

Designation: C808 – 75 (Reapproved 2021)

Standard Guide for Reporting Friction and Wear Test Results of Manufactured Carbon and Graphite Bearing and Seal Materials¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C808; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This guide covers the following areas for reporting friction and wear test results of manufactured carbon and graphite bearing and seal materials:

1.1.1 Description of test device and techniques (Table 1 and Table 2.)

1.1.2 Description of carbon and graphite material test specimen (Table 3).

1.1.3 Description of mating member test specimen (Table 4).

1.1.4 Report of friction and wear test results (Table 5).

1.2 Many types of equipment and techniques will yield consistent data characterizing the friction and wear of carbon and graphite materials. However, the ranking of the materials by the various test methods used is not necessarily the same.

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This guide is an initial effort to promote more complete description of the test methods, whatever they may be. It is the eventual intent to identify one or more specific standard test methods when sufficient information becomes available.

1.3 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Significance and Use

2.1 The purpose of this guide is twofold. First, it is a research tool that will aid in the analysis and correlation of test results obtained on various test devices by different investigators. Second, it serves to identify important considerations that must be made in testing to make the results easily understood and comparable with the results of other investigators.

3. Keywords

DOI: 10.1520/C0808-75R21. 3.1 carbon; friction; graphite; reporting; wear

¹ This guide is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D02 on Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D02.F0 on Manufactured Carbon and Graphite Products.

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TABLE 1 Description of Test Device and Techniques

DATE
1. DESCRIPTION OF TEST DEVICE
1.1 Preferred Designation, Manufacturer, and Modifications
1.2 Orientation of Carbon Specimen Test Surface: 1.2.1 Horizontal 1.2.2 Vertical 1.2.3 Other (describe)
1.3 Description of Sliding: 1.3.1 Linear 1.3.2 Rotational 1.3.3 Discontinuous motion Describe 1.3.4 Continuous motion Describe 1.3.5 Discontinuous contact Describe 1.3.6 Continuous contact Describe 1.3.7 Approximate duration of test
1.4 Description of Loading System: 1.4.1 Maximum capacity N (lbf) 1.4.2 Type of measuring element 1.4.3 Type of recording device 1.4.4 Estimate of error 1.4.5 Calibration procedure and frequency
1.5 Description of Speed-Measuring System: 1.5.1 Maximum capacity m/s (ft/s), rev/min, other 1.5.2 Type of measuring element 1.5.3 Type of recording device 1.5.4 Estimate of error
1.6 Description of Temperature-Measuring System: 1.6.1 Location (describe): 1.6.1.1 Carbon test specimen 1.6.1.2 Mating member test specimen 1.6.1.3 Fluid (for example, upstream and downstream of test specimens and test cavity)
1.6.2 Maximum value: K (
1.6.4.1 Carbon test specimen
1.7 Description of Pressure-Measuring System Across Test Specimens: 1.7.1 Maximum value: 1.7.1.1 Upstream Pa absolute (psia) 1.7.1.2 Downstream Pa absolute (psia) 1.7.1.3 Differential Pa differential (psid) 1.7.2. Type of measuring element: 1.7.2.1 Upstream 1.7.2.2 Type of measuring element: 1.7.2.3 Differential
1.7.2.3 Differential 1.7.3 Type of recording device: 1.7.3.1 Upstream 1.7.3.2 Downstream 1.7.3.3 Differential 1.7.4 Estimate of error: 1.7.4.1 Upstream
1.7.4.2 Downstream

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TABLE 2 Description of Test Device and Techniques Continued

1.7.5.2 Downstream					
1.7.5.3 Differential					
1.8 Description of Fluid Flow Rate Measuring Systems:					
1.8.1 Maximum value:					
1.0.1.1 Across test specimens					
18.2 Through test canty					
1.8.21 Across test specimens					
1.8.2.2 Through test cavity					
1.8.3 Type of recording device:					
1.8.3.1 Across test specimens					
1.8.3.2 Through test cavity					
1.8.4 Estimate of error:					
1.8.4.1 Across test specimens					
1.8.5 - Galbration procedure and frequency:					
18.51 Across test specimens					
1.8.5.2 Through test cavity					
1.9. Description of Friction-Measuring System:					
1.9 1 Maximum capacity N (lbf) N-m (lbf;ft) other					
1.9.2 Toke of measuring element					
1.9.3 Type of recording device					
1.9.4 Estimate of error					
1.9.5 Calibration procedure and frequency					
2. METHOD OF FIXTURING CARBON TEST SPECIMEN					
2.1 Rigid					
2.2 Pivot (1-D rotational freedom)					
2.3 Swivel, Universal (2-D rotational freedom)					
2.4 Hydraulic					
2.5 Pneumatic					
2.6 Misalignment radians, other					
2.7 Installed Eccentricity (TIR) m (in.) and the data data data data data data data dat					
2.8 <i>Axial Runout</i> (TIR) m (in.)					
2.9 Radial Runout (TIR) m (in.)					
3. METHOD OF FIXTURING MATING MEMBER					
3.1 <i>Rigid</i>					
3.2 Pivot (1-D rotational freedom)					
3.3 Swivel, Universal (2-D rotational freedom)					
3.4 Hydraulic					
3.5 Pheumatic					
3.6 Misaignmentradians, other All N C808-75(202)					
3.7 Instance electricity (TR) m (m) m (m)					
3.9 Radia Runout (TIR) m (m), 3.9 Radia Runout (TIR) m					
4. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS					
4.1 Carbon Test Specimen Conditioning Environment:					
4.1.1 Fluid medium: air 🗆 (specify moisture content), distilled water 🗆, deionized water 🗆, other (specify composition quantitatively)					
4.1.2 Temperature K (°F)					
4.1.3 Pressure: ambient, other					
4.2 Matice Market Test Conditions minutes, nous, days					
4.2 1 Maining member resist Specific molecture content					
4.2.2 TemperatureK (
4.2.3 Pressure: ambient \Box , other					
4.2.4 Time at these conditions minutes, hours, days					
4.3. Test Environment					
4.3.1 Fluid medium:					
4.3.1.1 Before test condition: air 🗆 (specify moisture content), distilled water 🗆, deionized water 🗆, other (specify composition quantitatively)					
4.3.1.2 During test condition (specify how monitored and controlled, including limits)					
4.3.1.3 After test condition (describe quantitatively, if possible, the change in composition or quality)					
4.3.2 Substance other than fluid medium initially applied at test specimens interface (for example, lubricating oil)					
4.3.3 Fluid temperature:					
4.3.3.1 Upstream K (°F)					
4.3.3.2 Downstream K (°F)					
4.3.4 Fluid pressure:					
4.3.4.1 Upstream Pa absolute (psia)					
4.3.4.2 Downstream Pa absolute (psia)					
4.3.4.3 Differential Pa differential (psid)					
4.3.6 Time to reach test conditions minutes hours					
4.3.7 Time at test conditions prior to test minutes, hours					

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TABLE 3 Description of Carbon Test Specimen

1. DESCRIPTION OF CARBON MATERIAL

I DESCRIPTION OF CARDON PATENIAL			
1.1 Manufacturer			
1.2 Grade Number			
1.3 Lot Number			
1.4 Raw Ingredients, if not Proprietary:			
1.4.1 Filler			
1.4.2 Binder			
1.4.3 Additives			
1.4.4 Impregnants			
1.4.5 Other			
1.5 Original Billet Forming Process			
1.6 Original Billet Size			
1.7 Heat Treatment, if not Proprietary:			
1.7.1 Graphitizing temperature K (°F)			
1.7.2 Rate of heating K/min(°F/min)			
1.7.3 Soak time minutes, hours			
2. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SPECIMEN			
2.1 Location and Orientation in Original Billet			
2.2 Grain Size and Orientation in Test Specimen			
	Refere Test	After Test	
2.2 Microstructure (provide skotch or photo)	Selore rest	Aner Test	
2.4 Surface Costing			-
2.4 Surface Coaling			-
2.5 Dimensions and Tolerances (provide princ)			-
2.6 Test Sunace Condition.	um 22		
2.6.1 Roughness (specify method used)	µiii aa		_ µпт аа
2.6.2 Waveless (specify method used)			-
2.6.5 Flatness (specify filethod used)	µm		_ µm
2.7 Hardness and Location Where Measured			-
			-
TABLE 4 Description of M	ating Member Test Specimen		
1. DESCRIPTION OF MATING MEMBER MATERIAL			
1.1 Manufacturer			
1.2 Commercial Name	Proviow		
1.3 Chemical Composition Limits			
1.4.1 Processing			
1.4.2 Heat treatment			
2. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SPECIMEN <u>ASTM C808</u>			
2.1 Location and Orientation in As-Received Piece	65a1-4842-af2b-9e9a03e1d	62a/astm-c808-7526)21
2.2 Grain Size and Orientation in Test Specimen		524 45411 0000 7 <i>5</i> 20	L
2.3 Microstructure: cystalline □, polycrystalline □, amorphous □, other			
(provide sketch or photo)			

	Before Test		After Test	
2.4 Dimension and Tolerances (provide print)		-		
2.5 Test Surface Condition:				
2.5.1 Roughness (specify method used)		_µm aa		µm aa
2.5.2 Waviness (specify method used)		-		
2.5.3 Flatness (specify method used)		μm		μm
2.6 Hardness and Location Where Measured		-		