Designation: D1785 - 21a

An American National Standard

Standard Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40, 80, and 120¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D1785; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

Based Pipe.

1.1 This specification covers poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) pipe made in Schedule 40, 80, and 120 sizes and pressure-rated for water (see Appendix X1). Included are criteria for classifying PVC plastic pipe materials and PVC plastic pipe, a system of nomenclature for PVC plastic pipe, and requirements and test methods for materials, workmanship, dimensions, sustained pressure, burst pressure, flattening, and extrusion quality. Methods of marking are also given.

1.2 The products covered by this specification are intended for use with the distribution of pressurized liquids only, which are chemically compatible with the piping materials. Due to inherent hazards associated with testing components and systems with compressed air or other compressed gases some manufacturers do not allow pneumatic testing of their products. Consult with specific product/component manufacturers for their specific testing procedures prior to pneumatic testing.

Note 1—Pressurized (compressed) air or other compressed gases contain large amounts of stored energy which present serious saftey hazards should a system fail for any reason.

Note 2—This standard specifies dimensional, performance and test requirements for plumbing and fluid handling applications only. It does not include provisions for the use of these products for venting of combustion gases. UL 1738 is a standard that does include specific testing and marking requirements for flue gas venting products, including PVC.

- 1.3 The text of this specification references notes, footnotes, and appendixes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the specification.
- 1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.5 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 8, of this specification: *This*

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.25 on Vinyl

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standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. A specific precautionary statement is given in Note 9.

Note 3—CPVC plastic pipes, Schedules 40 and 80, which were formerly included in this specification, are now covered by Specification F441/F441M.

Note 4—The sustained and burst pressure test requirements, and the pressure ratings in the Appendix X1, are calculated from stress values obtained from tests made on pipe 4 in. (100 mm) and smaller. However, tests conducted on pipe as large as 24 in. (600 mm) diameter have shown these stress values to be valid for larger diameter PVC pipe.

Note 5—PVC pipe made to this specification is often belled for use as line pipe. For details of the solvent cement bell, see Specification D2672 and for details of belled elastomeric joints, see Specifications D3139 and D3212.

1.6 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing

D1598 Test Method for Time-to-Failure of Plastic Pipe Under Constant Internal Pressure

D1599 Test Method for Resistance to Short-Time Hydraulic Pressure of Plastic Pipe, Tubing, and Fittings

D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics

D1784 Classification System and Basis for Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

D2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings

D2152 Test Method for Adequacy of Fusion of Extruded Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pipe and Molded Fittings by Acetone Immersion

D2672 Specification for Joints for IPS PVC Pipe Using Solvent Cement

D2837 Test Method for Obtaining Hydrostatic Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Materials or Pressure Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Products

D3139 Specification for Joints for Plastic Pressure Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals

D3212 Specification for Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals

F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems

F441/F441M Specification for Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80

2.2 Federal Standard:

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)³ 2.3 *Military Standard:*

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage³

2.4 NSF/ANSI Standards:4

Standard No. 14 for Plastic Piping System Components and Related Materials

Standard No. 61 for Drinking Water System Components— Health Effects

2.5 UL Standard:⁵

UL 1738 Standard for Venting Systems for Gas-Burning Appliances, Categories II, III, and IV

3. Terminology

- 3.1 *Definitions:*—Definitions are in accordance with Terminology F412 and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D1600, unless otherwise specified. The abbreviation for poly(vinyl chloride) plastic is PVC.
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 hydrostatic design stress—the estimated maximum tensile stress the material is capable of withstanding continuously with a high degree of certainty that failure of the pipe will not occur. This stress is circumferential when internal hydrostatic water pressure is applied.
- 3.2.2 *pressure rating (PR)*—the estimated maximum water pressure the pipe is capable of withstanding continuously with a high degree of certainty that failure of the pipe will not occur.
- 3.2.3 relation between dimensions, design stress, and pressure rating—the following expression, commonly known as the ISO equation,⁶ is used in this specification to relate dimensions, hydrostatic design stress, and pressure rating:

$$2S/P = (D_0/t) - 1$$

where:

S = hydrostatic design stress, psi (or MPa),

P = pressure rating, psi (or MPa),

 D_0 = average outside diameter, in. (or mm), and

t = minimum wall thickness, in. (or mm).

3.2.4 standard thermoplastic pipe materials designation code—the pipe materials designation code shall consist of the abbreviation PVC for the type of plastic, followed by the ASTM type and grade in Arabic numerals and the design stress in units of 100 psi (0.7 MPa) with any decimal figures dropped. When the design stress code contains less than two figures, a cipher shall be used before the number. Thus a complete material code shall consist of three letters and four figures for PVC plastic pipe materials (see Section 5).

4. Classification

- 4.1 *General*—This specification covers PVC pipe made to and marked with one of six type/grade/design stress designations (see X1.2) in Schedule 40, 80, and 120 wall sizes.
- 4.2 Hydrostatic Design Stresses—This specification covers pipe made from PVC plastics as defined by four hydrostatic design stresses which have been developed on the basis of long-term tests (Appendix X1).

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 General—Poly(vinyl chloride) plastics used to make pipe meeting the requirements of this specification are categorized by means of two criteria, namely, (1) short-term strength tests and (2) long-term strength tests.

Note 6—The PVC pipe intended for use in the transport of potable water should be evaluated and certified as safe for this purpose by a testing agency acceptable to the local health authority. The evaluation should be in accordance with requirements for chemical extraction, taste, and odors that are no less restrictive than those included in NSF/ANSI Standard No. 14. The seal or mark of the laboratory making the evaluation should be included on the pipe. See pipe marking requirement for reclaimed water systems.

- 5.2 Basic Materials—This specification covers pipe made from PVC plastics having certain physical and chemical properties as described in Specification D1784.
- 5.3 *Compound*—The PVC compounds used for this pipe shall equal or exceed the following classes described in Specification D1784; PVC 12454, or 14333.
- 5.4 Rework Material—The manufacturer shall use only his own clean rework pipe material and the pipe produced shall meet all the requirements of this specification.

6. Requirements

- 6.1 Dimensions and Tolerances:
- 6.1.1 Dimensions and tolerances shall be as shown in Table 1 and Table 2 when measured in accordance with Test Method D2122. The tolerances for out-of-roundness shall apply only to pipe prior to shipment.
- 6.2 Sustained Pressure—The pipe shall not fail, balloon, burst, or weep as defined in Test Method D1598, at the test pressures given in Tables 3-5 when tested in accordance with 8.4.

³ Available from DLA Document Services, Building 4/D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, http://quicksearch.dla.mil.

⁴ Available from NSF International, P.O. Box 130140, 789 N. Dixboro Rd., Ann Arbor, MI 48113-0140, http://www.nsf.org.

⁵ Available from Underwriters Laboratories (UL), 2600 N.W. Lake Rd., Camas, WA 98607-8542, http://www.ul.com.

⁶ ISO R161-1960, Pipes of Plastics Materials for the Transport of Fluids (Outside Diameters and Nominal Pressures) Part 1, Metric Series.

TABLE 1 Outside Diameters and Tolerances for PVC Plastic Pipe Schedules 40, 80, and 120, in. (mm)

			Tolerances	
Nominal Pipe Size			(maximum minus minimum eter)	
	Outside Diameter	Average	Schedule 40 sizes 3½ in. and over; Schedule 80 sizes 8 in. and over	Schedule 40 sizes 3 in. and less; Schedule 80 sizes 6 in. and less; Schedule 120 sizes all
1/8	0.405 (10.29)	±0.004 (±0.10)		0.016 (0.41)
1/4	0.540 (13.72)	±0.004 (±0.10)		0.016 (0.41)
3/8	0.675 (17.14)	±0.004 (±0.10)		0.016 (0.41)
1/2	0.840 (21.34)	±0.004 (±0.10)		0.016 (0.41)
3/4	1.050 (26.67)	±0.004 (±0.10)		0.020 (0.51)
1	1.315 (33.40)	±0.005 (±0.13)		0.020 (0.51)
11/4	1.660 (42.16)	±0.005 (±0.13)		0.024 (0.61)
11/2	1.900 (48.26)	±0.006 (±0.15)		0.024 (0.61)
2	2.375 (60.32)	±0.006 (±0.15)		0.024 (0.61)
21/2	2.875 (73.02)	±0.007 (±0.18)		0.030 (0.76)
3	3.500 (88.90)	±0.008 (±0.20)		0.030 (0.76)
31/2	4.000 (101.60)	±0.008 (±0.20)	0.100 (2.54)	0.030 (0.76)
4	4.500 (114.30)	±0.009 (±0.23)	0.100 (2.54)	0.030 (0.76)
5	5.563 (141.30)	±0.010 (±0.25)	0.100 (2.54)	0.060 (1.52)
6	6.625 (168.28)	±0.011 (±0.28)	0.100 (2.54)	0.070 (1.78)
8	8.625 (219.08)	±0.015 (±0.38)	0.150 (3.81)	0.090 (2.29)
10	10.750 (273.05)	±0.015 (±0.38)	0.150 (3.81)	0.100 (2.54)
12	12.750 (323.85)	±0.015 (±0.38)	0.150 (3.81)	0.120 (3.05)
14	14.000 (355.60	±0.015 (±0.38)	0.200 (5.08)	
16	16.000 (406.40)	±0.019 (±0.48)	0.320 (8.13)	
18	18.000 (457.20)	±0.019 (±0.48)	0.360 (9.14)	
20	20.000 (508.00)	±0.023 (±0.58)	0.400 (10.2)	
24	24.000 (609.60)	±0.031 (±0.79)	0.480 (12.2)	

TABLE 2 Wall Thicknesses and Tolerances for PVC Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40, 80, and 120, AB in. (mm)

	(III	UDS://SU	Wall Thi	ickness ^A			
Nominal Pipe Size	Sched	dule 40	Sched	lule 80	Sched	Schedule 120	
<u> </u>	Minimum	Tolerance	Minimum C	Tolerance	Minimum	Tolerance	
1/8	0.068 (1.73)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.095 (2.41)	+0.020 (+0.51)			
1/4	0.088 (2.24)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.119 (3.02)	+0.020 (+0.51)			
3/8	0.091 (2.31)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.126 (3.20)	+0.020 (+0.51)			
1/2	0.109 (2.77)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.147 (3.73)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.170 (4.32)	+0.020 (+0.51)	
3/4	0.113 (2.87)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.154 (3.91)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.170 (4.32)	+0.020 (+0.51)	
https://standard	S.100.133 (3.38) 02/S	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.179 (4.55)	+0.021 (+0.53)	4 0.200 (5.08)	+0.024 (+0.61)	
11/4	0.140 (3.56)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.191 (4.85)	+0.023 (+0.58)	0.215 (5.46)	+0.026 (+0.66)	
11/2	0.145 (3.68)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.200 (5.08)	+0.024 (+0.61)	0.225 (5.72)	+0.027 (+0.68)	
2	0.154 (3.91)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.218 (5.54)	+0.026 (+0.66)	0.250 (6.35)	+0.030 (+0.76)	
21/2	0.203 (5.16)	+0.024 (+0.61)	0.276 (7.01)	+0.033 (+0.84)	0.300 (7.62)	+0.036 (+0.91)	
3	0.216 (5.49)	+0.026 (+0.66)	0.300 (7.62)	+0.036 (+0.91)	0.350 (8.89)	+0.042 (+1.07)	
31/2	0.226 (5.74)	+0.027 (+0.68)	0.318 (8.08)	+0.038 (+0.96)	0.350 (8.89)	+0.042 (+1.07)	
4	0.237 (6.02)	+0.028 (+0.71)	0.337 (8.56)	+0.040 (+1.02)	0.437 (11.10)	+0.052 (+1.32)	
5	0.258 (6.55)	+0.031 (+0.79)	0.375 (9.52)	+0.045 (+1.14)	0.500 (12.70)	+0.060 (+1.52)	
6	0.280 (7.11)	+0.034 (+0.86)	0.432 (10.97)	+0.052 (+1.32)	0.562 (14.27)	+0.067 (+1.70)	
8	0.322 (8.18)	+0.039 (+0.99)	0.500 (12.70)	+0.060 (+1.52)	0.718 (18.24)	+0.086 (+2.18)	
10	0.365 (9.27)	+0.044 (+1.12)	0.593 (15.06)	+0.071 (+1.80)	0.843 (21.41)	+0.101 (+2.56)	
12	0.406 (10.31)	+0.049 (+1.24)	0.687 (17.45)	+0.082 (+2.08)	1.000 (25.40)	+0.120 (+3.05)	
14	0.437 (11.10)	+0.053 (+1.35)	0.750 (19.05)	+0.090 (+2.29)			
16	0.500 (12.70)	+0.060 (+1.52)	0.843 (21.41)	+0.101 (+2.57)			
18	0.562 (14.27)	+0.067 (+1.70)	0.937 (23.80)	+0.112 (+2.84)			
20	0.593 (15.06)	+0.071 (+1.80)	1.031 (26.19)	+0.124 (+3.15)			
24	0.687 (17.45)	+0.082 (+2.08)	1.218 (30.94)	+0.146 (+3.71)			

A The minimum is the lowest wall thickness of the pipe at any cross section. The maximum permitted wall thickness, at any cross section, is the minimum wall thickness plus the stated tolerance. All tolerances are on the plus side of the minimum requirement.

B These dimensions conform to nominal IPS dimensions, with the exception that Schedule 120 wall thickness for pipe sizes ½ to 3½ in. (12.5 to 87.5 mm), inclusive, are

6.2.1 Accelerated Regression Test—The accelerated regression test shall be used in place of both the sustained and burst pressure tests, at the option of the manufacturer. The test shall be conducted in accordance with 8.4.1. The pipe shall demonstrate a hydrostatic design basis projection at the 100 000-h intercept that meets the hydrostatic design basis category requirement (see Tables 3-5 and Test Method D2837) for the PVC material used in its manufacture. (Example: PVC 1120 pipe must have a minimum 100 000-h projection of 3830 psi (26.40 MPa) and 85 % lower confidence limit (LCL).

special PVC plastic pipe sizes.

TABLE 3 Sustained Pressure Test Conditions for Water at 73 °F (23 °C) for PVC Plastic Pipe, Schedule 40

TABLE 4 Sustained Pressure Test Conditions for Water at 73 °F (23 $^{\circ}\text{C})$ for PVC Plastic Pipe, Schedule 80

Nominal Pipe		Pressure Requ	ired for Test	4	Nominal		Pressure R	equired for Test ^A	
Size	PVC1120 PVC1220 PVC2120	PVC2116	PVC2112	PVC2110	Pipe Size	PVC1120 PVC1220 PVC2120	PVC2116	PVC2112	PVC211
in.		ne			1/8	2570	2060	psi 1720	1410
1/8	1690	1360	1130	930	78 1/4	2370	1900	1580	1300
1/4	1640	1310	1090	900	3/ ₈	1930	1540	1290	1060
74 3/8	1310	1050	870	720	98 1/2	1780	1430	1190	980
9/8 1/2	1250	1000	840	690	¹ /2 ³ / ₄		1160		
72 3/ ₄	1010	810	680	550	1	1440 1320	1060	960 880	790 720
1	950	760	630	520	11/4	1090	870	730	600
11/4	770	620	520	420	11/2	990	790	660	540
1½	690	560	460	380	2	850	680	570	460
2	580	470	390	320	21/2	890	710	590	490
2½	640	510	430	350	3	790	630	520	430
3	590	440	370	300	31/2	730	580	480	400
31/2	500	400	340	280	4	680	540	450	370
4	470	370	310	260	5	610	490	400	330
5	410	330	270	220	6	590	470	390	320
6	370	300	250	200	8	520	410	340	280
8	330	260	220	180	10	490	390	330	270
10	300	240	200	160	12	480	380	320	260
12	280	220	180	150	14	470	380	320	260
14	270	220	180	150	16	470	370	310	260
16	270	220	180	150	18	460	370	310	250
18	270	220	180	150	20	460	370	300	250
20	260	210	170	140	24	450	360	300	250
24	250	200	170	140	in.			MPa	
in.		MF			1/8	17.72	14.21	11.86	9.72
1/8	11.65	9.38	7.79	6.41	1/4	16.34	13.10	10.90	8.96
1/4	11.31	9.03	7.52	6.21	3/8	13.31	10.62	8.89	7.31
3/8	9.03	7.24	6.00	4.96	1/2	12.27	9.86	8.20	6.76
1/2	8.62	6.89	5.79	4.76	3/4	9.93	8.00	6.62	5.45
3/4	6.96	5.58	4.69	3.79	aras.	9.10	7.31	6.07	4.96
1	6.55	5.24	4.34	3.59	11/4	7.52	6.00	5.03	4.14
11/4	5.31	4.27	3.59	2.90	11/2	6.83	4.96	4.55	3.72
11/2	4.76	3.86	3.17	2.62	201	5.86	4.69	3.93	3.17
2	4.00	3.24	2.69	2.21	21/2	6.14	4.90	4.07	3.38
21/2	4.41	3.52	2.96	2.41	3	5.45	4.34	3.59	2.96
3	4.07	3.03	2.55	2.07	31/2	5.03	4.00	3.31	2.76
3½	3.45	2.76	2.34	A 0.71.93 D 1.7	05 014	4.69	3.72	3.10	2.55
4	3.24	2.55	2.14	1.79	85-21 <u>5</u> a	4.21	3.38	2.76	2.28
		ta lo 2.28 and	1.86cje	/e7(1.52).64_	7460. 6 1f9		Se109/3.24/15h	5/actm2.69 78	5_21a2.21
ttps://5tandard	2.55	2.07	1.72	1.38	8	3.59	2.83	2.34	1.93
8	2.28	1.79	1.52	1.24	10	3.38	2.69	2.28	1.86
10	2.26	1.79	1.38	1.10	10	3.36	2.62	2.26 2.21	1.86
12	1.93	1.52	1.24		14	3.29	2.66	2.24	1.79
				1.03					
14	1.89	1.54	1.26	1.05	16	3.29	2.59	2.17	1.82
16	1.89	1.54	1.26	1.05	18	3.22	2.59	2.17	1.75
18	1.89	1.54	1.26	1.05	20	3.22	2.59	2.10	1.75
20 24	1.82 1.75	1.47 1.40	1.19 1.19	0.98 0.98	24	3.15	2.52	2.10	1.75

^A The fiber stresses used to derive these test pressures are as follows:

PVC1120 psi MPa PVC1120 4200 29.0 PVC1220 4200 29.0 PVC2120 4200 29.0 PVC2116 3360 23.2 PVC2112 2800 19.3	
PVC2110 2300 15.9	

	•	
	psi	MPa
PVC1120	4200	29.0
PVC1220	4200	29.0
PVC2120	4200	29.0
PVC2116	3360	23.2
PVC2112	2800	19.3
PVC2110	2300	15.9

6.4 Flattening—There shall be no evidence of splitting, cracking, or breaking when the pipe is tested in accordance with 8.6.

6.5 Extrusion Quality—The pipe shall not flake or disintegrate when tested in accordance with Test Method D2152.

7. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

7.1 The pipe shall be homogeneous throughout and free of visible cracks, holes, foreign inclusions, or other defects. The

^{6.3} Burst Pressure—The minimum burst pressures for PVC plastic pipe shall be as given in Table 6, when determined in accordance with Test Method D1599.

Note 7-Times greater than 60 s may be needed to bring large size specimens to burst pressure. The test is more difficult to pass using greater pressurizing times.

TABLE 5 Sustained Pressure Test Conditions for Water at 73 °F (23 °C) for PVC Plastic Pipe, Schedule 120

	Pressure Required for Test ^A					
Nominal Pipe Size	PVC1120 PVC1220 PVC2120	PVC2116	PVC2112	PVC2110		
in.		р	si			
1/2	2130	1710	1420	1170		
3/4	1620	1300	1080	890		
1	1510	1200	1000	830		
11/4	1250	1000	830	680		
11/2	1130	900	750	620		
2	990	790	660	540		
21/2	980	780	650	540		
3	930	750	620	510		
31/2	810	640	540	440		
4	900	720	600	490		
5	830	660	550	450		
6	780	620	520	430		
8	760	610	510	420		
10	770	620	510	420		
12	710	570	480	390		
in.			Pa			
1/2	14.69	11.79	9.79	8.07		
3/4	11.17	8.96	7.45	6.14		
1	10.41	8.27	6.89	5.72		
11/4	8.62	6.89	5.72	4.69		
11/2	7.79	6.21	5.17	4.27		
2	6.83	5.45	4.55	3.72		
21/2	6.76	5.38	4.48	3.72		
3	6.41	5.17	4.27	3.52		
31/2	5.58	4.41	3.72	3.03		
4	6.21	4.96	4.14	3.38		
5	5.72	4.55	3.79	3.10		
6	5.38	4.27	3.59	2.96		
8	5.24	4.21	3.52	2.90		
10	5.31	4.27	3.52	2.90		
12	4.90	3.93	3.31	2.69		

^A The fiber stresses used to derive these test pressures are as follows:

	Docum on tosi Provioux	MPa
PVC1120	4200 I C V I C V V	29.0
PVC1220	4200	29.0
PVC2120	4200	29.0
PVC2116	ACTIVID 1 3360 21	23.2
PVC2112	ASTIVI D1 2800 - 21 a	19.3
PVC2110 standards	iteh ai/catalog/standards/sist/e767f06/230060_4f09_8e0c_5e109/	14hd5h5/act 15.9117

pipe shall be as uniform as commercially practicable in color, opacity, density, and other physical properties.

Note 8—Color and transparency or opacity should be specified in the contract or purchase order.

8. Test Methods

- 8.1 Conditioning—Condition the test specimens at 74 °F \pm 4 °F (23 °C \pm 2 °C) and 50 % \pm 10 % relative humidity for not less than 40 h prior to test in accordance with Procedure A of Practice D618, for those tests where conditioning is required.
- 8.2 Test Conditions—Conduct tests in the standard laboratory atmosphere of 73 °F \pm 4 °F (23 °C \pm 2 °C) and 50 % \pm 10 % relative humidity, unless otherwise specified in the test methods or in this specification.

- 8.3 Sampling—The selection of the sample or samples of pipe shall be as agreed upon by the purchaser and seller. In case of no prior agreement, any sample selected by the testing laboratory shall be deemed adequate.
- 8.3.1 *Test Specimens*—Not less than 50 % of the test specimens required for any pressure test shall have at least a part of the marking in their central sections. The central section is that portion of pipe which is at least one pipe diameter away from an end closure.
- 8.4 Sustained Pressure Test—Select the test specimens at random. Test individually with water at the internal pressures given in Tables 3-5, six specimens of pipe, each specimen at least ten times the nominal diameter in length, but not less than 10 in. (250 mm) or more than 3 ft (1 m) between end closures and bearing the permanent marking on the pipe. Maintain the

TABLE 6 Burst Pressure Requirements for Water at 73 °F (23 °C) for PVC Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40, 80, and 120

_				t Pressures ^A		
_	Schedule 40		Sche	edule 80	Schedule 120	
Nominal Pipe Size	PVC1120 PVC2112		PVC1120 PVC2112		PVC1120 P\	
	PVC1220	PVC2116	PVC1220	PVC2116	PVC1220	PVC2116
	PVC2120	PVC2110	PVC2120	PVC2110	PVC2120	PVC2110
in.				psi		
1/8	2580	2020	3920	3060		
1/4	2490	1950	3620	2830		
3/8	1990	1560	2940	2300		
1/2	1910	1490	2720	2120	3250	2540
3/4	1540	1210	2200	1720	2470	1930
1	1440	1130	2020	1580	2300	1790
11/4	1180	920	1660	1300	1900	1490
11/2	1060	830	1510	1180	1720	1340
2	890	690	1290	1010	1510	1180
2½	970	760	1360	1060	1490	1170
3	840	660	1200	940	1420	1110
3½	770	600	1110	860	1230	960
4	710	560	1040	810	1380	1080
5	620	390	930	720	1260	990
6	560	440	890	700	1190	930
8	500	390	790	620	1160	910
10	450	350	750	580	1170	920
12	420	330	730	570	1090	850
14	410	320	720	570		
16	410	320	710	560		
18	410	320	700	550		
20	390	310	700	540		
24	380	300	680	530		
in.				//Pa		
1/8	17.79	13.93	27.03	21.10		
1/4	17.17	13.45	24.96	19.52		
3/8	13.72	10.76	20.27	15.86		
1/2	13.17	10.27	18.76	14.62	22.41	17.52
3/4	10.62	8.34	15.17	11.86	17.03	13.31
1	9.93	7.79	13.93	10.89	15.86	12.34
11/4	8.14	6.34	11.45	8.96	13.10	10.27
11/2	7.31	5.72	10.41	8.14	11.86	9.24
2	6.14	4.76	8.89	6.96	10.41	8.14
2½	6.69	5.24	9.38	7.31	10.27	8.07
3	5.79	4.55	8.27	6.48	9.79	7.65
3½	5.31	4.14	7.65	5.93	8.48	6.62
4	4.90	3.86 AS	STM D1793-21a	5.58	9.51	7.45
ttps://etanderds	4.27	2.69	6.41 767£) 64 644 60 4	4.96	8.69	6.83
ttps://etandards.		standar3.03sist/e	76/1264 6.14 60-4	199-8e(4.83)e1()9441	bd5b8.20stm-d	1/85-26.41
8	3.45	2.69	5.45	4.27	8.00	6.27
10	3.10	2.41	5.17	4.00	8.07	6.34
12	2.90	2.28	5.03	3.93	7.52	5.86
14	2.87	2.24	5.04	3.99		
16	2.87	2.24	4.97	3.92		
18	2.87	2.24	4.90	3.85		
20	2.73	2.17	4.90	3.78		
24	2.66	2.10	4.76	3.71		
he fiber stresses used	to derive these test p	oressures are as follow	vs:			
			psi		MPa	
VC1120			6400		44.1	
VC1220			6400		44.1	
VC2120			6400		44.1	
VO2120			5-00			

specimens at the pressure indicated for a period of 1000 h. Hold the pressure as closely as possible, but within ± 10 psi (± 70 kPa). Condition the specimens at the test temperature of 73 °F (23 °C) to within 4 °F (± 2 °C). Test in accordance with Test Method D1598, except maintain the pressure at the values given in Tables 3-5 for 1000 h. Failure of two of the six specimens tested shall constitute failure in the test. Failure of

PVC2116

PVC2112

PVC2110

one of the six specimens tested in retest shall constitute failure in the test. Evidence of failure of the pipe shall be as defined in Test Method D1598.

34.5

34.5

34.5

8.4.1 Accelerated Regression Test—Test in accordance with procedures in Test Method D1598, using either free end or restrained end fittings. A minimum of six samples shall be tested. Test three specimens at a single pressure that will result

5000

5000

5000

in failures at or below 0.10 h. Test an additional three specimens at a single pressure that will result in failures at about 200 h. Generating additional data points to improve the LTHS or LCL, or both, is acceptable. No points shall be excluded unless an obvious defect is detected in the failure area of the test sample, or there was a malfunction of the equipment. Characterize the data using the least squares regression described in Test Method D2837.

- 8.5 *Burst Pressure*—Determine the minimum burst pressure with at least five specimens in accordance with Test Method D1599. The time of testing of each specimen shall be between 60 and 70 s.
- 8.6 Flattening—Flatten three specimens of the pipe each at least 2 in. (50 mm) long, between parallel plates in a suitable press until the distance between the plates is 40 % of the outside diameter of the pipe or the walls of the pipe touch, whichever occurs first. The rate of loading shall be uniform and such that the compression is completed within 2 to 5 min. On removal of the load examine the specimens for evidence of splitting, cracking, or breaking.

9. Retest and Rejection

9.1 If the results of any test(s) do not meet the requirements of this specification, the test(s) shall be conducted again only by agreement between the purchaser and seller. Under such agreement, minimum requirements shall not be lowered, changed, or modified, nor shall specification limits be changed. If upon retest, failure occurs, the quantity of product represented by the test(s) does not meet the requirements of this specification.

10. Product Marking

- 10.1 *Quality of Marking*—The marking shall be applied to the pipe in such a manner that it remains legible (easily read) after installation and inspection.
 - 10.2 Content of Marking:
- 10.2.1 Marking on the pipe shall include the following, spaced at intervals of not more than 5 ft (1.5 m):
 - 10.2.1.1 Nominal pipe size (for example, 2 in. (50 mm)),

- 10.2.1.2 Type of plastic pipe material in accordance with the designation code prescribed in 3.2.4, for example, PVC1120,
- 10.2.1.3 Schedule (40, 80, or 120, whichever is applicable) and the pressure rating in pounds per square inch (megapascals) for water at 73 °F (23 °C) shown as the number followed by psi (for example, 200 psi (1.4 MPa)). When the indicated pressure rating is lower than that calculated in accordance with 3.2.3 (see Appendix X1), this shall be indicated by placing a star after the pressure rating,
- 10.2.1.4 This designation, ASTM D1785, including the year of issue, with which the pipe complies,
 - 10.2.1.5 Manufacturer's name (or trademark),
- 10.2.1.6 Production code with which the manufacturer can trace the year, month, day, shift, plant and extruder of manufacture for this product, and
- 10.2.1.7 Pipe intended for the transport of potable water shall also include the seal or mark of the laboratory making the evaluation for this purpose, spaced at intervals specified by the laboratory.

Note 9—Manufacturers using the seal or mark of a laboratory must obtain prior authorization from the laboratory concerned.

Note 10—It is common practice to dual mark Schedule 40 piping for potable water and DWV usage in which compliance with each applicable standard is met.

11. Quality Assurance

11.1 When the product is marked with this designation, D1785, the manufacturer affirms that the product was manufactured, inspected, sampled, and tested in accordance with this specification and has been found to meet the requirements of this specification.

Note 11—Pipe samples taken from installed systems may have been affected by system design, installation, operation, maintenance, and environmental exposure. Users of the standard should be aware that test results on pipe sampled from the field may differ from test results on pipe sampled at the time of manufacture.

12. Keywords

12.1 pressure pipe; PVC pipe; Schedule 40 pipe; Schedule 80 pipe; Schedule 120 pipe

SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

This requirement applies whenever a regulatory authority or user calls for product to be used to convey or to be in contact with potable water.

S1. Potable Water Requirement—Products intended for contact with potable water shall be evaluated, tested, and certified for conformance with NSF/ANSI Standard No. 61 or the health effects portion of NSF/ANSI Standard No. 14 by an

acceptable certifying organization when required by the regulatory authority having jurisdiction.

This requirement applies only to pipe to be used in systems that have not established other provisions for identification.

S2.Pipe Marking Requirement for Reclaimed Water Systems—Color identification of pipe shall be by (1) use of purple (violet) PVC material or (2) by use of continuous purple

stripes printed lengthwise on opposite sides of the pipe. The pipe shall be marked RECLAIMED WATER at intervals of 5 ft. or less.