

Designation: A753 - 21

Standard Specification for Wrought Nickel-Iron Soft Magnetic Alloys (UNS K94490, K94840, N14076, N14080)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A753; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers commonly used wrought nickel-iron soft magnetic alloys produced or supplied expressly for use in magnetic cores and other parts requiring high magnetic permeability, high electrical resistivity, low coercive field strength, and low core loss.
- 1.2 This specification covers materials supplied by a producer or converter to the form and physical condition desired for fabrication into parts that will later be given a final heat treatment to achieve the desired magnetic characteristics. It covers materials supplied in the form of forging billet; hotrolled plate, strip, and bar; cold-finished bar; cold-rolled and annealed sheet and strip; shaped bar and wire; and wire.
- 1.2.1 This specification does not cover either powder metallurgically produced or cast parts.
- 1.2.2 This specification lists requirements for strip products having isotropic or semi-isotropic magnetic properties but does not include requirements for anisotropic or square hysteresis loop alloys or alloys processed to yield flattened hysteresis loops by use of heat treatments in an applied magnetic field.
- 1.2.3 This specification does not cover alloys modified by the addition of elements such as sulfur and selenium to enhance machinability.
- 1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to customary (cgs-emu and inch-pound) units which are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.3.1 There are selected values presented in two units, both of which are in acceptable SI units. These are differentiated by the word ", or," as in "g/cm³, or, (kg/m³)." In addition, values for mean linear coefficient of expansion in Table X1.1 are shown solely in μ m/m/°C in keeping with prior versions of this standard.
- ¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A06 on Magnetic Properties, and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A06.02 on Material Specifications.
- Current edition approved Feb. 1, 2021. Published February 2021. Originally approved in 1978. Last previous edition approved in 2013 as A753-08 (2013). DOI: 10.1520/A0753-21.

- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.5 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A34/A34M Practice for Sampling and Procurement Testing of Magnetic Materials

A340 Terminology of Symbols and Definitions Relating to Magnetic Testing

A341/A341M Test Method for Direct Current Magnetic Properties of Soft Magnetic Materials Using D-C Permeameters and the Point by Point (Ballistic) Test Methods

A480/A480M Specification for General Requirements for Flat-Rolled Stainless and Heat-Resisting Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip

A484/A484M Specification for General Requirements for Stainless Steel Bars, Billets, and Forgings

A555/A555M Specification for General Requirements for Stainless Steel Wire and Wire Rods

A596/A596M Test Method for Direct-Current Magnetic Properties of Materials Using the Point by Point (Ballistic) Method and Ring Specimens

A772/A772M Test Method for AC Magnetic Permeability of Materials Using Sinusoidal Current

A773/A773M Test Method for Direct Current Magnetic Properties of Low Coercivity Magnetic Materials Using Hysteresigraphs

E527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System (UNS)

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

E1019 Test Methods for Determination of Carbon, Sulfur, Nitrogen, and Oxygen in Steel, Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys by Various Combustion and Inert Gas Fusion Techniques

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Except as noted in 3.1.1 below, the terms and symbols used in this specification are defined in Terminology A340.
- 3.1.1 Permeability values listed in Table 4 and Table 5, are relative permeabilities, that is, the absolute value divided by the magnetic constant. Permeability values will not make further reference to the qualifying term, "relative."

4. Classification

4.1 Four specific alloy types are covered in Table 1.

TABLE 1 Specific Alloy Types

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Alloy Type	UNS Number ^A	Nickel Range, % ^B
1	K94490	43.5 to 46.5
2	K94840	47.0 to 49.0
3	N14076	75.0 to 78.0
4	N14080	79.0 to 82.0

^A UNS refers to the Unified Numbering System, an alloy identification system supported by ASTM. Refer to Practice E527 for details.

4.2 Alloy Type 2 in thin-strip form (thickness less than or equal to 0.51 mm (0.020 in.)) is available in two different grades. Grade 1 is semi-isotropic and is recommended for use in transformer laminations. Grade 2 is isotropic and is recommended for use in rotating machinery laminations and magnetic shielding parts. These grades are the result of different mill processing (that is, cold-rolling and annealing) practices and cannot be created by changes in the final heat treatment given to the laminations or parts.

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Orders for material conforming to this specification shall include the following information:
- 5.1.1 Reference to this specification and year of issue or revision.
 - 5.1.2 Alloy type (Section 4) and grade where appropriate.
 - 5.1.3 Dimensions and tolerances (Section 12).
 - 5.1.4 Quantity (weight or number of pieces as appropriate).
 - 5.1.5 Form and condition (Section 7).
- 5.1.6 Magnetic property requirements if they are other than those listed in this specification.
- 5.1.7 Certification of chemical analysis and magnetic quality evaluation.
 - 5.1.8 Marking and packaging requirements.
- 5.1.9 End Use—Whenever possible, the user should specify whether the material will be machined, blanked into flat pieces, blanked and formed, deep drawn to shape, wound into a core, punched into laminations, or photo-etched. This will help the producer to provide the most suitable material for the user's fabricating practices.
- 5.1.10 Exceptions to this specification or special requirements such as mechanical property requirements.

6. Chemical Composition

- 6.1 The alloys shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 2. Since magnetic performance is paramount, analysis variations are permitted by mutual agreement between the user and producer.
- 6.2 Determination of metallic constituents and phosphorus shall be by a method(s) acceptable to both producer and user. Analysis of carbon and sulfur shall be done in accordance with Test Methods E1019.

7. Form and Condition

- 7.1 These materials are capable of being produced in a wide variety of forms and conditions suitable for further manufacture into specific magnetic articles. The desired form and condition shall be specified and should be discussed with the producer before ordering to assure receiving the appropriate product. Available forms and conditions are:
- 7.1.1 *Forging Billet*—Hot worked; hot worked with surfaces prepared by grinding.
- 7.1.2 Hot-Rolled Plate, Strip, and Bar—Hot-rolled; hot-rolled and acid cleaned; hot-rolled and annealed; hot-rolled, annealed, and acid cleaned; hot-rolled and mechanically cleaned; mechanical properties as specified.
- 7.1.3 *Cold-Finished Bars*—Cold-drawn; cold-drawn and centerless ground; cold-drawn and annealed to specified mechanical properties.
- 7.1.4 *Cold-Rolled Sheet and Strip*—Cold-rolled; deep draw quality; cold-rolled and annealed to specified mechanical properties.
- 7.1.5 *Wire*—Cold-drawn; cold-drawn and annealed to specified mechanical properties.
- 7.1.6 *Shaped Bar and Wire*—Cold-worked; cold-worked and annealed to specified mechanical properties.

8. Magnetic Property Requirements—General Requirements

8.1 *Test Methods*—Because of the extremely high magnetic permeabilities developed in these alloys after heat treatment, the use of permeameters (Test Method A341/A341M) is expressly forbidden. Allowable test methods are those using ring-type specimens.

TABLE 2 Chemical Requirements (Weight Percent)

	Alloy 1 UNS K94490	Alloy 2 UNS K94840	Alloy 3 UNS N14076	Alloy 4 UNS N14080
Carbon, max.	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Manganese, max.	0.80	0.80	1.5	0.80
Silicon, max.	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Phosphorus, max.	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02
Sulfur, max.	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Chromium	0.30 max.	0.30 max.	2.0-3.0	0.30 max.
Nickel	43.5-46.5	47.0-49.0	75.0-78.0	79.0-82.0
Molybdenum	0.30 max	0.30 max.	0.50 max	3.5-6.0
Cobalt, max.	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Copper	0.30 max	0.30 max.	4.0-6.0	0.30 max.
Iron ^A	balance	balance	balance	balance

^A Iron is the balance by difference. Quantitative analysis of this element is not required.

^B Alloy Types 3 and 4 have additions of molybdenum, copper, and chromium to improve magnetic performance.



- 8.2 Test Specimen—Whenever possible, test specimen size and shape shall conform to those listed in Practice A34/A34M. Specimen shapes such as stacked laminations, solid rings, and spirally wound tape and wire cores are necessary for the most accurate results. If, however, the product form or dimensions precludes the use of a preferred test specimen, the specimen shape and size shall be mutually agreed upon between the producer and user.
- 8.3 *Density*—The assumed densities of these materials for purposes of magnetic testing shall be as in Table 3:
- 8.4 *Heat Treatment*—The heat treatment applied to the test specimen shall be mutually agreed upon between the producer and user. If no such agreement exists, the heat treatment applied to the test specimen shall be chosen by the producer to exceed the magnetic property requirements listed in Tables 4 and 5 of this specification. Refer to Appendix X2 for information on heat treatment of these alloys.

9. dc Magnetic Property Requirements

- 9.1 dc magnetic testing shall be the only magnetic test method used for all product forms and sizes other than thin strip and sheet. Thin sheet and strip is defined as flat-rolled product having a thickness of 0.51 mm (0.020 in.) or less.
- 9.2 Testing shall be conducted using either Test Method A596/A596M or Test Method A773/A773M.
- 9.3 The dc magnetic property requirements after appropriate heat treatment are shown in Table 4. The symbol *d* refers to the minimum dimension such as thickness or diameter.

10. ac Magnetic Property Requirements (Thin Sheet and Strip Only)

- 10.1 ac magnetic testing shall be used for all strip and sheet with a thickness of 0.51 mm (0.020 in.) or less.
- 10.2 Testing shall consist of impedance permeability measured at 60Hz and shall be conducted using Test Method A772/A772M.
- 10.3 The ac magnetic property requirements after appropriate heat treatment are shown in Table 5.

TABLE 3 Assumed Density

		Assumed Density		
Alloy Type	UNS No.	g/cm ³	, or,	(kg/m ³)
1	K94490	8.17		(8170)
2	K94840	8.25		(8250)
3	N14076	8.58		(8580)
4 (4 % Mo)	N14080	8.74		(8740)
4 (5 % Mo)	N14080	8.77		(8770)

- 10.3.1 For thicknesses not listed, the requirements shall be determined by linear interpolation of data shown in Table 5.
- 10.3.2 For thicknesses outside the ranges shown in Table 5, the ac magnetic property requirements shall be as mutually agreed between the producer and user.

11. Typical Physical and Mechanical Properties

11.1 Typical physical and mechanical properties are listed in Appendix X1.

12. Dimensions and Tolerances

- 12.1 Dimensions and tolerances for all product forms and sizes shall be as mutually agreed upon between the producer and user. In lieu of such agreement, the tolerances listed in the latest issue of the following specifications shall apply.
 - 12.1.1 Bars and Billets—Specification A484/A484M.
 - 12.1.2 Plate, Sheet, and Strip—Specification A480/A480M.
 - 12.1.3 Wire and Wire Rod—Specification A555/A555M.

13. Rejection and Rehearing

- 13.1 Material that fails to conform to the requirements of this specification may be rejected by the user. The rejection shall be reported to the producer promptly and in writing. The rejected material shall be set aside, adequately protected and correctly identified.
- 13.2 The producer may make claim for a rehearing. In this event, the user shall make samples that are representative of the rejected material available to the producer for evaluation.

14. Certification

14.1 When specified in the purchase order or contract, the user shall be furnished certification that samples representing each lot have been either tested or inspected as directed in this specification and the requirements have been met. When specified in the purchase order or contract, a report of the test results shall be furnished to the user from the producer.

15. Packaging and Package Marking

- 15.1 Packaging shall be subject to agreement between the producer and user.
- 15.2 Material furnished under this specification shall be identified by the name or symbol of the producer, alloy type, grade where appropriate, heat number, and product size. Each heat supplied on an order must be identified and packaged separately.

16. Keywords

16.1 bars; billet; nickel-iron; permeability; plates; sheets; strips; wires

TABLE 4 dc Magnetic Property Requirements

Note 1—The coercive field strength for Alloy Types 1 and 2 is determined from a maximum magnetic flux density of 1.0 T (10 kG), while for Alloy Types 3 and 4 the coercive field strength is determined from a maximum magnetic flux density of 0.5 T (5 kG).

• 1		•			
Product Form and Size	Magnetic Property	Alloy Type 1 UNS K94490	Alloy Type 2 UNS K94840	Alloy Type 3 UNS N14076	Alloy Type 4 UNS N14080
Billet (all sizes) Bar, Wire, Plate, Plate Coil d > 12.7 mm (0.500 in.)	Permeability at 4 mT (40 G), min Permeability at 10 mT (100 G), min Maximum Permeability, min Coercive Field Strength A/m (Oe), max	4500 35 000 6.4 (0.080)	6000 50 000 6.0 (0.075)		35 000 42 000 175 000 2.0 (0.025)
Bar, Wire, Plate, Plate Coil $d \le 12.7 \text{ mm} (0.500 \text{ in.})$	Permeability at 4 mT (40 G), min Permeability at 10 mT (100 G), min Maximum Permeability, min Coercive Field Strength A/m (Oe), max	5000 40 000 6.4 (0.080)	7500 60 000 5.6 (0.070)		35 000 42 000 175 000 2.0 (0.025)
Sheet and Strip $1.52 \le d \le 4.75 \text{ mm}$ $(0.060 \le d \le 0.187 \text{ in.})$	Permeability at 4 mT (40 G), min Permeability at 10 mT (100 G), min Coercive Field Strength A/m (Oe), max	6000 50 000 6.4 (0.080)	8000 90 000 5.6 (0.070)		35 000 42 000 200 000 2.0 (0.025)
Sheet and Strip 0.51 < d < 1.52 mm (0.020 < d < 0.060 in.)	Permeability at 4 mT (40 G), min Permeability at 10 mT (100 G), min Maximum Permeability, min Coercive Field Strength A/m (Oe), max	7500 55 000 5.6 (0.070)	9000 100 000 4.8 (0.060)	55 000 70 000 250 000 1.2 (0.015)	55 000 70 000 250 000 1.2 (0.015)

TABLE 5 60-Hz ac Magnetic Property Requirements

Note 1—Alloy Type 2 Grade 1 is not normally produced in thickness greater than 0.36 mm (0.014 in.).

Alloy Type and	Thiskness man (in)		Minimum ac Impedance Permeability, (µ _z) at a Peak Magnetic Flux Density of:			
Grade	Thickness mm (in.) —	4 mT	20 mT	200 mT	400 mT	800 mT
	(htt	(40 G)	(200 G)	(2000 G)	(4000 G)	(8000 G)
Type 2	0.36 (0.014)	10 500	15 000	32 000		
UNS K94840	0.25 (0.010)	11 000	17 000	40 000		
Grade 1	0.15 (0.006)	12 000	18 000 C	44 000		
	0.51 (0.020)	7000	11 500	23 000	27 000	23 500
	0.36 (0.014)	10 000	17 000	32 000	40 000	45 000
Type 2	0.25 (0.010)	10 000 A	STM A 717,000 1	37 000	47 000	59 000
UNS	0.20 (0.008)	9500	16 500	39 000	51.000	66,500
K94840	10.15 (0.006) 10g/SI	anda 8500 SIST/b	c428b9 14 500 19-4b	4-0039 000 00//	55 000 m-8	73 000
Grade 2	0.10 (0.004)	7000	12 000	35 000	52 000	72 000
	0.05 (0.002)	5000	8000	26 000	41 000	58 000
0.51 (0.020) 0.36 (0.014) 0.25 (0.010)	0.51 (0.020)	35 000	40 000	50 000		
	0.36 (0.014)	50 000	60 000	80 000		
	0.25 (0.010)	60 000	75 000	105 000		
Type 4	0.20 (0.008)	65 000	80 000	120 000		
UNS N14080	0.15 (0.006)	70 000	90 000	140 000		
	0.010 (0.004)	95 000	110 000	190 000		
	0.076 (0.003)	100 000	120 000	230 000		
	0.051 (0.002)	90 000	100 000	190 000		
	0.025 (0.001)	75 000	80 000	150 000		