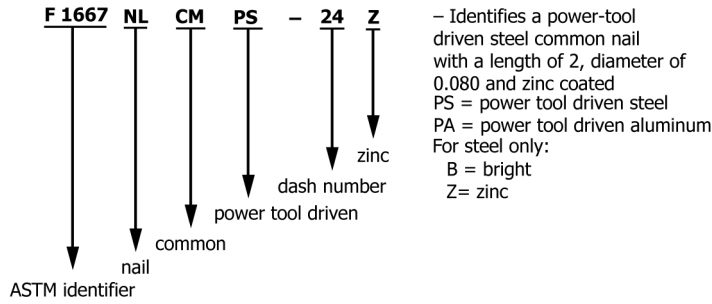


F 1667 NLCMS											
Dash No.	S	L	D	H	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	H	No./lb	
01	2d	1	0.072	0.172	850	09	10d	3	0.148	0.312	66
02	3d	1 1/4	0.080	0.203	540	10	12d	3 1/4	0.148	0.312	61
03	4d	1 1/2	0.099	0.250	290	11	16d	3 1/2	0.162	0.344	47
04	5d	1 3/4	0.099	0.250	250	12	20d	4	0.192	0.406	30
05	6d	2	0.113	0.266	170	13	30d	4 1/2	0.207	0.438	23
06	7d	2 1/4	0.113	0.266	150	14	40d	5	0.226	0.469	17
07	8d	2 1/2	0.131	0.281	100	15	50d	5 1/2	0.244	0.500	14
08	9d	2 3/4	0.131	0.281	92	16	60d	6	0.262	0.531	11

^AAll dimensions are given in inches.

TABLE 15 Type I, Style 9—Power-tool Driven Common Nails^A

NOTE 1—Aluminum alloy wire, stainless steel or carbon steel wire, (bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified), round, altered or T-head, diamond or chisel point, round smooth or deformed shank, as specified. Primarily intended for use with power-tools.



F1667 NLCMM														
Dash No.	L	D	Dash No.	L	D	Dash No.	L	D	Dash No.	L	D	Dash No.	L	D
01	1¼	0.080	15	1¾	0.086	29	2	0.148	43	1¾	0.120	57	2¾	0.113
02	1¼	0.086	16	1¾	0.092	30	2¼	0.092	44	1⅞	0.120	58	2¾	0.120
03	1¼	0.092	17	1¾	0.099	31	2¼	0.099	45	1⅞	0.131	59	2¾	0.131
04	1¼	0.099	18	1¾	0.113	32	2¼	0.113	46	1⅞	0.148	60	2¾	0.148
05	1½	0.080	19	1⅞	0.080	33	2½	0.092	47	2	0.120	61	2½	0.120
06	1½	0.086	20	1⅞	0.086	34	2½	0.099	48	2	0.131	62	2½	0.148
07	1½	0.092	21	1⅞	0.092	35	2½	0.113	49	2⅛	0.099	63	2½	0.162
08	1½	0.099	22	1⅞	0.099	36	2½	0.131	50	2⅛	0.113	64	2⅝	0.148
09	1½	0.113	23	1⅞	0.113	37	3½	0.131	51	2⅛	0.120	65	2¾	0.120
10	1⅝	0.080	24	2	0.080	38	1½	0.120	52	2⅛	0.131	66	2¾	0.131
11	1⅝	0.086	25	2	0.086	39	1½	0.131	53	2⅛	0.148	67	2¾	0.148
12	1⅝	0.092	26	2	0.092	40	1½	0.148	54	2¼	0.120	68	2⅞	0.120
13	1⅝	0.099	27	2	0.099	41	1½	0.162	55	2¼	0.131	69	3	0.120
14	1¾	0.080	28	2	0.113	42	1⅝	0.113	56	2¼	0.148	70	3	0.128
												71	3	0.131
												72	3	0.148
												73	3¼	0.120
												74	3¼	0.131
												75	3¼	0.148
												76	3½	0.135
												77	3½	0.148
												78	3½	0.162
												79	4	0.148
												80	4	0.162
												81	4½	0.148
												82	4½	0.162
											
											

^A All dimensions given in inches.

Document Preview

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