



Designation: D4637/D4637M – 15 (Reapproved 2021)

Standard Specification for EPDM Sheet Used in Single-Ply Roof Membrane¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4637/D4637M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers flexible sheet made from ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer (EPDM) intended for use in single-ply roofing membranes exposed to the weather. The tests and property limits used to characterize the sheet are values to ensure minimum quality for the intended use. The sheet may be non-reinforced, fabric- or scrim-reinforced, or fabric-backed vulcanized rubber sheet.

1.2 In-place roof system design criteria, such as fire resistance, field seaming strength, material compatibility, and uplift resistance, among others, are factors that must be considered but are beyond the scope of this specification.

1.3 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the standard.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.5 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D08 on Roofing and Waterproofing and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D08.18 on Nonbituminous Organic Roof Coverings.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- D412 Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers—Tension
- D413 Test Methods for Rubber Property—Adhesion to Flexible Substrate
- D471 Test Method for Rubber Property—Effect of Liquids
- D518 Test Method for Rubber Deterioration—Surface Cracking (Withdrawn 2007)³
- D573 Test Method for Rubber—Deterioration in an Air Oven
- D624 Test Method for Tear Strength of Conventional Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers
- D751 Test Methods for Coated Fabrics
- D816 Test Methods for Rubber Cements
- D1149 Test Methods for Rubber Deterioration—Cracking in an Ozone Controlled Environment
- D1204 Test Method for Linear Dimensional Changes of Nonrigid Thermoplastic Sheeting or Film at Elevated Temperature
- D2137 Test Methods for Rubber Property—Brittleness Point of Flexible Polymers and Coated Fabrics
- D5602/D5602M Test Method for Static Puncture Resistance of Roofing Membrane Specimens
- D5635/D5635M Test Method for Dynamic Puncture Resistance of Roofing Membrane Specimens
- D6382/D6382M Practice for Dynamic Mechanical Analysis and Thermogravimetry of Roofing and Waterproofing Membrane Material
- D7635/D7635M Test Method for Measurement of Thickness of Coatings Over Fabric Reinforcement
- G151 Practice for Exposing Nonmetallic Materials in Accelerated Test Devices that Use Laboratory Light Sources
- G155 Practice for Operating Xenon Arc Lamp Apparatus for Exposure of Materials

3. Classification

- 3.1 Types describe the sheet construction:
 - 3.1.1 *Type I*—Non-reinforced.
 - 3.1.2 *Type II*—Scrim (or fabric) internally reinforced.
 - 3.1.3 *Type III*—Fabric backed.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 The sheet shall be formulated from EPDM polymers and other compounding ingredients. EPDM shall be the principal polymer used in the sheet and shall be greater than 95 % of the total polymer content.

4.2 To make seams and repairs, the sheet shall be capable of being bonded watertight to itself and the supplier or fabricator shall recommend suitable methods.

5. Physical Properties and Tolerances

5.1 The sheet shall conform to the physical requirements prescribed in **Table 1**.

5.2 The tolerance for time conditions (aging, weathering, and so forth) is ± 15 min or ± 1 % of the period, whichever is greater, unless otherwise specified.

5.3 Tolerances for temperature shall be ± 2 °C [± 4 °F].

6. Dimensions

6.1 The width and length of the sheet shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

6.1.1 The width and length tolerance shall be +3 %, -0 %.

6.2 The thickness tolerance shall be +15 %, -10 % of the thickness agreed upon between the purchaser and supplier, but in no case shall the thickness be less than the minimum listed in **Table 1**.

7. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

7.1 The sheet, including the full width of factory seams if present, shall be fully adhered, watertight, and visibly free of

pinholes, particles of foreign matter, undispersed raw material, or other manufacturing defects that might affect serviceability. If the number of irregularities in the form of pockmarks (see **Note 1**) appears excessive on the sheet (or portion thereof), then its rejection shall be negotiated between involved parties.

7.2 Edges of the sheets shall be straight and flat so that they may be seamed to one another without fishmouthing.

NOTE 1—Pockmarks are oblong depressions, cavities, or craters on the surface of the sheet that have an approximate surface dimension of 3.2 by 1.6 mm [$\frac{1}{8}$ by $\frac{1}{16}$ in.], and have a maximum depth approaching one half of the sheet thickness.

8. Test Methods

8.1 *Dimensions*—Test Methods **D751**, after permitting the sheet to relax at 23 ± 2 °C [73.4 ± 4 °F] for 1 h ± 15 min.

8.2 *Thickness, Sheet Overall*—From across the full width of the unbuffed sheet, take three samples, 300 by 300 mm [1 by 1 ft]. Measure the thickness of each corner. On fabric backed (Type III) the coating thickness can be measured after cutting or buffing fabric from the rubber. Refer to Test Methods **D412** for Type I sheet and Test Methods **D751** for Type II and Type III sheet.

8.3 *Thickness of Coating Over Scrim (Reinforcing Fabric)*—Follow preparation procedures as specified in Test Method **D7635/D7635M**. The thickness measurements shall be conducted as described in the test method on the coating on the side intended to be exposed to the weather.

8.4 *Breaking Strength*—Test Methods **D751**, Grab Method.

8.5 *Tensile Strength*—Test Methods **D412**, Die C.

TABLE 1 Physical Requirements for EPDM Sheet

Type	I	II	III
Thickness, min, mm [in.]			
Sheet overall	1.016 [0.040]	1.016 [0.040]	...
Coating over scrim or fabric	...	0.38 [0.015]	0.76 [0.030]
Breaking strength, min, N [lbf]	...	400 [90]	400 [90]
Tensile strength, min, MPa [psi]	9.0 [1305]	...	...
Dynamic puncture resistance, Type I at 5 J, Type II at at 10 J	pass	pass	...
Static puncture resistance, Type I at 20 kg [44.1 lbf], Type II at 25 kg [55.1 lbf]	pass	pass	...
Elongation, ultimate, min, %	300	250 ^A	300 ^A
Elongation @ fabric break, ultimate, min, %		15	
Machine direction		15	
Cross direction			
Tensile set, max, %	10	...	...
Tear resistance, min, kN/m [lbf/in.]	26.27 [150]	...	...
Tearing strength, min, N [lbf]	...	45 [10]	45 [10]
Brittleness point, max, °C [°F]	-45 [-49]	-45 [-49]	-45 [-49]
Ozone resistance, no cracks	pass	pass	pass
Heat aging:			
Breaking strength, min, N [lbf]	...	356 [80]	356 [80]
Tensile strength, min, MPa [psi]	8.3 [1205]	...	...
Elongation, ultimate, min, %	200	200 ^A	200 ^A
Tear resistance, min, kN/m [lbf/in.]	21.9 [125]	...	...
Linear dimensional change, max, %	± 1	± 1	± 1
Water absorption, max, mass %	+8, -2	+8, -2 ^A	+8, -2 ^A
Factory seam strength, min, kN/m [lbf/in.]		8.8 [50] or sheet failure	
Weather resistance:			
Visual inspection	no cracks or crazing	no cracks or crazing	no cracks or crazing
PRFSE, min, %	30	...	...
Elongation, ultimate, min, %	200	...	...
Fabric adhesion, min, N/m [lbf/in.]	...	...	525 [3]

^A Specimens to be prepared from coating rubber compound, vulcanized in a similar method to the reinforced products.

8.6 *Dynamic Puncture Resistance*—Test Method **D5635/D5635M**, at an energy of 5 J min at 23 ± 2 °C [73.4 ± 4 °F] for Type I and an energy of 10 J min for Type II.

8.7 *Static Puncture Resistance*—Test Method **D5602/D5602M**, at a load of 20 kg [44.1 lbf] min for Type I and a load of 25 kg [55.1 lbf] min for Type II at 23 ± 2 °C [73.4 ± 4 °F].

8.8 *Elongation, Ultimate*—Test Methods **D412**, Die C.

8.9 *Elongation at Fabric Break, Ultimate*—Test Methods **D751**, Grab Method, 50 mm [2 in.] per minute jaw separation rate.

8.10 *Tensile Set*—Test Methods **D412**, Method A, Die C, 50 % elongation.

8.11 *Tear Resistance*—Test Method **D624**, Die C.

8.12 *Tearing Strength*—Test Methods **D751**, B-Tongue Tear.

8.13 *Brittleness Point*—Test Methods **D2137**.

8.14 *Ozone Resistance*—Test Methods **D1149**. Inspect at 7× magnification on specimens exposed to 100 mPa [1×10^{-5} psi] ozone in air at 40 ± 2 °C [104 ± 4 °F]. Elongate Type I specimens 50 % for 166 ± 1.66 h exposure. Type II and Type III specimens must be wrapped around a 75 mm [3 in.] diameter mandrel for 166 ± 1.66 h exposure. The required specimen width is 25 mm [1 in.].

8.15 *Dark Oven Heat Exposure*—Test Method **D573**. Expose black sheet to dark oven heat at 116 ± 2 °C [240 ± 4 °F] for 670 ± 6.7 h and white sheet for 166 ± 1.66 h. Sample that has been exposed to dark oven heat is then used for testing of breaking strength, tensile strength, elongation, tear resistance, and linear dimensional change. (Linear dimensional change tests sample before and after exposure to dark oven heat.)

8.15.1 *Breaking Strength*—Test Methods **D751**, Grab Method.

8.15.2 *Tensile Strength*—Test Methods **D412**, Die C.

8.15.3 *Elongation, Ultimate*—Test Methods **D412**, Die C.

8.15.4 *Tear Resistance*—Test Method **D624**, Die C.

8.15.5 *Linear Dimensional Change*—Test Method **D1204**.

8.16 *Water Absorption*—Test Method **D471**, at 70 ± 2 °C [158 ± 4 °F] for 166 ± 1.66 h.

8.17 *Factory Seam Strength*—Test Methods **D816**, Method B. Modify procedure by cutting a 25-mm [1-in.] wide by 300-mm [12-in.] long sample across the lap seam. Place in jaws approximately 50 mm [2 in.] from edges of the overlap area and test at 50 mm [2 in.]/min.

8.18 *Fabric Adhesion*—Test Methods **D413**. Perform test on strip specimen Type A, using 180° peel.

8.19 *Weather Resistance*—Accelerated weathering tests shall be performed in accordance with Practices **G151** and **G155**. These tests are performed on the intact sheet with the weathering side facing the lamps. Mount specimens for exposure under no strain. After exposure the specimens shall be removed and inspected immediately for cracks and crazing at 10 % strain in the bent loop configuration in accordance with Test Method **D518** under 7× magnification. A specimen is rated “pass” if no cracks or crazing are observed. In addition, for Type I sheet, determine tensile strength and ultimate elongation

after weather exposure. Calculate the specimen percent retained fractional strain energy (PRFSE):

$$PRFSE = \frac{(\text{Tensile Strength} \times \text{Elongation})_{\text{aged}}}{(\text{Tensile Strength} \times \text{Elongation})_{\text{original}}} \times 100$$

8.20 *Weather Resistance*—Practices **G151** and **G155** Xenon-Arc shall be operated in accordance with the following conditions:

Filter Type	Daylight Filter
Irradiance	0.35 to 0.70 W/(m ² ·nm) at 340 nm. The maximum allowable operational fluctuation of the irradiance setting is ± 0.02 W/(m ² ·nm). (42 to 84 W/m ² at 300 to 400 nm. The maximum allowable operational fluctuation of the irradiance setting is ± 2.5 W/m ² .)
Cycle	690 \pm 15 min light, 30 min light, plus water spray on the front surface.
Uninsulated Black Panel Temperature	80 °C [176 °F] during the dry period. The maximum allowable operational fluctuation is ± 2.5 °C [± 5 °F].
Chamber Air Temperature (where applicable)	50 °C. The maximum allowable operational fluctuation is ± 2 °C.
Relative Humidity	50 %. The maximum allowable operational fluctuation is ± 10 %.
Spray Water	Refer to Practice G155 , Section 6.6.1.
Specimen Repositioning (if required)	Refer to Practice G155 , Section 9.5. Every 315 KJ/(m ² ·nm) at 340 nm (37.8 MJ/m ² at 300 to 400 nm.).
Exposure Duration	White—2520 KJ/(m ² ·nm) at 340 nm (302.4 MJ/m ² at 300 to 400 nm.) Black—10 080 KJ/(m ² ·nm) at 340 nm (1209.6 MJ/m ² at 300 to 400 nm.)

NOTE 2—If the operational fluctuations are greater than the maximum allowable after the equipment has stabilized, discontinue the test and correct the cause of the problem before continuing.

9. Inspection and Special Testing

9.1 The manufacturer shall inspect and test production to ensure compliance of the product with this specification.

10. Rejection and Resubmittal

10.1 Failure to conform to any one of the requirements prescribed in this specification shall constitute grounds for rejection. Rejection shall be reported to the producer or supplier promptly and in writing. The seller shall have the right to reinspect the rejected shipment and resubmit the lot after removal of those packages not conforming to the specified requirements.

11. Product Marking

11.1 The sheet shall be identified on the side intended to be exposed to the weather with this ASTM designation number (Specification D4637/D4637M) and ASTM type, the name of