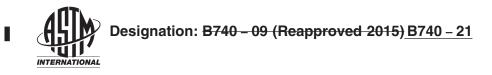
This document is not an ASTM standard and is intended only to provide the user of an ASTM standard an indication of what changes have been made to the previous version. Because it may not be technically possible to adequately depict all changes accurately, ASTM recommends that users consult prior editions as appropriate. In all cases only the current version of the standard as published by ASTM is to be considered the official document.



Standard Specification for Copper-Nickel-Tin Spinodal Alloy Strip¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B740; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification establishes requirements for copper-nickel-tin alloy strip for Copper Alloy UNS Nos. C72700, C72900, and C72650 in the following alloys:

Copper Alloy UNS No.	Nominal Composition Weight %				
	Copper	Nickel	Tin		
C72700	85	9	6		
C72900	Tol77 Cton	15	8		
C72650	87.5	7.5	5		

1.2 Units—The values stated in inch-pound units and the values stated in SI units in Table 5 are to be regarded as standard, except for grain size which is stated in metric units only. standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units and that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.3 The following safety hazard caveat pertains only to the test method(s) described in this specification.

1.3.1 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety safety, health, and health environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

<u>1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization</u> established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

B248 Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Copper and Copper-Alloy Plate, Sheet, Strip, and Rolled Bar

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

Copyright © ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959. United States

¹ This specification is under the ASTM Committee B05 on Copper and Copper Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B05.01 on Plate, Sheet, and Strip. Current edition approved May 1, 2015Oct. 1, 2021. Published June 2015November 2021. Originally approved in 1984. Last previous edition approved in 20092015 as B740 – 09(2015). DOI: 10.1520/B0740-09R15-10.1520/B0740-21.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- **B740 21** B248M Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Copper and Copper-Alloy Plate, Sheet, Strip, and Rolled Bar
- (Metric) **B598** Practice for Determining Offset Yield Strength in Tension for Copper Alloys (Withdrawn 2019)³ B601 Classification for Temper Designations for Copper and Copper Alloys—Wrought and Cast B820 Test Method for Bend Test for Determining the Formability of Copper and Copper Alloy Strip **B846** Terminology for Copper and Copper Alloys E3 Guide for Preparation of Metallographic Specimens E8/E8M Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials E75 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper-Nickel and Copper-Nickel-Zinc Alloys (Withdrawn 2010)³ E290E112 Test Methods for Bend Testing of Material for DuctilityDetermining Average Grain Size E478 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper Alloys 3. General Requirements 3.1 The following sections of Specification B248 constitute a part of this specification: 3.1.1 Terminology, Terminology 3.1.2 Materials and Manufacture, Manufacture 3.1.3 Sampling 3.1.4 Number of Tests and Retests 3.1.5 Dimensions and Permissible Variations, Variations 3.1.6 Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance, Appearance standards.iteh.ai) 3.1.5 Sampling,
- 3.1.7 Significance of Numerical Limits, Limits CUMENT Preview
- 3.1.8 Inspection, Inspection

ASTM B740-21

- 3.1.9 Rejection and Rehearing, Rehearing standards/sist/31664ea0-bc5f-4a1f-a946-22f0ef23ae63/astm-b740-21
- 3.1.10 Certification, Certification
- 3.1.11 Test Reports, and Reports
- 3.1.12 Packaging and Package Marking.Marking
- 3.2 In addition, when a section with a title identical to that referenced in 3.1-above, above, appears in this specification, it contains additional requirements that supplement those appearing in Specification B248.

4. Terminology

4.1 For definitions of terms related to copper and copper alloys, refer to Terminology B846.

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Include the following information specified choices when placing orders for product under this specification, as applicable:
 - 5.1.1 ASTM designation and year of issue,
 - 5.1.2 Quantity,

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

B740 - 21

5.1.2 Copper Alloy UNS No. (see No.;1.1),

- 5.1.3 Form of material: strip, Quantity;
- 5.1.4 Temper (see (8.1),);
- 5.1.5 Dimensions: thickness and width, and length, if applicable, applicable;

5.1.6 How furnished: rolls or coils, stock lengths with or without ends, specific lengths with or without ends, and

5.1.7 Type of edge other than slit, for example, rounded corners, rounded edges, or full-rounded edges.

5.1.9 When material is purchased for agencies of the U.S. Government, this shall be specified in the contract or purchase order, and the material shall conform to the Supplementary Requirements Section as defined in the current edition of Specification B248.

5.2 The following options are available and should and, when required, shall be specified at the time of placing of the order when required:order.

5.2.1 Certification, if required.

5.2.2 Mill test report, if required. Test report, and

5.2.3 If product is purchased for agencies of the U.S. government, see the Supplementary Requirements Section of Specification B248 or Specification B248M.

6. Materials and Manufacture

6.1 Materials:

6.1.1 The material of manufacture shall be strip of Copper Alloy UNS No. C72650, C72700, or C72900 of such purity and soundness as to be suitable for the products prescribed herein.

6.2 Manufacture:

6.2.1 The product shall be manufactured by such hot working, cold working, and thermal treatment processes as to produce a uniform wrought structure in the finished product.

6.2.2 Solution-heat-treatment or solution-heat-treated and cold-worked material is normally spinodal hardened by the purchaser after forming or machining.

6.2.3 Mill-hardened products have been spinodal heat treated by the manufacturer. Further thermal treatment is not normally required.

7. Chemical Composition

7.1 The material shall conform to the chemical composition requirements specified in Table 1 for the copper alloy UNS No.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements										
				Compo	osition, %					
Copper Alloy UNS No.	Previous Designation	Copper, incl. Silver	Lead, ^A max	Iron, ^A max	Zinc, ^A max	Nickel, incl. Cobalt	Tin	Manganese, ^A max	Niobium, ^A max	Magnesium, ^A max
C72650	Cu-7.5Ni-5Sn	remainder	0.01	0.10	0.10	7.0-8.0	4.5-5.5	0.10		
C72700 C72900	Cu-9Ni-6Sn Cu-15Ni-8Sn	remainder remainder	0.02 ^B 0.02 ^B	0.50 0.50	0.50 0.50	8.5–9.5 14.5–15.5	5.5–6.5 7.5–8.5	0.05-0.30 0.30	0.10 0.10	0.15 0.15

^A The total of the elements Pb, Fe, Zn, Mn, Nb, and Mg not to exceed 0.7 %.

^B 0.005 % Pb, max for hot rolling.

designation specified in the ordering information.

7.2 These composition limits do not preclude the presence of other elements. By agreement between the manufacturer or supplier and purchaser, limits may be established and analysis required for unnamed elements.

) B740 – 21

7.3 Copper may be given as remainder and taken as For alloys in which copper is listed as "remainder," copper is the difference between the sum of results of all the elements analyzed<u>determined</u> and 100%.100%. When all the elements in the Table 1 table including copper are analyzed, their sum are determined, the sum of results shall be 99.7% min.

7. Materials and Manufacture

7.1 Manufacture-Spinodal Heat Treatment.

7.1.1 Solution-heat-treatment or solution-heat-treated and cold-worked material is normally spinodal hardened by the purchaser after forming or machining.

7.1.2 Mill-hardened products have been spinodal heat treated by the manufacturer. Further thermal treatment is not normally required.

8. Temper

8.1 The standard tempers for products described in this specification are given in Tables 2-4 Table 2, Table 3, and Table 4.

8.1.1 TB00 (Solution Heat Treated).

8.1.2 TD01 to TD 12 TD12 (Solution Heat Treated with varying degrees of cold working).

8.1.3 TX00 (Spinodal Hardened). https://standards.iteh.ai)

8.1.4 TS01 to TS12 (Hard and Spinodal Hardened).

8.1.5 TM00 to TS08 (mill hardened).(Mill Hardened).

ASTM B740-21

8.2 Other tempers are available and shall be subject to agreement between supplier or manufacturerSpecial combinations of properties may be obtained by special heat treatments. These requirements shall be agreed upon by the manufacturer or supplier and purchaser.

9. Grain Size for Annealed Tempers

9.1 Grain size shall be the standard requirement for product over 0.010 in. (0.25 mm) in thickness for tempers TB00, TX00, and TM00.

9.2 Product over 0.010 in. (0.25 mm) in thickness shall have an average grain-size not exceeding Acceptance or rejection based upon grain size shall depend only on the average grain size of a test specimen taken from each of two sample portions, and each specimen shall not exceed the limits prescribed in Table 5. The determinations are made on the separate samples and in a plane perpendicular to when tested in accordance with Test Methods E112 the surface.

9.3 Grain size shall be determined in a plane perpendicular to the surface.

10. Mechanical Property Requirements

10.1 Tensile Strength Requirements:

10.1.1 The solution heat-treated or solution heat-treated and cold-worked material shall conform to the tensile property requirements specified in Table 2, when tested in accordance with Test Methods E8/E8M.

10.1.2 The spinodal heat-treated material shall conform to the tensile property requirements specified in Table 3.

TABLE 2 Tensile Property Requirements

Tempers: Solution Heat-Treated Solution Heat-Treated and Cold Worked

Copper Alloy UNS No	Temper Designations		Tensile Strength,	Yield ^D Strength	Elongatior	
	Code	Name	ksi ^A (MPa) ^B min–max ^C	(0.05 % Offset), ksi ⁴ (MPa) ^B min–max ^C	in 2 in., %	
C72650	TB00	Solution HT	55-70	21—32	32	
C72650	<u>TB00</u>	Solution HT	55-70	21-32	32	
			(380—480)	(145–220)		
			<u>(380–480)</u>	<u>(145–220)</u>		
C72650	TD01	Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/4 Hard	60-75	45–60	18	
			(415–515)	(310–415)		
C72650	TD02	Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/2 Hard	75 85	55-75	-5	
C72650	TD02	Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/2 Hard	75-85	55-75	_5	
			(515—585)	(380–515)		
			<u>(515–585)</u>	<u>(380–515)</u>		
C72650	TD03	Solution HT and Cold Worked 3/4 Hard	80–90	68–82	4	
			(550–620)	(470–565)		
C72650	TD04	Solution HT and Cold Worked Hard	85–95	77–90	2	
			(585–655)	(530–620)		
C72700 TB00	TB00	Solution HT	60-80	23-33	30	
			(410–550)	(160–230)		
			<u>(415–550)</u>	(160-230)		
C72700	TD01	Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/4 Hard	72–95	48-64	12	
0-0-00			(500–660)	(330–440)		
C72700	TD02	Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/2 Hard	82-108	57-80	6	
0-0-00			(570–740)	(390–550)		
C72700	TD04	Solution HT and Cold Worked Hard	97-125	77–100	3	
070700	TDAA		(670-860)	(530–690)	0	
C72700	TD08	Solution HT and Cold Worked Spring	110-140	95–115	2	
070700	TD10	Only the AUT and Only Worked On sint Only	(760–970)	(660–790)		
C72700	TD12	Solution HT and Cold Worked Special Spring	115–150	105-125		
070000	TDOO		(790–1030)	(720-860)	00	
C72900	TB00	Solution HT	64-85	24-40	32	
C72900	TD01	Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/4 Hard	(440-585)	(165–275) 50–66	18	
072900	TDUT	Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/4 Hard	(515–690)	(345–455)	10	
C72900	TD02	Solution HT and Cold Worked ½ Hard	85-110	(345-455) 65-84	8	
072900	1002	Solution HT and Cold Worked 92 Hard	(585–760)	(450–580)	0	
C72900	TD03	Solution HT and Cold Worked 3/4 Hard	95-120	(450–580) 80-100	3	
072900	1003	Solution HT and Gold Worked %4 Hard	(655-825)	(550-690)	3	
C72900	TD04	Solution HT and Cold Worked Hard	100-130	(550-690) 85–108		
	1004	AS M B740-21	(690–895)	(585–745)		
C72900	TD08	Solution HT and Cold Worked Spring 64 and 1 has 5	(690-895)	(585-745)		
star	idards.iteh.	a) and cold worked opining 64ea0-bc51-	(840–1000)	(690-860)	0740-21	
C72900	TD12	Solution HT and Cold Worked Special Spring	(840–1000) 135–155	(690–860) 110–130		
012900	IUIZ	Solution in and Cold Worked Special Spling	(930–1070)	(760–895)		

^A 1 ksi = 1000 psi.

^B See Appendix X1.

^C Max for reference.

^D As per In accordance with Practice B598.

10.1.2.1 Special combinations of properties such as increased ductility, electrical conductivity, dimensional accuracy, endurance life, improved stress relaxation resistance, resistance to elastic drift, and hysteresis in springs may be obtained by special spinodal-hardening treatments. The mechanical requirements of Table 3 do not apply to such special heat treatments.

10.1.3 The mill-hardened material shall conform to the tensile property requirements specified in Table 4.

11. Performance Requirements

11.1 Bend Testing—Test: The bend test is a method for evaluating the ductility of mill-hardened copper-nickel-tin spinodal alloy strip in thicknesses of 0.004 to 0.020 in. (0.102 to 0.508 mm), inclusive.

<u>11.1.1</u> The bend test is a method for evaluating the ductility of mill-hardened copper-nickel-tin spinodal alloy strip in thicknesses of 0.004 in. to 0.020 in. (0.102 mm to 0.508 mm), inclusive.

11.1.2 Material in tempers TM00, TM02, TM04, and TM06 shall conform to the bend test requirements specified in Table 4 when tested in accordance with 15.2.1.